

F80B F100D

SERVICE MANUAL

6D9-28197-3G-11

NOTICE

This manual has been prepared by Yamaha primarily for use by Yamaha dealers and their trained mechanics when performing maintenance procedures and repairs to Yamaha equipment. It has been written to suit the needs of persons who have a basic understanding of the mechanical and electrical concepts and procedures inherent in the work, for without such knowledge attempted repairs or service to the equipment could render it unsafe or unfit for use.

Because Yamaha has a policy of continuously improving its products, models may differ in detail from the descriptions and illustrations given in this publication. Use only the latest edition of this manual. Authorized Yamaha dealers are notified periodically of modifications and significant changes in specifications and procedures, and these are incorporated in successive editions of this manual.

Important information

Particularly important information is distinguished in this manual by the following notations:

 The Safety Alert Symbol means ATTENTION! BECOME ALERT! YOUR SAFETY IS INVOLVED!

WARNING

Failure to follow WARNING instructions could result in severe injury or death to the machine operator, a bystander, or a person inspecting or repairing the outboard motor.

CAUTION:

A CAUTION indicates special precautions that must be taken to avoid damage to the outboard motor.

NOTE:

A NOTE provides key information to make procedures easier or clearer.

**F80B, F100D
SERVICE MANUAL
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How to use this manual

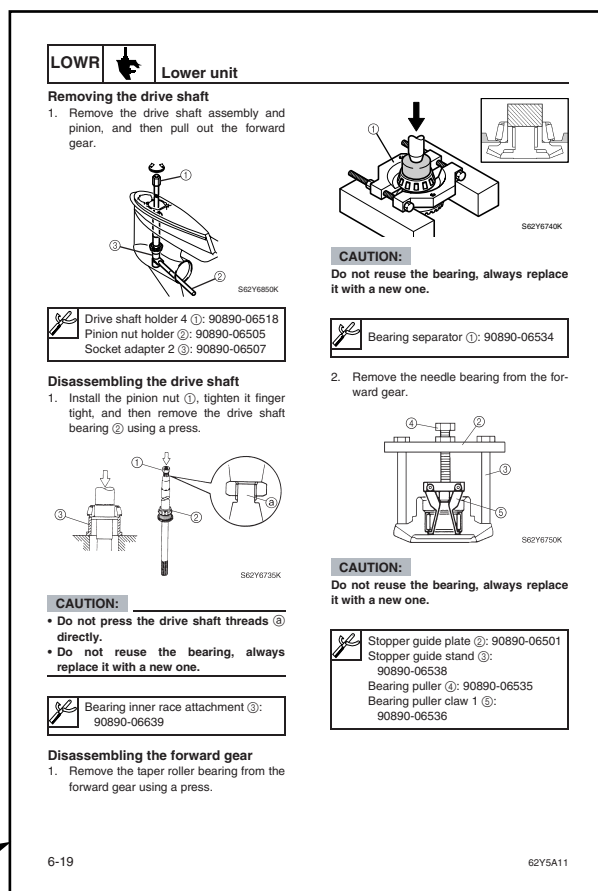
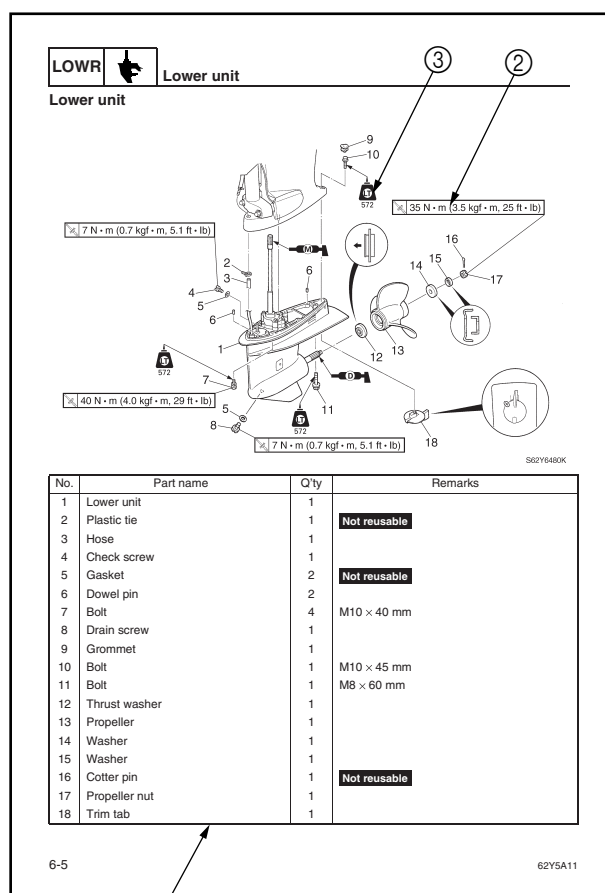
Manual format

The format of this manual has been designed to make service procedures clear and easy to understand. Use the information below as a guide for effective and quality service.

- ① Parts are shown and detailed in an exploded diagram and are listed in the components list.
- ② Tightening torque specifications are provided in the exploded diagrams and after a numbered step with tightening instructions.
- ③ Symbols are used to indicate important aspects of a procedure, such as the grade of lubricant and lubrication point.
- ④ The components list consists of part names and part quantities, as well as bolt and screw dimensions.
- ⑤ Service points regarding removal, checking, and installation are shown in individual illustrations to explain the relevant procedure.

NOTE:

For troubleshooting procedures, see Chapter 9, "Troubleshooting."



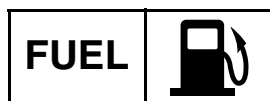
Symbols

The symbols below are designed to indicate the content of a chapter.

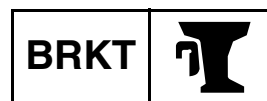
General information



Fuel system



Bracket unit



Specifications



Power unit



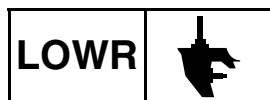
Electrical systems



Periodic checks and adjustments



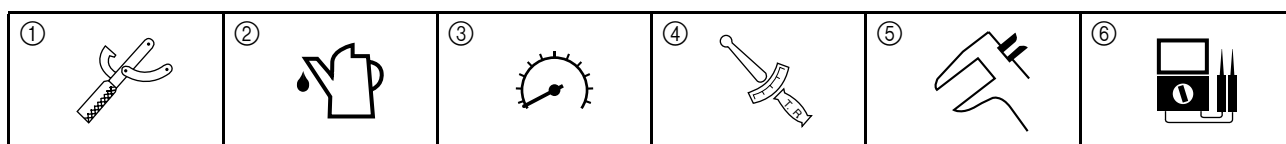
Lower unit



Troubleshooting

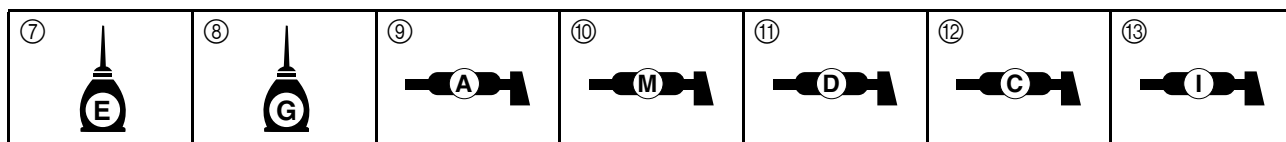


Symbols ① to ⑥ indicate specific data.



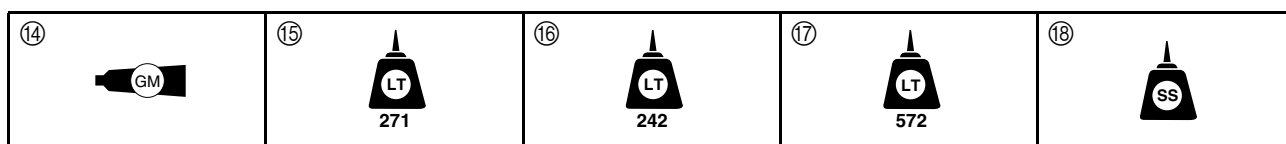
- ① Special tool
- ② Specified oil or fluid
- ③ Specified engine speed
- ④ Specified tightening torque
- ⑤ Specified measurement
- ⑥ Specified electrical value (resistance, voltage, electric current)

Symbols ⑦ to ⑬ in an exploded diagram indicate the grade of lubricant and the lubrication point.



- ⑦ Apply Yamaha 4-stroke motor oil
- ⑧ Apply gear oil
- ⑨ Apply water resistant grease (Yamaha grease A)
- ⑩ Apply molybdenum disulfide grease
- ⑪ Apply corrosion resistant grease (Yamaha grease D)
- ⑫ Apply low temperature resistant grease (Yamaha grease C)
- ⑬ Apply injector grease

Symbols ⑭ to ⑱ in an exploded diagram indicate the type of sealant or locking agent and the application point.



- ⑭ Apply Gasket Maker
- ⑮ Apply LOCTITE 271 (red)
- ⑯ Apply LOCTITE 242 (blue)
- ⑰ Apply LOCTITE 572
- ⑱ Apply silicon sealant



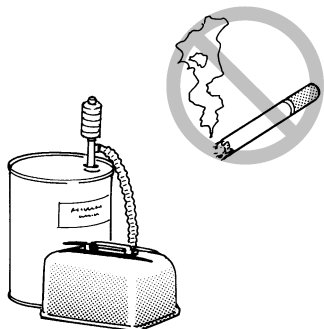
Safety while working

To prevent an accident or injury and to ensure quality service, follow the safety procedures provided below.

Fire prevention

Gasoline is highly flammable.

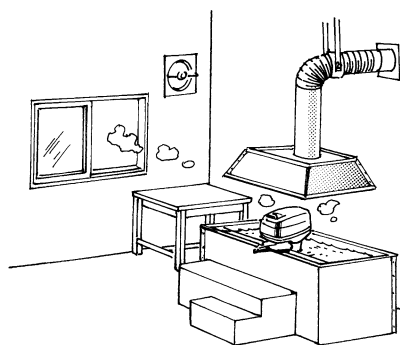
Keep gasoline and all flammable products away from heat, sparks, and open flames.



S69J1010

Ventilation

Gasoline vapor and exhaust gas are heavier than air and extremely poisonous. If inhaled in large quantities they may cause loss of consciousness and death within a short time. When test running an engine indoors (e.g., in a water tank) be sure to do so where adequate ventilation can be maintained.

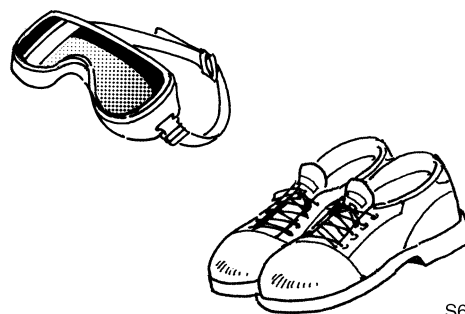


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Self-protection

Protect your eyes by wearing safety glasses or safety goggles during all operations involving drilling and grinding, or when using an air compressor.

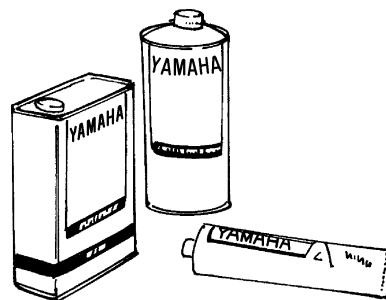
Protect your hands and feet by wearing protective gloves and safety shoes when necessary.



S69J1030

Parts, lubricants, and sealants

Use only genuine Yamaha parts, lubricants, and sealants or those recommended by Yamaha, when servicing or repairing the outboard motor.



S69J1040

Under normal conditions, the lubricants mentioned in this manual should not harm or be hazardous to your skin. However, you should follow these precautions to minimize any risk when working with lubricants.

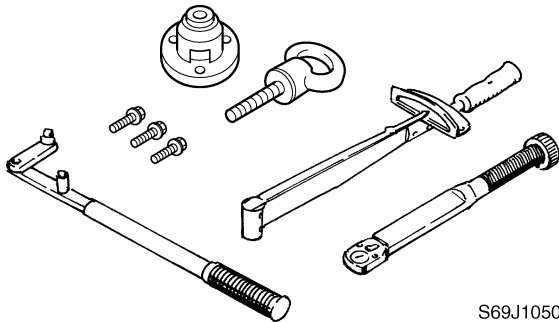
1. Maintain good standards of personal and industrial hygiene.
2. Change and wash clothing as soon as possible if soiled with lubricants.
3. Avoid contact with skin. Do not, for example, place a soiled rag in your pocket.
4. Wash hands and any other part of the body thoroughly with soap and hot water after contact with a lubricant or lubricant soiled clothing has been made.
5. To protect your skin, apply a protective cream to your hands before working on the outboard motor.

6. Keep a supply of clean, lint-free cloths for wiping up spills, etc.

Good working practices

Special service tools

Use the recommended special service tools to protect parts from damage. Use the right tool in the right manner—do not improvise.



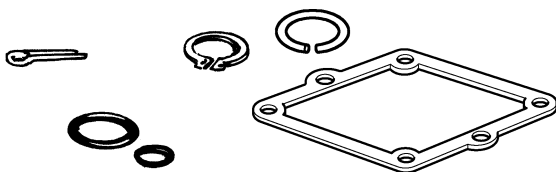
S69J1050

Tightening torques

Follow the tightening torque specifications provided throughout the manual. When tightening nuts, bolts, and screws, tighten the large sizes first, and tighten fasteners starting in the center and moving outward.

Non-reusable parts

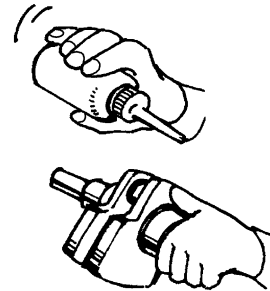
Always use new gaskets, seals, O-rings, cotter pins, circlips, etc., when installing or assembling parts.



S69J1060

Disassembly and assembly

1. Use compressed air to remove dust and dirt during disassembly.
2. Apply engine oil to the contact surfaces of moving parts before assembly.



S69J1070

3. Install bearings with the manufacture identification mark in the direction indicated in the installation procedure. In addition, be sure to lubricate the bearings liberally.
4. Apply a thin coat of water-resistant grease to the lip and periphery of an oil seal before installation.
5. Check that moving parts operate normally after assembly.



Identification

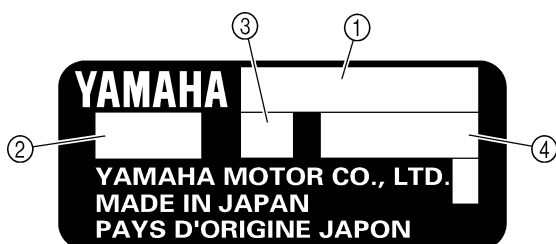
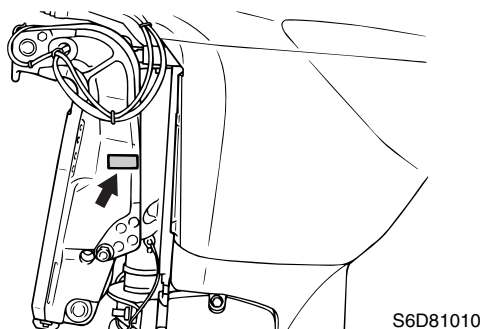
Applicable model

This manual covers the following model.

Applicable model
F80BET, F100DET

Serial number

The outboard motor serial number is stamped on a label attached to the port clamp bracket.



S69J1090N

- ① Model name
- ② Approved model code
- ③ Transom height
- ④ Serial number

Model name	Approved model code	Starting serial No.
F80BET	6D7	1000001–
F100DET	6D9	1000001–

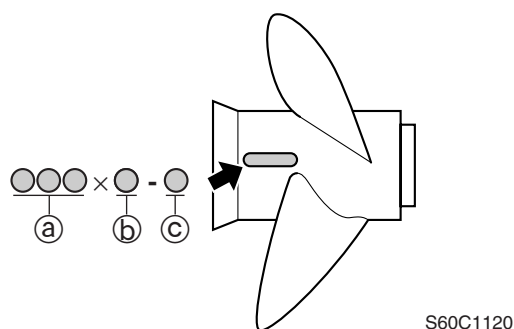
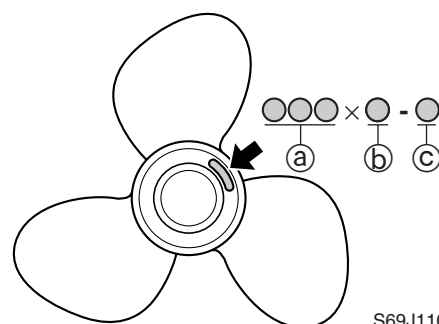
Propeller selection

The performance of a boat and outboard motor will be critically affected by the size and type of propeller you choose. Propellers greatly affect boat speed, acceleration, engine life, fuel economy, and even boating and steering capabilities. An incorrect choice could adversely affect performance and could also seriously damage the engine.

Use the following information as a guide for selecting a propeller that meets the operating conditions of the boat and the outboard motor.

Propeller size

The size of the propeller is indicated on the propeller boss end, on the side of the propeller boss.



- ① Model name
- ② Approved model code
- ③ Transom height
- ④ Serial number

Selection

When the engine speed is at the full throttle operating range (5,000–6,000 r/min), the ideal propeller for the boat is one that provides maximum performance in relation to boat speed and fuel consumption.

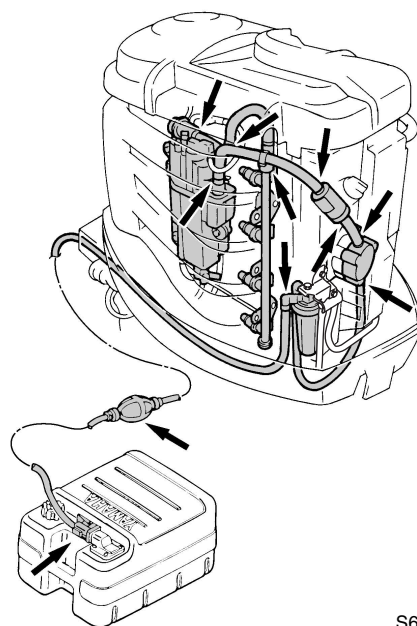
Propeller size (in)	Material
12 5/8 × 21 - K	Aluminum
13 × 19 - K	
13 × 23 - K	
13 × 25 - K	
13 1/4 × 17 - K	
13 1/2 × 15 - K	
13 5/8 × 13 - K	
14 × 11 - K	Stainless
13 × 17 - K	
13 × 19 - K	
13 × 21 - K	
13 × 23 - K	
13 × 25 - K	
13 1/2 × 14 - K	
13 1/2 × 16 - K	

Predelivery checks

To make the delivery process smooth and efficient, the predelivery checks should be completed as explained below.

Checking the fuel system

1. Check that the fuel hoses are securely connected and that the fuel tank is full with fuel.



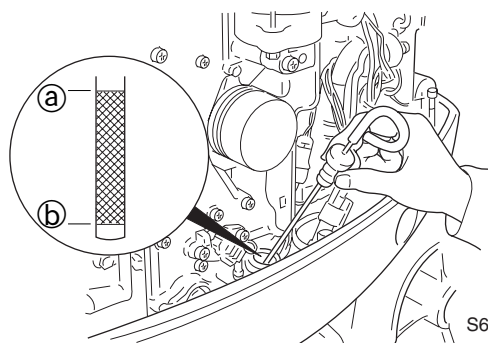
S6D81020

CAUTION:

This is a 4-stroke engine. Never use pre-mixed fuel.

Checking the engine oil level

1. Check the engine oil level.



S60C1150

NOTE:

If the engine oil is below the minimum level mark (b), add sufficient oil until the level is between (a) and (b).



Recommended engine oil:

4-stroke motor oil

API: SE, SF, SG, SH, or SJ

SAE: 10W-30 or 10W-40

Engine oil quantity:

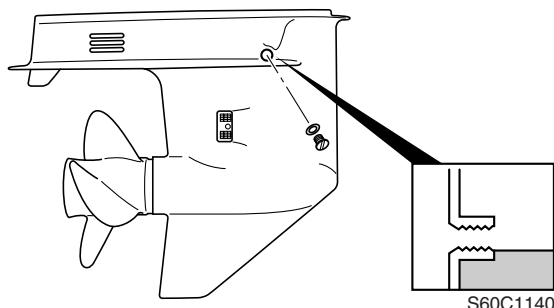
Without oil filter replacement:

4.3 L (4.55 US qt, 3.78 Imp qt)



Checking the gear oil level

1. Check the gear oil level.



Checking the battery

1. Check the capacity, electrolyte level, and specified gravity of the battery.



Recommended battery capacity:

CCA/EN: 430 A

20HR/IEC: 70 Ah

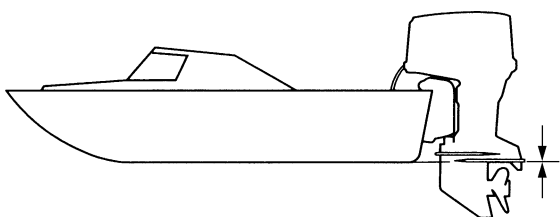
Electrolyte specified gravity:

1.280 at 20 °C (68 °F)

2. Check that the positive and negative battery leads are securely connected.

Checking the outboard motor mounting height

1. Check that the anti-cavitation plate is aligned with the bottom of the boat. If the mounting height is too high, cavitation will occur and propulsion will be reduced. Also, the engine speed will increase abnormally and cause the engine to overheat. If the mounting height is too low, water resistance will increase and reduce engine efficiency.



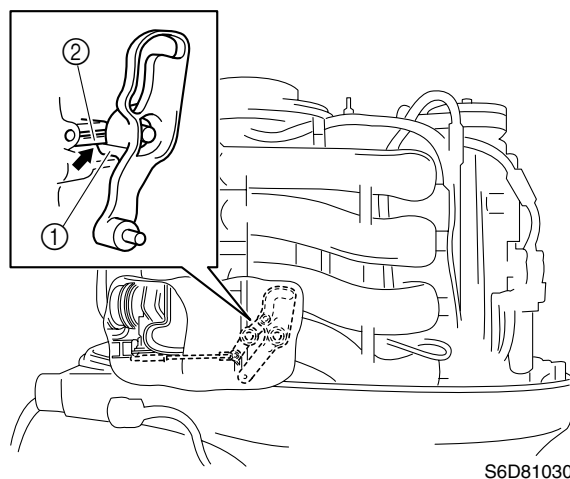
NOTE:

The optimum mounting height is affected by the combination of the boat and the outboard motor. To determine the optimum mounting height, test run the outboard motor at different heights.

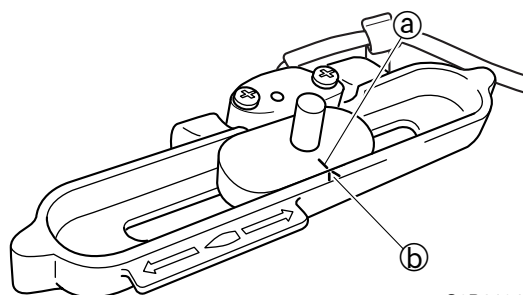
2. Check that the clamp brackets are secured with the clamp bolts.

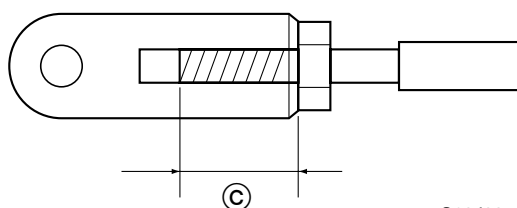
Checking the remote control cables

1. Set the remote control lever to the neutral position and fully close the throttle lever.
2. Check that the stopper ① on the throttle cam contacts the fully closed stopper ② on the cylinder block.



3. Check that the alignment mark ① on the bushing is aligned with the alignment mark ② on the bracket.





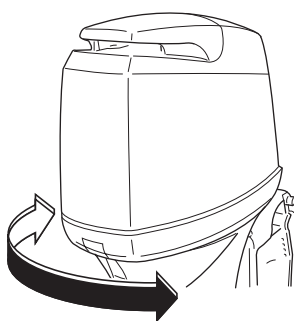
S69J3370

⚠ WARNING

The shift/throttle cable joint must be screwed in a minimum of 8.0 mm (0.31 in) ©.

Checking the steering system

1. Check the steering friction for proper adjustment.
2. Check that the steering operates smoothly.

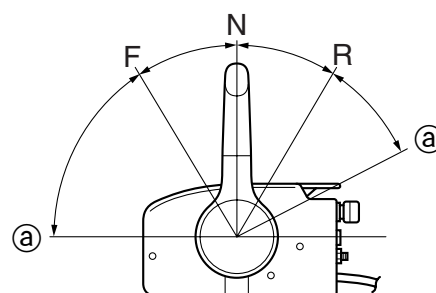


S60C1200

3. Check that there is no interference with wires or hoses when the outboard motor is steered.

Checking the gear shift and throttle operation

1. Check that the gear shift operates smoothly when the remote control lever is shifted from neutral to forward or reverse.
2. Check that the throttle operates smoothly when the remote control lever is shifted from forward or reverse to the fully open position ①.



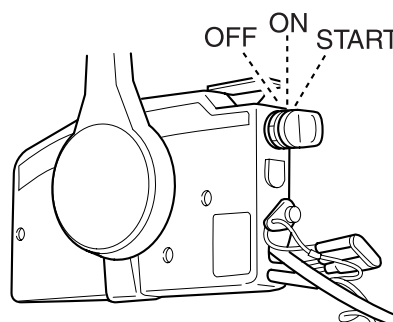
S69J1210

Checking the power trim and tilt system

1. Check that the outboard motor tilts up and down smoothly when operating the power trim and tilt unit.
2. Check that there is no abnormal noise produced when the outboard motor is tilted up or down.
3. Check that there is no interference with wires or hoses when the tilted-up outboard motor is steered.
4. Check that the trim meter points down when the outboard motor is tilted all the way down.

Checking the engine start switch and engine stop lanyard switch

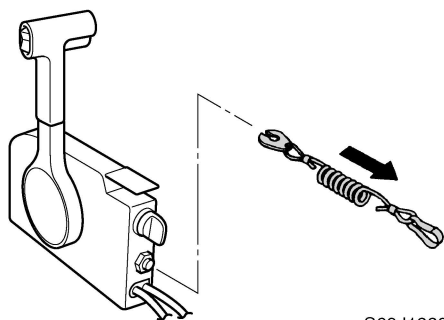
1. Check that the engine starts when the engine start switch is turned to START.
2. Check that the engine turns off when the engine start switch is turned to OFF.



S60V1070



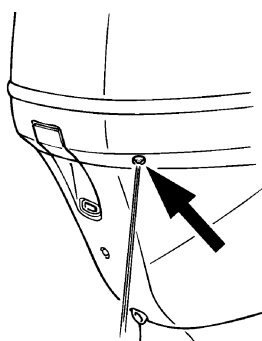
- Check that the engine turns off when the engine stop lanyard is pulled from the engine stop lanyard switch.



S69J1220

Checking the cooling water pilot hole

- Check that cooling water is discharged from the cooling water pilot hole.



S63P3120

Test run

- Start the engine, and then check that the gear shift operates smoothly.
- Check the engine idle speed after the engine has been warmed up.
- Operate at trolling speed.
- Run the outboard motor for 1 hour at 2,000 r/min or at half throttle, then for another hour at 3,000 r/min or at 3/4 throttle.
- Check that the outboard motor does not tilt up when shifting into reverse and that water does not flow in over the transom.

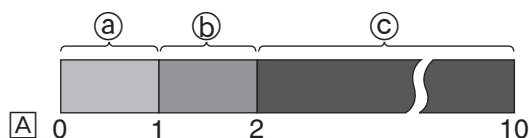
NOTE:

The test run is part of the break-in operation.

Break-in

During the test run, perform the break-in operation in the following three stages.

- One hour ① at 2,000 r/min or at approximately half throttle
- One hour ② at 3,000 r/min or 3/4 throttle and 1 minute out of every 10 at full throttle
- Eight hours ③ at any speed, however, avoid running at full speed for more than 5 minutes



S69J1240

[A] Hour

After test run

- Check for water in the gear oil.
- Check for fuel leakage in the cowling.
- Flush the cooling water passage with fresh water using the flushing kit and with the engine running at idle.

Specifications

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General torques	2-13

SPEC		Specifications
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General specifications

Item	Unit	Model	
		F80BET	F100DET
Dimension			
Overall length	mm (in)	817 (32.2)	
Overall width	mm (in)	479 (18.9)	
Overall height			
(L)	mm (in)	1,582 (62.3)	
(X)	mm (in)	1,710 (67.3)	
Boat transom height			
(L)	mm (in)	508 (20.0)	
(X)	mm (in)	635 (25.0)	
Weight			
(with aluminum propeller)			
(L)	kg (lb)	170 (375)	
(X)	kg (lb)	174 (384)	
(with stainless propeller)			
(L)	kg (lb)	172 (379)	
(X)	kg (lb)	176 (388)	
Performance			
Maximum output	kW (hp)	58.8 (80) at 5,500 r/min	73.6 (100) at 5,500 r/min
Full throttle operating range	r/min	5,000–6,000	
Maximum fuel consumption	L (US gal, Imp gal)/hr	28.0 (7.40, 6.16) at 6,000 r/min	35.0 (9.2, 7.7) at 6,000 r/min
Engine idle speed	r/min	650–750	
Power unit			
Type		In-line, 4-stroke, DOHC, 16 valves	
Cylinder quantity		4	
Total displacement	cm ³ (cu. in)	1,596 (97.39)	
Bore × stroke	mm (in)	79.0 × 81.4 (3.11 × 3.20)	
Compression ratio		9.6	
Control system		Remote control	
Starting system		Electric	
Fuel system		Fuel injection	
Ignition control system		TCI	
Advance type		Micro computer	
Maximum generator output	V, A	12, 25	
Spark plug		LFR5A-11 (NGK)	
Cooling system		Water	
Exhaust system		Propeller boss	
Lubrication system		Wet sump	

General specifications

Item	Unit	Model	
		F80BET	F100DET
Fuel and oil			
Fuel type		Regular unleaded gasoline	
Fuel minimum rating	RON ^(*1)	91	
	PON	86	
Engine oil		4-stroke motor oil	
Engine oil grade	API	SE, SF, SG, SH, or SJ	
	SAE	10W-30 or 10W-40	
Engine oil quantity (without oil filter replacement)	L (US qt, Imp qt)	4.3 (4.55, 3.78)	
(with oil filter replacement)	L (US qt, Imp qt)	4.5 (4.76, 3.96)	
Gear oil type		Hypoid gear oil	
Gear oil grade ^(*2)	API	GL-4	
	SAE	90	
Gear oil quantity	cm ³ (US oz, Imp oz)	670 (22.7, 23.6)	
Bracket unit			
Trim angle (at 12° boat transom)	Degree	-4 to 16	
Tilt-up angle	Degree	70	
Steering angle	Degree	35 + 35	
Drive unit			
Gear shift positions		F-N-R	
Gear ratio		2.31 (30/13)	
Reduction gear type		Spiral bevel gear	
Clutch type		Dog clutch	
Propeller shaft type		Spline	
Propeller direction (rear view)		Clockwise	
Propeller mark		K	
Electrical			
Battery minimum capacity ^(*3)			
CCA/EN	A	430	
20HR/IEC	Ah	70	

(*1) RON: Research Octane Number

PON: Pump Octane Number = (RON + Motor Octane Number)/2

(*2) Meeting both API and SAE requirements

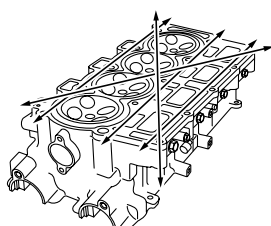
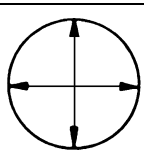
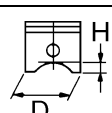
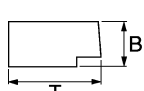
(*3) CCA: Cold Cranking Ampere

EN: European Norm (European standard)

IEC: International Electrotechnical Commission

Maintenance specification

Power unit

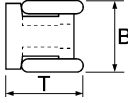
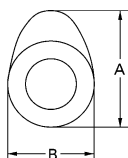
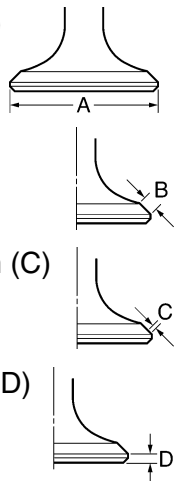
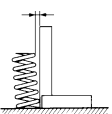
Item	Unit	Model	
		F80BET	F100DET
Power unit Minimum compression pressure ^(*) Oil pressure ^(*)	kPa (kgf/cm ² , psi) kPa (kgf/cm ² , psi)	860 (8.6, 124.7) 510 (5.1, 74.0) at engine idle speed	
Cylinder head Warpage limit  (lines indicate straightedge position) Camshaft cap inside diameter	mm (in) mm (in)	0.1 (0.0039) 25.000–25.021 (0.9843–0.9851)	
Cylinders Bore size Taper limit Out-of-round limit	 mm (in) mm (in) mm (in)	79.000–79.020 (3.1102–3.1110) 0.08 (0.0031) 0.05 (0.0020)	
Pistons Piston diameter (D) Measuring point (H) Piston clearance Over size piston diameter	 mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in)	78.928–78.949 (3.1074–3.1082) 13.0 (0.51) 0.070–0.080 (0.0028–0.0031) 79.178–79.199 (3.1172–3.1181)	
Piston rings Top ring Dimension B Dimension T End gap Side clearance 2nd piston ring Dimension B Dimension T End gap Side clearance	 mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in)  mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in)	1.17–1.19 (0.0461–0.0469) 2.80–3.00 (0.1102–0.1181) 0.15–0.30 (0.0059–0.0118) 0.04–0.08 (0.0016–0.0031) 1.47–1.49 (0.0579–0.0587) 3.00–3.20 (0.1181–0.1260) 0.70–0.90 (0.0276–0.0354) 0.03–0.07 (0.0012–0.0028)	

^(*) Measuring conditions:

Ambient temperature 20 °C (68 °F), wide open throttle, with spark plugs removed from all cylinders.

The figures are for reference only.

^(*) The figures are for reference only.

Item	Unit	Model	
		F80BET	F100DET
Oil ring Dimension B Dimension T(*) End gap Side clearance	 mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in)	2.38–2.48 (0.0937–0.0976) 2.40 (0.0945) 0.20–0.70 (0.0079–0.0276) 0.03–0.15 (0.0012–0.0059)	
Camshafts Intake (A) Exhaust (A) Intake (B) Exhaust (B) Camshaft journal diameter Camshaft runout limit	 mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in)	36.48–36.58 (1.4362–1.4402) 36.90–37.06 (1.4528–1.4591) 29.95–30.05 (1.1791–1.1831) 29.92–30.08 (1.1780–1.1842) 24.960–24.980 (0.9827–0.9835) 0.03 (0.0012)	
Valves Valve clearance (cold) Intake Exhaust Head diameter (A) Intake Exhaust Face width (B) Intake Exhaust Seat contact width (C) Intake Exhaust Margin thickness (D) Intake Exhaust Stem diameter Intake Exhaust Guide inside diameter Intake and exhaust Stem-to-guide clearance Intake Exhaust Stem runout limit	 mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in)	0.20 ± 0.03 (0.008 ± 0.001) 0.34 ± 0.03 (0.013 ± 0.001) 29.0–29.2 (1.14–1.15) 24.0–24.2 (0.94–0.95) 1.99–2.44 (0.0783–0.0961) 2.27–2.72 (0.0894–0.1071) 1.20–1.60 (0.0472–0.0630) 1.20–1.60 (0.0472–0.0630) 0.80–1.20 (0.0315–0.0472) 1.00–1.40 (0.0394–0.0551) 5.975–5.990 (0.2352–0.2358) 5.960–5.975 (0.2346–0.2352) 6.000–6.018 (0.2362–0.2369) 0.010–0.043 (0.0004–0.0017) 0.025–0.058 (0.0010–0.0023) 0.01 (0.0004)	
Valve springs Free length Tilt limit	 mm (in) mm (in)	53.20 (2.0945) 2.6 (0.10)	

(*) The figure is for reference only.

SPEC		Specifications	
Item	Unit	Model	
		F80BET	F100DET
Valve lifters Valve lifter outside diameter Valve lifter-to-cylinder head clearance	mm (in) mm (in)	27.965–27.980 (1.1010–1.1016) 0.020–0.056 (0.0008–0.0022)	
Valve shims Valve shim thickness (in 0.025 mm increments)	mm (in)	2.0–3.3 (0.08–0.13)	
Connecting rods Big end inside diameter Big end side clearance Crankpin oil clearance Big-end bearing thickness Yellow Green Blue Red	mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in)	47.025–47.045 (1.8514–1.8522) 0.14–0.28 (0.0055–0.0110) 0.024–0.044 (0.0009–0.0017) 1.499–1.506 (0.0590–0.0593) 1.506–1.513 (0.0593–0.0596) 1.513–1.520 (0.0596–0.0598) 1.520–1.527 (0.0598–0.0601)	
Crankshaft Crankshaft journal diameter Crankpin diameter Crankpin width Runout limit	mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in)	47.985–48.000 (1.8892–1.8898) 43.982–44.000 (1.7316–1.7323) 21.00–21.07 (0.8268–0.8295) 0.03 (0.0012)	
Crankcase Crankshaft journal oil clearance Upper crankcase main bearing thickness Green Blue Red Upper crankcase main bearing #3 thickness Green Blue Red Lower crankcase main bearing thickness Yellow Green Blue Red	mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in) mm (in)	0.024–0.044 (0.0009–0.0017) 2.992–2.999 (0.1178–0.1181) 2.999–3.006 (0.1181–0.1183) 3.006–3.013 (0.1183–0.1186) 2.992–2.999 (0.1178–0.1181) 2.999–3.006 (0.1181–0.1183) 3.006–3.013 (0.1183–0.1186) 3.010–3.017 (0.1185–0.1188) 3.017–3.024 (0.1188–0.1191) 3.024–3.031 (0.1191–0.1193) 3.031–3.038 (0.1193–0.1196)	

Maintenance specification

Item	Unit	Model	
		F80BET	F100DET
Oil pump			
Discharge at 97–103 °C (207–217 °F) with 10W-30 engine oil	L (US gal, Imp gal)/min	5.9 (1.559, 1.298) at 1,000 r/min	
Pressure at 97–103 °C (207–217 °F) with 10W-30 engine oil	kPa (kgf/cm ² , psi)	118.0 (1.18, 17.1) at 1,000 r/min	
Relief valve opening pressure	kPa (kgf/cm ² , psi)	441–539 (4.41–5.39, 63.9–78.2)	
Thermostat			
Opening temperature	°C (°F)	58–62 (136–144)	
Fully open temperature	°C (°F)	70 (158)	
Valve open lower limit	mm (in)	4.3 (0.17)	

Lower unit

Item	Unit	Model	
		F80BET	F100DET
Gear backlash			
Pinion-to-forward gear	mm (in)	0.28–0.63 (0.0110–0.0248)	
Pinion shims	mm	0.10, 0.12, 0.15, 0.18, 0.30, 0.40, 0.50	
Forward gear shims	mm	0.10, 0.12, 0.15, 0.18, 0.30, 0.40, 0.50	

Electrical

Item	Unit	Model	
		F80BET	F100DET
Ignition and ignition control system			
Spark plug gap	mm (in)	1.0–1.1 (0.039–0.043)	
Ignition coil resistance at 20 °C (68 °F)			
Primary coil (R – B/W)	Ω	1.53–2.07	
Secondary coil	kΩ	12.495–16.905	
Spark plug wire resistance			
#1	kΩ	4.5–10.7	
#2	kΩ	3.3–8.0	
#3	kΩ	3.7–8.9	
#4	kΩ	4.3–10.2	

SPEC				Specifications	
Item	Unit	Model			
		F80BET	F100DET		
ECM output peak voltage (B/R, B/W – Ground)					
at cranking (loaded)	V	210			
at 1,500 r/min (loaded)	V	290			
at 3,500 r/min (loaded)	V	290			
Pulser coil output peak voltage (W/R, W/B – B)					
at cranking (unloaded)	V	3.6			
at cranking (loaded)	V	3.4			
at 1,500 r/min (loaded)	V	18.2			
at 3,500 r/min (loaded)	V	34.3			
Pulser coil resistance ^(*) (W/R, W/B – B)	Ω	459–561			
Throttle position sensor Output voltage (P – B)	V	0.8–1.2 at engine idle speed			
Cooling water temperature sensor resistance					
at 0 °C (32 °F)	kΩ	5.21–6.37			
at 80 °C (176 °F)	kΩ	0.290–0.354			
Oil pressure switch Operating pressure	kPa (kgf/cm ² , psi)	127.5–166.7 (1.28–1.67, 18.49–24.17)			
Fuel control system					
Fuel injector resistance ^(*) at 21 °C (70 °F)	Ω	12.0			
Starter motor					
Type		Sliding gear			
Output	kW	1.40			
Cranking time limit	Second	30			
Brushes					
Standard length	mm (in)	15.5 (0.61)			
Wear limit	mm (in)	9.5 (0.37)			
Commutator					
Standard diameter	mm (in)	29.0 (1.14)			
Wear limit	mm (in)	28.0 (1.10)			
Mica					
Standard undercut	mm (in)	0.8 (0.03)			
Wear limit	mm (in)	0.2 (0.01)			

^(*) The figures are for reference only.

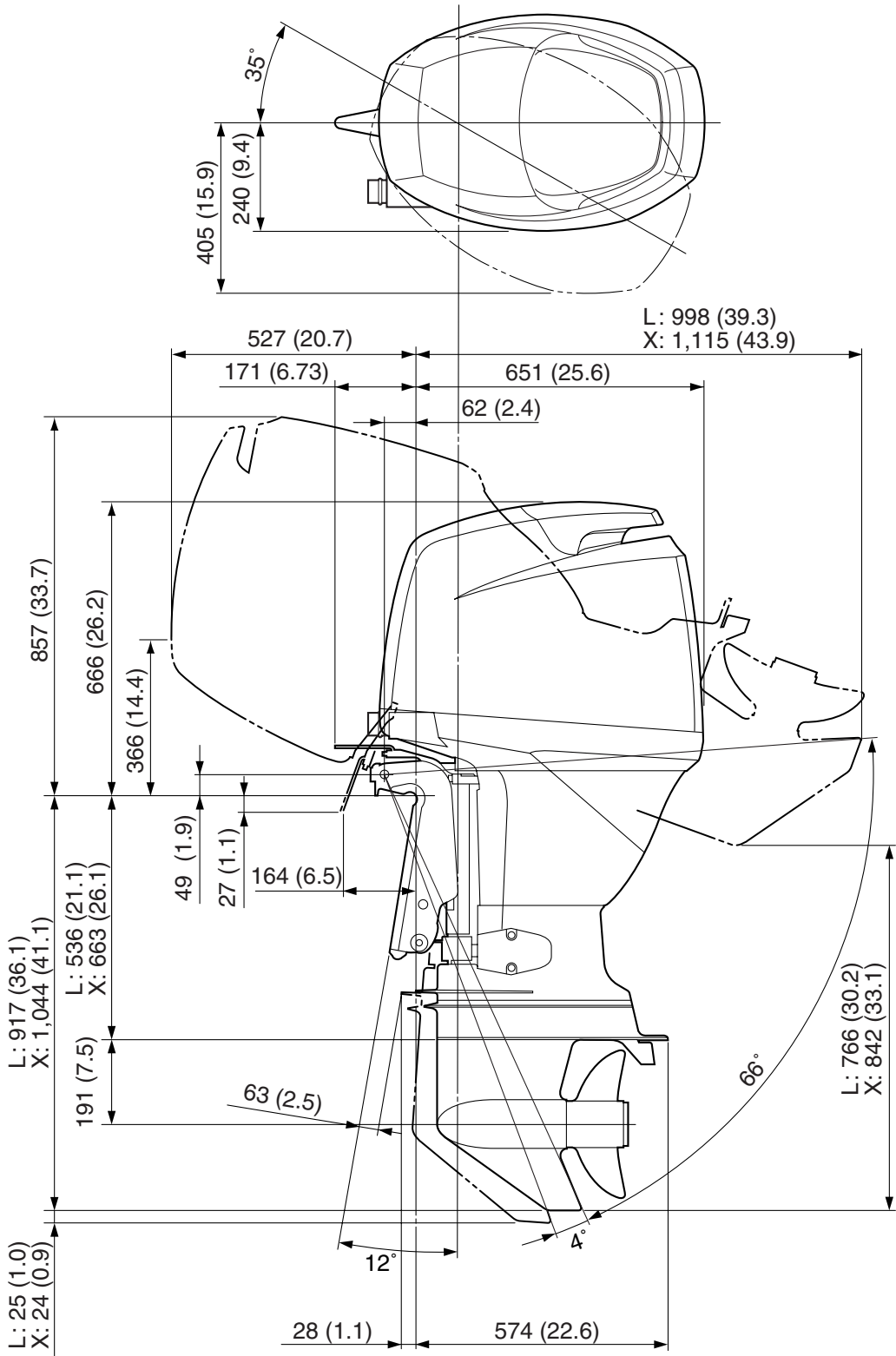
Item	Unit	Model	
		F80BET	F100DET
Charging system			
Fuse	A	20	
Stator coil output peak voltage (W – W)			
at cranking (unloaded)	V	12.4	
at 1,500 r/min (unloaded)	V	45.3	
at 3,500 r/min (unloaded)	V	98.3	
Stator coil resistance ^(*) (W – W)			
at 20 °C (68 °F)	Ω	0.24–0.36	
Rectifier Regulator output peak voltage (R–Ground)			
at 1,500 r/min (unloaded)	V	13.0	
at 3,500 r/min (unloaded)	V	13.0	
Power trim and tilt system			
Trim sensor			
Setting resistance (P – B)	Ω	10 ± 1	
Resistance (P – B)	Ω	9–378.8	
Fluid type		ATF Dexron II	
Brushes			
Standard length	mm (in)	10.0 (0.39)	
Wear limit	mm (in)	3.5 (0.14)	
Commutator			
Standard diameter	mm (in)	22.0 (0.87)	
Wear limit	mm (in)	21.0 (0.83)	
Mica			
Standard undercut	mm (in)	1.5 (0.06)	
Wear limit	mm (in)	1.0 (0.04)	

^(*) The figure is for reference only.

Dimensions

Exterior

mm (in)

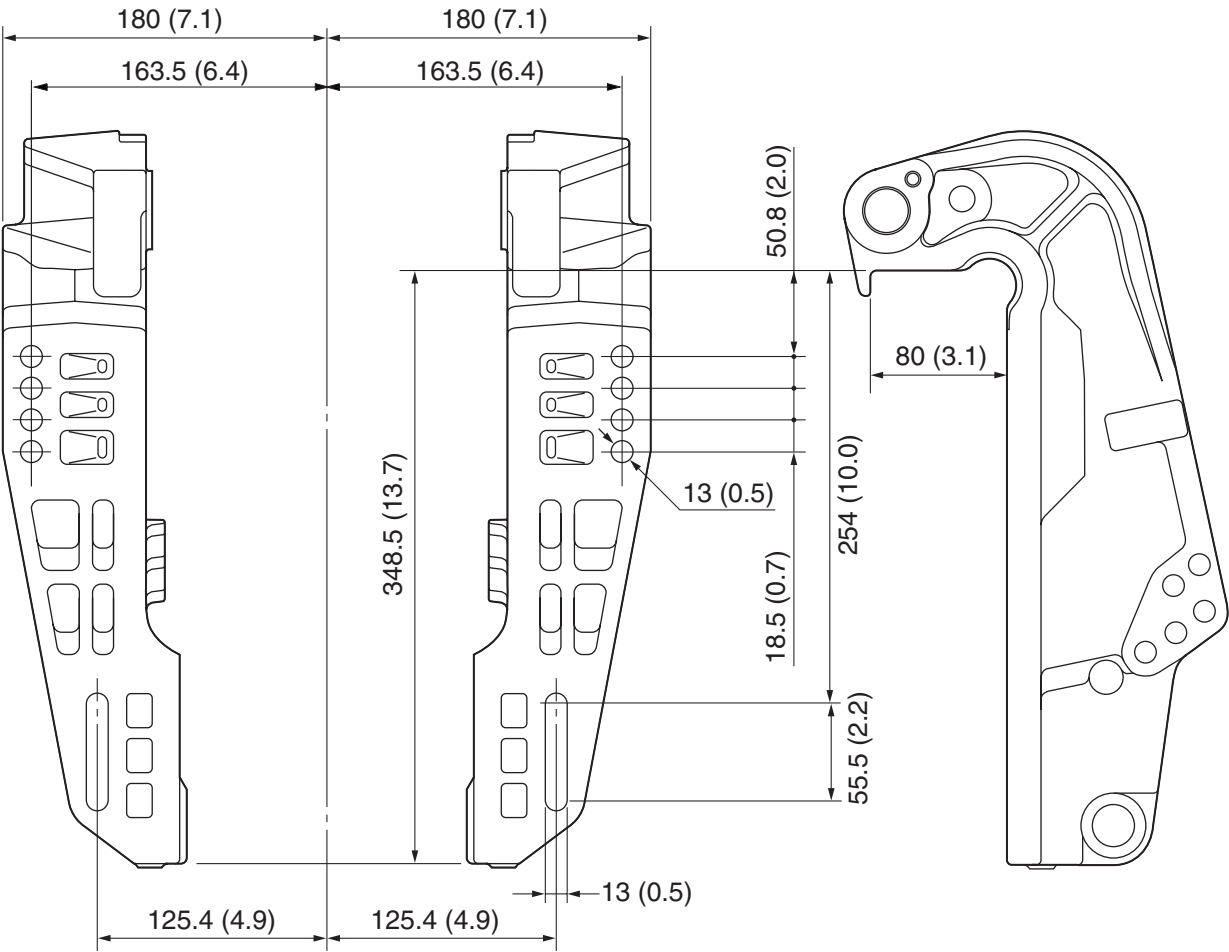


S6D82010

Clamp bracket

mm (in)

2



S6D82020

Tightening torques

Specified torques

Part to be tightened		Thread size	Tightening torques			
			N·m	kgf·m	ft·lb	
Fuel system						
Fuel filter cup		—	3	0.3	2.2	
Fuel pump mounting bolt		M6	10	1.0	7.4	
Fuel pump screw		M6	4	0.4	3.0	
Sensor assembly screw		M5	3.7	0.37	2.7	
Idle speed control screw		M5	3.7	0.37	2.7	
Fuel rail mounting bolt		M6	8	0.8	5.9	
Throttle body mounting bolt		M6	8	0.8	5.9	
Fuel cooler screw		M6	3	0.3	2.2	
Float chamber screw		M5	3	0.3	2.2	
Vapor separator drain screw		—	1.5	0.15	1.1	
Pressure regulator bolt		M6	5	0.5	3.7	
Fuel hose joint		—	4	0.4	3.0	
Plate screw		M4	2	0.2	1.5	
Wiring harness holder screw		M4	2	0.2	1.5	
Pressure check valve		—	10	1.0	7.4	
Power unit						
Power unit mounting bolt		1st	M10	42	4.2	31.0
		2nd		42	4.2	31.0
Apron screw		M6	4	0.4	3.0	
Flywheel magnet nut		M24	215	21.5	158.6	
Starter motor bolt		M8	29	2.9	21.4	
Spark plug wire cover screw		M6	4	0.4	3.0	
Starter relay lead bolt		M6	4	0.4	3.0	
Starter relay holder screw		M6	3	0.3	2.2	
Main and fuel pump relay screw		M6	3	0.3	2.2	
Oil pressure switch		—	8	0.8	5.9	
Oil pressure switch lead bolt		M4	2	0.2	1.5	
PTT relay lead nut		M6	4	0.4	3.0	
PTT motor lead bolt		M6	4	0.4	3.0	
Positive battery lead nut		M8	9	0.9	6.6	
Timing belt tensioner bolt		M10	39	3.9	28.8	
Drive sprocket nut		M40	265	26.5	195.5	
Driven sprocket bolt		M10	60	6.0	44.3	
Camshaft cap bolt		1st	M7	8	0.8	5.9
		2nd		17	1.7	12.5
Cylinder head cover plate screw		M4	2	0.2	1.5	
Cylinder head cover bolt		1st	M6	8	0.8	5.9
		2nd		8	0.8	5.9

Tightening torques

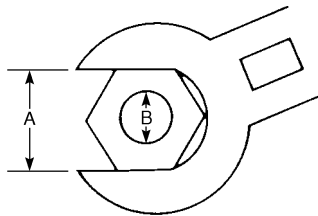
Part to be tightened		Thread size	Tightening torques		
			N·m	kgf·m	ft·lb
Cylinder head bolt	1st	M8	14	1.4	10.3
	2nd		28	2.8	20.7
	1st	M10	15	1.5	11.1
	2nd		30	3.0	22.1
	3rd		90°		
Spark plug		—	25	2.5	18.4
Cylinder block plug		M14	23	2.3	17.0
Oil filter joint		—	49	4.9	36.1
Oil filter		—	18	1.8	13.3
Exhaust cover bolt	1st	M6	6	0.6	4.4
	2nd		12	1.2	8.9
Anode screw		M4	2	0.2	1.5
Exhaust cover plug		M18	55	5.5	40.6
Crankcase bolt	1st	M8	14	1.4	10.3
	2nd		28	2.8	20.7
	1st	M10	19	1.9	14.0
	2nd		60°		
Connecting rod cap bolt	1st	M8	18	1.8	13.3
	2nd		80°		
Lower unit					
Gear oil drain screw		—	9	0.9	6.6
Gear oil check screw		—	9	0.9	6.6
Lower case mounting bolt (L-transom model)		M10	39	3.9	28.8
Lower case mounting nut (X-transom model)		—	39	3.9	28.8
Propeller nut		M16	34	3.4	25.1
Ring nut		—	103	10.3	76.0
Cooling water inlet cover screw		—	5	0.5	3.7
Pinion nut		M16	93	9.3	68.6
Bracket unit					
Shift rod detent bolt		—	18	1.8	13.3
Shift position switch screw		M4	1	0.1	0.7
Flushing hose adapter screw		M6	2	0.2	1.5
Oil pump bolt		M6	10	1.0	7.4
Upper mounting nut		—	51	5.1	37.6
Lower mounting nut		—	51	5.1	37.6
Grease nipple		—	3	0.3	2.2
Oil pump cover screw		M6	4	0.4	3.0
Oil seal housing screw		M6	4	0.4	3.0
Upper mount bolt		M8	28	2.8	20.7
Baffle plate bolt		M6	4	0.4	3.0
Muffler assembly bolt		M8	20	2.0	14.8
Engine oil drain bolt		M14	27	2.7	20.0
Oil strainer bolt		M6	10	1.0	7.4
Oil pan bolt		M6	11	1.1	8.1

Part to be tightened	Thread size	Tightening torques		
		N·m	kgf·m	ft·lb
Exhaust manifold bolt	M6	11	1.1	8.1
Steering arm stud bolt	M10	20	2.0	14.8
Self-locking nut	—	15	1.5	11.1
Trim sensor cam screw	M6	2	0.2	1.5
Power trim and tilt unit				
Reservoir cap	—	7	0.7	5.2
PTT motor bolt	M6	4	0.4	3.0
Gear pump bolt	M5	5	0.5	3.7
Gear pump housing bolt	M5	5	0.5	3.7
Relief valve cap bolt	M4	4	0.4	3.0
	M5	5	0.5	3.7
Lever bolt	M3	2	0.2	1.5
Manual valve	—	2	0.2	1.5
Gear pump bracket bolt	M3	2	0.2	1.5
	M5	4	0.4	3.0
Trim cylinder end screw	—	90	9.0	66.4
Tilt cylinder end screw	—	80	8.0	59.0
Tilt piston bolt	M12	85	8.5	62.7

General torques

This chart specifies tightening torques for standard fasteners with a standard ISO thread pitch. Tightening torque specifications for special components or assemblies are provided in applicable sections of this manual. To avoid warpage, tighten multi-fastener assemblies in a crisscross fashion and progressive stages until the specified torque is reached. Unless otherwise specified, torque specifications require clean, dry threads. Components should be at room temperature.

Nut (A)	Bolt (B)	General torque specifications		
		N·m	kgf·m	ft·lb
8 mm	M5	5	0.5	3.6
10 mm	M6	8	0.8	5.8
12 mm	M8	18	1.8	13
14 mm	M10	36	3.6	25
17 mm	M12	43	4.3	31



S69J2150

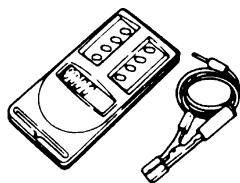


Periodic checks and adjustments

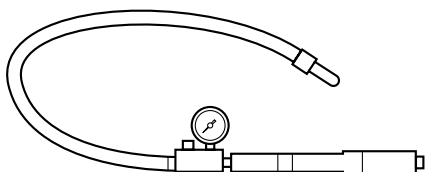
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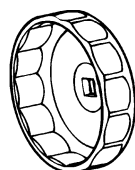
Special service tools



Digital tachometer
90890-06760



Leakage tester
90890-06840



Oil filter wrench 64
90890-01426

Maintenance interval chart

Use the following chart as a guideline for general maintenance.

Adjust the maintenance intervals according to the operating conditions of the outboard motor.

Item	Remarks	Initial		Every		Refer to page
		10 hours (1 month)	50 hours (3 months)	100 hours (6 months)	200 hours (1 year)	
Anodes (external)	Check/replace		○	○		3-14
Anodes (internal)	Check/replace				○	3-14
Battery	Check/charge	○				3-14
Cooling water passages	Clean		○	○		3-8
Top cowling	Check				○	3-3
Fuel filter (can be disassembled)	Check/replace	○	○	○		3-3
Fuel system	Check	○	○	○		3-3
Gear oil	Change	○		○		3-12
Lubrication points	Lubricate			○		3-15
Engine idle speed (EFI models)	Check/adjust				○	3-8
PCV (Pressure Control Valve)	Check				○	5-39
Power trim and tilt unit	Check				○	3-11
Propeller and cotter pin	Check/replace		○	○		3-13
Shift link/shift cable	Check/adjust				○	3-10
Thermostat	Check				○	3-7
Throttle link/throttle cable/ throttle pick-up timing	Check/adjust				○	3-8
Water pump	Check				○	6-9
Engine oil	Check/change	○		○		3-4
Oil filter	Change				○	3-5
Spark plugs	Clean/adjust/ replace	○			○	3-6
Timing belt	Check/replace			○	○	3-6

NOTE:

When operating in salt water, turbid or muddy water, the engine should be flushed with clean water after each use.

Item	Remarks	Every		Refer to page
		500 hours (2.5 years)	1,000 hours (5 years)	
Timing belt	Replace		○	5-13
Valve clearance (DOHC)	Check/adjust	○		5-10

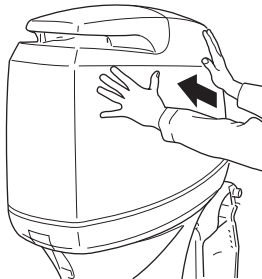
NOTE:

When using lead or high-sulfur gasoline, checking valve clearance may be required more frequently than every 500 hours.

Top cowling

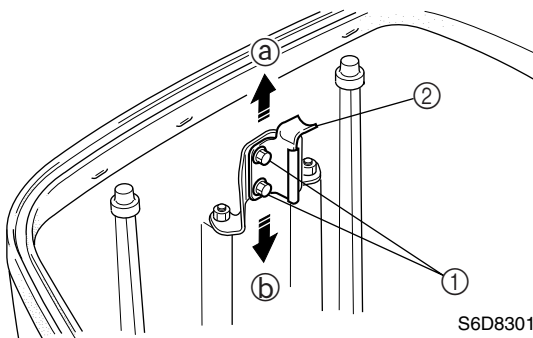
Checking the top cowling

1. Check the fitting by pushing the cowling with both hands. Adjust if necessary.



S60C3010

2. Loosen the bolts ①.
3. Move the hook ② up or down slightly to adjust its position.



S6D83010

NOTE:

- To loosen the fitting, move the hook in direction ①.
- To tighten the fitting, move the hook in direction ②.

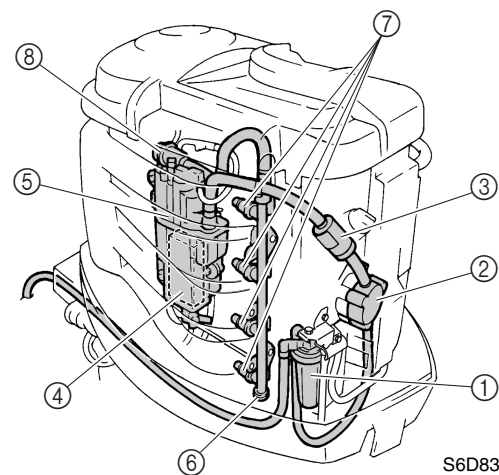
4. Tighten the bolts.
5. Check the fitting again and, if necessary, repeat steps 2–4.

Fuel system

Checking the fuel joint and fuel hoses (fuel joint-to-fuel injector)

1. Remove the flywheel magnet cover.

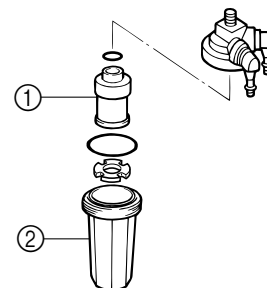
2. Check the low-pressure fuel hose connections and fuel joint for leaks. Replace if necessary. Also, check the fuel filter ①, fuel pump ②, strainer ③, and fuel cooler ④ for leaks or deterioration. Replace if necessary.
3. Check the high-pressure fuel hose connections for leaks. Replace if necessary. Also, check the vapor separator ⑤, fuel rail ⑥, fuel injectors ⑦, and pressure regulator ⑧ for leaks or deterioration. Replace if necessary.



S6D83020

Checking the fuel filter

1. Check the fuel filter element ① for dirt and residue and check the fuel filter cup ② for foreign substances and cracks. Clean the cup with straight gasoline and replace the element if necessary.



S6D83030

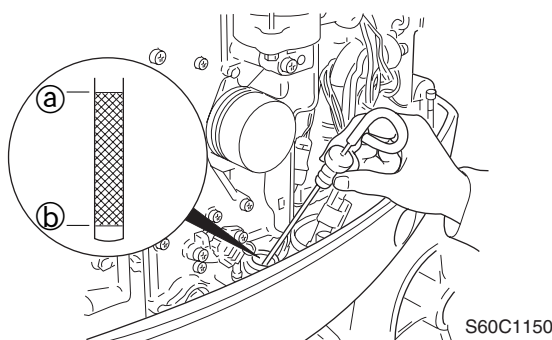
NOTE:

Be sure not to spill any fuel when removing the fuel filter cup.

Power unit

Checking the engine oil

1. Place the outboard motor in an upright position.
2. Remove the oil dipstick, wipe it clean, and then insert it back into the dipstick hole.
3. Remove the oil dipstick again to check the oil level and to check the oil for discoloration and its viscosity.

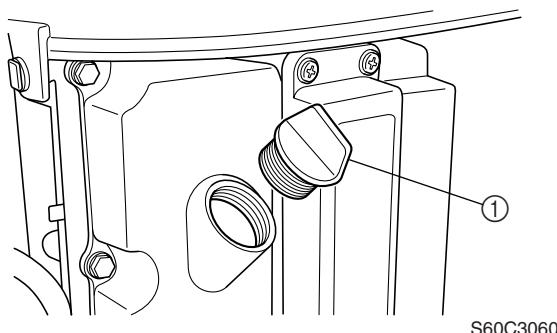


NOTE:

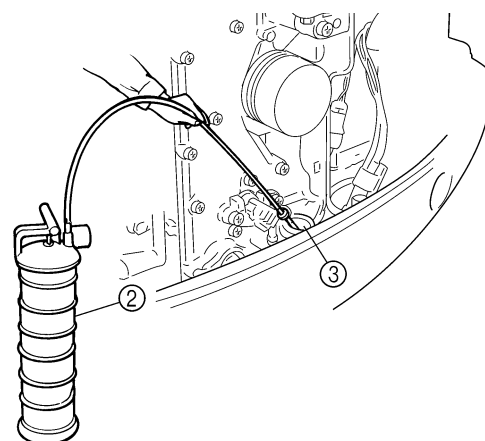
- Change the oil if it appears milky or dirty.
- If the engine oil is below the minimum level mark ⑥, add sufficient oil until the level is between ⑤ and ⑥.

Changing the engine oil using an oil changer

1. Start the engine, warm it up, and then turn it off.
2. Remove the oil dipstick and oil filler cap ①.



3. Insert the tube of the oil changer ② into the dipstick hole ③.



4. Operate the oil changer to extract the oil.

NOTE:

Be sure to clean up any oil spills.

5. Pour the specified amount of the recommended engine oil into the oil filler hole.



Recommended engine oil:

4-stroke motor oil

API: SE, SF, SG, SH, or SJ

SAE: 10W-30 or 10W-40

Engine oil quantity:

Without oil filter replacement:

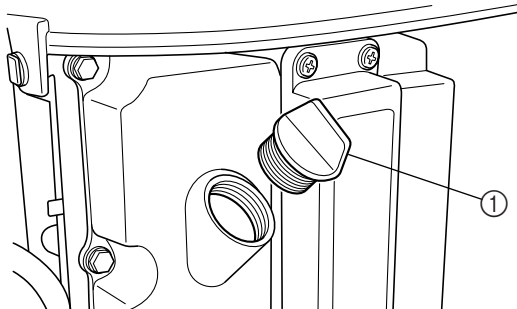
4.3 L (4.55 US qt, 3.78 Imp qt)

6. Install the oil filler cap and oil dipstick, and then start the engine and warm it up for 5 minutes.
7. Turn the engine off, and then check the oil level and correct it if necessary.

Changing the engine oil by draining it

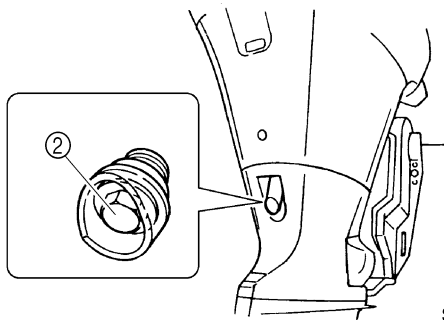
1. Start the engine, warm it up, and then turn it off.

2. Remove the oil dipstick and oil filler cap
①.



S60C3060

3. Place a drain pan under the drain hole, and then remove the drain bolt ② and let the oil drain completely.



S63P3080

NOTE:

Be sure to clean up any oil spills.

4. Install the drain bolt, and then tighten it to the specified torque.



Engine oil drain bolt:
27 N·m (2.7 kgf·m, 20.0 ft·lb)

5. Pour the specified amount of the recommended engine oil into the oil filler hole.



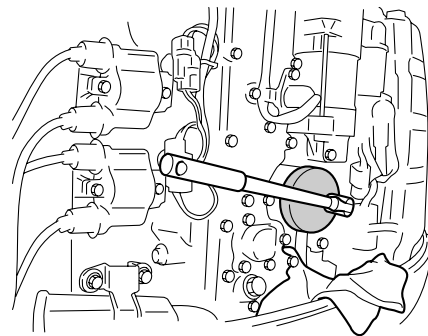
Recommended engine oil:
4-stroke motor oil
API: SE, SF, SG, SH, or SJ
SAE: 10W-30 or 10W-40
Engine oil quantity:
Without oil filter replacement:
4.3 L (4.55 US qt, 3.78 Imp qt)

6. Install the oil filler cap and oil dipstick, and then start the engine and warm it up for 5 minutes.

7. Turn the engine off, and then check the oil level and correct it if necessary.

Replacing the oil filter

1. Extract the engine oil with an oil changer or drain it.
2. Place a rag under the oil filter, and then remove the oil filter using the oil filter wrench.



S6D83050

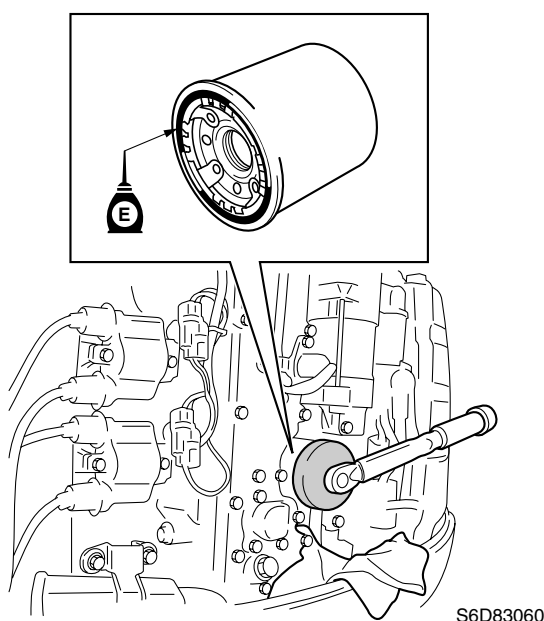
NOTE:

- Wait more than 5 minutes after turning the engine off to replace the oil filter.
- Be sure to clean up any oil spills.



Oil filter wrench 64: 90890-01426

3. Apply a thin coat of engine oil to the O-ring of the new oil filter.
4. Install the oil filter, and then tighten it to the specified torque using the oil filter wrench.



Oil filter:

18 N·m (1.8 kgf·m, 13.3 ft·lb)

5. Pour the specified amount of the recommended engine oil into the oil filler hole.



Recommended engine oil:

4-stroke motor oil

API: SE, SF, SG, SH, or SJ

SAE: 10W-30 or 10W-40

Engine oil quantity:

With oil filter replacement:

4.5 L (4.76 US qt, 3.96 Imp qt)

6. Install the oil filler cap and oil dipstick, and then start the engine and warm it up for 5 minutes.
7. Turn the engine off, and then check the oil level and correct it if necessary.

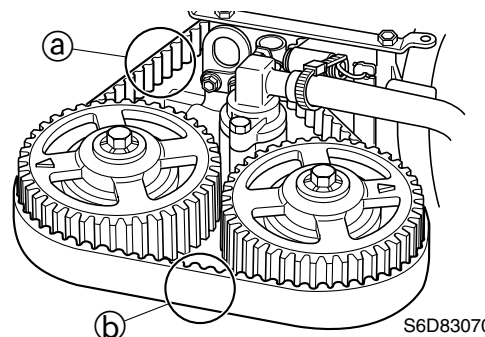
Checking the timing belt

CAUTION:

Do not turn the flywheel magnet counter-clockwise, otherwise the valve system may be damaged.

1. Remove the flywheel magnet cover.

2. While turning the flywheel magnet clockwise, check the interior (a) and the exterior (b) of the timing belt for cracks, damage, or wear. Replace if necessary.

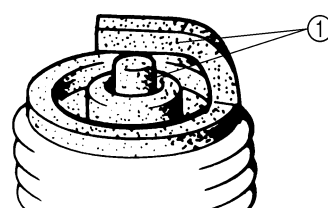


NOTE:

For replacement procedures, see Chapter 5, "Replacing the timing belt."

Checking the spark plugs

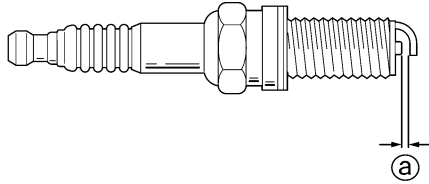
1. Remove the spark plug wire cover.
2. Disconnect the spark plug wires, and then remove the spark plugs.
3. Clean the electrodes (1) with a spark plug cleaner or wire brush. Replace the spark plug if necessary.



S69J3190

4. Check the electrodes for erosion and excessive carbon or other deposits, and the gasket for damage. Replace the spark plug if necessary.

5. Check the spark plug gap ①. Adjust if out of specification.



S69J3200



Specified spark plug:
LFR5A-11 (NGK)
Spark plug gap ①:
1.0–1.1 mm (0.039–0.043 in)

6. Install the spark plugs, tighten them finger tight, then to the specified torque using a spark plug wrench.



Spark plug:
25 N·m (2.5 kgf·m, 18.4 ft·lb)

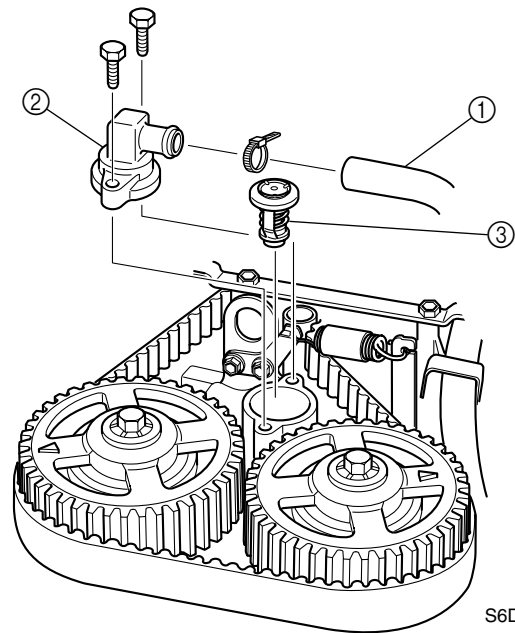
7. Install the spark plug wire cover.



Spark plug wire cover screw:
4 N·m (0.4 kgf·m, 3.0 ft·lb)

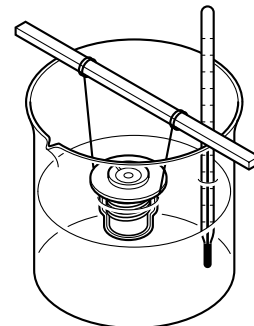
Checking the thermostat

1. Remove the flywheel magnet cover.
2. Disconnect the cooling water hose ①, and then remove the thermostat cover ② and thermostat ③.



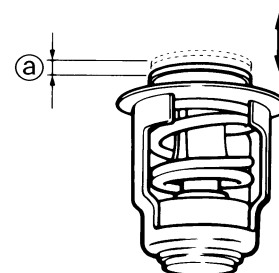
S6D83080

3. Suspend the thermostat in a container of water.
4. Place a thermometer in the water and slowly heat the water.



S69J5E40

5. Check the thermostat valve opening at the specified water temperatures. Replace if out of specification.



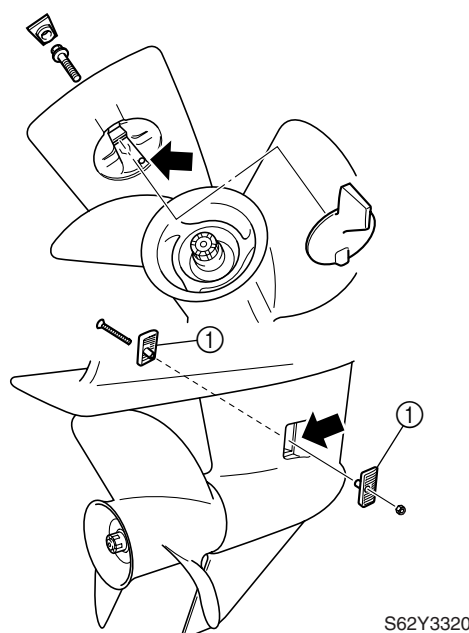
S69J5E50

 Water temperature	Valve lift (a)
58–62 °C (136–144 °F)	0.05 mm (0.0020 in) (valve begins to lift)
above 70 °C (158 °F)	more than 4.3 mm (0.17 in)

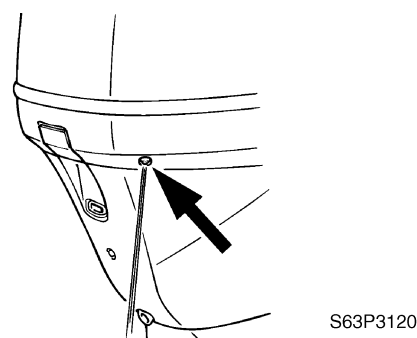
- Install the thermostat and cover.
- Connect the cooling water hose, and then install the flywheel magnet cover.

Checking the cooling water passage

- Check the cooling water inlet cover ① and cooling water inlet for clogs. Clean if necessary.



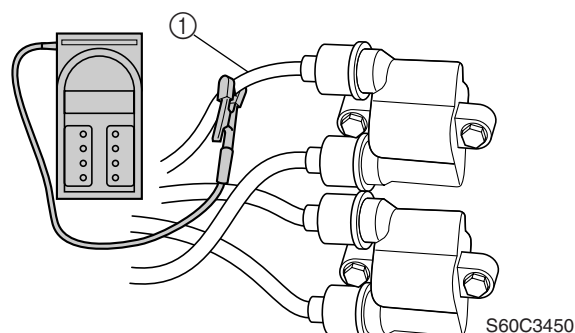
- Place the lower unit in water, and then start the engine.
- Check for water flow at the cooling water pilot hole. If there is no water flow, check the cooling water passage inside the out-board motor.



Control system

Checking the engine idle speed

- Start the engine and warm it up for 5 minutes.
- Attach the special service tool to spark plug wire #1 ①, and then check the engine idle speed.



Digital tachometer: 90890-06760

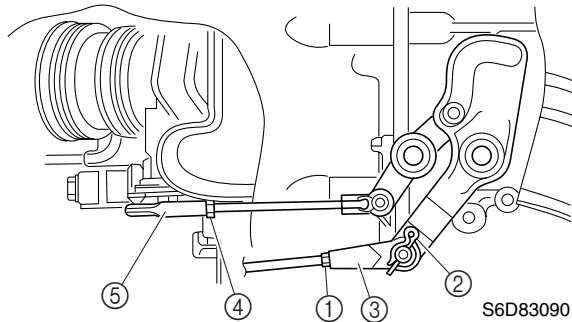


Engine idle speed: 650–750 r/min

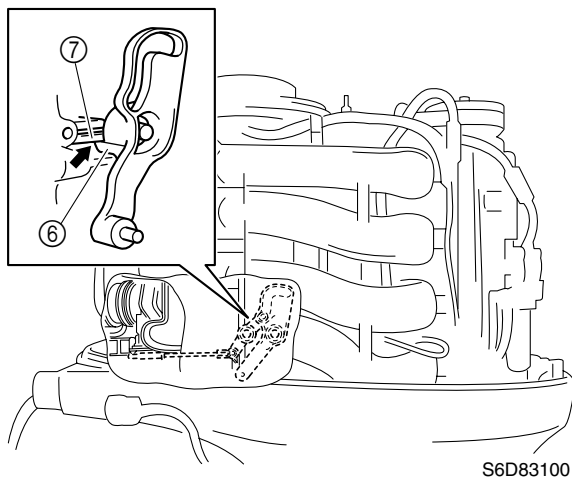
Adjusting the throttle link and throttle cable

- Remove the intake silencer.
- Set the remote control lever to the neutral position and fully close the throttle lever.

3. Loosen the locknut ①, remove the clip ②, and then disconnect the throttle cable joint ③.
4. Loosen the locknut ④, and then disconnect the throttle link rod joint ⑤ from the ball joint of the throttle body.



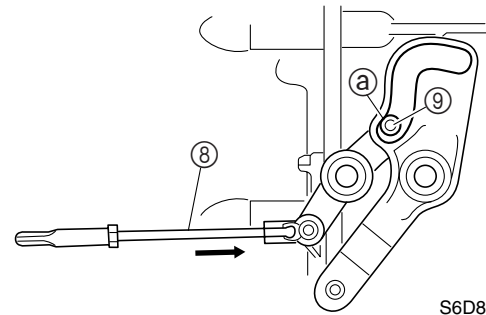
5. Check that the stopper ⑥ on the throttle cam contacts the fully closed stopper ⑦ on the cylinder block.



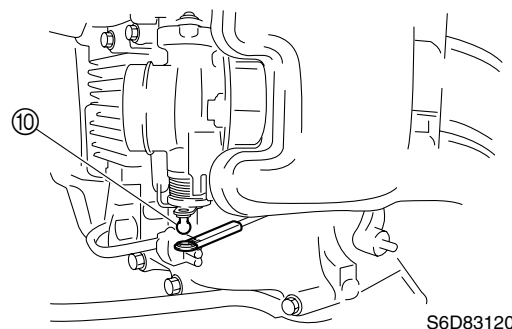
6. Check that the throttle valve fully close.

NOTE: _____
Do not turn the throttle stop screw.

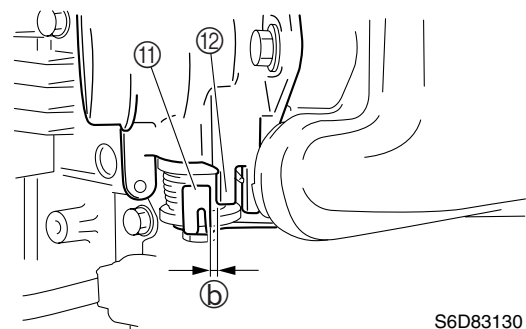
7. Push the throttle link rod ⑧ toward the cylinder head and check that the throttle cam roller ⑨ contacts the side ⑩ of the throttle cam.



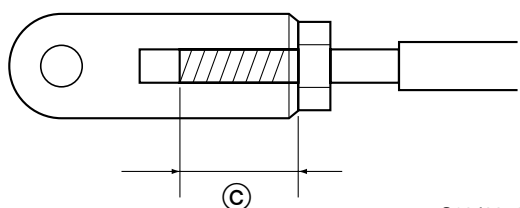
8. Adjust the throttle link rod joint to align its hole with the ball joint ⑩ on the throttle body.



9. Connect the throttle link rod joint, and then tighten the locknut.
10. Operate the throttle cam to check that the throttle valve fully closes and fully opens, and check that the gap ⑪ between the stopper ⑪ on the throttle lever and fully open stopper ⑫ on the throttle body is less than 5 mm (0.20 in) when the throttle cam is in the fully open position.



11. Adjust the position of the throttle cable joint until its hole is aligned with the set pin on the throttle cam.



S69J3370

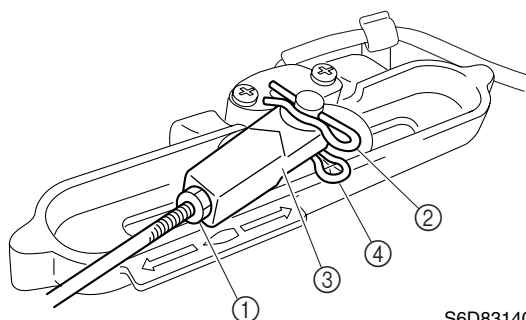
⚠ WARNING

The throttle cable joint must be screwed in a minimum of 8.0 mm (0.31 in) ③.

12. Connect the throttle cable joint, install the clip, and then tighten the locknut.
13. Check the throttle cable for smooth operation and, if necessary, repeat steps 2–12.
14. Install the intake silencer.

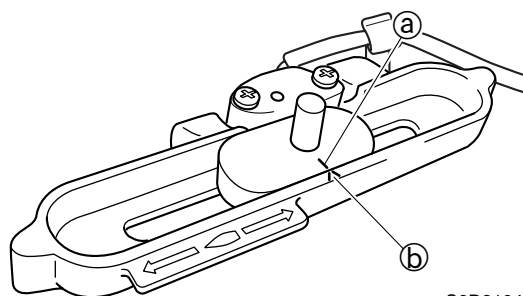
Checking the gear shift operation

1. Check that the gear shift operates smoothly when shifting it from neutral to forward or reverse. Adjust the shift cable length if necessary.
2. Set the gear shift to the neutral position.
3. Loosen the locknut ①, remove the clip ②, and then disconnect the shift cable joint ③.
4. Remove the clip ④.



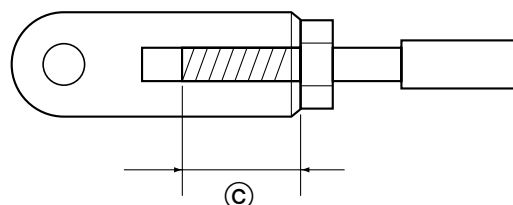
S6D83140

5. Align the alignment mark ① on the bushing and alignment mark ② on the bracket.



S6D81040

6. Install the clip ④.
7. Adjust the position of the shift cable joint until its hole is aligned with the set pin.



S69J3370

⚠ WARNING

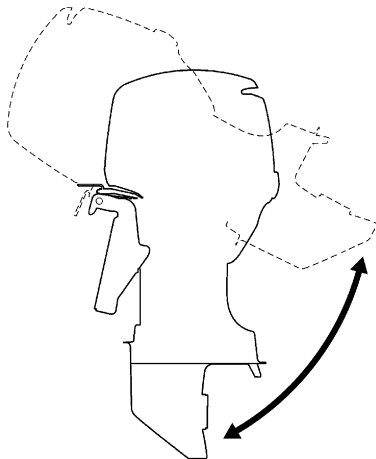
The shift cable joint must be screwed in a minimum of 8.0 mm (0.31 in) ③.

8. Connect the cable joint, install the clip, and then tighten the locknut.
9. Check the gear shift for smooth operation and, if necessary, repeat steps 2–8.

Bracket unit

Checking the power trim and tilt operation

1. Fully tilt the outboard motor up and down a few times and check the entire trim and tilt range for smooth operation. Check the power trim and tilt fluid level if necessary.

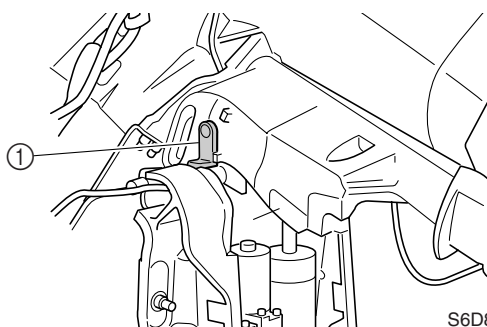


S6C13220

NOTE:

Be sure to listen to the winding sound of the power trim and tilt motor for smooth operation.

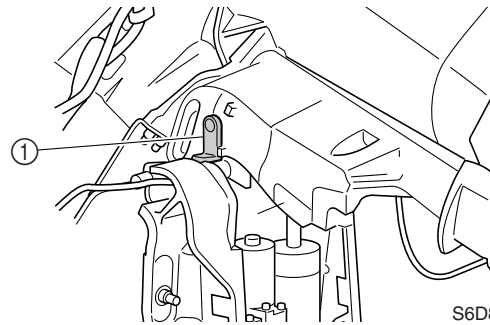
2. Fully tilt the outboard motor up, and then support it with the tilt stop lever ① to check the lock mechanism of the lever.



S6D83150

Checking the power trim and tilt fluid level

1. Fully tilt the outboard motor up, and then support it with the tilt stop lever ①.

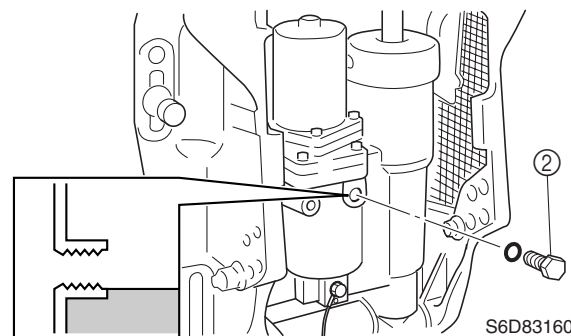


S6D83150

⚠ WARNING

After tilting up the outboard motor, be sure to support it with the tilt stop lever. Otherwise, the outboard motor could suddenly lower if the power trim and tilt unit should lose fluid pressure.

2. Remove the reservoir cap ②, and then check the fluid level in the reservoir.



S6D83160

NOTE:

If the fluid is at the correct level, the fluid should overflow out of the filler hole when the reservoir cap is removed.

3. If necessary, add sufficient fluid of the recommended type until it overflows out of the filler hole.



Recommended power trim and tilt fluid:

ATF Dexron II

4. Install the reservoir cap, and then tighten it to the specified torque.



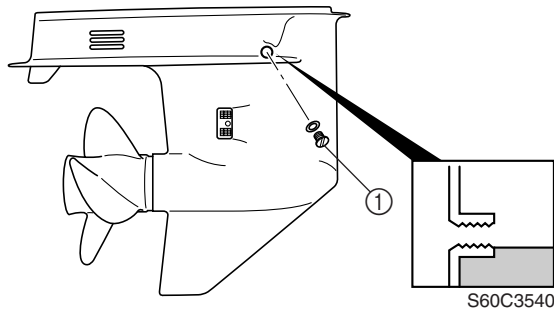
Reservoir cap:

7 N·m (0.7 kgf·m, 5.2 ft·lb)

Lower unit

Checking the gear oil level

1. Fully tilt the outboard motor down.
2. Remove the check screw ①, and then check the gear oil level in the lower case.



NOTE:

If the oil is at the correct level, the oil should overflow out of the check hole when the check screw is removed.

3. If necessary, add sufficient gear oil of the recommended type until it overflows out of the check hole.



Recommended gear oil:
Hypoid gear oil
API: GL-4
SAE: 90

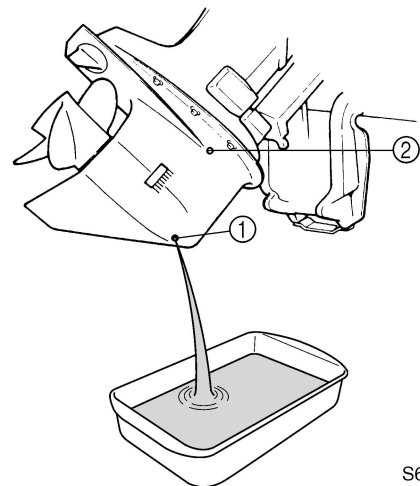
4. Install the check screw, and then tighten it to the specified torque.



Gear oil check screw:
9 N·m (0.9 kgf·m, 6.6 ft·lb)

Changing the gear oil

1. Tilt the outboard motor up slightly.
2. Place a drain pan under the drain screw ①, remove the drain screw, then the check screw ② and let the oil drain completely.

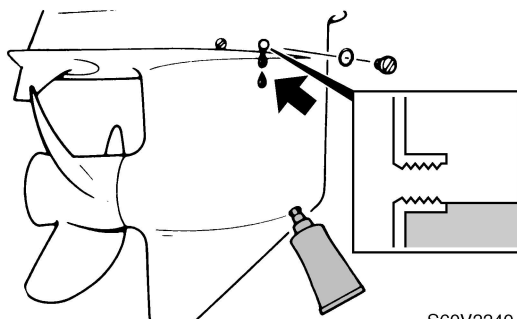


S60V3330

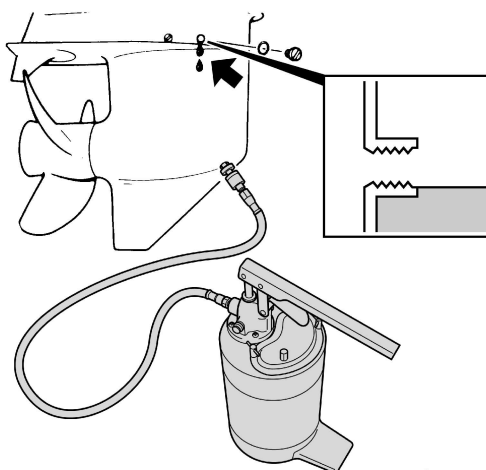
3. Check the oil for metal and discoloration, and its viscosity. Check the internal parts of the lower case if necessary.

3

4. Insert a gear oil tube or gear oil pump into the drain hole and slowly fill the gear oil until oil flows out of the check hole and no air bubbles are visible.



S60V3340



S60V3350



Recommended gear oil:

Hypoid gear oil

API: GL-4

SAE: 90

Gear oil quantity:

670 cm³ (22.7 US oz, 23.6 Imp oz)

5. Install the check screw and quickly install the drain screw, and then tighten them to the specified torque.

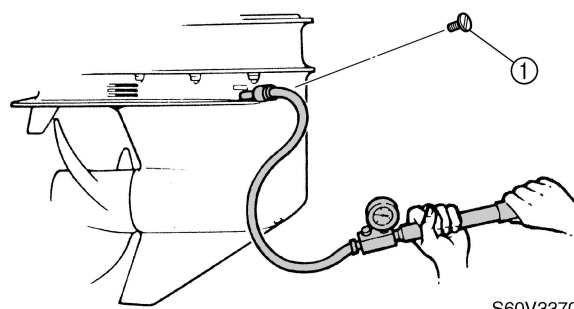


Gear oil check screw and drain screw:

9 N·m (0.9 kgf·m, 6.6 ft·lb)

Checking the lower unit for air leakage

1. Remove the check screw ①, and then install the special service tool.



S60V3370



Leakage tester: 90890-06840

2. Apply the specified pressure to check that the pressure is maintained in the lower unit for at least 10 seconds.

CAUTION:

Do not over pressurize the lower unit, otherwise the oil seals can be damaged.

NOTE:

Cover the check hole with a rag when removing the tester from the lower unit.



Lower unit holding pressure:
100 kPa (1.0 kgf/cm², 14.5 psi)

3. If pressure drops below specification, check the drive shaft and propeller shaft oil seals for damage.

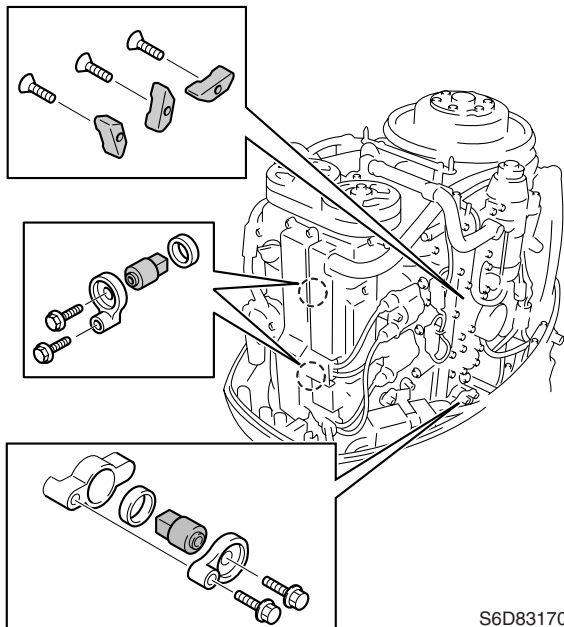
Checking the propeller

1. Check the propeller blades and splines for cracks, damage, or wear. Replace if necessary.

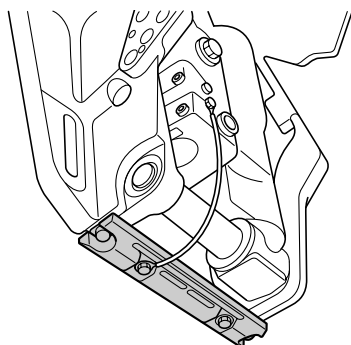
General

Checking the anodes

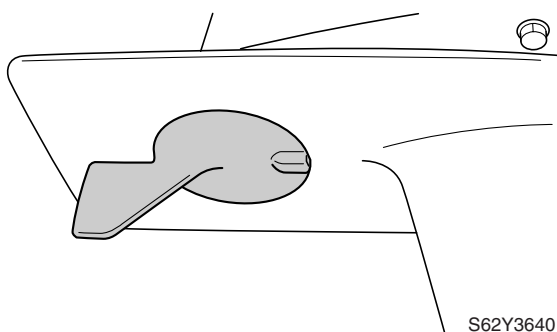
1. Check the anodes and trim tab for scales, grease, or oil. Clean if necessary.



S6D83170



S6D83210



S62Y3640

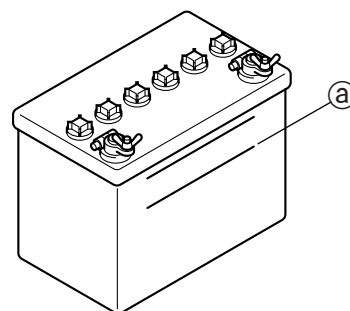
NOTE:

If it is necessary to disassemble the outboard motor to check an anode, refer to the applicable disassembly procedure in this manual.

2. Replace the anodes or trim tab if excessively eroded.

Checking the battery

1. Check the battery electrolyte level. If the level is at or below the minimum level mark ①, add distilled water until the level is between the maximum and minimum level marks.



S69J3620

CAUTION:

Do not oil, grease, or paint the anodes or the trim tab, otherwise they will be ineffective.



2. Check the specific gravity of the electrolyte. Fully charge the battery if out of specification.

⚠ WARNING

Battery electrolyte is dangerous; it contains sulfuric acid which is poisonous and highly caustic.

Always follow these preventive measures:

- Avoid bodily contact with electrolyte as it can cause severe burns or permanent eye injury.
- Wear protective eye gear when handling or working near batteries.

Antidote (EXTERNAL):

- SKIN – Wash with water.
- EYES – Flush with water for 15 minutes and get immediate medical attention.

Antidote (INTERNAL):

- Drink large quantities of water or milk followed with milk of magnesia, beaten egg, or vegetable oil. Get immediate medical attention.

Batteries generate explosive, hydrogen gas. Always follow these preventive measures:

- Charge batteries in a well-ventilated area.
- Keep batteries away from fire, sparks or open flames (e.g., welding equipment, lighted cigarettes).
- DO NOT SMOKE when charging or handling batteries.

KEEP BATTERIES AND ELECTROLYTE OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

NOTE:

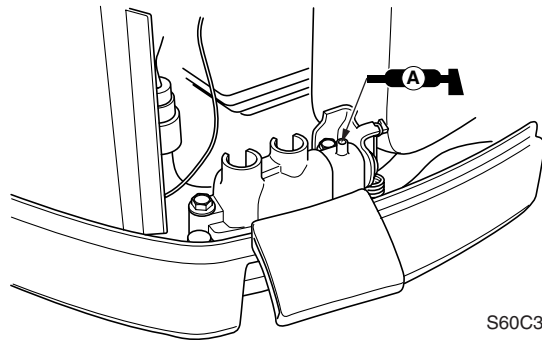
- Batteries vary per manufacturer. The procedures mentioned in this manual may not always apply, therefore, consult the instruction manual of the battery.
- Disconnect the negative battery lead first, then the positive battery lead.



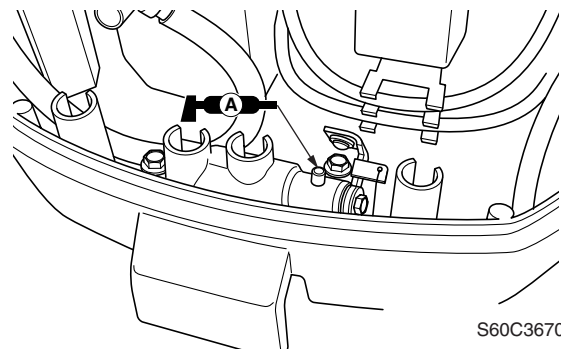
Electrolyte specific gravity:
1.280 at 20 °C (68 °F)

Lubricating the outboard motor

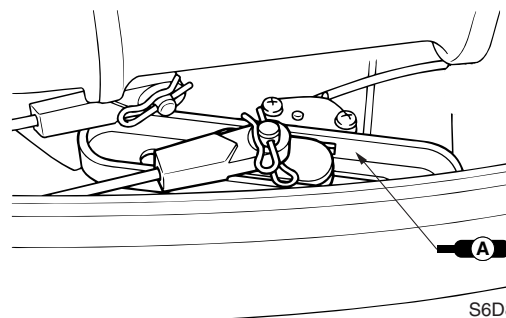
1. Apply water resistant grease to the areas shown.



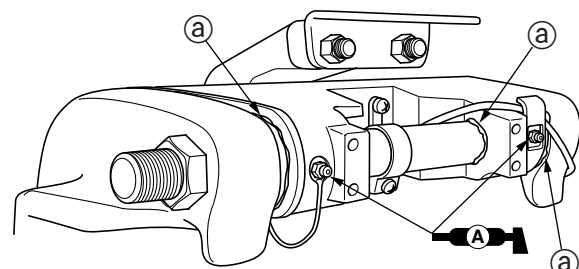
S60C3660



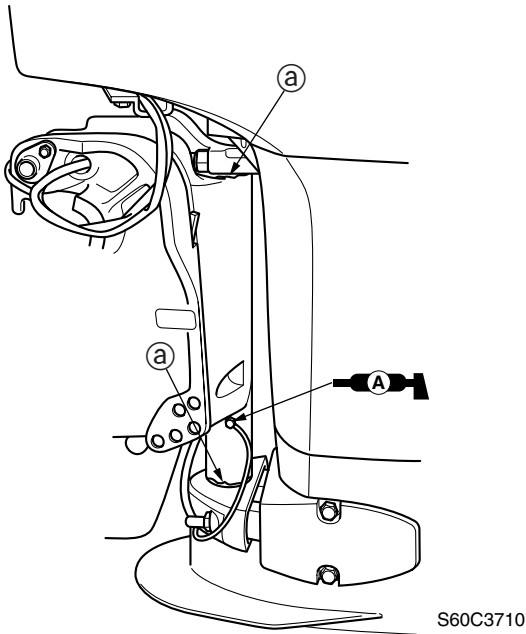
S60C3670



S6D83180

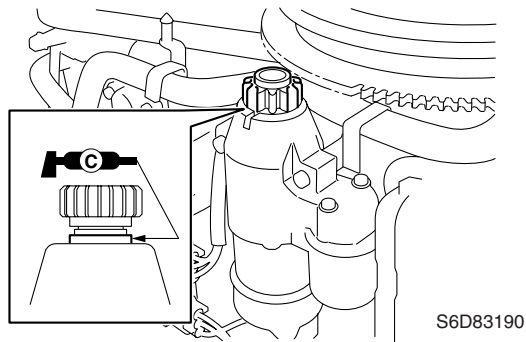


S60C3695

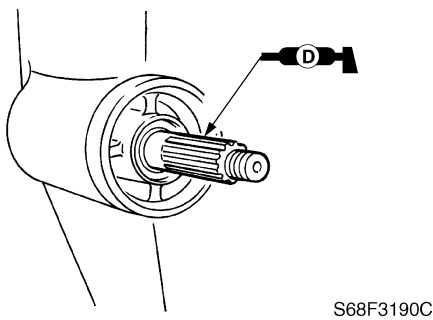


NOTE:
Apply grease to the grease nipple until it flows from the bushings ①.

2. Apply low temperature resistant grease to the area shown.



3. Apply corrosion resistant grease to the area shown.



CHK
ADJ



Periodic checks and adjustments

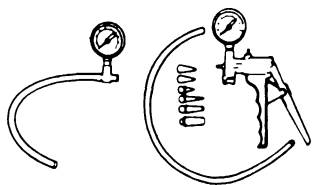
— MEMO —



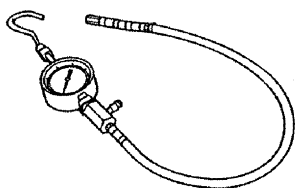
Fuel system

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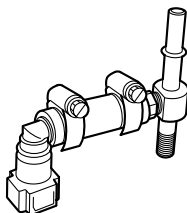
Special service tools



Vacuum/pressure pump gauge set
90890-06756



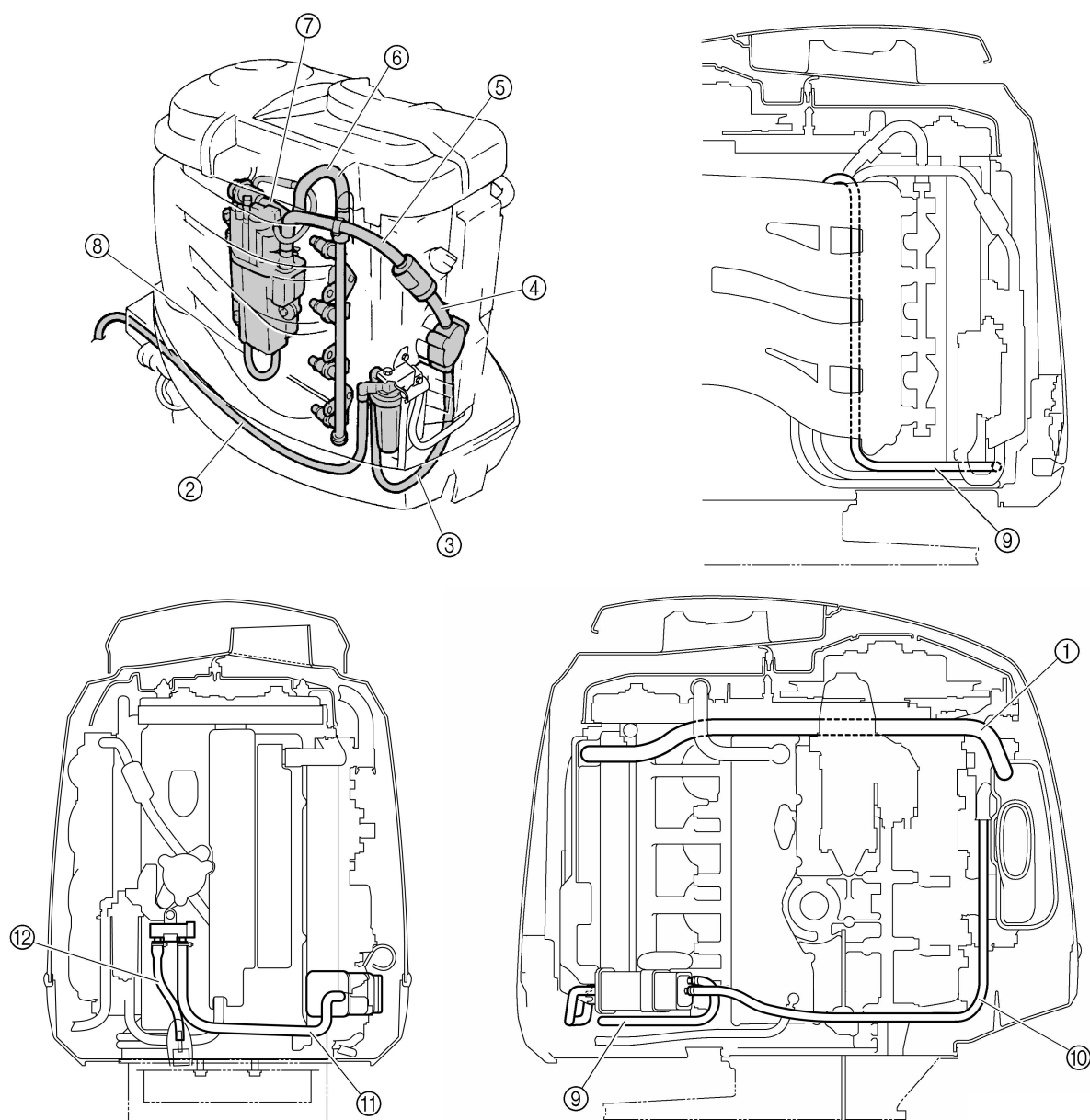
Fuel pressure gauge
90890-06786



Fuel pressure gauge adapter B
90890-06942

Hose routing

Fuel and blowby hoses

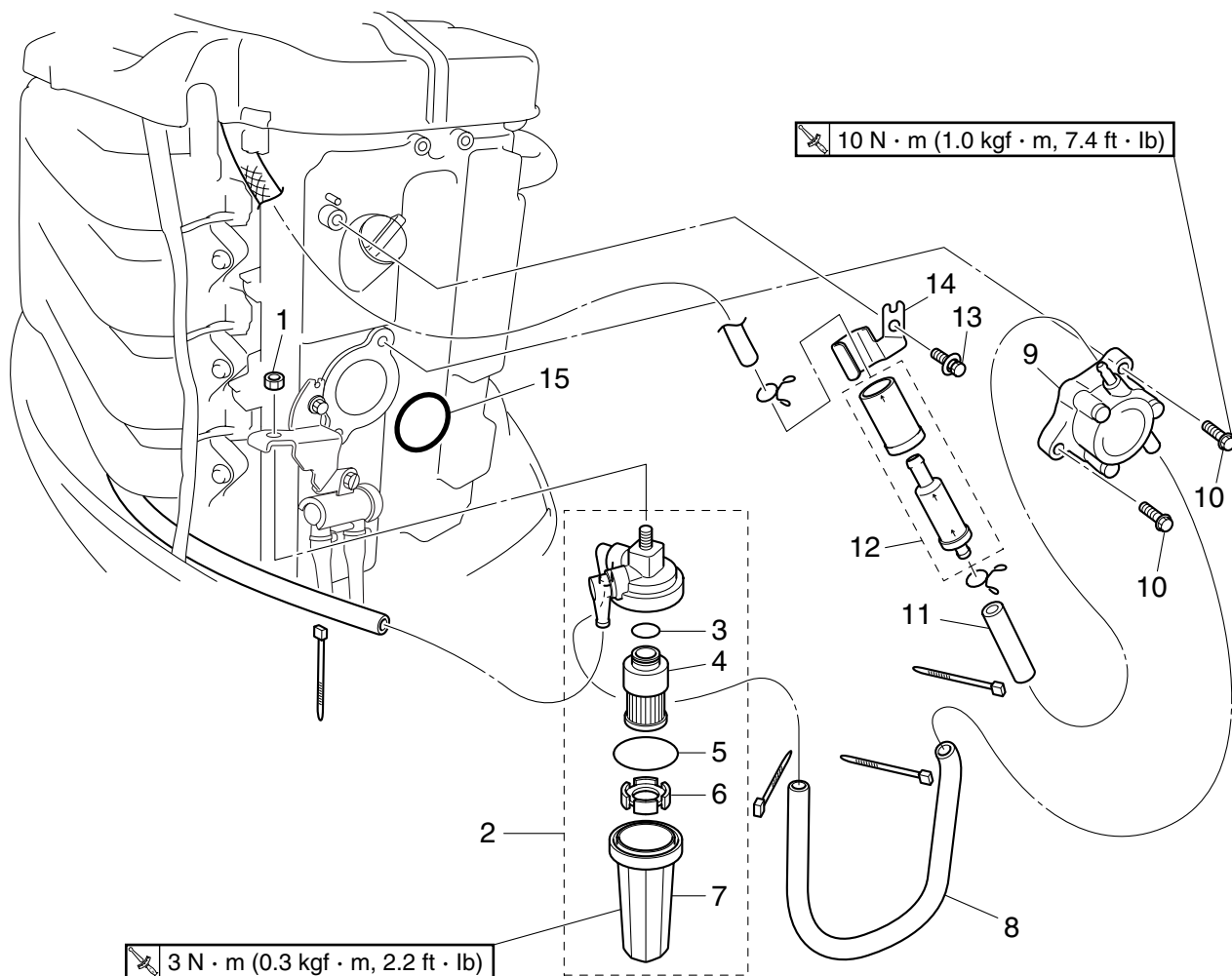


S6D84010

- ① Blowby hose
- ② Fuel hose (primary pump-to-fuel filter)
- ③ Fuel hose (fuel filter-to-fuel pump)
- ④ Fuel hose (fuel pump-to-strainer)
- ⑤ Fuel hose (strainer-to-vapor separator)
- ⑥ High-pressure fuel hose (vapor separator-to-fuel rail)
- ⑦ Fuel hose (pressure regulator-to-fuel cooler)
- ⑧ Fuel hose (fuel cooler-to-vapor separator)
- ⑨ Canister hose (vapor separator-to-canister)
- ⑩ Canister hose (canister-to-idle speed control)
- ⑪ Canister hose (canister-to-filter)
- ⑫ Canister hose (filter-to-bottom cowling)

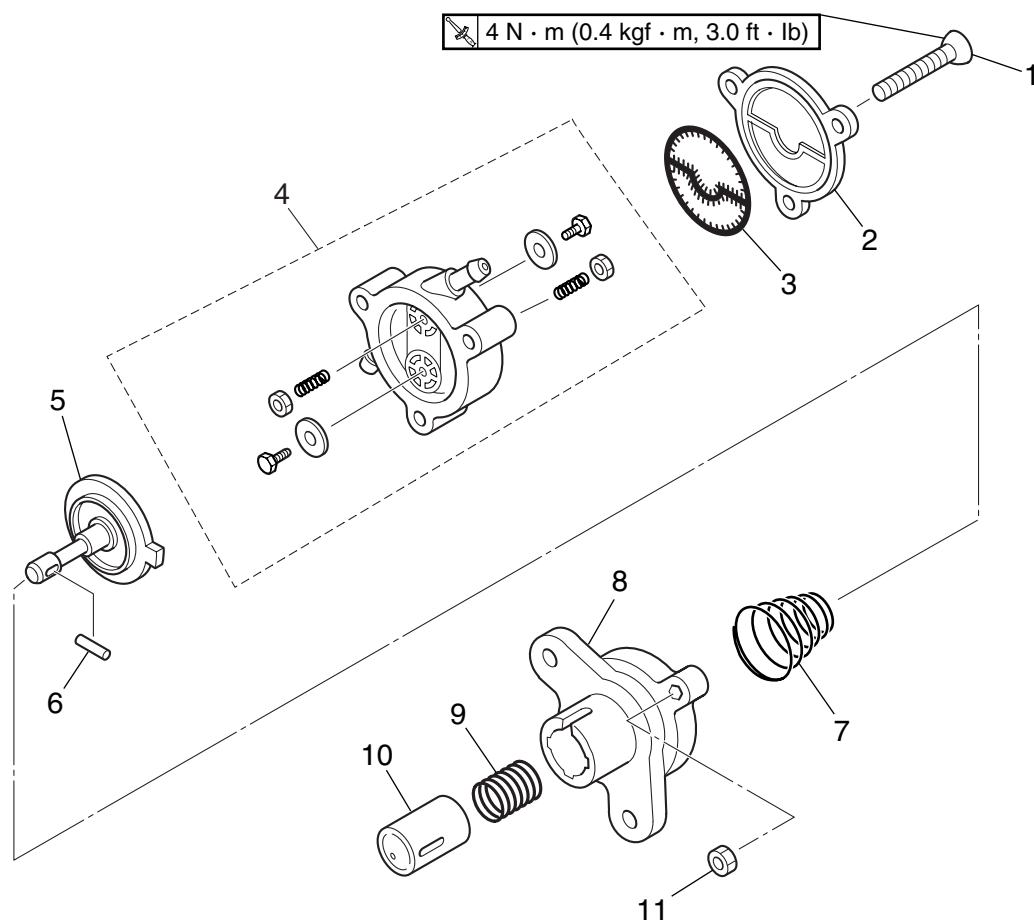


Fuel filter and fuel pump



S6D84020

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Nut	1	
2	Fuel filter assembly	1	
3	O-ring	1	Not reusable
4	Fuel filter element	1	
5	O-ring	1	Not reusable
6	Float	1	
7	Cup	1	
8	Fuel hose	1	
9	Fuel pump	1	
10	Bolt	2	M6 × 30 mm
11	Fuel hose	1	
12	Strainer	1	
13	Bolt	1	M6 × 12 mm
14	Bracket	1	
15	O-ring	1	Not reusable



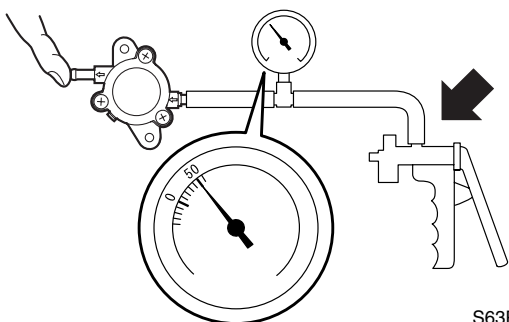
S6D84030

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Screw	3	ø6 × 35 mm
2	Cover	1	
3	Gasket	1	Not reusable
4	Fuel pump body 2 assembly	1	
5	Diaphragm	1	
6	Pin	1	
7	Spring	1	
8	Fuel pump body 1	1	
9	Spring	1	
10	Plunger	1	
11	Nut	3	



Checking the fuel pump

1. Place a drain pan under the fuel hose connections, and then disconnect the fuel hoses from the fuel pump.
2. Connect the special service tool to the fuel pump inlet.
3. Cover the fuel pump outlet with a finger, and then apply the specified positive pressure. Check that there is no air leakage.



S63P4090

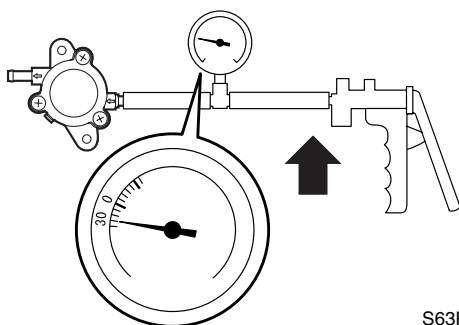


Vacuum/pressure pump gauge set:
90890-06756



Specified pressure:
50 kPa (0.5 kgf/cm², 7.3 psi)

4. Apply the specified negative pressure and check that there is no air leakage.



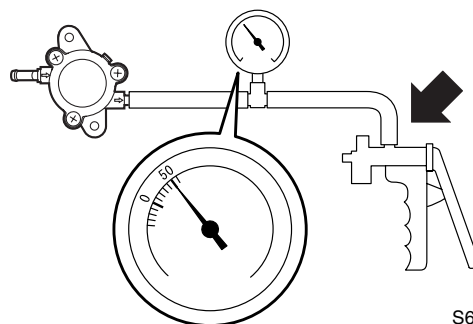
S63P4100



Specified pressure:
30 kPa (0.3 kgf/cm², 4.4 psi)

5. Connect the special service tool to the fuel pump outlet.

6. Apply the specified positive pressure and check that there is no air leakage. Disassemble the fuel pump if necessary.



S63P4110

NOTE:

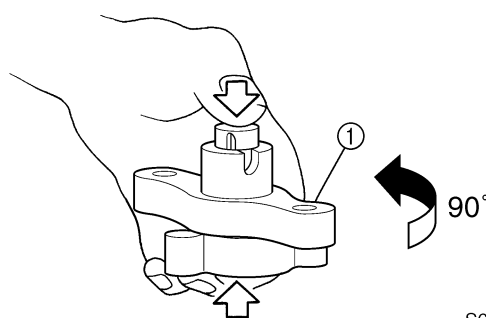
Assemble the fuel pump valve to the fuel pump body, and moisten the inside of the fuel pump with gasoline to ensure a good seal.



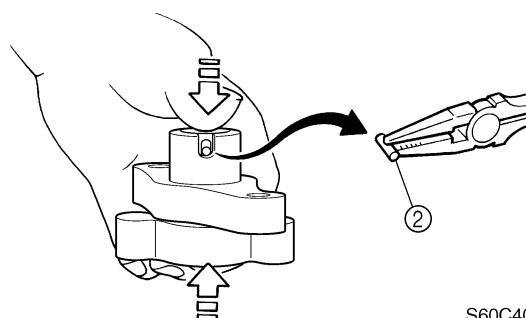
Specified pressure:
50 kPa (0.5 kgf/cm², 7.3 psi)

Disassembling the fuel pump

1. Disassemble the fuel pump.
2. Push down on the plunger and the diaphragm, turn fuel pump body 1 ① approximately 90° to a position where the pin ② can be removed easily, and then remove the pin.



S60C4070



S60C4080

3. Slowly let up on the plunger and diaphragm, and then remove them.

Checking the diaphragm and valves

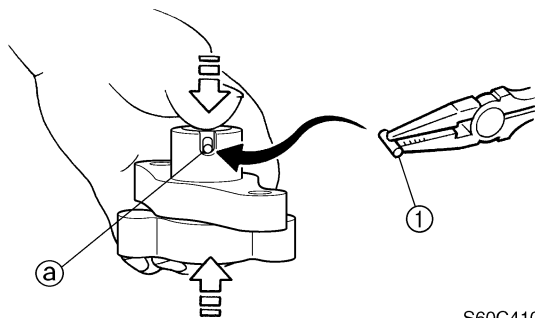
1. Check the diaphragm for tears and the valves for cracks. Replace if necessary.

Assembling the fuel pump

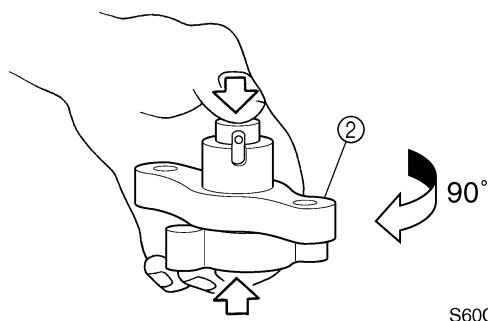
NOTE:

Clean the parts and soak the valves and the diaphragm in gasoline before assembly to obtain prompt operation of the fuel pump when starting the engine.

1. Align the plunger and diaphragm installation holes ①, and then install the plunger into the diaphragm.
2. Push down on the plunger and the diaphragm, and then install the pin ①.



3. Turn fuel pump body 1 ② approximately 90°, and then push down on the plunger several times to make sure that the pin does not come out.

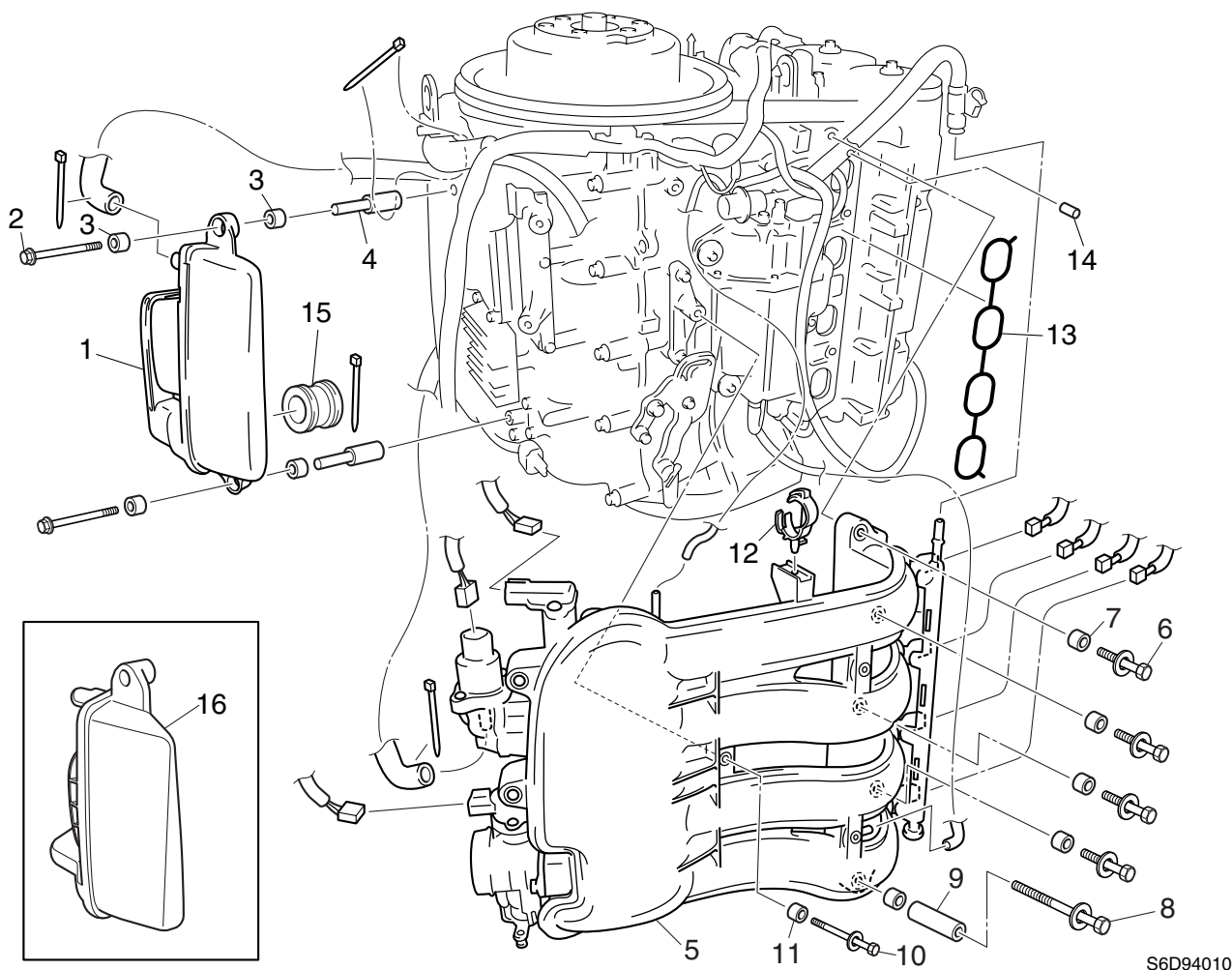


NOTE:

Make sure that the gasket and diaphragm are kept in place through the assembly process.

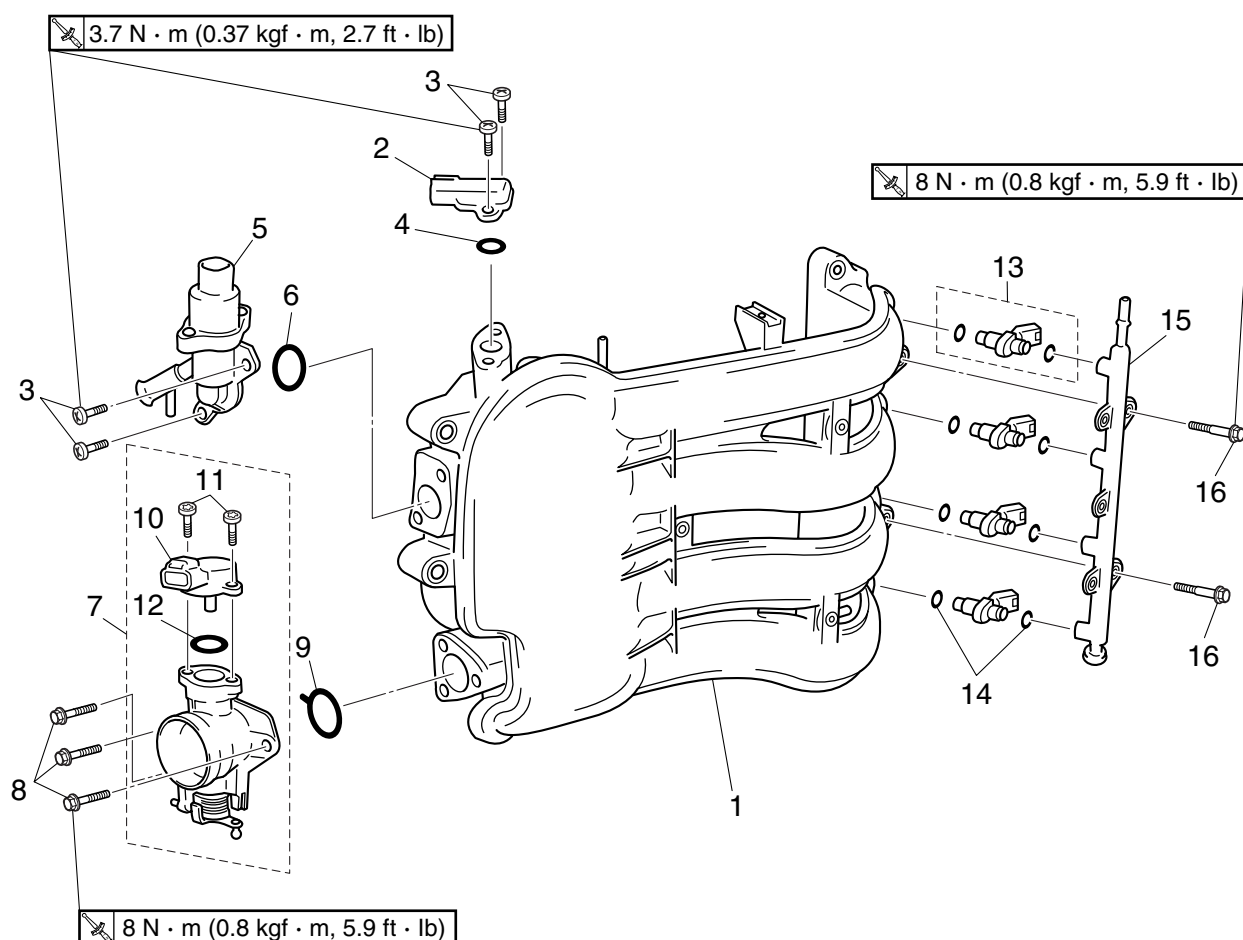


Intake manifold



S6D94010

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Intake silencer	1	F80BET
2	Bolt	2	M6 × 80 mm
3	Bushing	4	
4	Collar	2	
5	Intake manifold assembly	1	
6	Bolt	4	M8 × 30 mm
7	Collar	5	
8	Bolt	1	M8 × 100 mm
9	Spacer	1	
10	Bolt	3	M6 × 45 mm
11	Collar	3	
12	Holder	1	
13	Gasket	1	Not reusable
14	Pin	2	
15	Joint	1	
16	Intake silencer	1	F100DET



S6D84050

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Intake manifold	1	
2	Sensor assembly	1	
3	Screw	4	ø5 × 13 mm
4	O-ring	1	Not reusable
5	Idle speed control	1	
6	O-ring	1	Not reusable
7	Throttle body assembly	1	
8	Bolt	3	M6 × 16 mm
9	Gasket	1	Not reusable
10	Throttle position sensor	1	
11	Screw	2	
12	O-ring	1	Not reusable
13	Fuel injector	4	
14	O-ring set	4	Not reusable
15	Fuel rail	1	
16	Bolt	2	M6 × 38 mm



Checking the throttle position sensor

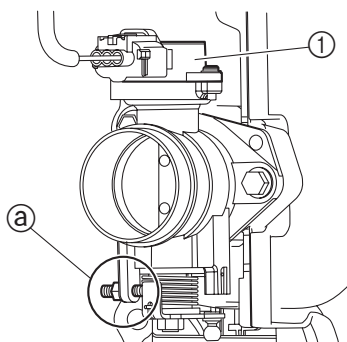
1. Check the throttle position sensor output voltage using the Yamaha Diagnostic System. If the output voltage is out of specification, replace the throttle position sensor.



Throttle position sensor output voltage at engine idle speed:
0.8–1.2 V

Installing the throttle position sensor

1. Install the throttle position sensor ① in a position where the output voltage is within specification.



S6D84170

NOTE:

- If the throttle position sensor output voltage is out of specification, reinstall the throttle position sensor.
- Measure the throttle position sensor output voltage using the Yamaha Diagnostic System.
- Do not turn the throttle stop screw ②.

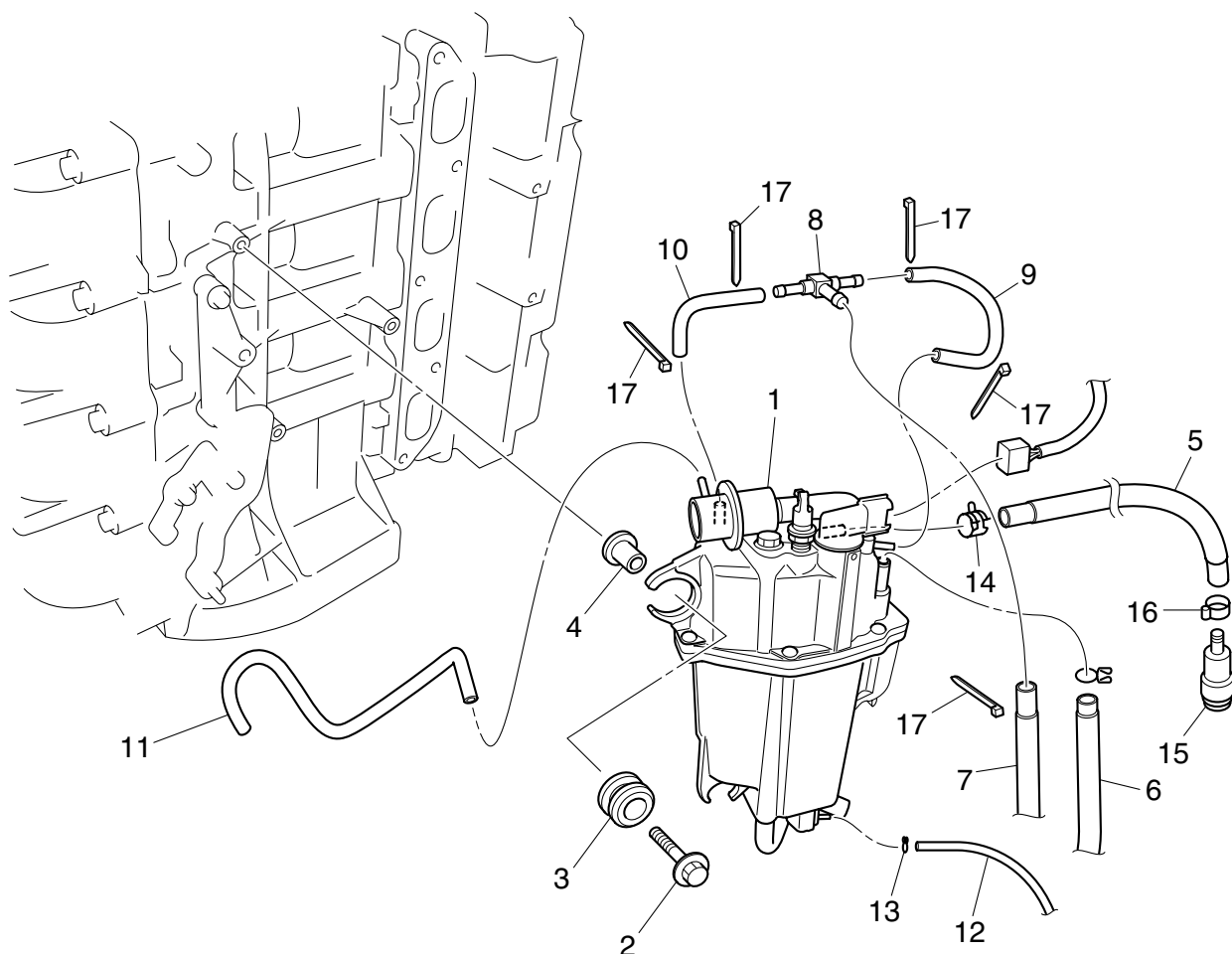


Throttle position sensor output voltage at engine idle speed:
0.8–1.2 V

Checking the idle speed control

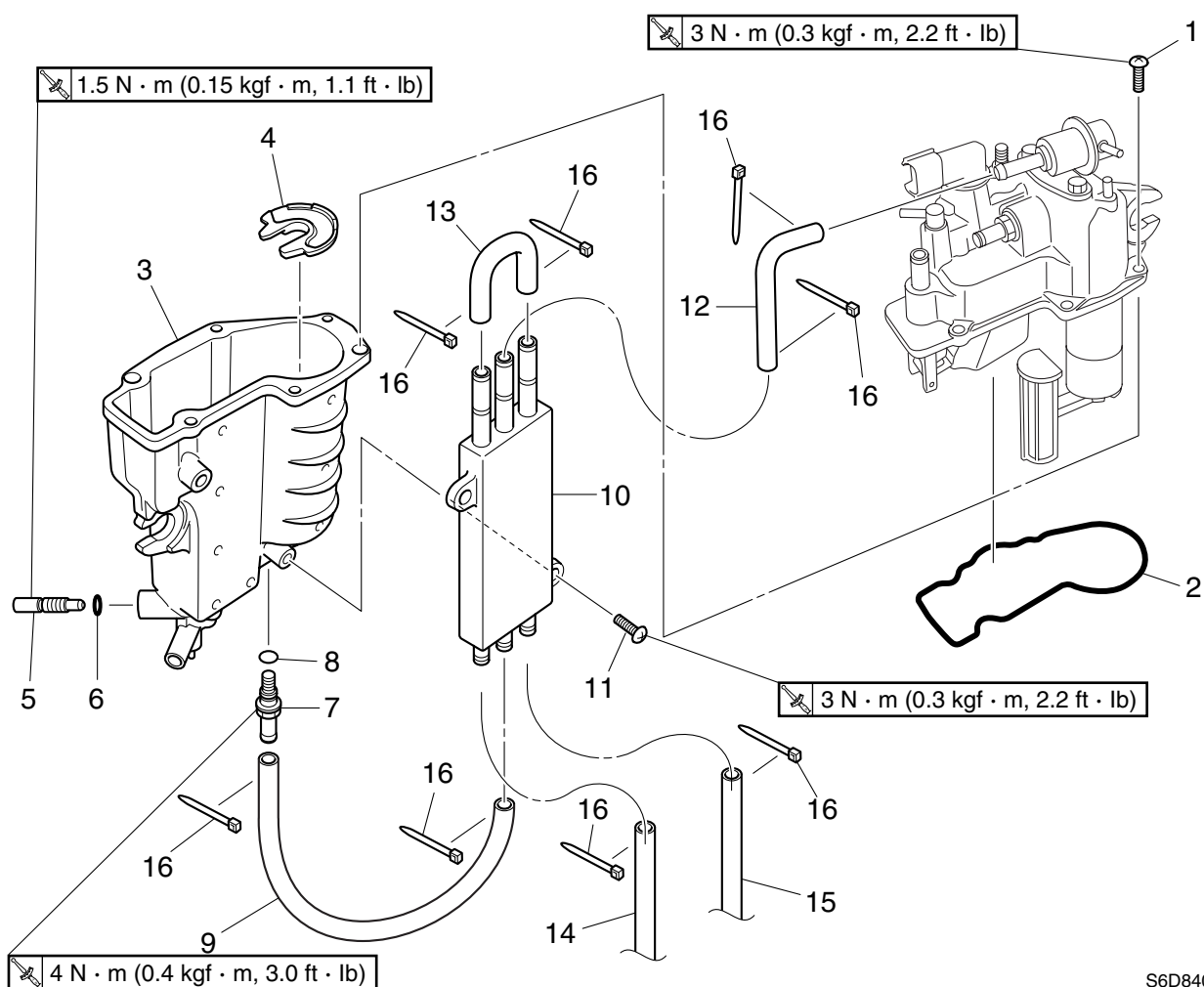
1. Check the operation of the idle speed control using the Yamaha Diagnostic System.

Vapor separator



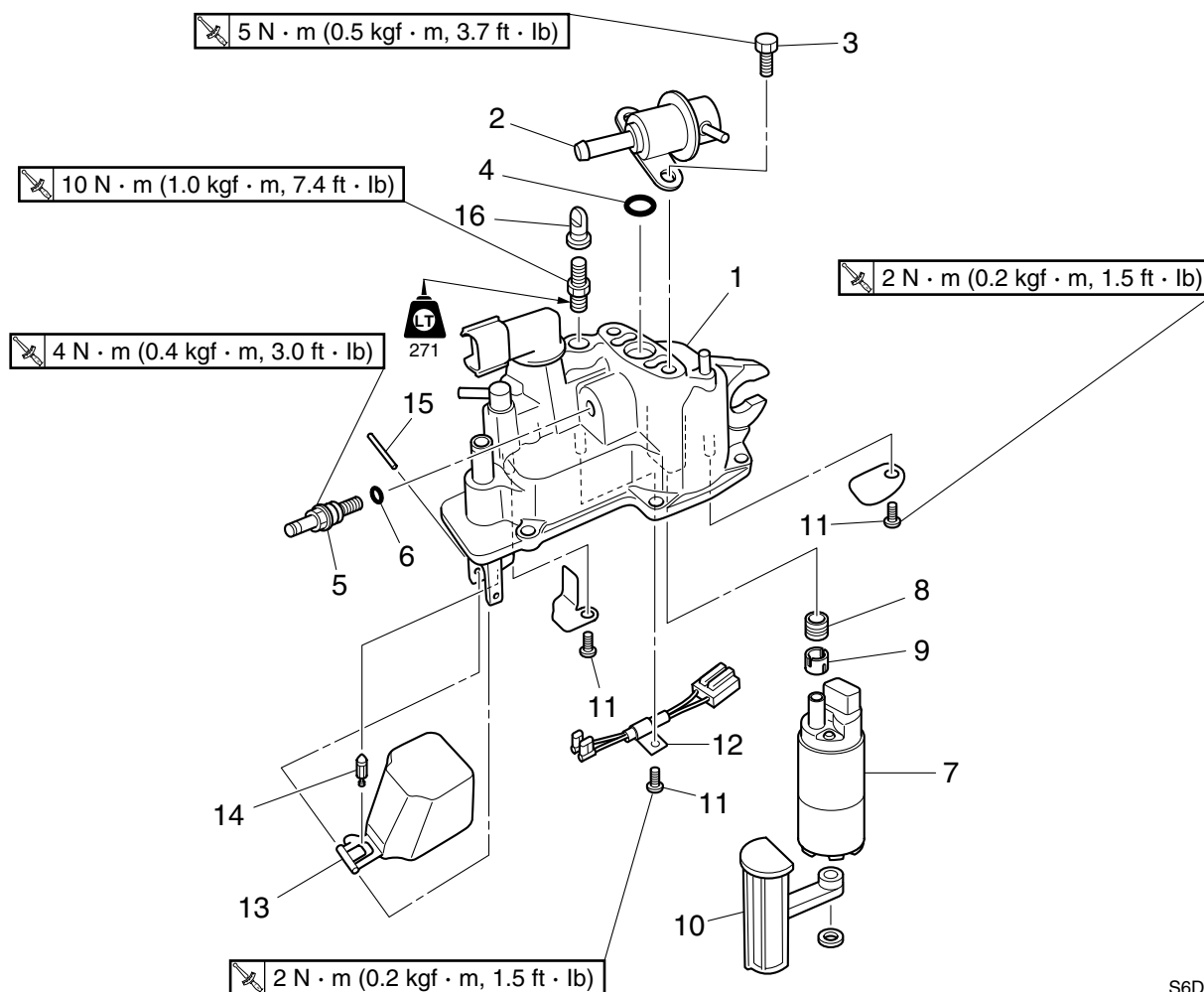
S6D84070

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Vapor separator	1	
2	Bolt	3	M6 × 30 mm
3	Grommet	3	
4	Collar	3	
5	Fuel hose	1	
6	Fuel inlet hose	1	
7	Hose	1	
8	Joint	1	
9	Hose	1	
10	Hose	1	
11	Hose	1	
12	Hose	1	
13	Clamp	1	
14	Clamp	1	
15	Quick connector	1	
16	Clamp	1	Not reusable
17	Plastic tie	5	Not reusable



S6D84080

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Screw	6	ø5 × 14 mm
2	Gasket	1	Not reusable
3	Float chamber	1	
4	Damper	1	
5	Drain screw	1	
6	O-ring	1	Not reusable
7	Joint screw	1	
8	O-ring	1	Not reusable
9	Fuel hose	1	
10	Fuel cooler	1	
11	Screw	2	ø6 × 15 mm
12	Fuel hose	1	
13	Hose	1	
14	Hose	1	
15	Hose	1	
16	Plastic tie	8	Not reusable



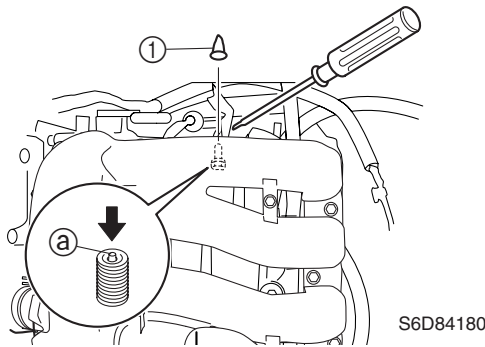
S6D84090

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Cover	1	
2	Pressure regulator	1	
3	Bolt	2	M6 × 12 mm
4	O-ring	1	Not reusable
5	Joint screw	1	
6	O-ring	1	Not reusable
7	Electric fuel pump	1	
8	Grommet	1	
9	Collar	1	
10	Filter	1	
11	Screw	3	ø4 × 6 mm
12	Wiring harness	1	
13	Float	1	
14	Needle valve	1	
15	Pin	1	Not reusable
16	Cap	1	



Reducing the fuel pressure

1. Remove the cap ①.
2. Cover the pressure check valve ② of the vapor separator with a rag, and then press in the pressure check valve ② using a thin screwdriver to release the fuel pressure.

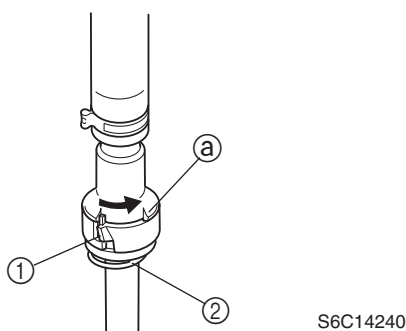


⚠ WARNING

Always reduce the fuel pressure in the high-pressure fuel line before servicing the line or the vapor separator. If the fuel pressure is not released, pressurized fuel may spray out.

Disconnecting the quick connector

1. Wrap the quick connector with a cloth, and then rotate the quick connector tab ① to the stopper position ②.



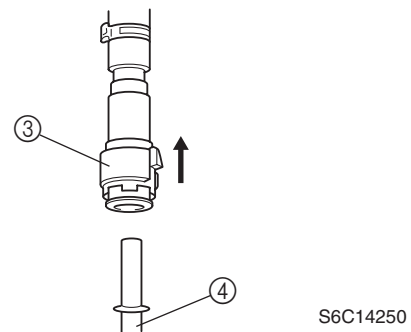
⚠ WARNING

If the quick connector is removed suddenly, pressurized fuel could spray out. To gradually release the fuel pressure, be sure to remove the quick connector slowly.

CAUTION:

- Do not rotate the quick connector tab ① past the stopper position ②, otherwise it could be damaged.
- When the fuel hose is disconnected, quickly remove the retainer ③ from the quick connector, otherwise the retainer could be lost.

2. Disconnect the quick connector ③ from the fuel rail ④ directly.



⚠ WARNING

Always reduce the fuel pressure in the fuel line before servicing the line or the fuel pipe. If the fuel pressure is not released, pressurized fuel could spray out.

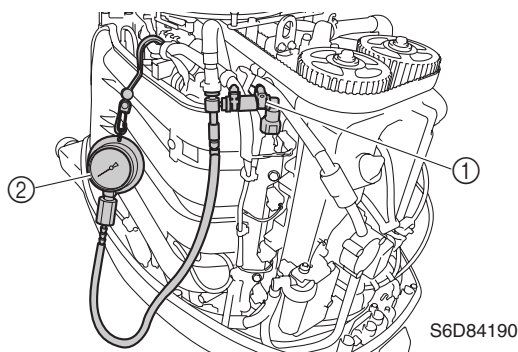
Measuring the fuel pressure

1. Disconnect the quick connector from the fuel rail.

NOTE:

Before disconnecting the quick connector, release the fuel pressure.

2. Connect fuel pressure gauge adapter B ① between the quick connector and fuel rail.
3. Connect the fuel pressure gauge ② to fuel pressure gauge adapter B.



⚠ WARNING

- When connecting the fuel pressure gauge, first cover the connection between the gauge and the adapter with a clean, dry rag to prevent fuel from leaking out.
- Gently screw in the gauge until it is firmly connected.



Fuel pressure gauge adapter B ①:
90890-06942

Fuel pressure gauge ②:
90890-06786

4. Turn the engine start switch to ON, and then measure the fuel pressure within 3 seconds.

NOTE:

The fuel pressure decreases 3 seconds after the engine start switch is turned to ON.



Fuel pressure (reference data):
300 kPa (3.0 kgf/cm², 43.5 psi)

5. Measure the fuel pressure 3 seconds after turning the engine start switch to ON.



Fuel pressure (reference data):
260 kPa (2.6 kgf/cm², 37.7 psi)

6. Start the engine, warm it up for 5 minutes, and then measure the fuel pressure. If below specification, check the high-pressure fuel line and the vapor separator.



Fuel pressure (reference data):
230 kPa (2.3 kgf/cm², 33.4 psi)

⚠ WARNING

- Before measuring the fuel pressure, make sure that the drain screw is tightened securely.
- Do not loosen the drain screw while measuring the fuel pressure. Loosening the drain screw can cause fuel to spray out creating a fire hazard.
- After measuring the fuel pressure, cover the end of the hose with a clean, dry rag, point the hose downward, and then loosen the drain screw to drain the remaining fuel from the hose and gauge.
- When storing the fuel pressure gauge, make sure that the drain screw is tightened securely.

Checking the pressure regulator

1. Disconnect the quick connector from the fuel rail.

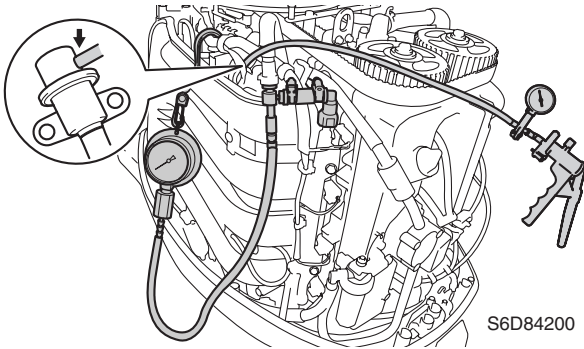
NOTE:

Before disconnecting the quick connector, release the fuel pressure.

2. Connect fuel pressure gauge adapter B between the quick connector and fuel rail.
3. Connect the fuel pressure gauge to fuel pressure gauge adapter B.



4. Disconnect the pressure regulator hose, and then connect the special service tools to the pressure regulator.



⚠ WARNING

- When connecting the fuel pressure gauge, first cover the connection between the gauge and the adapter with a clean, dry rag to prevent fuel from leaking out.
- Gently screw in the gauge until it is firmly connected.



Fuel pressure gauge: 90890-06786
 Fuel pressure gauge adapter B:
 90890-06942
 Vacuum/pressure pump gauge set:
 90890-06756

5. Start the engine and let it idle.
6. Check that the fuel pressure reduces when vacuum pressure is applied to the pressure regulator. If the fuel pressure does not reduce, replace the pressure regulator.

⚠ WARNING

- Before measuring the fuel pressure, make sure that the drain screw is tightened securely.
- Do not loosen the drain screw while measuring the fuel pressure. Loosening the drain screw can cause fuel to spray out creating a fire hazard.
- After measuring the fuel pressure, cover the end of the hose with a clean, dry rag, point the hose downward, and then loosen the drain screw to drain the remaining fuel from the hose and gauge.
- When storing the fuel pressure gauge, make sure that the drain screw is tightened securely.

NOTE:

When the vacuum pressure reaches the specified level, the fuel pressure reduces.

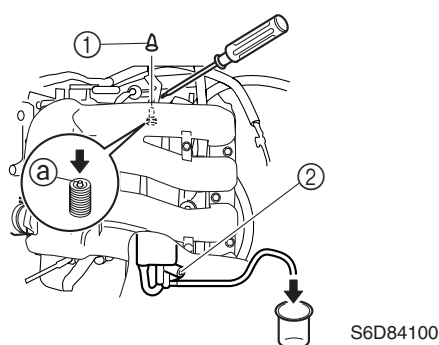
Draining the fuel

1. Remove the cap ①.
2. Cover the pressure check valve ② of the vapor separator with a rag, and then press in the pressure check valve ② using a thin screwdriver to release the fuel pressure.

⚠ WARNING

Always reduce the fuel pressure in the high-pressure fuel line before servicing the line or the vapor separator. If the fuel pressure is not released, pressurized fuel may spray out.

3. Place a container under the vapor separator drain hose, and then loosen the drain screw ②.
4. Drain the fuel from the vapor separator drain hose by pressing the pressure check valve using a thin screwdriver.

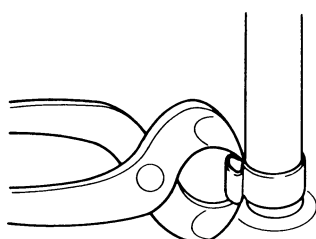


⚠ WARNING

Reduce the fuel pressure before loosening the vapor separator drain screw, or pressurized fuel will spray out and may result in serious injury.

Removing the fuel hose clamp

1. Remove the fuel hose clamp by cutting the crimped section of the clamp.



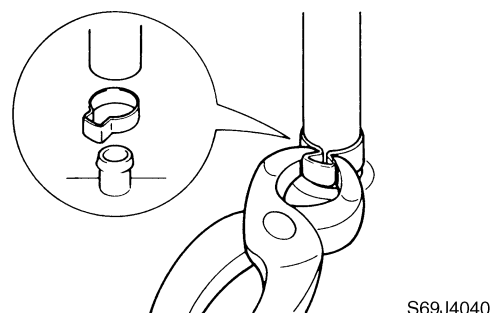
S69J4030

CAUTION:

If the fuel hose clamp is removed without cutting the crimp first, the fuel hose will be damaged.

Installing the fuel hose clamp

1. Crimp the fuel hose clamp properly to securely fasten it.



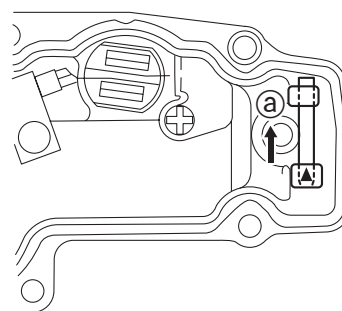
S69J4040

⚠ WARNING

Do not reuse the fuel hose clamp, always replace it with a new one.

Disassembling the vapor separator

1. Remove the float chamber, float pin, and float.



S6C14220

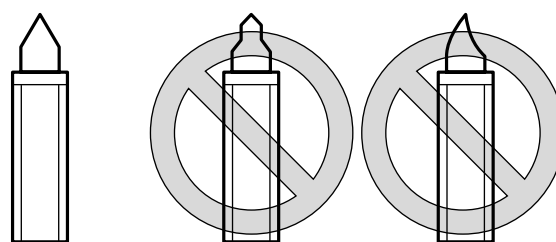
NOTE:

Remove the float pin in the direction of the arrow (a) shown.

2. Remove the needle valve and other components.

Checking the vapor separator

1. Check the needle valve for bends or wear. Replace if necessary.



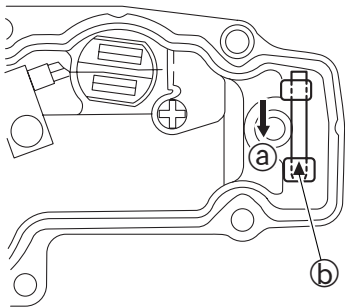
S6D54200



2. Check the float for deterioration. Replace if necessary.
3. Check the filter for dirt or residue. Clean if necessary.

Assembling the vapor separator

1. Install the needle valve, float, and float pin, and then check the float for smooth operation.

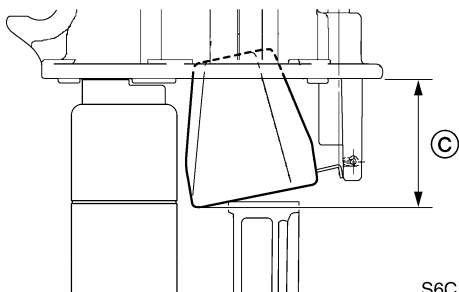


S6C14210

NOTE:

- Do not reuse the float pin, always replace it with a new one.
- Install the float pin in the direction of the arrow ③ shown.
- Install the float pin with its tapered end towards the punch mark ② on the vapor separator cover.

2. Check the float height ③ as shown. Adjust the float height if out of specification.



S6C14280



Float height ③:
 $46.6 \pm 1.0 \text{ mm}$ ($1.83 \pm 0.04 \text{ in}$)

3. Check the float height ④ as shown. Adjust the float height if out of specification.



S6C14200

NOTE:

- The float should be resting on the needle valve, but not compressing it.
- Take measurements at the position shown, opposite the float pivot.



Float height ④:
 $35.0 \pm 1.0 \text{ mm}$ ($1.38 \pm 0.04 \text{ in}$)

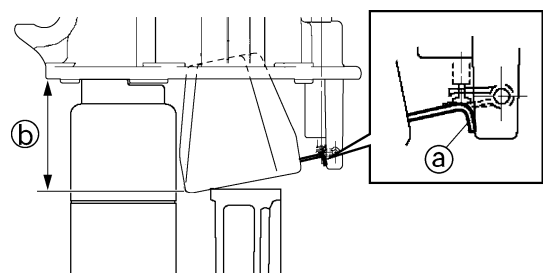
4. Install the float chamber.



Float chamber screw:
3 N·m (0.3 kgf·m, 2.2 ft·lb)

Adjusting the float

1. Adjust the stopper ① of the float by bending it until the float height ② is within specification.

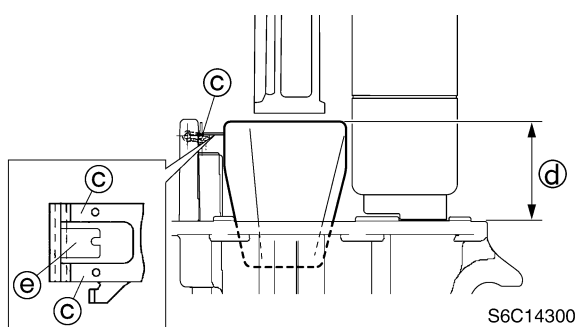


S6C14290



Float height ②:
 $46.6 \pm 1.0 \text{ mm}$ ($1.83 \pm 0.04 \text{ in}$)

2. Adjust the lever ③ of the float by bending it until the float height ④ is within specification.

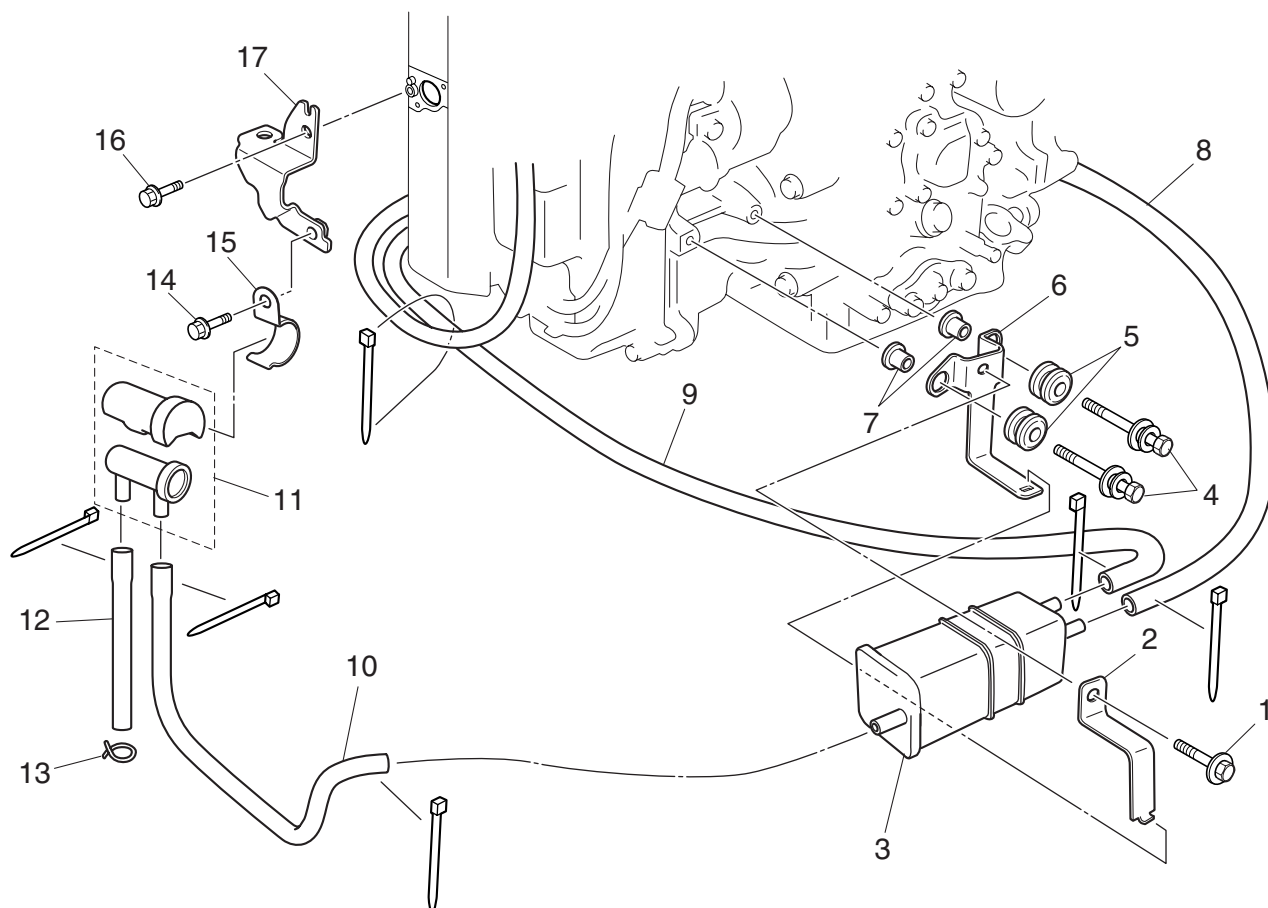


Float height ①:
 $35.0 \pm 1.0 \text{ mm}$ ($1.38 \pm 0.04 \text{ in}$)

NOTE: _____
 When adjusting the float height, do not bend
 the lever ②.



Canister

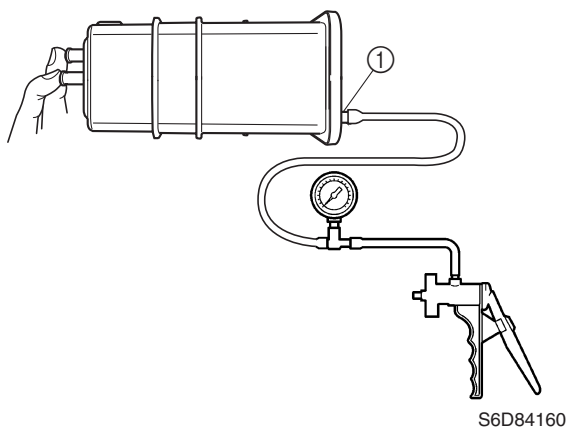


S6D84150

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Bolt	1	M6 × 16 mm
2	Bracket	1	
3	Canister	1	
4	Bolt	2	M6 × 28 mm
5	Grommet	2	
6	Bracket	1	
7	Collar	2	
8	Hose	1	
9	Hose	1	
10	Hose	1	
11	Filter	1	
12	Hose	1	
13	Clamp	1	
14	Bolt	1	M6 × 10 mm
15	Holder	1	
16	Bolt	1	M6 × 16 mm
17	Bracket	1	

Checking the canister

1. Check the canister for cracks. Replace if necessary.
2. Connect the special service tool to the atmospheric port ① and cover the other ports, each with a finger.



3. Apply the specified positive pressure and check that there is no air leakage. Replace the canister if there is air leakage.



Vacuum/pressure pump gauge set:
90890-06756



Specified pressure:
19.6 kPa (0.196 kgf/cm², 2.8 psi)

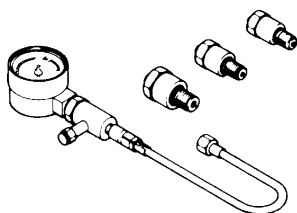


Power unit

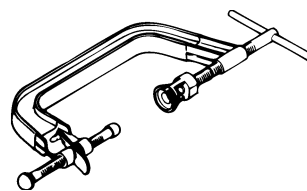
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Installing the power unit	5-52

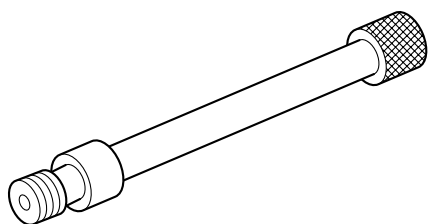
Special service tools



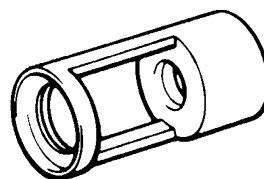
Compression gauge
90890-03160



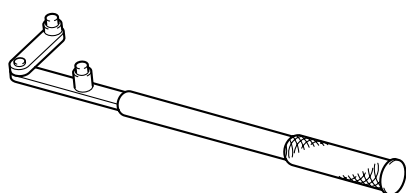
Valve spring compressor
90890-04019



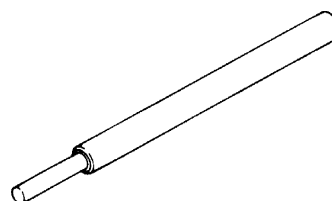
Compression gauge extension M14
90890-06563



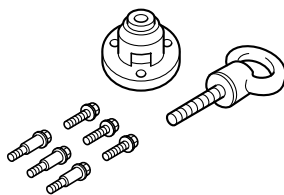
Valve spring compressor attachment
90890-06320



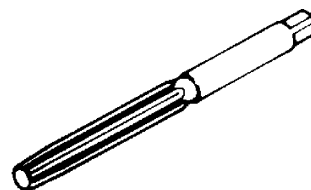
Flywheel holder
90890-06522



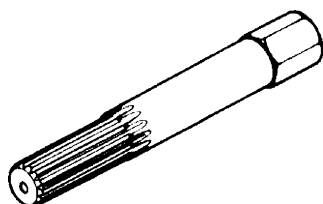
Valve guide remover/installer 5.9
90890-04064



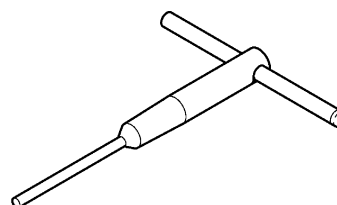
Flywheel puller
90890-06521



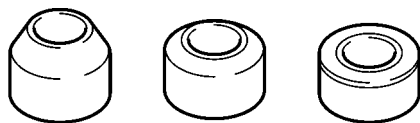
Valve guide reamer 6.0
90890-04066



Crankshaft holder 20
90890-06552

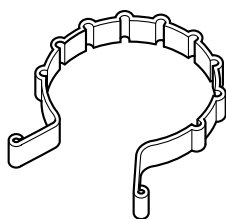


Valve seat cutter holder
90890-06553



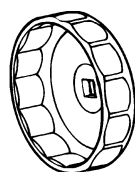
Valve seat cutter

90890-06312, 90890-06315, 90890-06324,
90890-06326, 90890-06328, 90890-06555



Piston slider

90890-06530



Oil filter wrench 64

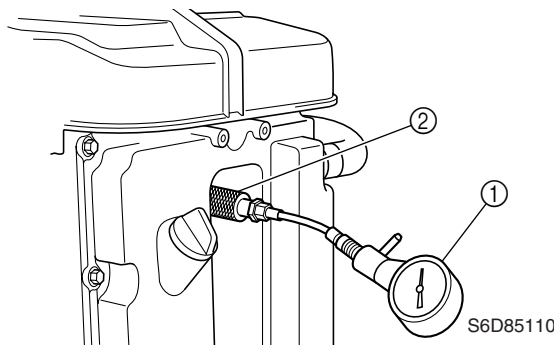
90890-01426



Power unit

Checking the compression pressure

1. Start the engine, warm it up for 5 minutes, and then turn it off.
2. Remove the engine stop lanyard from the engine stop lanyard switch on the remote control box.
3. Remove the spark plug wire cover and all spark plugs, and then install the special service tools into a spark plug hole.



CAUTION:

Before removing the spark plugs, blow compressed air in the spark plug well to clear out any dirt or dust that may fall into the cylinder.



Compression gauge ①:
90890-03160
Compression gauge extension M14
②:
90890-06563

4. Fully open the throttle, crank the engine until the reading on the compression gauge stabilizes, and then check the compression pressure.



Minimum compression pressure (reference data):
860 kPa (8.6 kgf/cm², 124.7 psi)

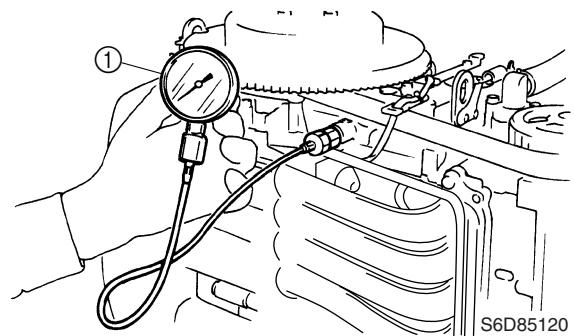
5. If the compression pressure is below specification and the compression pressure for each cylinder is unbalanced, add a small amount of engine oil to the cylinder, and then check the pressure again.

NOTE:

- If the compression pressure increases, check the pistons and piston rings for wear. Replace if necessary.
- If the compression pressure does not increase, check the valve clearance, valve, valve seat, cylinder head gasket, and cylinder head. Adjust or replace if necessary.

Checking the oil pressure

1. Remove the flywheel magnet cover.
2. Place a rag under the oil pressure switch.
3. Remove the oil pressure switch, and then install an oil pressure gauge ① to the oil pressure switch installation hole.



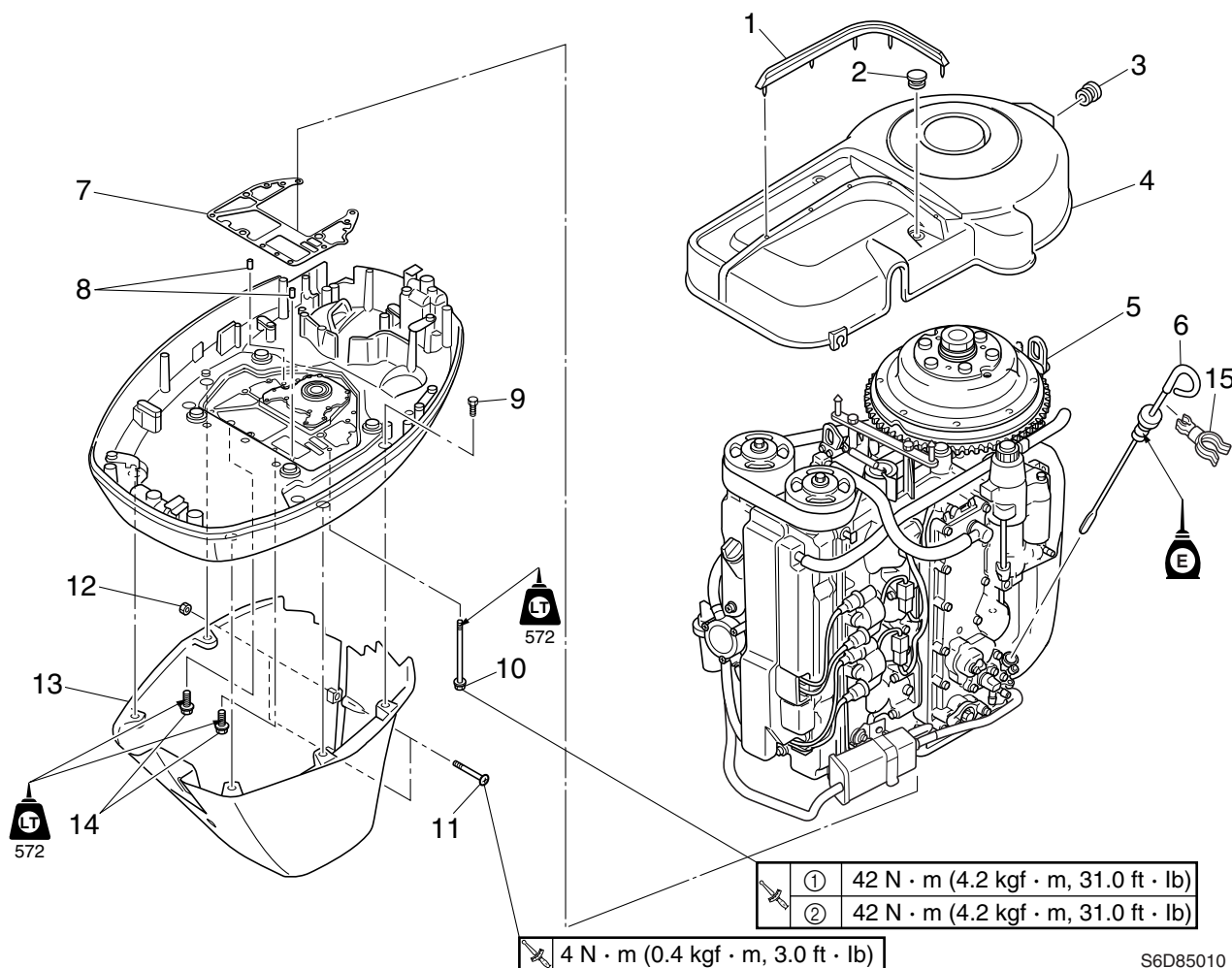
NOTE:

Use a general pressure gauge.

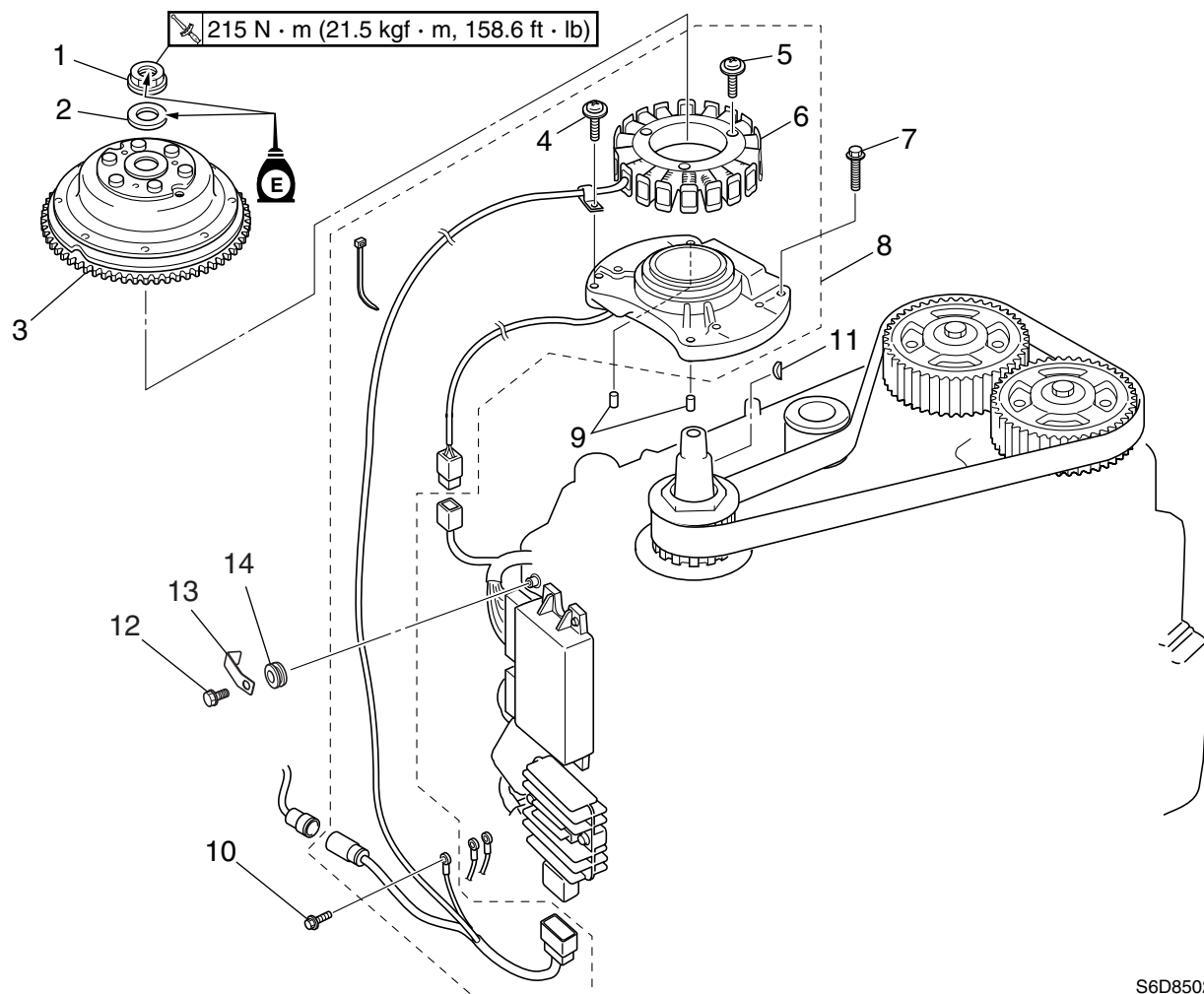
4. Start the engine and warm it up for 5 minutes.
5. Check the oil pressure. Check the oil pump, oil leakage, and oil strainer if below specification.



Oil pressure (reference data):
510 kPa (5.1 kgf/cm², 74.0 psi) at engine idle speed

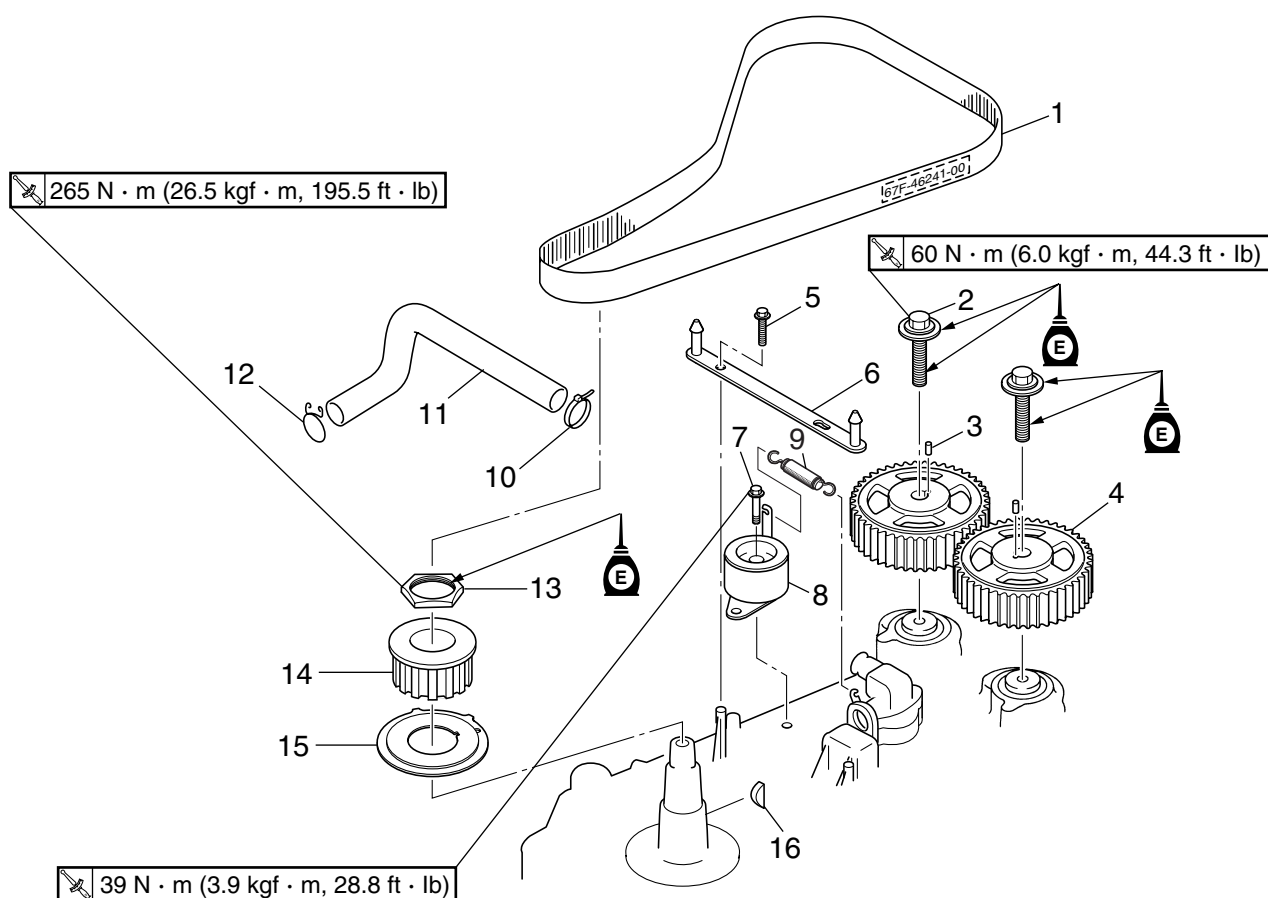


No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Damper	1	
2	Grommet	2	
3	Grommet	1	
4	Flywheel magnet cover	1	
5	Power unit	1	
6	Oil dipstick	1	
7	Gasket	1	Not reusable
8	Dowel	2	
9	Bolt	5	M6 × 16 mm
10	Bolt	6	M10 × 130 mm
11	Screw	2	ø6 × 40 mm
12	Nut	2	
13	Apron	1	
14	Bolt	2	M8 × 35 mm
15	Holder	1	



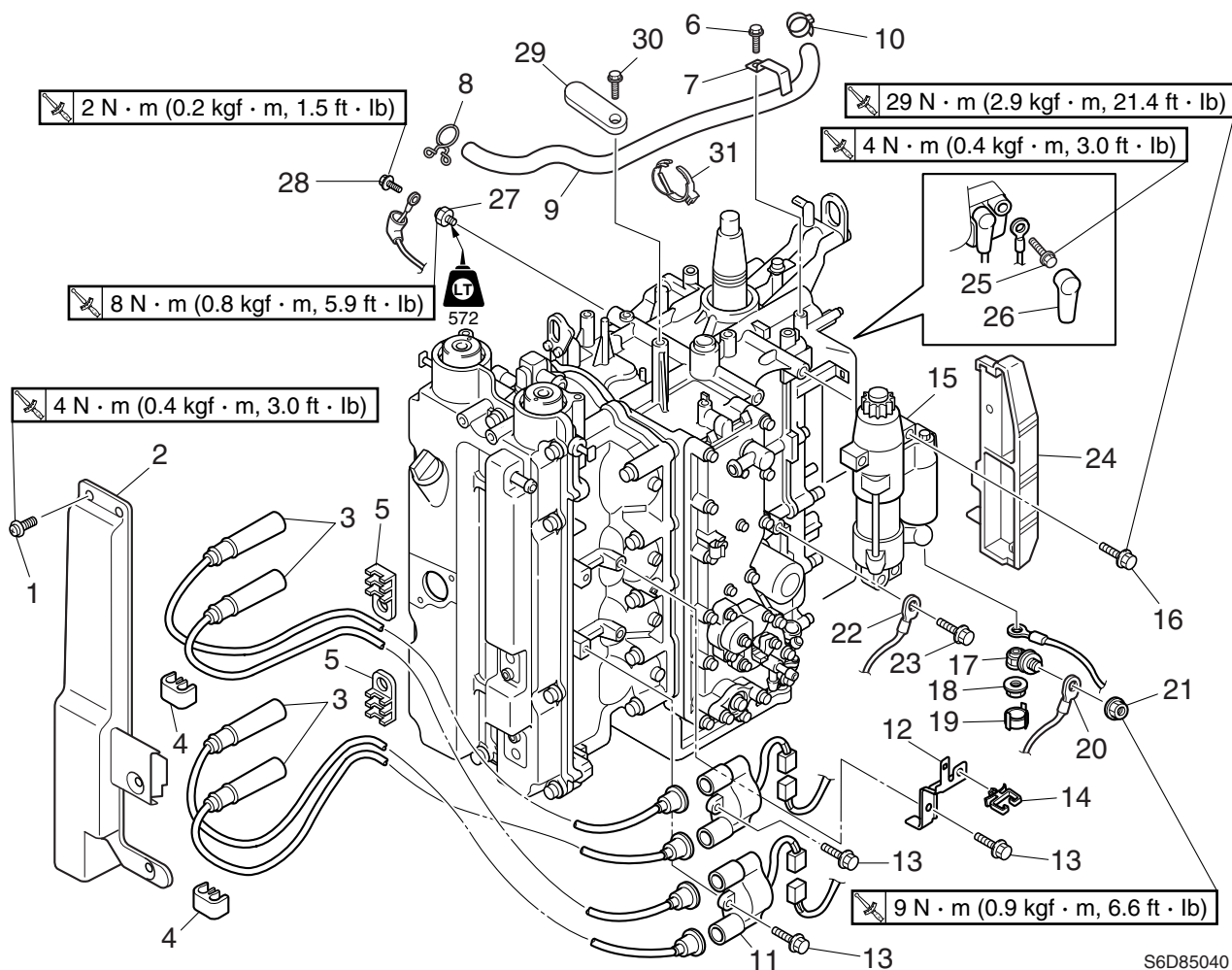
S6D85020

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Nut	1	
2	Washer	1	
3	Flywheel magnet	1	
4	Screw	1	ø4 × 10 mm
5	Screw	3	ø6 × 30 mm
6	Stator coil	1	
7	Bolt	4	M6 × 30 mm
8	Stator assembly	1	
9	Collar	2	
10	Bolt	1	M6 × 15 mm
11	Woodruff key	1	
12	Bolt	1	M6 × 15 mm
13	Holder	1	
14	Grommet	1	



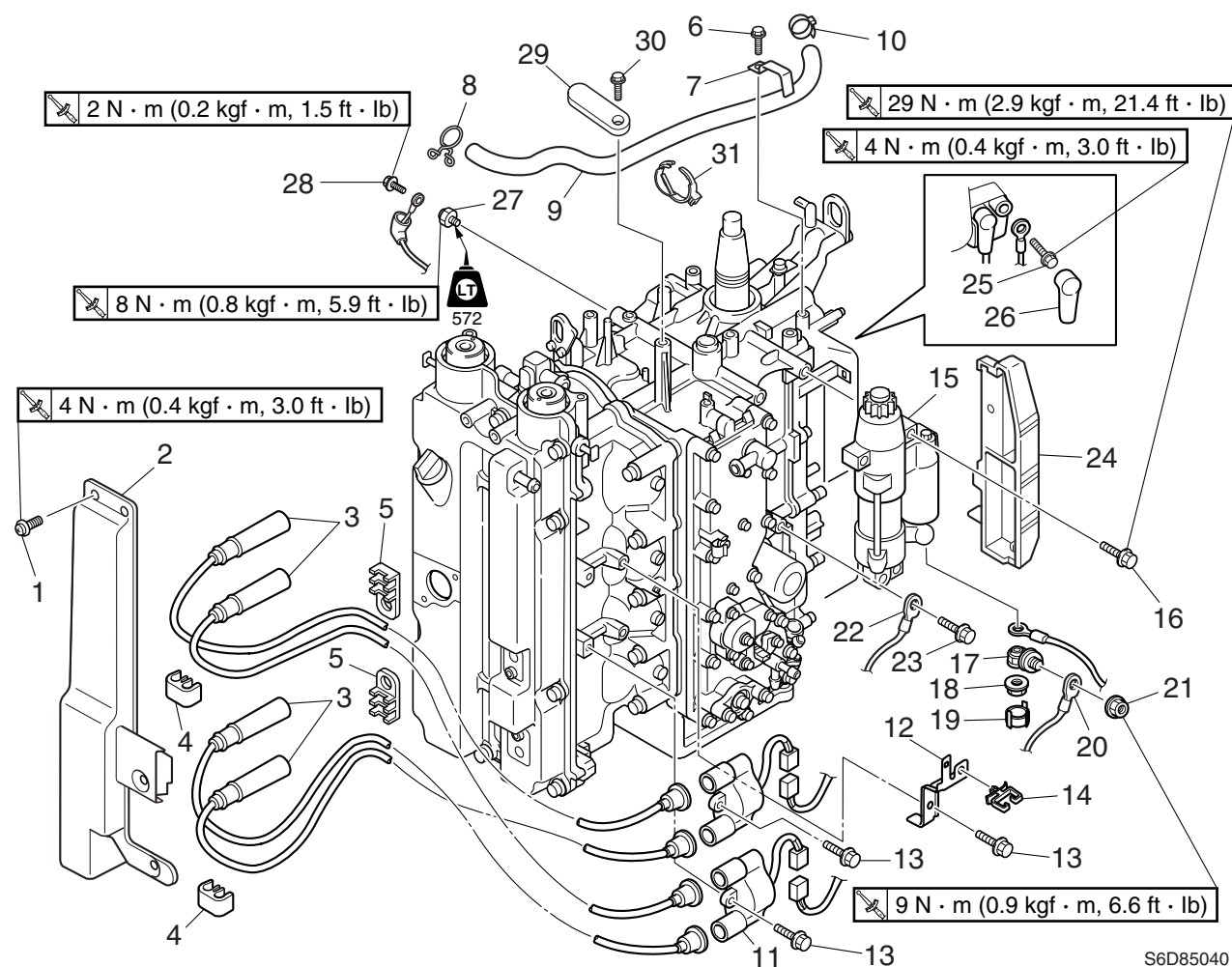
S6D85030

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Timing belt	1	
2	Bolt	2	M10 × 35 mm
3	Dowel	2	
4	Driven sprocket	2	
5	Bolt	2	M6 × 15 mm
6	Bracket	1	
7	Bolt	1	M10 × 45 mm
8	Timing belt tensioner	1	
9	Spring	1	
10	Plastic tie	1	Not reusable
11	Hose	1	
12	Clamp	1	
13	Nut	1	
14	Drive sprocket	1	
15	Plate	1	
16	Woodruff key	1	



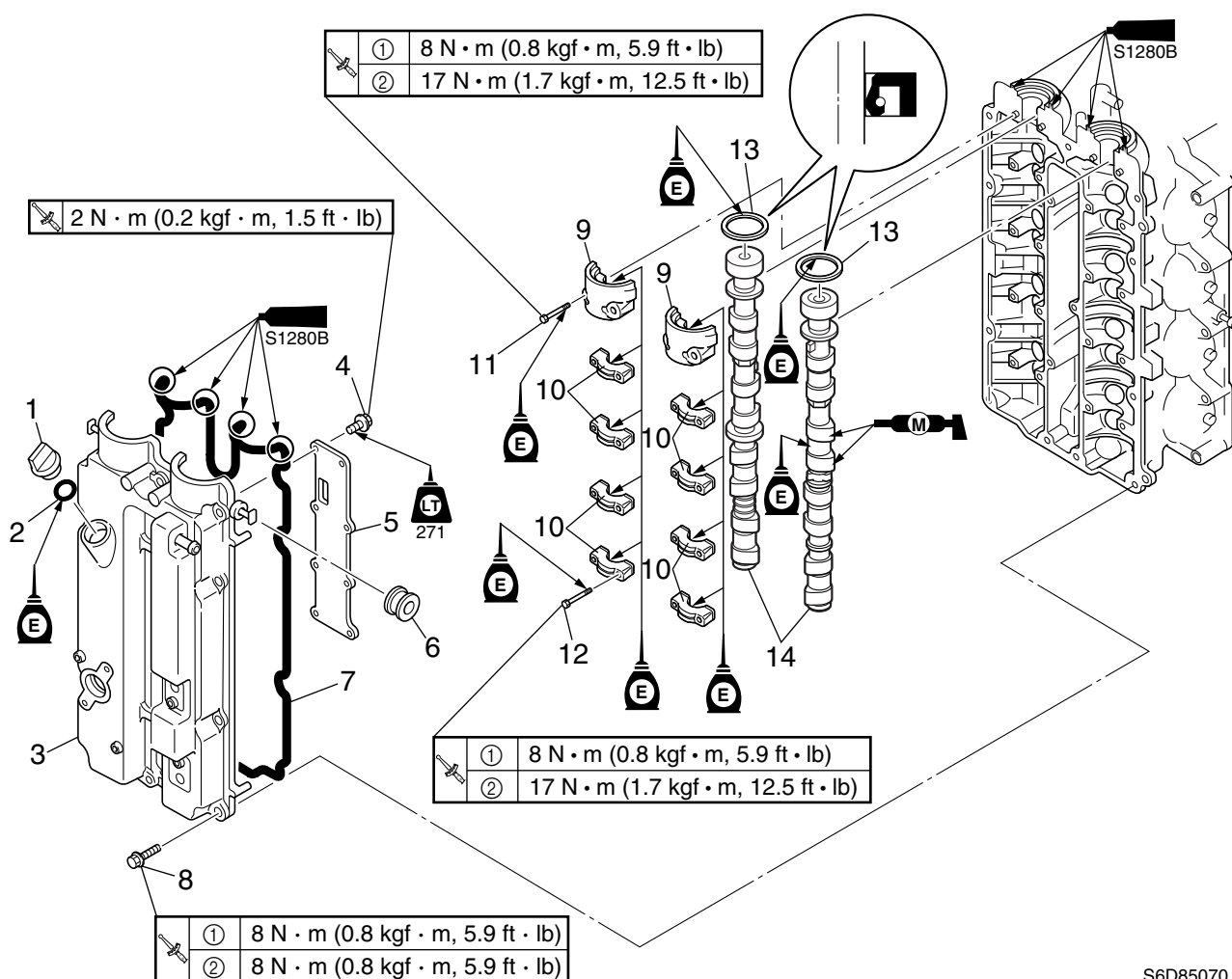
S6D85040

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Screw	5	ø6 × 30 mm
2	Cover	1	
3	Spark plug wire	4	
4	Holder	2	
5	Holder	2	
6	Bolt	1	M6 × 12 mm
7	Holder	1	
8	Clamp	1	
9	Hose	1	
10	Plastic tie	1	Not reusable
11	Ignition coil	2	
12	Bracket	2	
13	Bolt	4	M6 × 25 mm
14	Holder	2	
15	Starter motor	1	
16	Bolt	3	M8 × 45 mm
17	Terminal	1	



5

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Nut	1	
19	Cap	1	
20	Positive battery lead	1	
21	Nut	1	
22	Negative battery lead	1	
23	Bolt	1	M6 × 20 mm
24	Junction box cover	1	
25	Bolt	1	M6 × 10 mm
26	Cap	1	
27	Oil pressure switch	1	
28	Bolt	1	M4 × 8 mm
29	Holder	1	
30	Bolt	1	M6 × 25 mm
31	Clamp	1	



S6D85070

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Oil filler cap	1	
2	O-ring	1	
3	Cylinder head cover	1	
4	Screw	8	ø4 × 8 mm
5	Plate	1	
6	Grommet	2	
7	Gasket	1	Not reusable
8	Bolt	14	M6 × 30 mm
9	Camshaft cap	2	
10	Camshaft cap	8	
11	Bolt	4	M7 × 48 mm
12	Bolt	16	M7 × 37 mm
13	Oil seal	2	Not reusable
14	Camshaft	2	

Checking the valve clearance

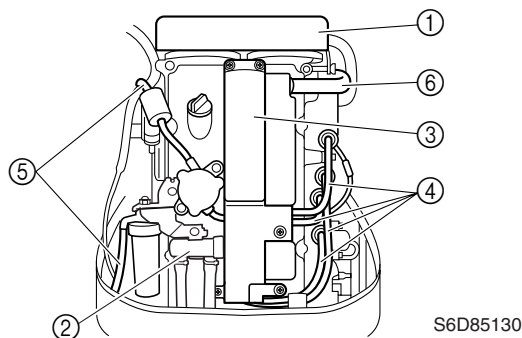
CAUTION:

- Do not turn the flywheel magnet counterclockwise, otherwise the valve system may be damaged.
- Do not remove the ignition timing pointer.
- Do not turn the flywheel magnet or the driven sprockets when the timing belt is not installed. Otherwise the piston and valves will interfere with each other and be damaged.

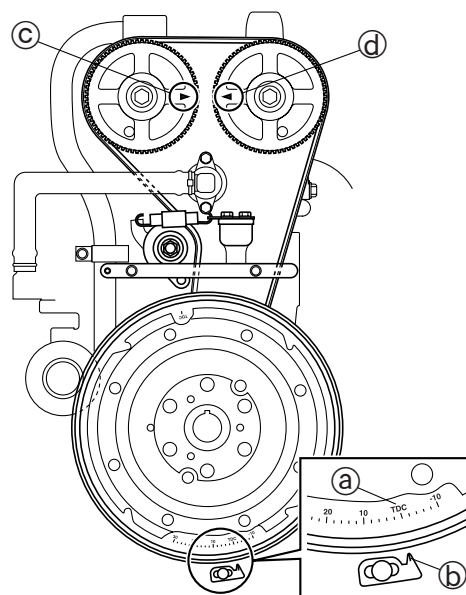
NOTE:

For removal and installation procedures of the timing belt, driven sprockets, and camshafts, see the applicable procedures in this manual.

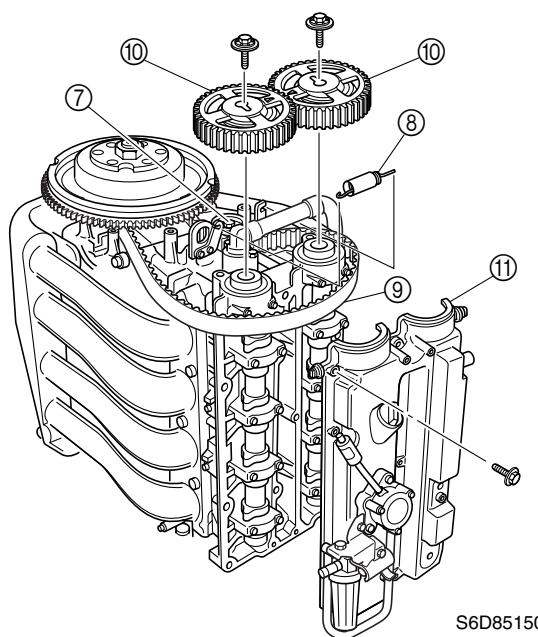
1. Remove the flywheel magnet cover ①, filter ②, and spark plug wire cover ③, disconnect the spark plug wires ④, fuel hoses ⑤, and blowby hose ⑥, and then remove all spark plugs.



2. Turn the flywheel magnet clockwise and align the "TDC" mark ① on the flywheel magnet with the pointer ②, and check that "▲" marks ③ and ④ on the driven sprockets are aligned.

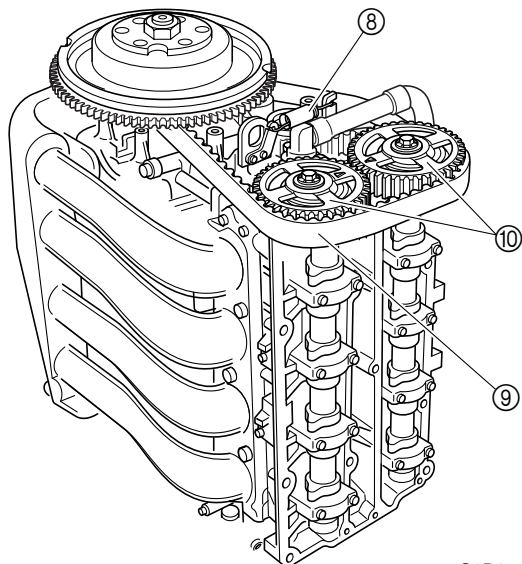


3. Loosen the tensioner bolt ⑦, and then remove the spring ⑧, timing belt ⑨, driven sprockets ⑩, and cylinder head cover ⑪.



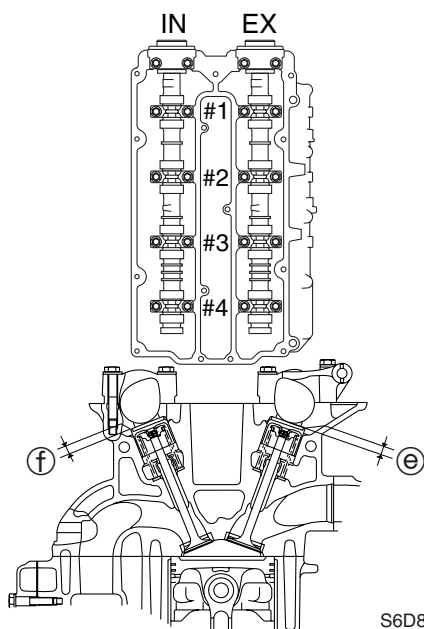


4. Install the driven sprockets ⑩, timing belt ⑨, and spring ⑧, and then tighten the tensioner bolt.



S6D85160

5. Check the intake valve clearance for cylinders #1 and #2, and the exhaust valve clearance for cylinders #1 and #3. Adjust if out of specification.



S6D85170

- NOTE:**
- Check the valve clearance when the engine is cold.
 - Note the measurement.



Valve clearance (cold):

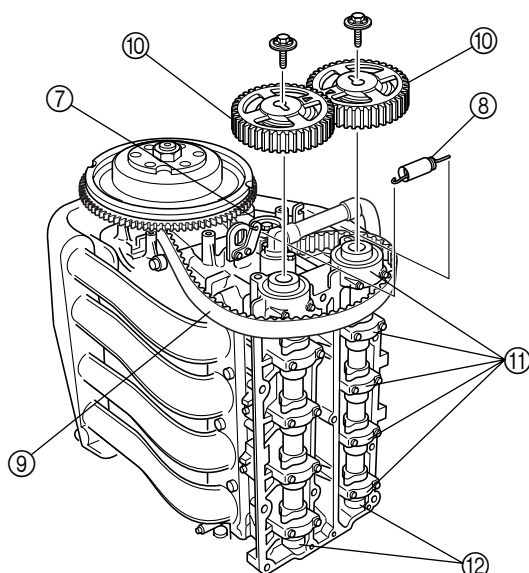
Intake ⑥:

0.20 ± 0.03 mm (0.008 ± 0.001 in)

Exhaust ⑦:

0.34 ± 0.03 mm (0.013 ± 0.001 in)

6. Turn the flywheel magnet 360° clockwise.
7. Check the intake valve clearance for cylinders #3 and #4, and the exhaust valve clearance for cylinders #2 and #4. Adjust if out of specification.
8. Turn the flywheel magnet clockwise and align the “TDC” mark on the flywheel magnet with the pointer, and check that the “▲” marks on the driven sprockets are aligned.
9. Loosen the tensioner bolt ⑦, and then remove the spring ⑧, timing belt ⑨, driven sprockets ⑩, camshaft caps ⑪, and camshafts ⑫.

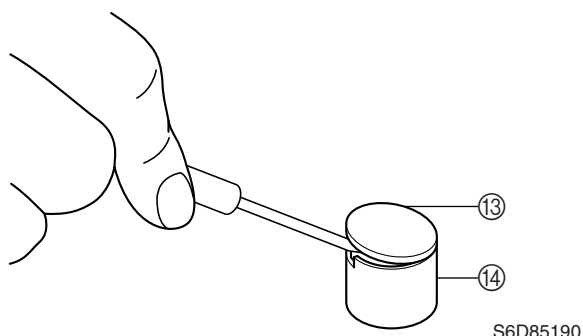


S6D85180

- NOTE:**
- Do not mix the valve train parts. Keep them organized in their proper groups.

10. Remove the valve lifters from the cylinder head.

11. Remove the valve shim ⑬ from the valve lifter ⑭ using a thin screwdriver.



12. Measure the valve shim thickness with a micrometer, and then note the measurement.
13. Select the necessary valve shim by calculating its thickness with the following formula.

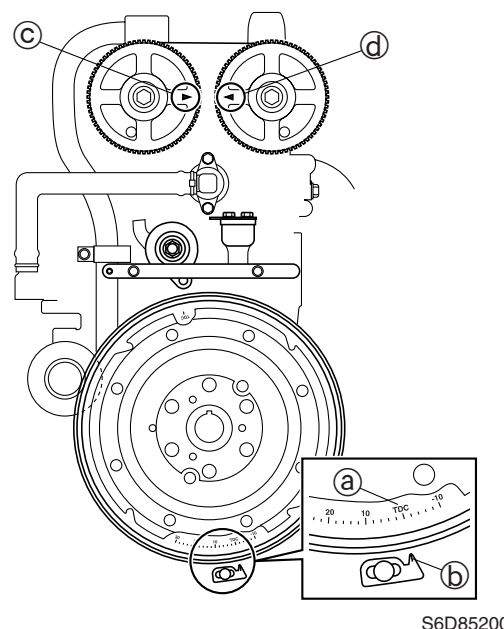
Necessary valve shim thickness =
 Removed valve shim thickness +
 Measured valve clearance – Specified
 valve clearance

Example:

If the “Removed valve shim thickness” is 2.10 mm, the “Measured valve clearance” is 0.30 mm and the “Specified valve clearance” is 0.20 mm, then the necessary valve shim thickness = $2.10 + 0.30 - 0.20 = 2.20$ mm

14. Install the necessary valve shim into the valve lifter, and then install the valve lifters into the cylinder head.
15. Install the camshafts, camshaft caps, driven sprockets, and timing belt, and then tighten the tensioner bolt.
16. Check the valve clearance. Adjust if necessary.
17. Loosen the tensioner bolt, and then remove the timing belt and driven sprockets.
18. Install the cylinder head cover and driven sprockets.

19. Check that the “TDC” mark ① on the fly-wheel magnet is aligned with the pointer ②, and that “▲” marks ③ and ④ on the driven sprockets are aligned.



20. Install the timing belt.

21. Install the spark plugs, and then connect the spark plug wires, fuel hoses, and blowby hose.

 Spark plug:
 25 N·m (2.5 kgf·m, 18.4 ft·lb)

22. Install the spark plug wire cover, filter, and flywheel magnet cover.

 Spark plug wire cover screw:
 4 N·m (0.4 kgf·m, 3.0 ft·lb)

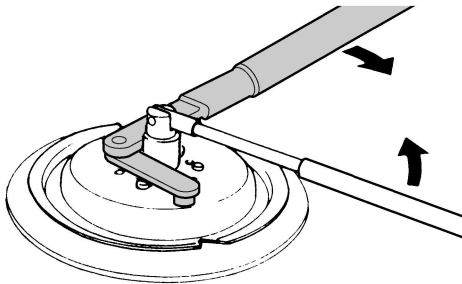


Replacing the timing belt

CAUTION:

- Do not turn the drive sprocket counter-clockwise, otherwise the valve system may be damaged.
- Do not remove the ignition timing pointer.
- Do not turn the drive sprocket or the driven sprockets when the timing belt is not installed. Otherwise the piston and valves will interfere with each other and be damaged.

1. Remove the flywheel magnet cover.
2. Loosen the flywheel magnet nut.



S6D55B30

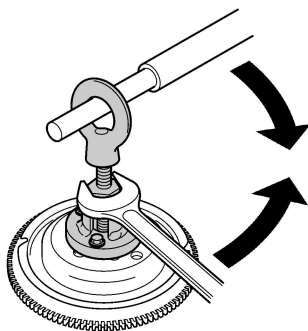
CAUTION:

Apply force in the direction of the arrows shown to prevent the flywheel holder from slipping off easily.

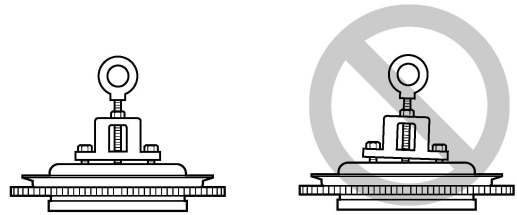


Flywheel holder: 90890-06522

3. Remove the flywheel magnet.



S63P5280



S63P5290

CAUTION:

To prevent damage to the engine or tools, screw in the puller set bolts evenly and completely so that the puller plate is parallel to the flywheel magnet.

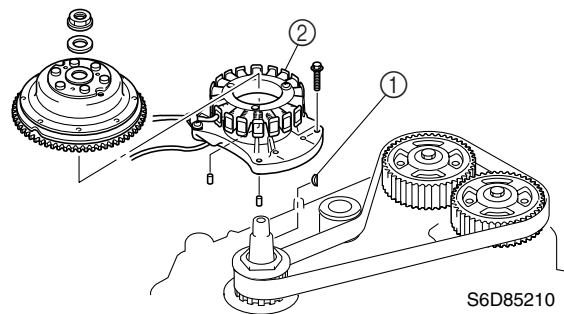
NOTE:

Apply force to the crankshaft end until the flywheel magnet comes off the tapered portion of the crankshaft.



Flywheel puller: 90890-06521

4. Remove the Woodruff key ① and stator assembly ②.

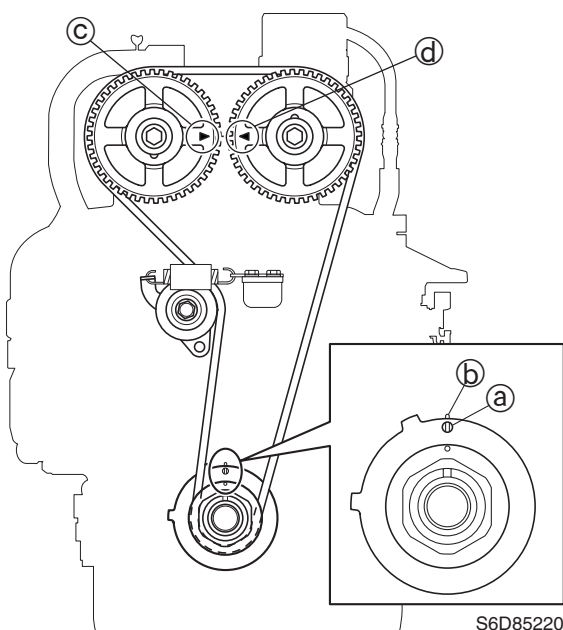


S6D85210

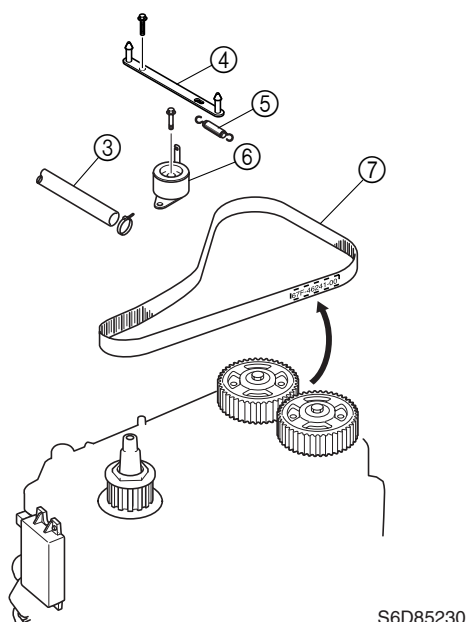
NOTE:

Do not loosen the pulser coil screw.

5. Turn the drive sprocket clockwise and align the hole ③ on the retaining plate with the projection ④ on the cylinder block, and check that "▲" marks ⑤ and ⑥ on the driven sprockets are aligned.

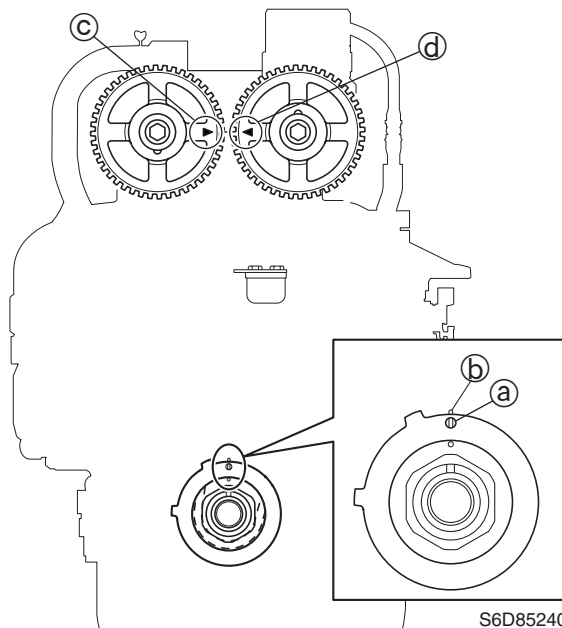


6. Disconnect the cooling water hose ③ and remove the bracket ④.
7. Remove the spring ⑤ and timing belt tensioner ⑥, and then remove the timing belt ⑦ from the driven sprockets, then from the drive sprocket.



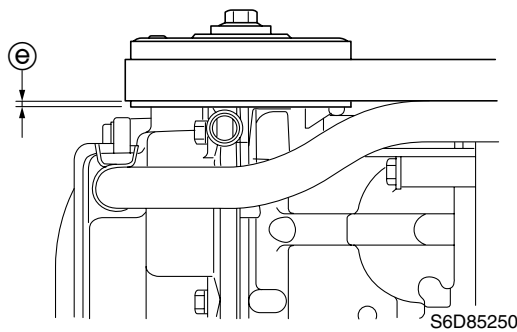
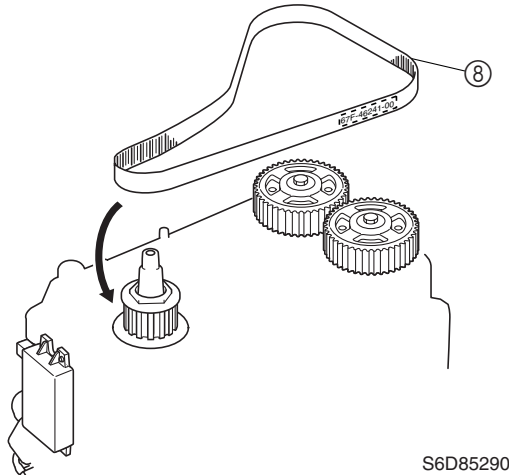
8. Check that the hole ① on the retaining plate and the projection ② on the cylinder block are aligned.

9. Check that “▲” marks ③ and ④ on the driven sprockets are aligned.





10. Install a new timing belt ⑧ onto the drive sprocket with its part number in the upright position, and then install the belt onto the driven sprockets in a counter-clockwise direction.



CAUTION:

- Do not twist, turn inside out, or bend the timing belt beyond the maximum limit of 25 mm (1.0 in) otherwise it can be damaged.
- Do not get oil or grease on the timing belt.

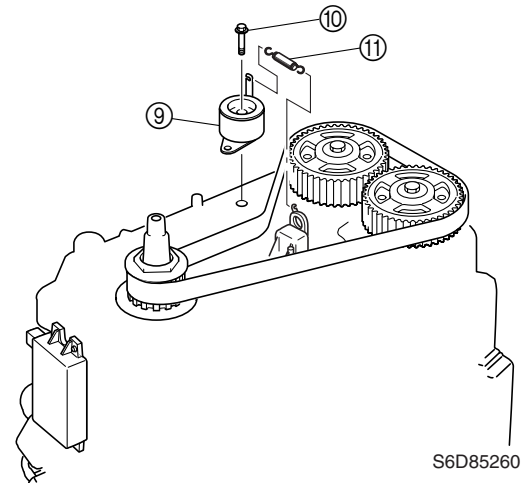
NOTE:

The lower edge of the timing belt should be 2 mm (0.08 in) ⑨ from the bottom of the driven sprockets.

11. Install the timing belt tensioner ⑨ and finger tighten the bolt ⑩ until the bolt seat contacts the timing belt tensioner.

12. Loosen the timing belt tensioner bolt 90°.

13. Install the spring ⑪.



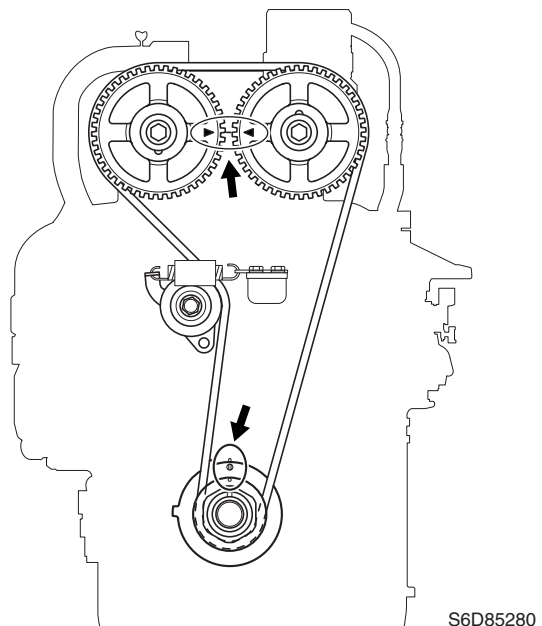
14. Take up the timing belt slack by turning the drive sprocket clockwise at least two full turns.

15. Tighten the timing belt tensioner bolt to the specified torque.



Timing belt tensioner bolt:
39 N·m (3.9 kgf·m, 28.8 ft·lb)

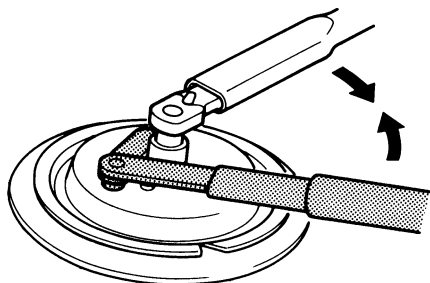
16. Turn the drive sprocket two full turns, and then check that the alignment marks are aligned.



17. Install the bracket and connect the cooling water hose.

18. Install the stator assembly and Woodruff key.

19. Install the flywheel magnet.



S63P5370

CAUTION:

Apply force in the direction of the arrows shown to prevent the flywheel holder from slipping off easily.

NOTE:

Apply engine oil to the flywheel magnet nut before installation.



Flywheel holder: 90890-06522



Flywheel magnet nut:
215 N·m (21.5 kgf·m, 158.6 ft·lb)

20. Install the flywheel magnet cover.

Removing the power unit

NOTE:

It is recommended to loosen the flywheel magnet nut before removing the power unit to improve working efficiency.

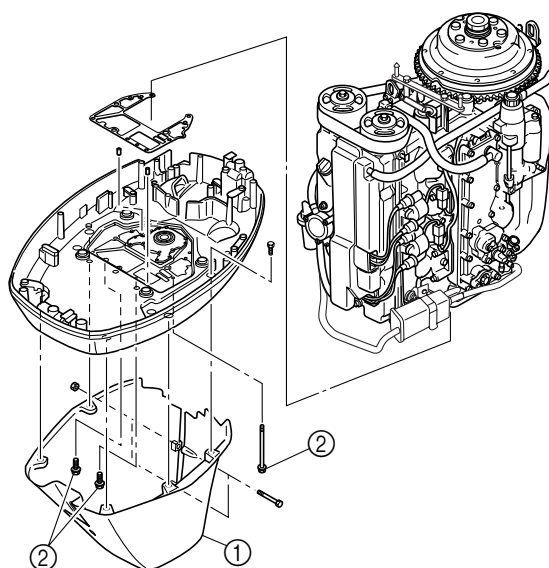
1. Remove the flywheel magnet cover.
2. Disconnect the battery leads.
3. Remove the junction box cover, and then disconnect the PTT motor leads and PTT switch coupler.
4. Disconnect the throttle cable and shift cable.

5. Disconnect the fuel hose and shift position switch coupler.

6. Disconnect the cooling water pilot hose, canister hose, and flushing hose.

7. Remove the oil dipstick.

8. Remove the apron ①, and then remove the power unit by removing the bolts ②.



S6D85350

9. Remove the flywheel magnet.

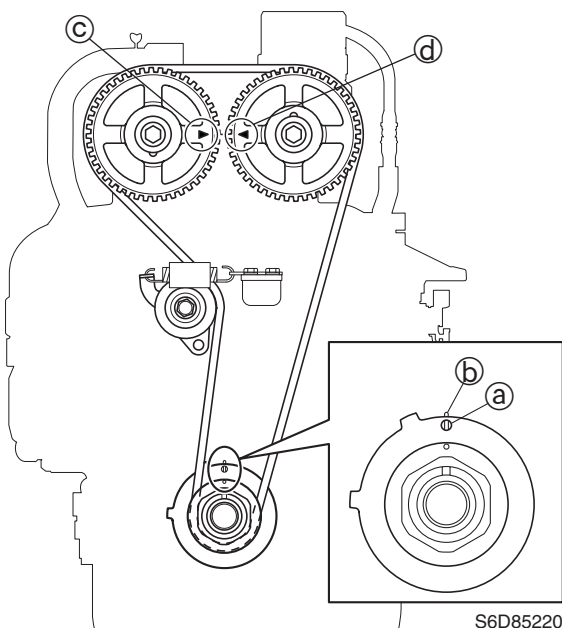


Removing the timing belt and sprockets

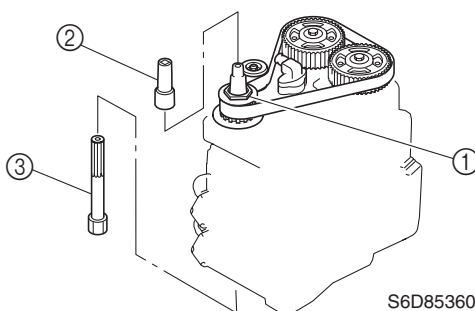
CAUTION:

- Do not turn the drive sprocket counter-clockwise, otherwise the valve system may be damaged.
- Do not turn the drive sprocket or the driven sprockets when the timing belt is not installed. Otherwise the piston and valves will interfere with each other and be damaged.

1. Turn the drive sprocket clockwise and align the hole ① on the retaining plate with the projection ② on the cylinder block, and check that "▲" marks ③ and ④ on the driven sprockets are aligned.



2. Loosen the drive sprocket nut ①.



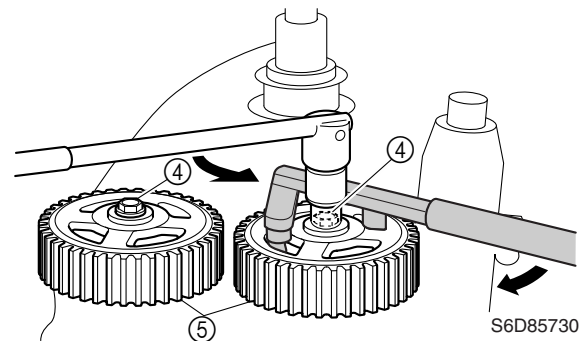
NOTE:

- Use a deep socket ② for this procedure.
- Do not turn the camshaft when loosening the drive sprocket nut.



Crankshaft holder 20 ③:
90890-06552

3. Disconnect the cooling water hose and remove the bracket.
4. Remove the spring and timing belt tensioner, and then remove the timing belt from the driven sprockets, then from the drive sprocket.
5. Loosen the driven sprocket bolts ④, and then remove the driven sprockets ⑤.



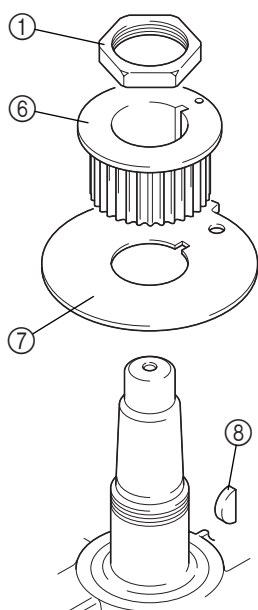
NOTE:

Do not turn the camshafts when loosening the driven sprocket bolts.



Flywheel holder: 90890-06522

6. Remove the nut ①, drive sprocket ⑥, retaining plate ⑦, and Woodruff key ⑧.



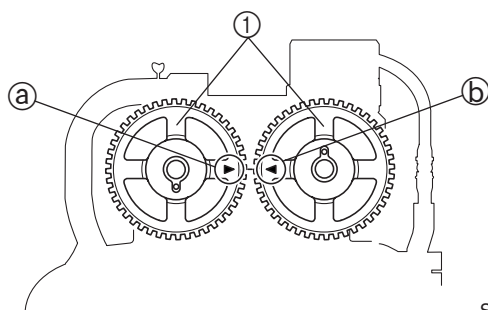
S6D85380

Checking the timing belt and sprockets

1. Check the interior and exterior of the timing belt for cracks, damage, or wear. Replace if necessary.
2. Check the drive sprocket and driven sprockets for cracks, damage, or wear. Replace if necessary.

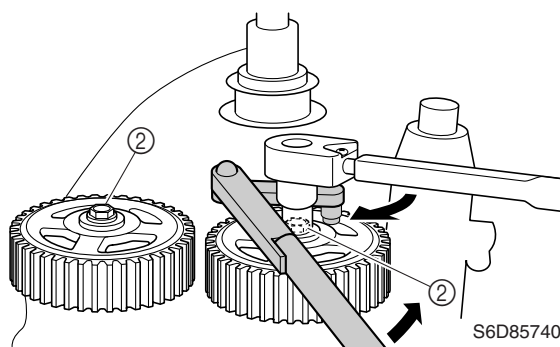
Installing the sprockets and timing belt

1. Install the dowels and driven sprockets ①, and check that “▲” marks (a) and (b) on the driven sprockets are aligned.



S6D85660

2. Tighten the driven sprocket bolts ② to the specified torque.



S6D85740

NOTE:

- Apply engine oil to the driven sprocket bolts before installation.
- Do not turn the camshafts when tightening the driven sprocket bolts.



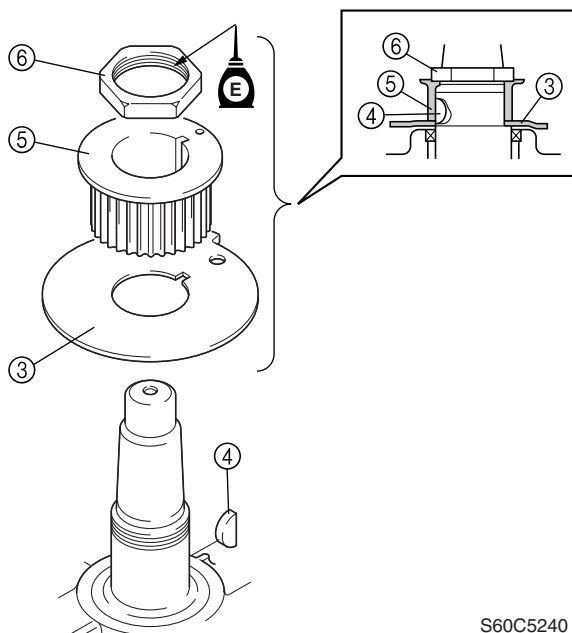
Flywheel holder: 90890-06522



Driven sprocket bolt ②:
60 N·m (6.0 kgf·m, 44.3 ft·lb)



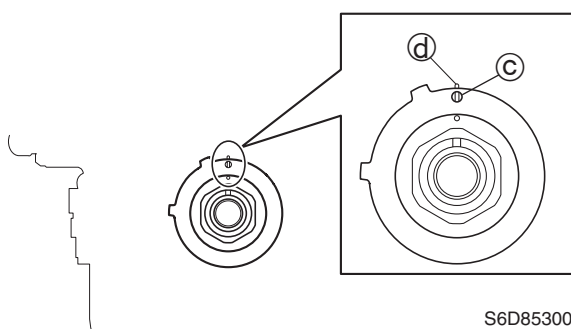
3. Install the retaining plate ③, Woodruff key ④, drive sprocket ⑤, and nut ⑥, and then tighten the nut.



NOTE:

- Apply engine oil to the drive sprocket nut before installation.
- Tighten the drive sprocket nut finger tight.

4. Check that the hole ③ on the retaining plate is aligned with the projection ④ on the cylinder block.

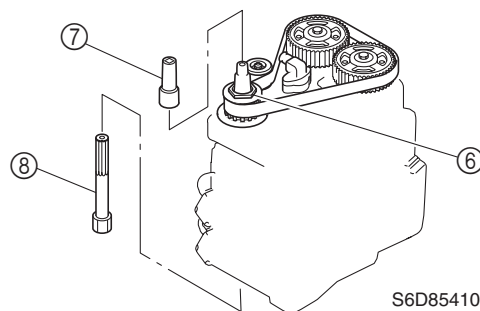


5. Install the timing belt and timing belt tensioner.

NOTE:

For timing belt installation procedure, see "Replacing the timing belt."

6. Tighten the drive sprocket nut ⑥ to the specified torque.



NOTE:

Use a deep socket ⑦ for this procedure.

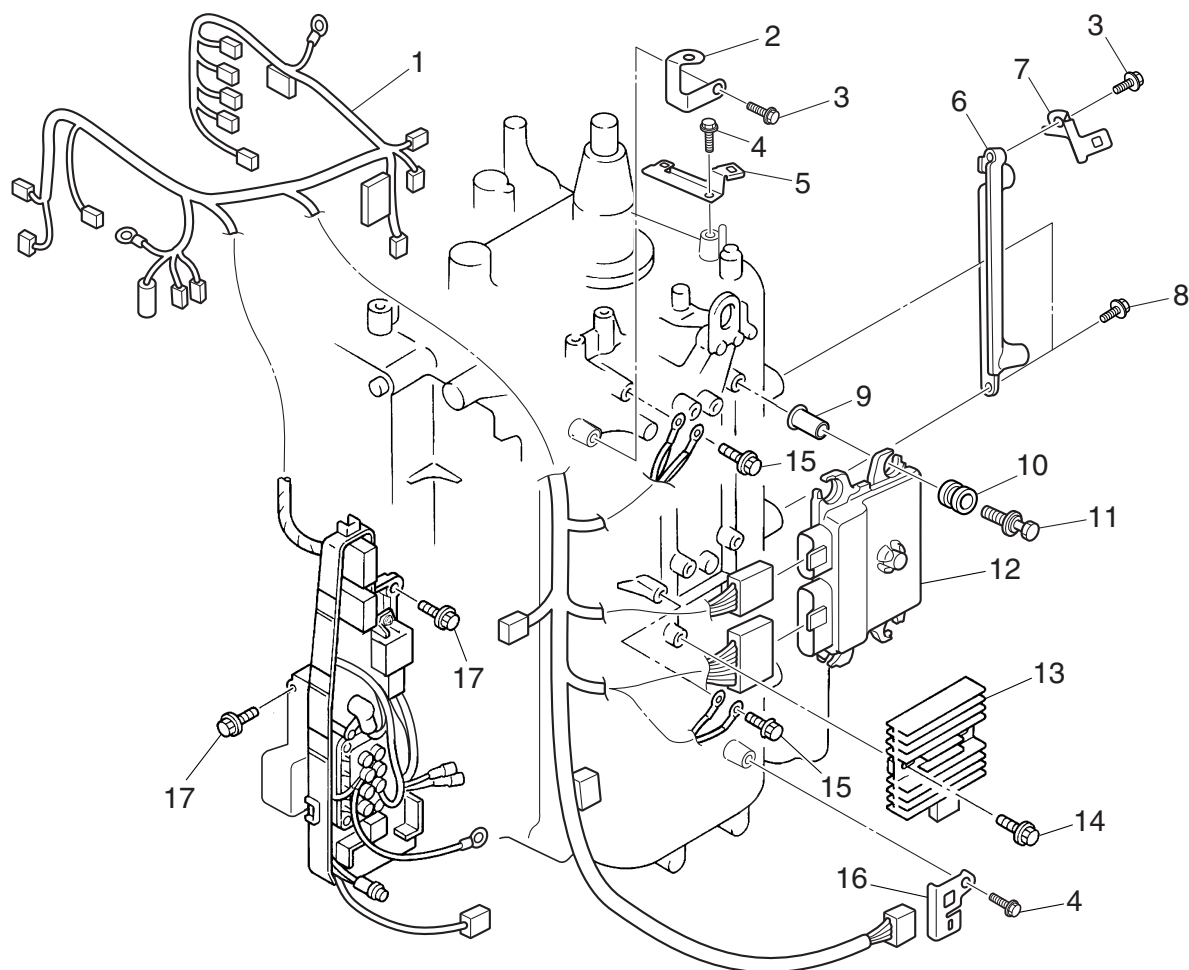


Crankshaft holder 20 ⑧:
90890-06552



Drive sprocket nut ⑥:
265 N·m (26.5 kgf·m, 195.5 ft·lb)

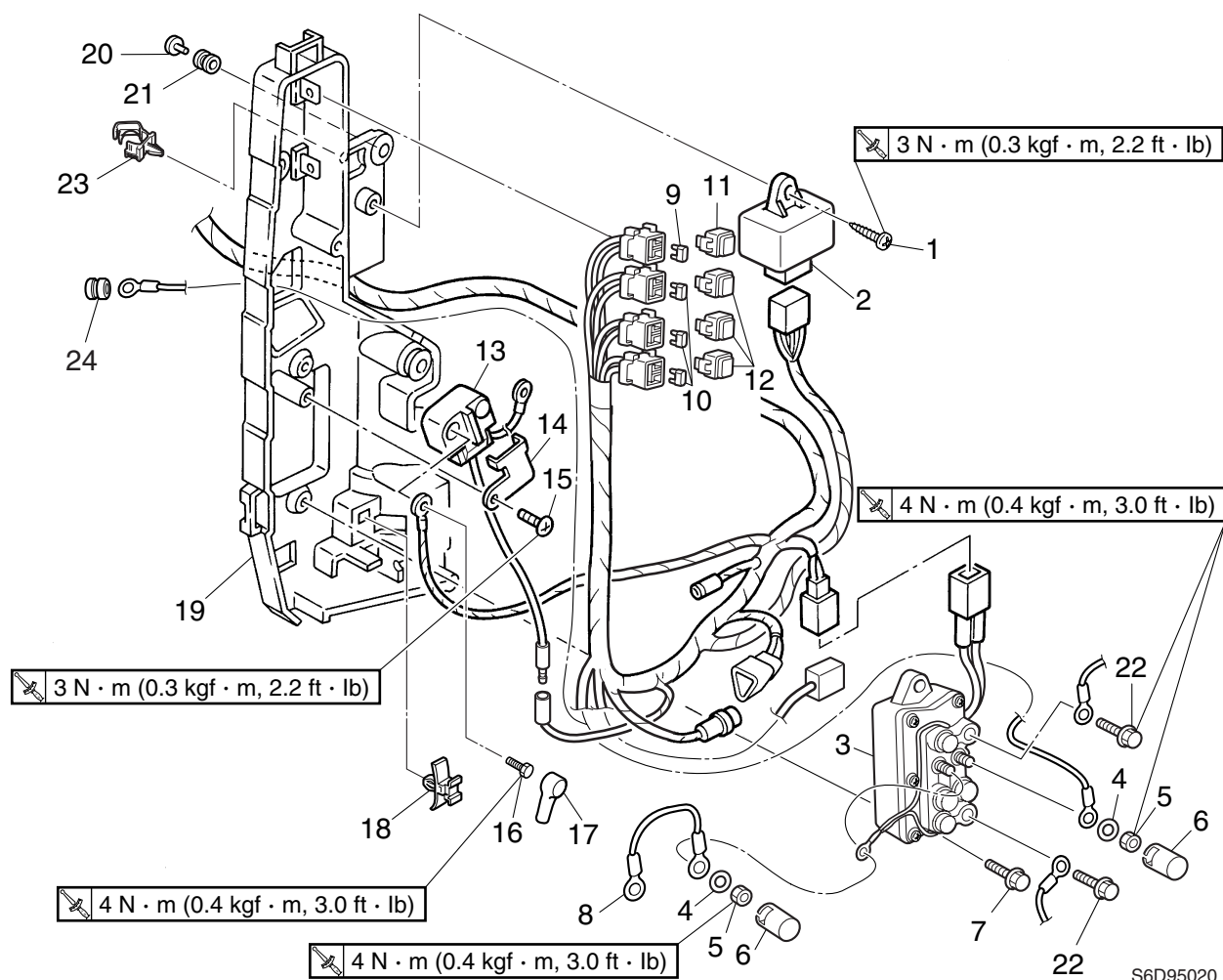
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Throttle cam	1	M6 × 35 mm
2	Bolt	1	
3	Collar	1	
4	Wave washer	2	
5	Washer	2	
6	Spring	1	
7	Washer	2	M6 × 25 mm
8	Throttle lever	1	
9	Bolt	1	
10	Collar	1	
11	Throttle link rod	1	
12	Nut	1	
13	Throttle link rod joint	1	M6 × 30 mm
14	Bracket	1	
15	Bolt	2	


ECM


S6D85050

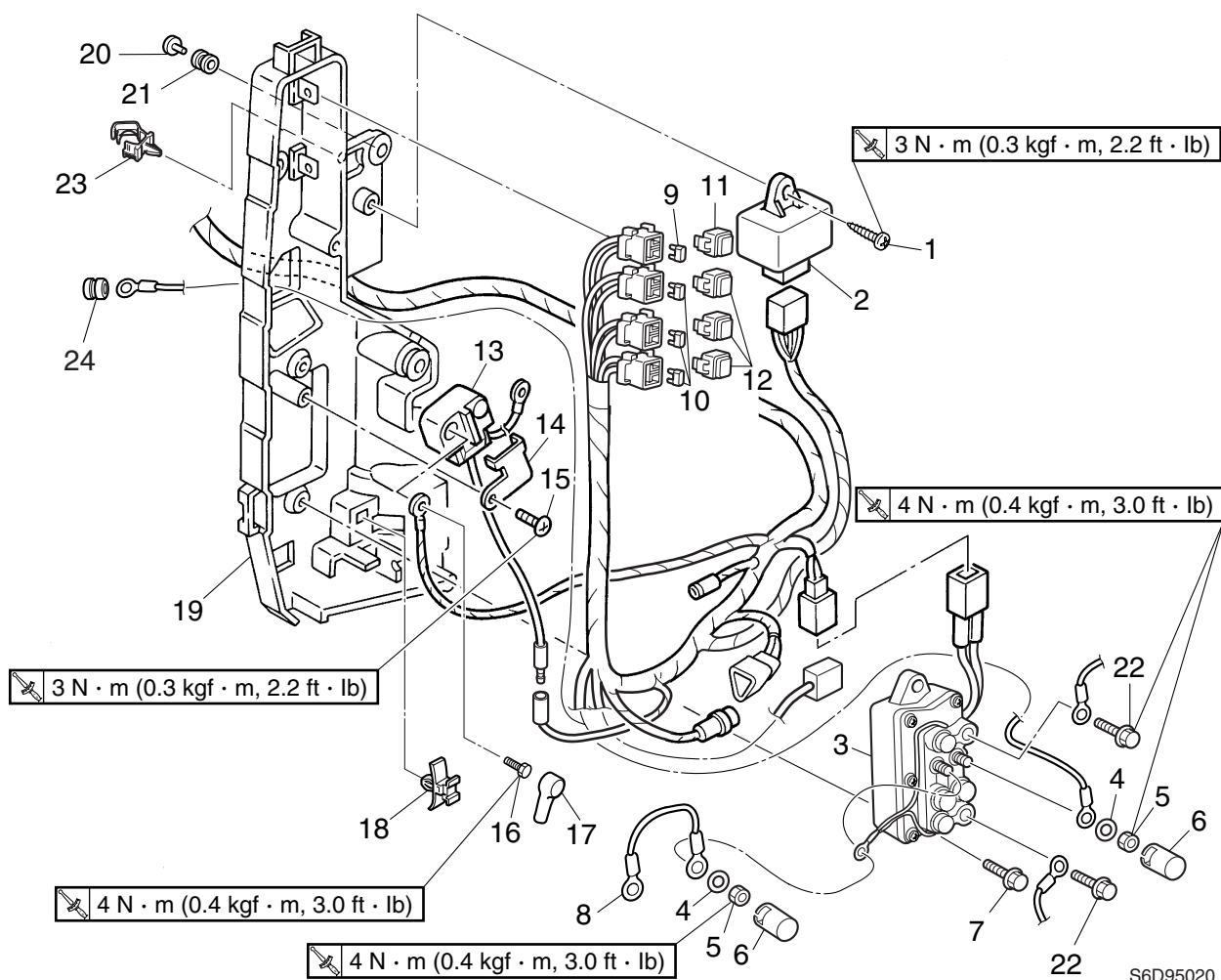
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Wiring harness	1	
2	Bracket	1	
3	Bolt	2	M6 × 15 mm
4	Bolt	2	M6 × 12 mm
5	Bracket	1	
6	Bracket	1	
7	Bracket	1	
8	Bolt	2	M6 × 20 mm
9	Collar	4	
10	Grommet	4	
11	Bolt	4	M6 × 30 mm
12	ECM	1	
13	Rectifier Regulator	1	
14	Bolt	2	M6 × 25 mm
15	Bolt	2	M6 × 20 mm
16	Bracket	1	
17	Bolt	5	M6 × 30 mm

Junction box



5

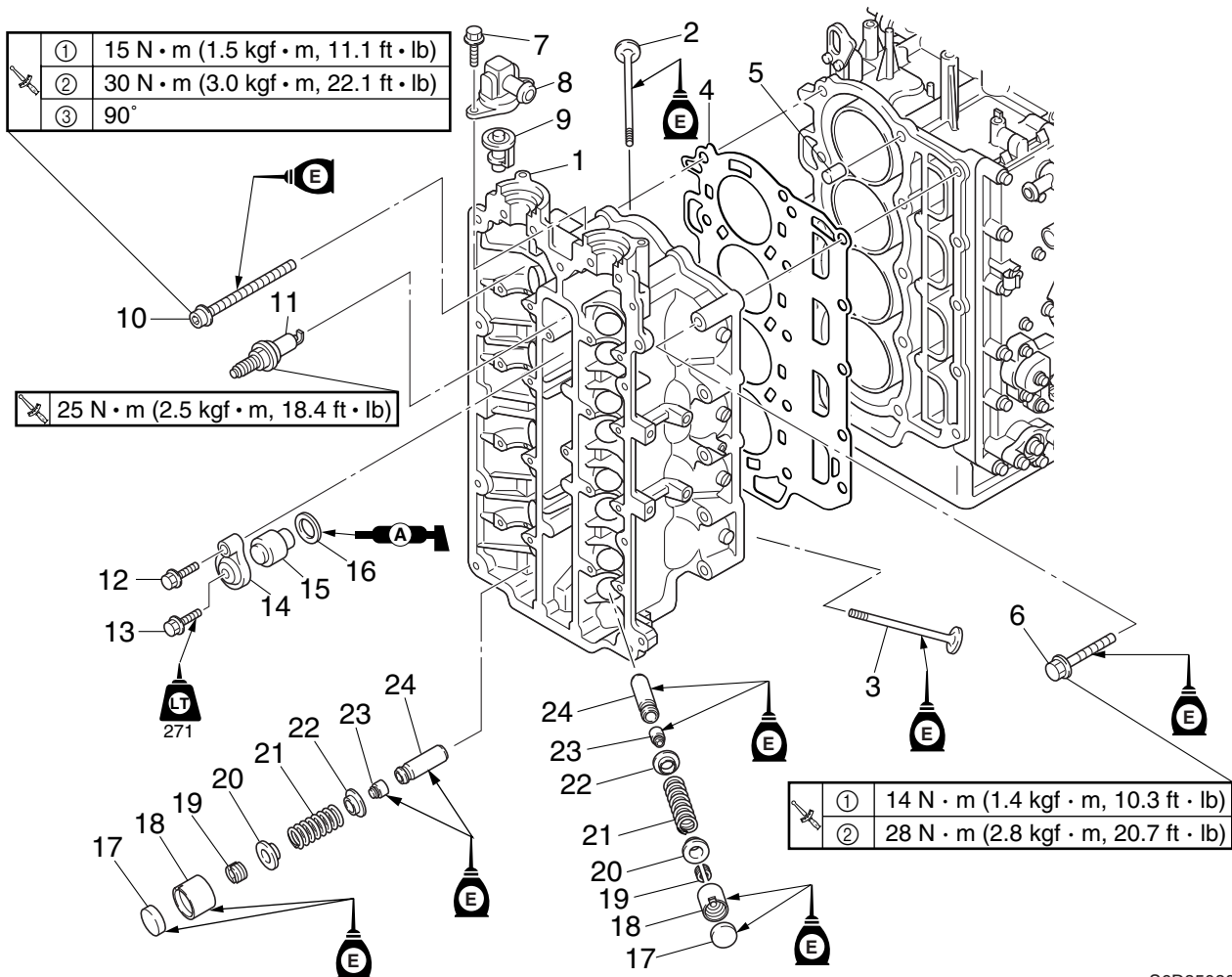
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Screw	1	ø6 × 25 mm
2	Main and fuel pump relay	1	
3	Power trim and tilt relay	1	
4	Washer	2	
5	Nut	2	
6	Cap	2	
7	Bolt	2	M6 × 20 mm
8	Ground lead	1	
9	Fuse	1	30 A
10	Fuse	3	20 A
11	Cap	1	
12	Cap	3	
13	Starter relay	1	
14	Holder	1	
15	Screw	1	ø6 × 20 mm
16	Bolt	1	M6 × 10 mm
17	Cap	1	



S6D95020

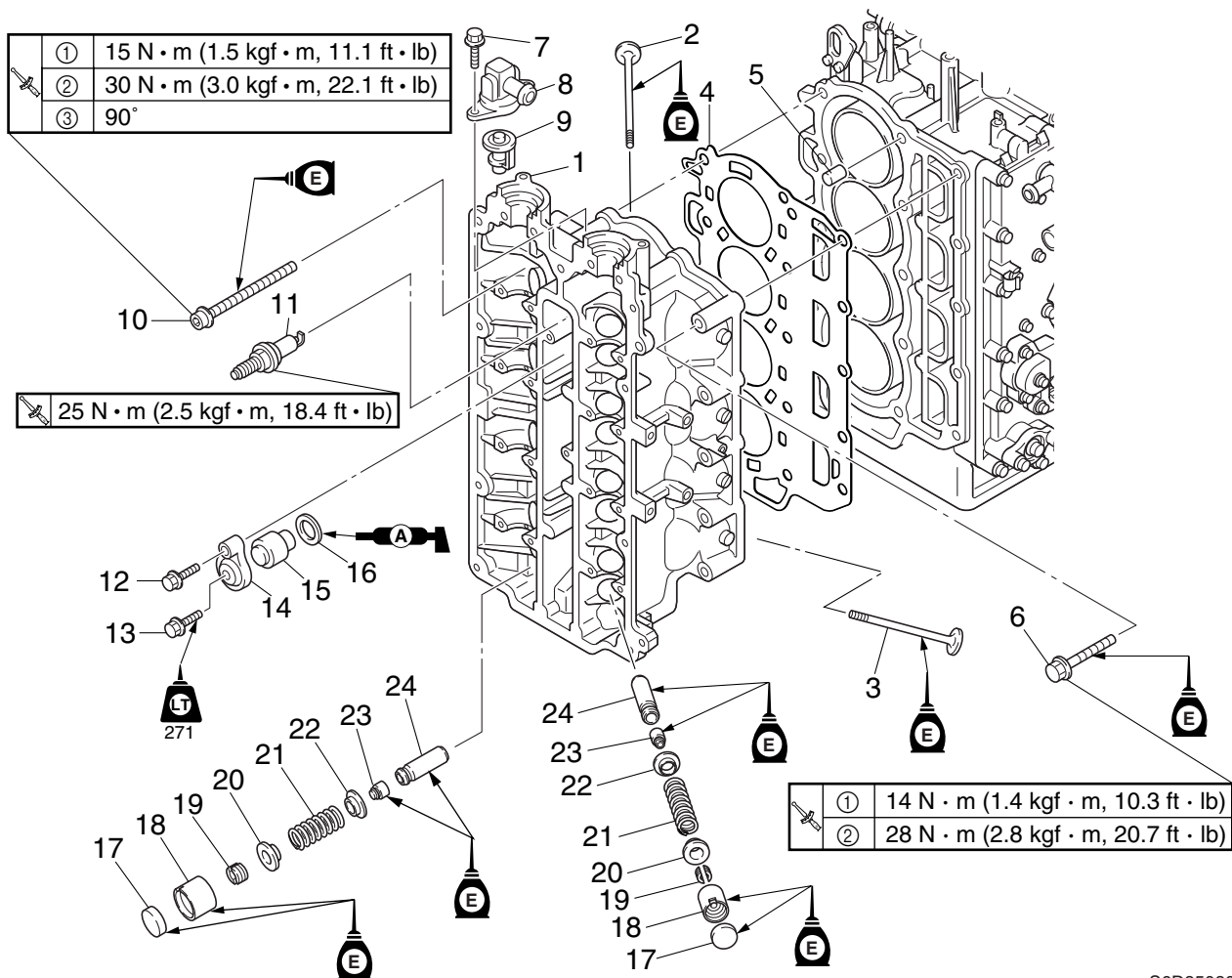
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Holder	1	M6 × 10 mm
19	Junction box	1	
20	Collar	5	
21	Grommet	5	
22	Bolt	2	
23	Clamp	1	
24	Grommet	1	

Cylinder head



S6D85080

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Cylinder head	1	
2	Exhaust valve	8	
3	Intake valve	8	
4	Gasket	1	Not reusable
5	Collar	2	
6	Bolt	5	M8 × 55 mm
7	Bolt	2	M6 × 25 mm
8	Cover	1	
9	Thermostat	1	
10	Bolt	10	M10 × 143 mm
11	Spark plug	4	
12	Bolt	2	M8 × 40 mm
13	Bolt	2	M6 × 22 mm
14	Anode cover	2	
15	Anode	2	
16	Grommet	2	
17	Valve shim	16	

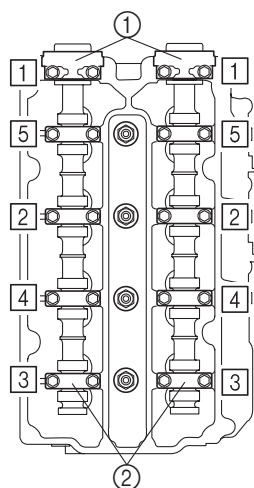


S6D85080

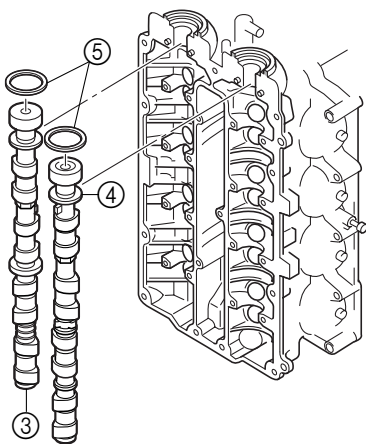
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Valve lifter	16	
19	Valve cotter	32	
20	Valve spring retainer	16	
21	Valve spring	16	
22	Valve spring seat	16	
23	Valve seal	16	Not reusable
24	Valve guide	16	Not reusable

Removing the cylinder head

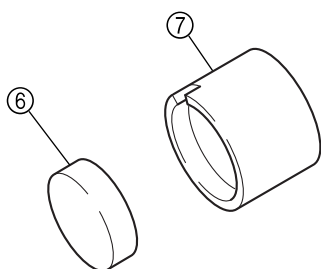
1. Remove the cylinder head cover.
2. Remove camshaft caps ① and ② in the sequence shown.



3. Remove the camshaft (intake) ③, camshaft (exhaust) ④, and oil seals ⑤.



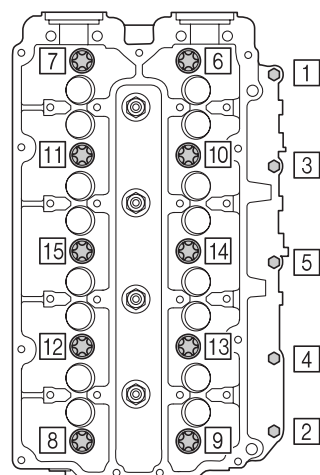
4. Remove the valve shims ⑥ from the valve lifters ⑦.



NOTE:

Do not mix the valve train parts. Keep them organized in their proper groups.

5. Remove the cylinder head bolts in the sequence shown.



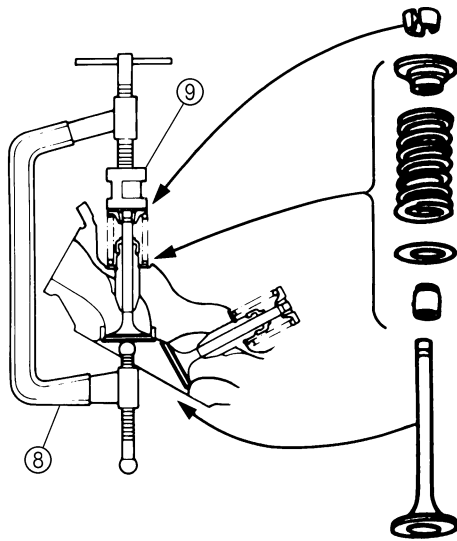
CAUTION:

Do not scratch or damage the mating surfaces of the cylinder head and cylinder block.

5



6. Remove the intake and exhaust valves.



S60C5390

NOTE:

Be sure to keep the valves, springs, and other parts in the order as they were removed.



Valve spring compressor ⑧:

90890-04019

Valve spring compressor attachment

⑨:

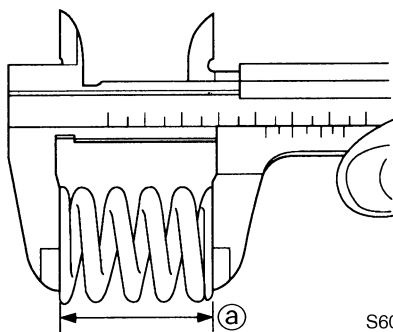
90890-06320

Checking the valve lifters

1. Check the valve lifters for damage, scratches, or wear. Replace if necessary.

Checking the valve springs

1. Measure the valve spring free length ①. Replace if below specification.



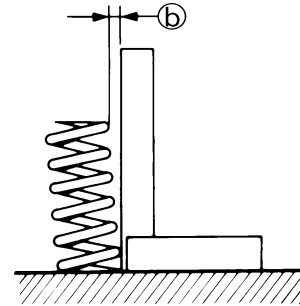
S60C5400



Valve spring free length ①:

53.20 mm (2.0945 in)

2. Measure the valve spring tilt ②. Replace if above specification.



S60C5410

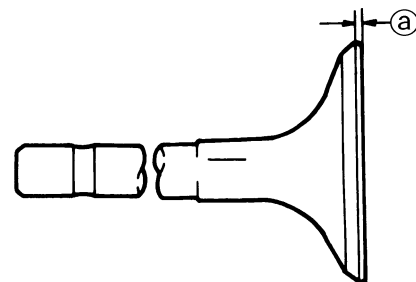


Valve spring tilt limit ②:

2.6 mm (0.10 in)

Checking the valves

1. Check the valve face for pitting or wear. Replace if necessary.
2. Measure the valve margin thickness ③. Replace if out of specification.



S60C5420



Valve margin thickness ③:

Intake:

0.80–1.20 mm

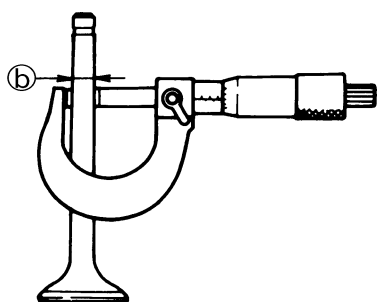
(0.0315–0.0472 in)

Exhaust:

1.00–1.40 mm

(0.0394–0.0551 in)

3. Measure the valve stem diameter ④. Replace if out of specification.



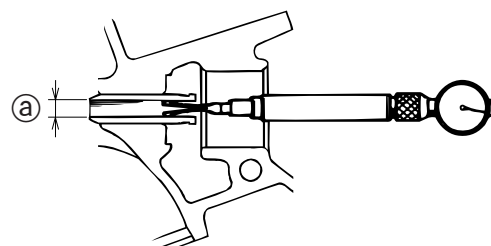
S60C5430

**Valve stem diameter (b):**

Intake:

5.975–5.990 mm
(0.2352–0.2358 in)

Exhaust:

5.960–5.975 mm
(0.2346–0.2352 in)

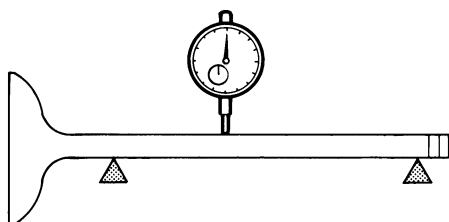
S60C5450

**Valve guide inside diameter (a):**

Intake and exhaust:

6.000–6.018 mm
(0.2362–0.2369 in)

4. Measure the valve stem runout. Replace if above specification.



S60C5440

**Valve stem runout limit:**

0.01 mm (0.0004 in)

Checking the valve guides**NOTE:**

Before checking the valve guide make sure that the valve stem diameter is within specification.

1. Measure the valve guide inside diameter (a).

**Valve stem-to-valve guide clearance = valve guide inside diameter – valve stem diameter:**

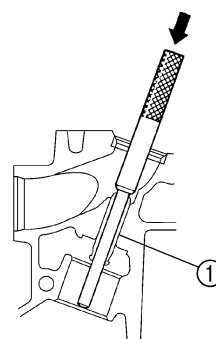
Intake:

0.010–0.043 mm
(0.0004–0.0017 in)

Exhaust:

0.025–0.058 mm
(0.0010–0.0023 in)**Replacing the valve guides**

1. Remove the valve guide (1) by striking the special service tool from the combustion chamber side.



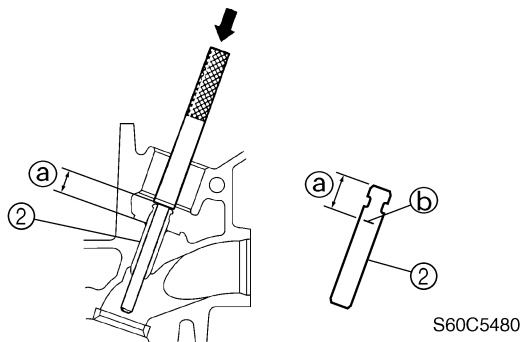
S60C5470



Valve guide remover/installer 5.9:
90890-04064



2. Install the new valve guide ② by striking the special tool from the camshaft side to the specified position ①.



NOTE:

- Before installing the valve guide, mark its installation position ① as shown.
- Apply engine oil to the surface of the new valve guide.

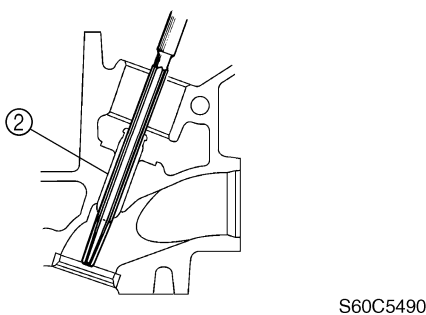


Valve guide remover/installer 5.9:
90890-04064



Valve guide position ①:
 11.5 ± 0.2 mm (0.45 ± 0.01 in)

3. Insert the special service tool into the valve guide ②, and then ream the valve guide.



NOTE:

- Turn the valve guide reamer clockwise to ream the valve guide.
- Do not turn the reamer counterclockwise when removing the reamer.



Valve guide reamer 6.0:
90890-04066

4. Measure the valve guide inside diameter.



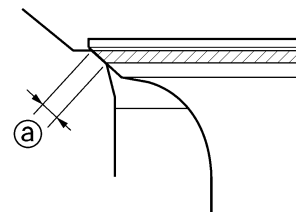
Valve guide inside diameter:
Intake and exhaust:
6.000–6.018 mm
(0.2362–0.2369 in)

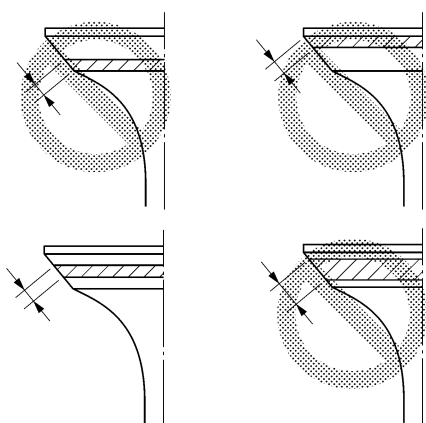
Checking the valve seat

1. Eliminate carbon deposits from the valve with a scraper.
2. Apply a thin, even layer of Mechanic's blueing dye (Dykem) onto the valve seat.
3. Lap the valve slowly on the valve seat with a valve lapper (commercially available) as shown.



4. Measure the valve seat contact width ① where the blueing dye is adhered to the valve face. Reface the valve seat if the valve is not seated properly or if the valve seat contact width is out of specification. Replace the valve guide if the valve seat contact is uneven.





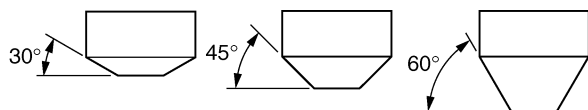
S69J5840



Valve seat contact width ①:
1.20–1.60 mm (0.0472–0.0630 in)

Refacing the valve seat

1. Reface the valve seat with the valve seat cutters.



S69J5850



Valve seat cutter holder:
90890-06553

Valve seat cutter:

30° (intake): 90890-06326

30° (exhaust): 90890-06328

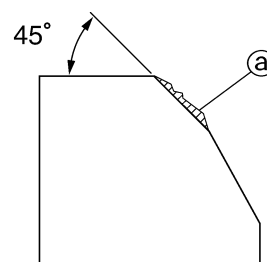
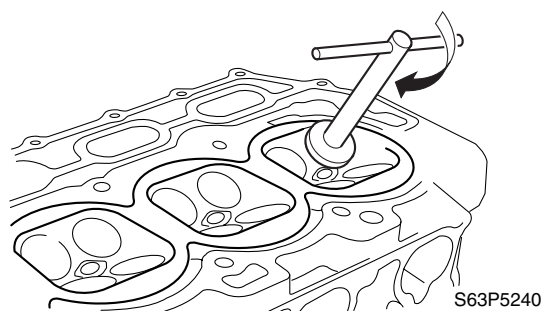
45° (intake): 90890-06555

45° (exhaust): 90890-06312

60° (intake): 90890-06324

60° (exhaust): 90890-06315

2. Cut the surface of the valve seat with a 45° cutter by turning the cutter clockwise until the valve seat face has become smooth.



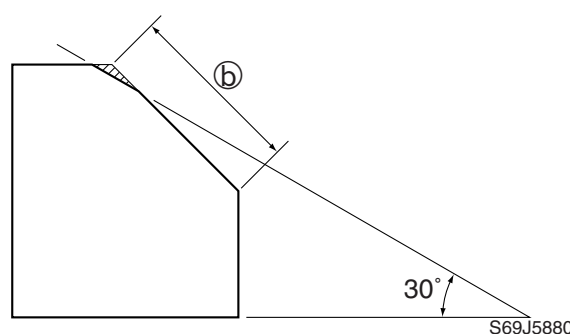
S69J5870

① Slag or rough surface

CAUTION:

Do not over cut the valve seat. Be sure to turn the cutter evenly downward at a pressure of 40–50 N (4–5 kgf, 8.8–11 lbf) to prevent chatter marks.

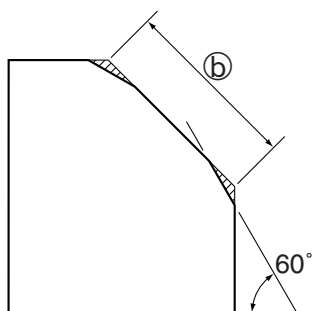
3. Use a 30° cutter to adjust the contact width of the top edge of the valve seat.



② Previous contact width



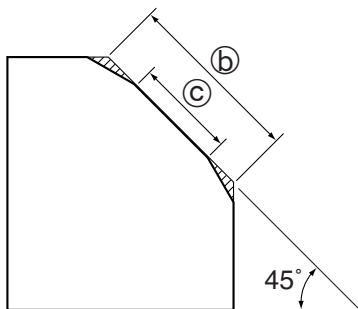
4. Use a 60° cutter to adjust the contact width of the bottom edge of the valve seat.



S69J5890

- (b) Previous contact width

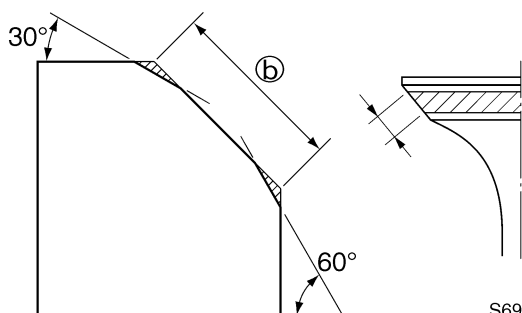
5. Use a 45° cutter to adjust the contact width of the valve seat to specification.



S69J5900

- (b) Previous contact width
(c) Specified contact width

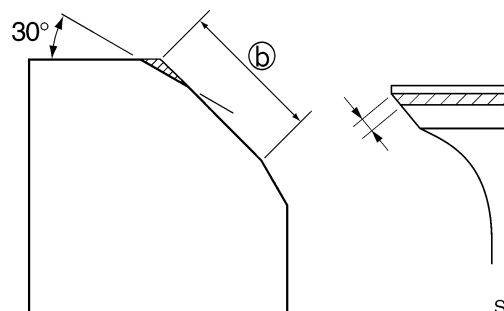
6. If the valve seat contact area is too wide and situated in the center of the valve face, use a 30° cutter to cut the top edge of the valve seat, a 60° cutter to cut the bottom edge to center the area and set its width.



S69J5910

- (b) Previous contact width

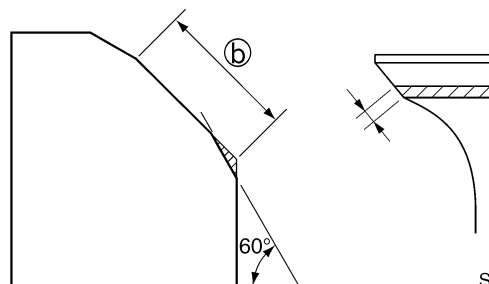
7. If the valve seat contact area is too narrow and situated near the top edge of the valve face, use a 30° cutter to cut the top edge of the valve seat. If necessary, use a 45° cutter to center the area and set its width.



S69J5920

- (b) Previous contact width

8. If the valve seat contact area is too narrow and situated near the bottom edge of the valve face, use a 60° cutter to cut the bottom edge of the valve seat. If necessary, use a 45° cutter to center the area and set its width.



S69J5930

- (b) Previous contact width

9. Apply a thin, even layer of lapping compound onto the valve seat, and then lap the valve using a valve lapper (commercially available).



S69J5820

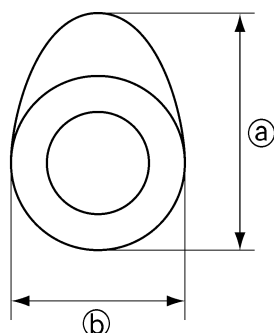
CAUTION:

Do not get the lapping compound on the valve stem and valve guide.

10. After every lapping procedure, be sure to clean off any remaining lapping compound from the cylinder head and the valve.
11. Check the valve seat contact area of the valve again.

Checking the camshafts

1. Measure the cam lobe. Replace if out of specification.



S69J5950

**Cam lobe ①:****Intake:**

36.48–36.58 mm
(1.4362–1.4402 in)

Exhaust:

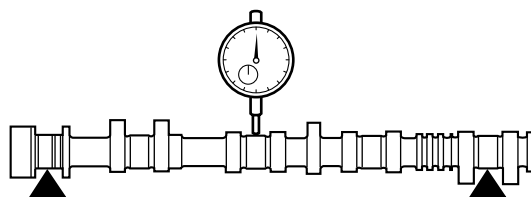
36.90–37.06 mm
(1.4528–1.4591 in)

Cam lobe ②:**Intake:**

29.95–30.05 mm
(1.1791–1.1831 in)

Exhaust:

29.92–30.08 mm
(1.1780–1.1842 in)

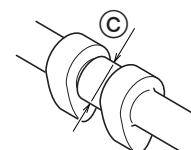
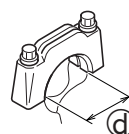


S6D85450



Camshaft runout limit:
0.03 mm (0.0012 in)

3. Measure the camshaft journal diameter ③ and cylinder head journal inside diameter ④. Replace the camshaft and cylinder head if out of specification.



S69J5970

**Camshaft journal diameter ③:**

24.960–24.980 mm
(0.9827–0.9835 in)

Camshaft cap inside diameter ④:

25.000–25.021 mm
(0.9843–0.9851 in)

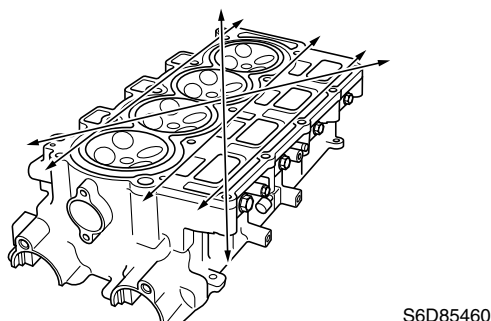
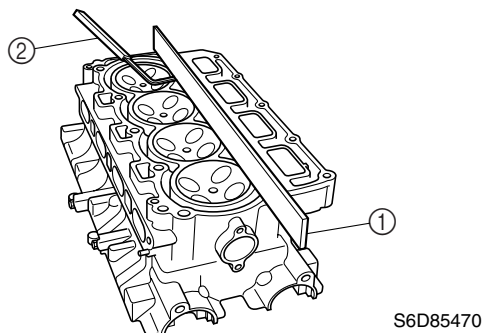
Checking the cylinder head

2. Measure the camshaft runout. Replace if above specification.

1. Eliminate carbon deposits from the combustion chambers and check for deterioration.



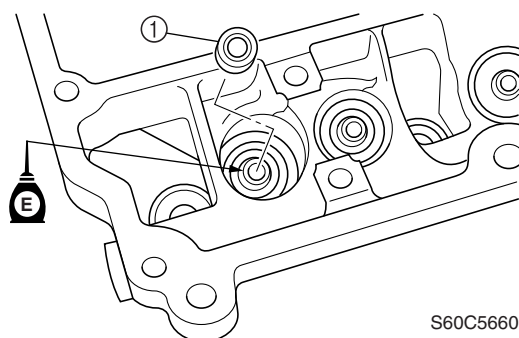
2. Check the cylinder head warpage using a straightedge ① and thickness gauge ② in the directions shown. Replace if above specification.



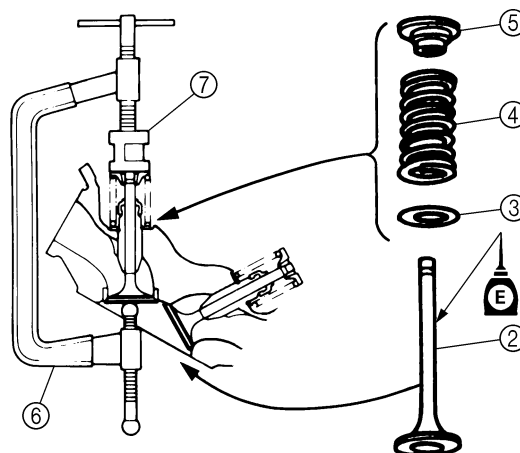
Cylinder head warpage limit:
0.1 mm (0.0039 in)

Installing the valves

1. Install a new valve seal ① onto the valve guide.



2. Install the valve ②, valve spring seat ③, valve spring ④, and valve spring retainer ⑤ in the sequence shown, and then attach the special service tools.



NOTE:

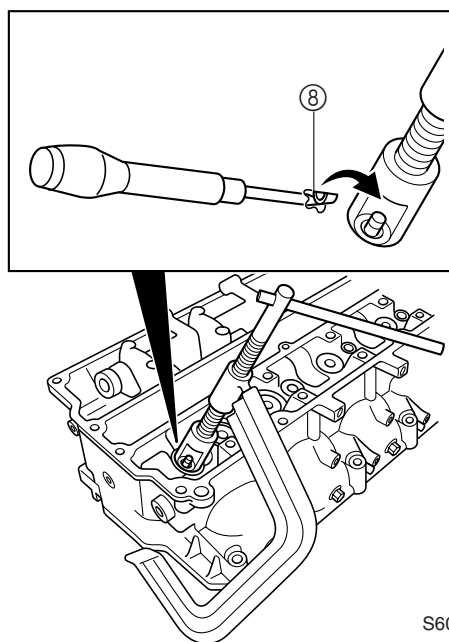
The valve spring can be installed in any direction.



Valve spring compressor ⑥:
90890-04019

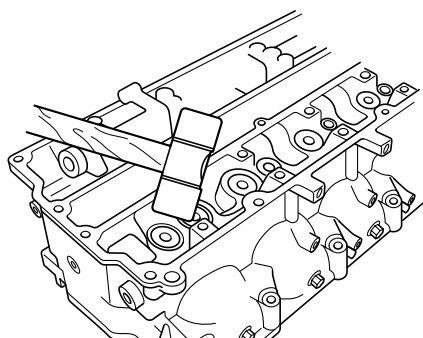
Valve spring compressor attachment
⑦:
90890-06320

3. Compress the valve spring, and then install the valve cotteners ⑧ using a thin screwdriver with a small amount of grease applied to it.



S60C5680

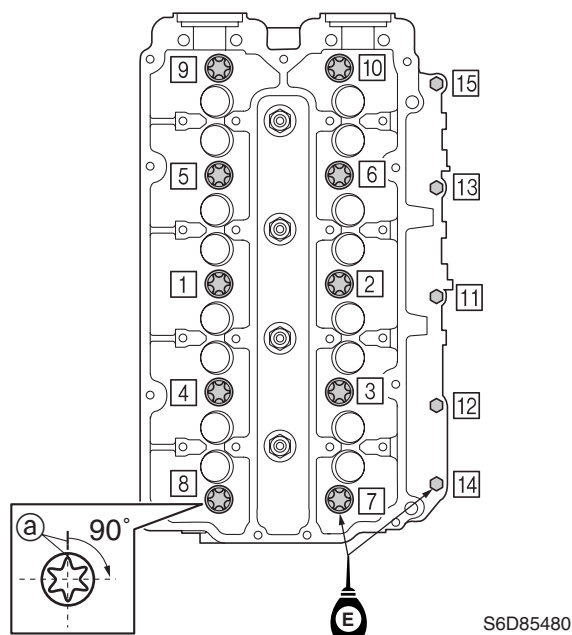
4. Lightly tap the valve spring retainer with a plastic hammer to set the valve cotteners securely.



S60C5690

Installing the cylinder head

1. Check that the piston of cylinder #1 is at TDC.
2. Install a new gasket and the cylinder head, and then tighten the bolts to the specified torques in the sequence shown.



S6D85480

CAUTION:

Do not reuse the cylinder head gasket, always replace it with a new one.

NOTE:

- Apply engine oil to the cylinder head bolts before installation.
- Tighten the M10 bolts to the specified torques in two stages first, and then tighten the M8 bolts to 14 N·m (1.4 kgf·m, 10.3 ft·lb).
- Make a mark (a) on the M10 bolts and the cylinder head, and then tighten the bolts 90° from the mark.
- Tighten the M8 bolts to 28 N·m (2.8 kgf·m, 20.7 ft·lb).



Cylinder head bolt (M10):

- 1st: 15 N·m (1.5 kgf·m, 11.1 ft·lb)
- 2nd: 30 N·m (3.0 kgf·m, 22.1 ft·lb)
- 3rd: 90°

Cylinder head bolt (M8):

- 1st: 14 N·m (1.4 kgf·m, 10.3 ft·lb)
- 2nd: 28 N·m (2.8 kgf·m, 20.7 ft·lb)

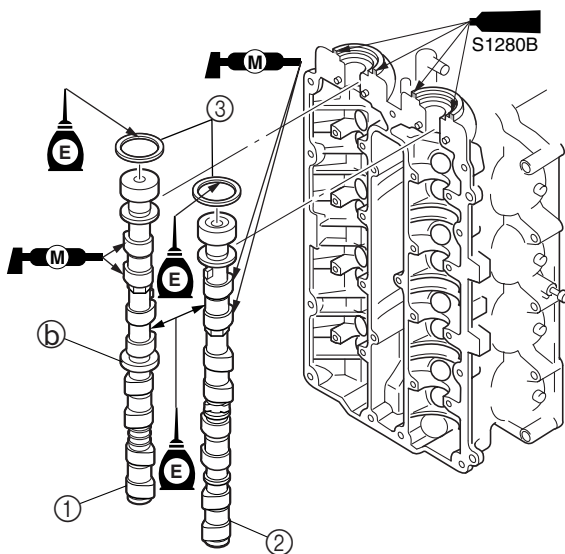


3. Install the valve shims and valve lifters.

NOTE:

- Apply engine oil to the valve shims and valve lifters before installation.
- Install the valve shims and valve lifters in their original positions.

4. Install the camshaft (intake) ① and camshaft (exhaust) ② with the new oil seals ③.

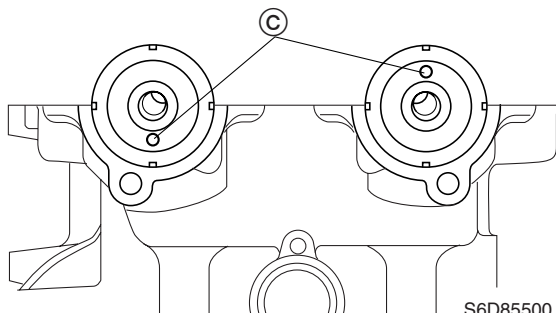


S6D85490

NOTE:

- Apply molybdenum disulfide grease to the cam lobes.
- Be sure to install the camshaft with the fuel pump drive cam (b) on the intake side.

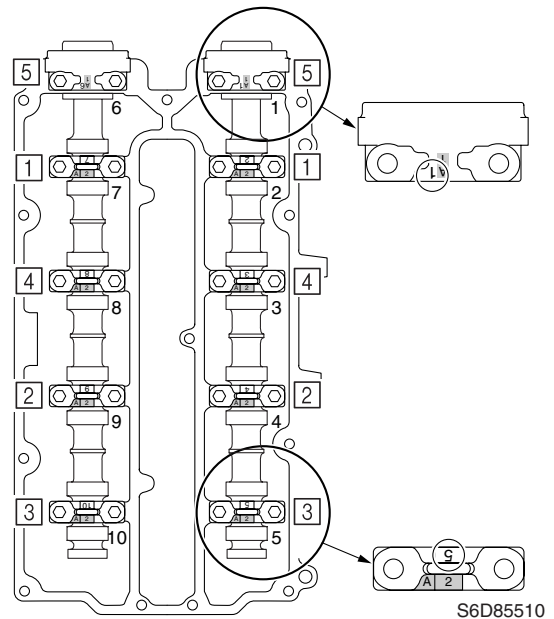
5. Check that the camshaft dowel holes (C) are in the position shown in the illustration. Adjust if necessary.



S6D85500

6. Install the camshaft caps in their proper positions as shown with the stamped numbers upside down.

7. Tighten the camshaft cap bolts to the specified torques in two stages and in the sequence shown.



NOTE:

Apply engine oil to the camshaft caps and camshaft cap bolts before installation.

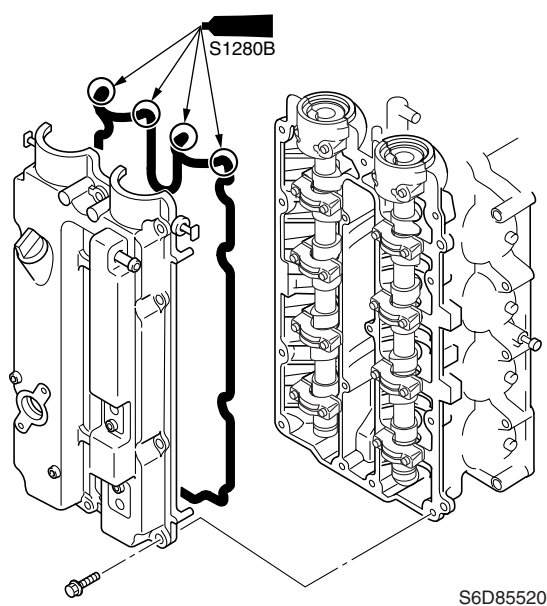


Camshaft cap bolt:

1st: 8 N·m (0.8 kgf·m, 5.9 ft·lb)

2nd: 17 N·m (1.7 kgf·m, 12.5 ft·lb)

8. Install the cylinder head cover.



Cylinder head cover bolt:

1st: 8 N·m (0.8 kgf·m, 5.9 ft·lb)

2nd: 8 N·m (0.8 kgf·m, 5.9 ft·lb)

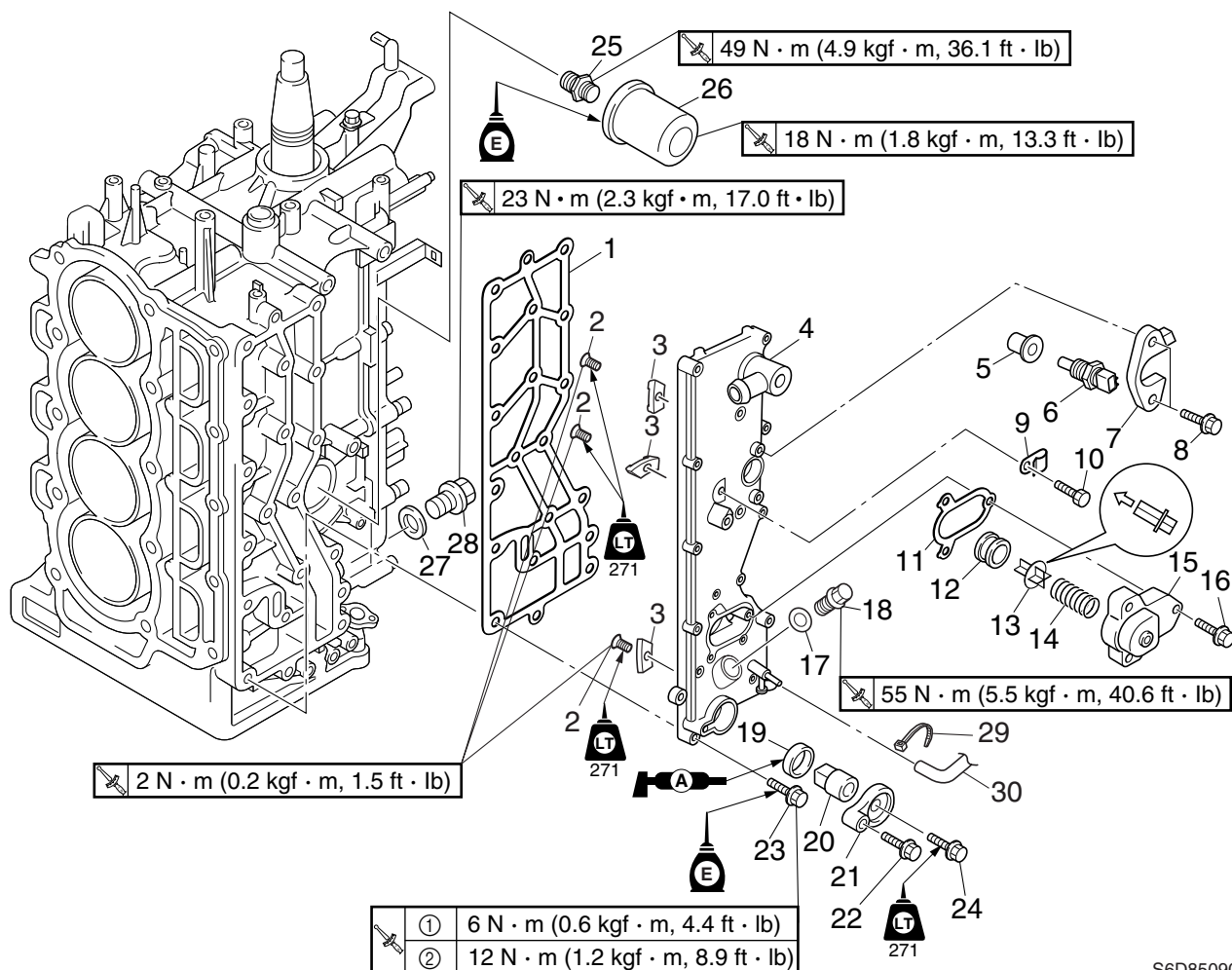
9. Install the sprockets and timing belt.

NOTE:

For sprocket and timing belt installation procedures, see "Installing the sprockets and timing belt."

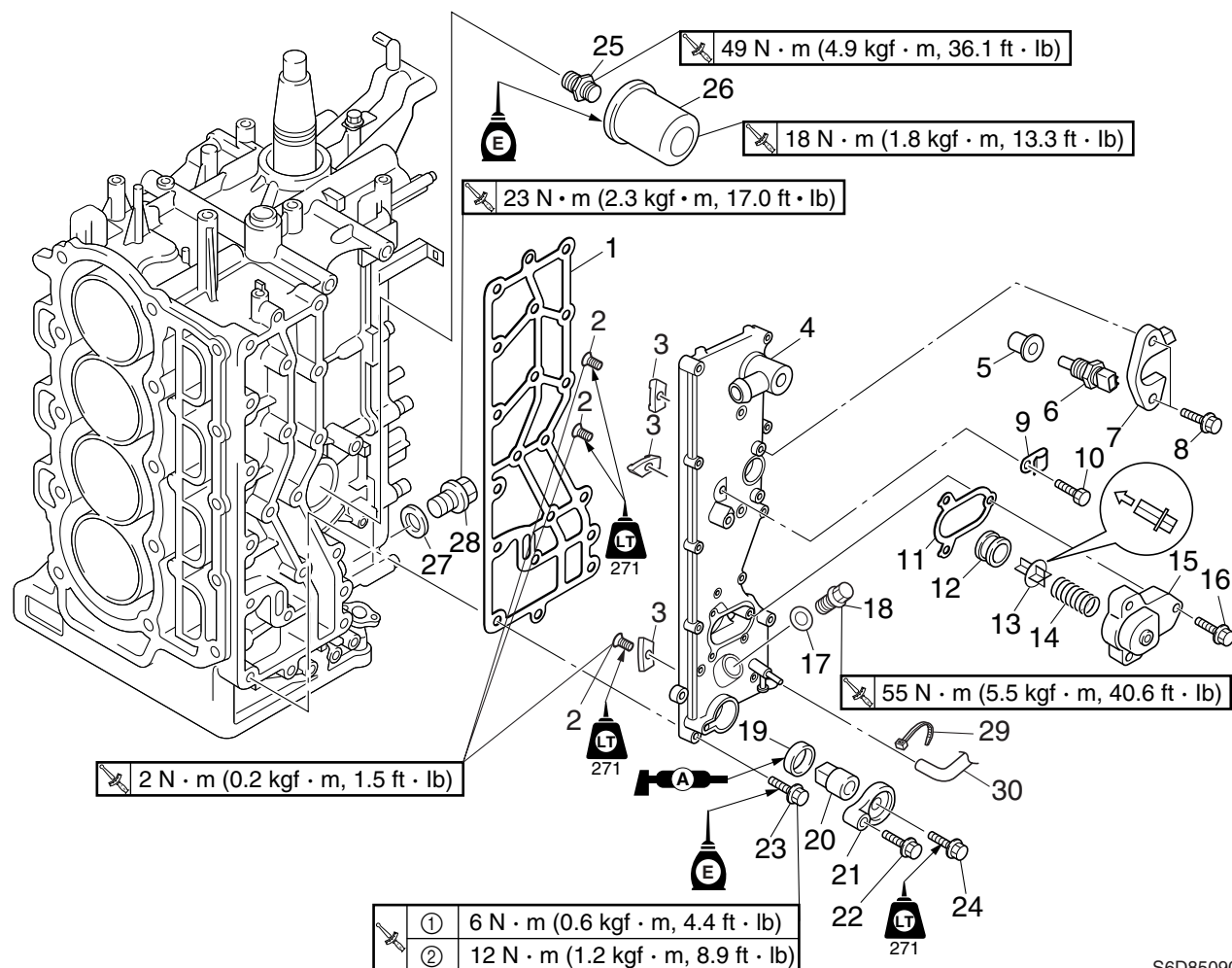


Exhaust cover



S6D85090

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Gasket	1	Not reusable
2	Screw	3	ø4 × 13 mm
3	Anode	3	
4	Exhaust cover	1	
5	Gasket	1	Not reusable
6	Cooling water temperature sensor	1	
7	Holder	1	
8	Bolt	2	M6 × 15 mm
9	Holder	1	
10	Bolt	1	M6 × 10 mm
11	Gasket	1	Not reusable
12	Grommet	1	
13	Pressure control valve	1	
14	Spring	1	
15	Cover	1	
16	Bolt	3	M6 × 20 mm
17	Gasket	1	Not reusable



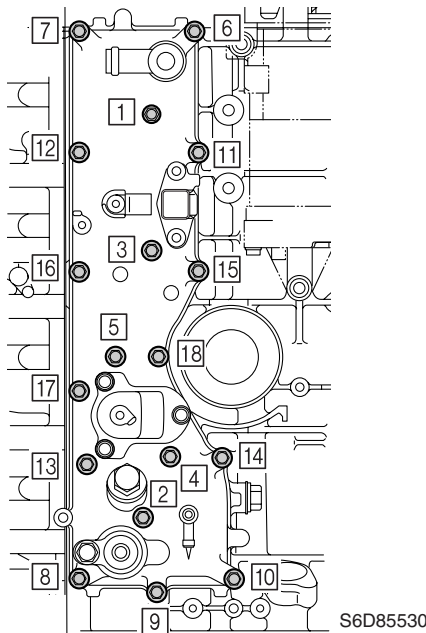
S6D85090

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Plug	1	M18 × 17 mm
19	Grommet	1	
20	Anode	1	
21	Cover	1	
22	Bolt	1	M8 × 25 mm
23	Bolt	18	M6 × 30 mm
24	Bolt	1	M6 × 20 mm
25	Joint	1	
26	Oil filter	1	
27	Gasket	1	Not reusable
28	Plug	1	M14 × 12 mm
29	Plastic tie	1	Not reusable
30	Hose	1	



Removing the exhaust cover

1. Remove the exhaust cover bolts in the sequence shown.



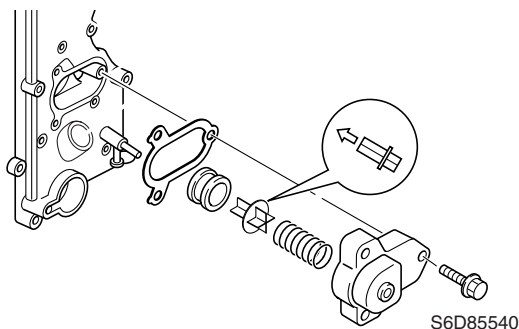
2. Remove the exhaust cover.

Checking the pressure control valve

1. Remove the pressure control valve.
2. Check the pressure control valve for wear or damage. Replace if necessary.
3. Check the grommet for deformation. Replace if necessary.
4. Check the spring for fatigue or deformation. Replace if necessary.

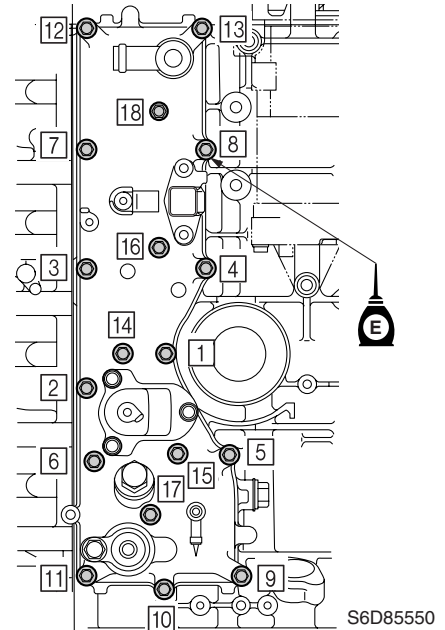
Installing the pressure control valve

1. Install a new gasket and the pressure control valve, and then tighten the bolts.



Installing the exhaust cover

1. Install a new gasket and the exhaust cover.
2. Install the bolts, and then tighten them to the specified torques in two stages and in the sequence shown.



NOTE: Apply engine oil to the exhaust cover bolts before installation.

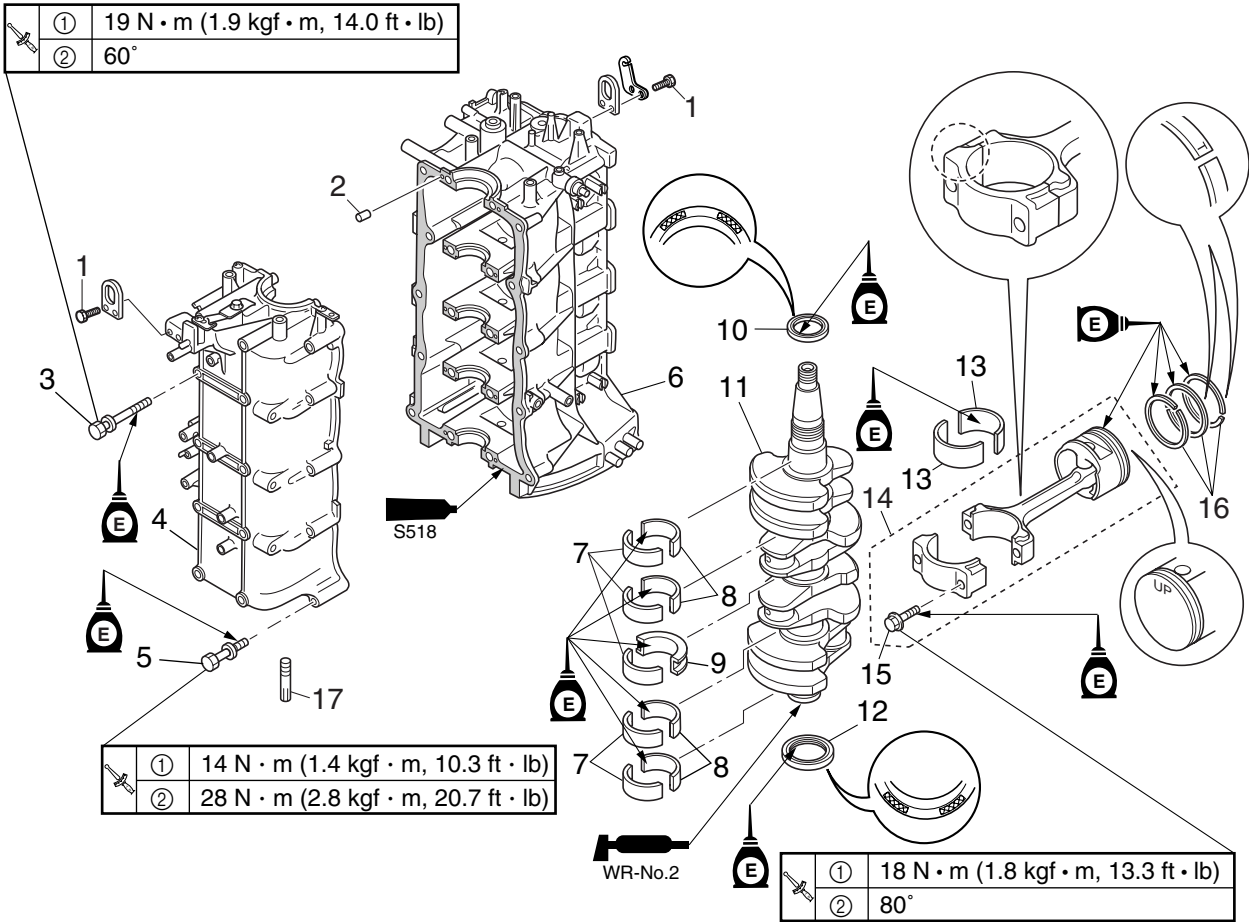


Exhaust cover bolt:

1st: 6 N·m (0.6 kgf·m, 4.4 ft·lb)

2nd: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf·m, 8.9 ft·lb)

Cylinder block



S6D95010

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Bolt	4	M6 × 20 mm
2	Dowel	10	
3	Bolt	10	M10 × 135 mm
4	Crankcase	1	
5	Bolt	10	M8 × 55 mm
6	Cylinder block	1	
7	Main bearing	5	
8	Main bearing	4	
9	Main bearing	1	
10	Oil seal	1	Not reusable
11	Crankshaft	1	
12	Oil seal	1	Not reusable
13	Connecting rod bearing	8	
14	Piston/connecting rod assembly	4	
15	Bolt	8	Not reusable M8 × 38 mm
16	Piston ring set	4	
17	Stud bolt	2	



Disassembling the cylinder block

1. Place a rag under the oil filter, and then remove the filter using the oil filter wrench.

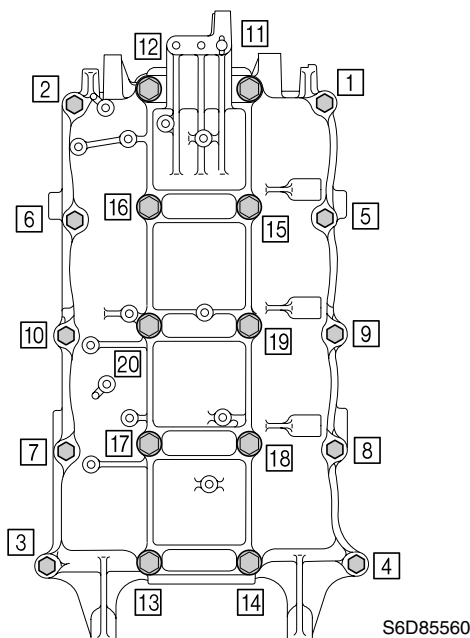
NOTE:

Be sure to clean up any oil spills.



Oil filter wrench 64: 90890-01426

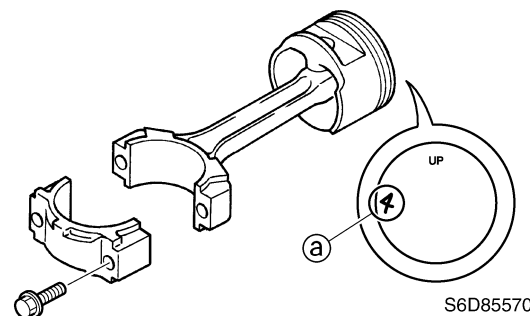
2. Remove the crankcase bolts in the sequence shown, and then remove the crankcase.



NOTE:

Do not remove the ignition timing pointer from the crankcase.

3. Remove the connecting rod bolts and the connecting rod caps, and then remove the crankshaft, oil seals, and the piston assemblies.

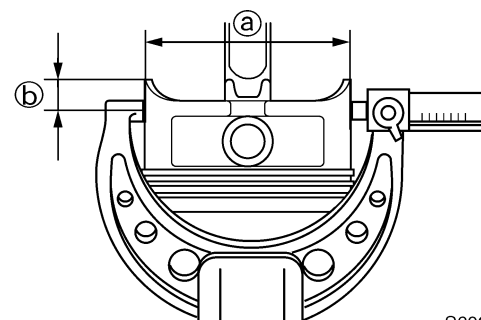


NOTE:

- Be sure to keep the bearings in the order as they were removed.
- Mark each piston with an identification number ① of the corresponding cylinder.
- Do not mix the connecting rods and caps. Keep them organized in their proper groups.

Checking the piston diameter

1. Measure the piston outside diameter at the specified measuring point. Replace if out of specification.



Piston diameter ①:

78.928–78.949 mm

(3.1074–3.1082 in)

Measuring point ②:

13.0 mm (0.51 in) up from the bottom of the piston skirt

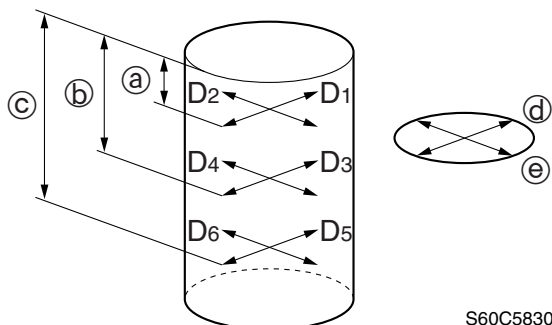
Oversize piston diameter:

79.178–79.199 mm

(3.1172–3.1181 in)

Checking the cylinder bore

1. Measure the cylinder bore (D_1 – D_6) at measuring points ①, ②, and ③, and in direction ④ (D_1 , D_3 , D_5), which is parallel to the crankshaft, and direction ⑤ (D_2 , D_4 , D_6), which is at a right angle to the crankshaft.



- ① 20 mm (0.8 in)
- ② 50 mm (2.0 in)
- ③ 80 mm (3.1 in)

 Cylinder bore (D_1 – D_6):
79.000–79.020 mm
(3.1102–3.1110 in)

2. Calculate the taper limit. Replace or rebore the cylinder block if above specification.

 Taper limit:
 D_1 – D_5 (direction ④)
 D_2 – D_6 (direction ⑤)
0.08 mm (0.0031 in)

3. Calculate the out-of-round limit. Replace or rebore the cylinder block if above specification.

 Out-of-round limit:
 D_2 – D_1 (measuring point ①)
 D_6 – D_5 (measuring point ③)
0.05 mm (0.0020 in)

Checking the piston clearance

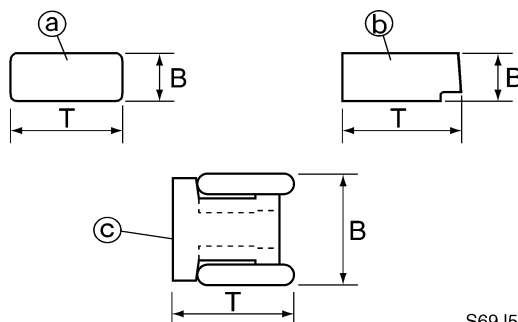
1. Calculate the piston clearance using the piston outside diameter and the cylinder bore. Replace the piston and piston rings as a set or the cylinder block or all parts, or rebore the cylinder if out of specification.



Piston clearance:
0.070–0.080 mm
(0.0028–0.0031 in)

Checking the piston rings

1. Check the piston ring dimensions of B and T. Replace if out of specification.



Piston ring dimensions:

Top ring ①:

B: 1.17–1.19 mm
(0.0461–0.0469 in)
T: 2.80–3.00 mm
(0.1102–0.1181 in)

Second ring ②:

B: 1.47–1.49 mm
(0.0579–0.0587 in)
T: 3.00–3.20 mm
(0.1181–0.1260 in)

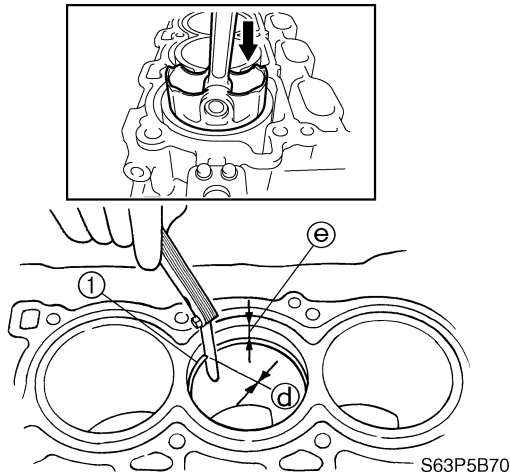
Oil ring ③:

B: 2.38–2.48 mm
(0.0937–0.0976 in)
T (reference data):
2.40 mm (0.0945 in)

2. Level the piston ring ① in the cylinder with a piston crown.



- Check the piston ring end gap ④ at the specified measuring point. Replace if out of specification.



Piston ring end gap ④:

Top ring:

0.15–0.30 mm
(0.0059–0.0118 in)

Second ring:

0.70–0.90 mm
(0.0276–0.0354 in)

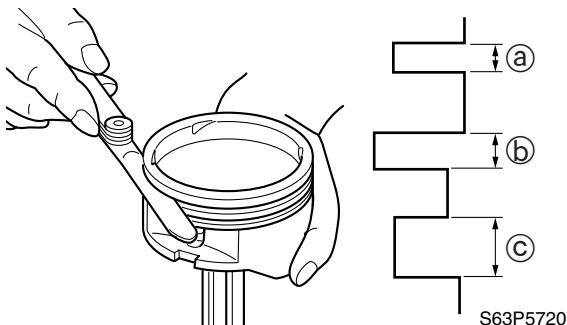
Oil ring:

0.20–0.70 mm
(0.0079–0.0276 in)

Measuring point ⑤: 20 mm (0.8 in)

Checking the piston ring grooves

- Measure the piston ring grooves. Replace the piston if out of specification.



Piston ring groove:

Top ring ①:

1.23–1.25 mm (0.048–0.049 in)

Second ring ②:

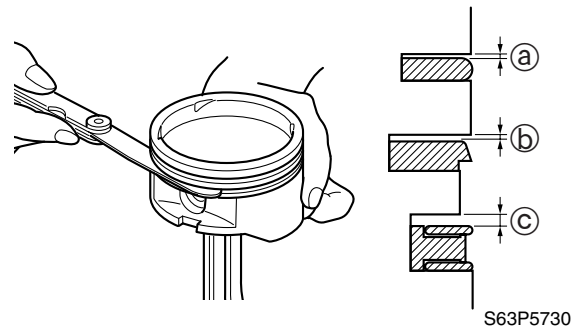
1.52–1.54 mm (0.060–0.061 in)

Oil ring ③:

2.51–2.53 mm (0.099–0.100 in)

Checking the piston ring side clearance

- Measure the piston ring side clearance. Replace the piston and piston rings as a set if out of specification.



Piston ring side clearance:

Top ring ①:

0.04–0.08 mm
(0.0016–0.0031 in)

Second ring ②:

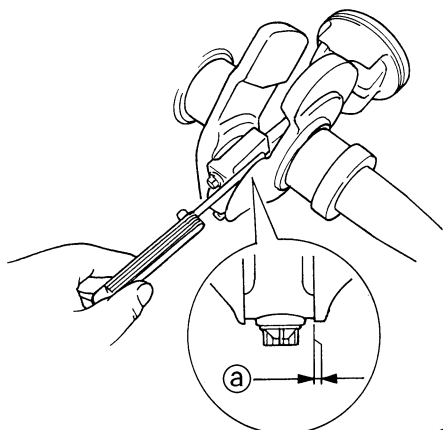
0.03–0.07 mm
(0.0012–0.0028 in)

Oil ring ③:

0.03–0.15 mm
(0.0012–0.0059 in)

Checking the connecting rod big end side clearance

- Measure the connecting rod big end side clearance ①. Replace the connecting rod or crankshaft or both if out of specification.



S6D85580

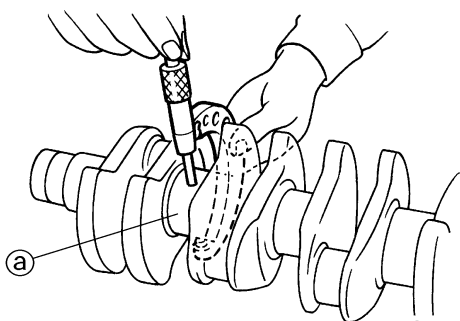


Connecting rod big end side
clearance (a):

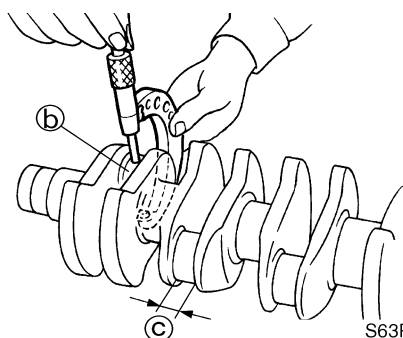
0.14–0.28 mm (0.0055–0.0110 in)

Checking the crankshaft

1. Measure the crankshaft journal diameter (a), crankpin diameter (b), and crankpin width (c). Replace the crankshaft if out of specification.



S63P5750



S63P5760



Crankshaft journal diameter (a):

47.985–48.000 mm

(1.8892–1.8898 in)

Crankpin diameter (b):

43.982–44.000 mm

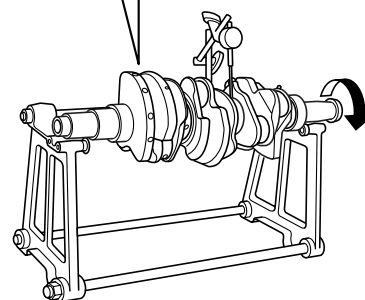
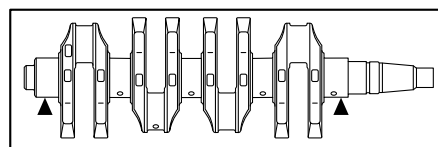
(1.7316–1.7323 in)

Crankpin width (c):

21.00–21.07 mm

(0.8268–0.8295 in)

2. Measure the crankshaft runout. Replace the crankshaft if above specification.



S6D85590



Crankshaft runout limit:

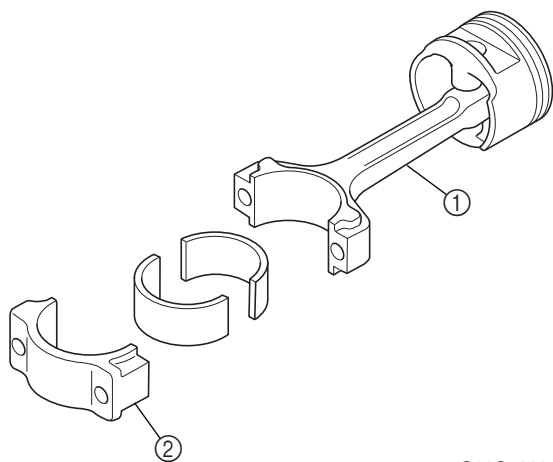
0.03 mm (0.0012 in)

Checking the crankpin oil clearance

1. Clean the bearings and the connecting rod.



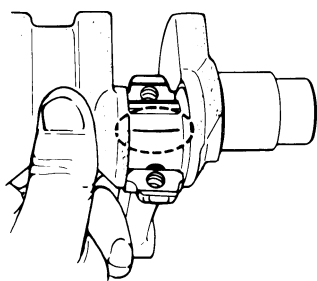
2. Install the upper bearing into the connecting rod ① and the lower bearing into the connecting rod cap ②.



S60C5960

NOTE: _____
Install the bearings in their original positions.

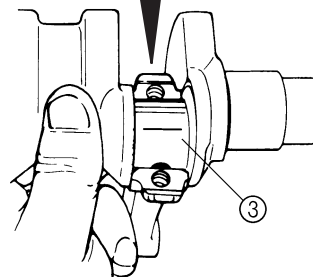
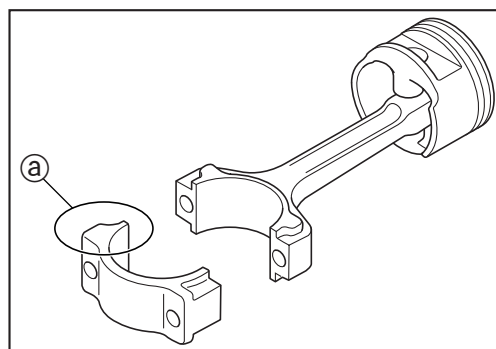
3. Put a piece of Plastigauge (PG-1) onto the crankpin, parallel to the crankshaft.



S60C5990

NOTE: _____
Be sure not to put the Plastigauge (PG-1) over the oil hole in the crankpin of the crankshaft.

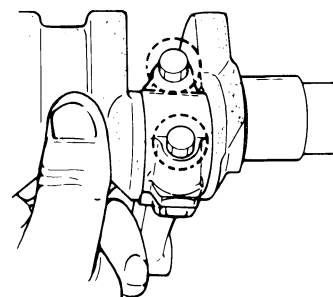
4. Install the connecting rod to the crankpin ③.



S60C5A10

NOTE: _____
Make sure that the large, flat side (a) on the connecting rod faces towards the flywheel magnet side of the crankshaft.

5. Tighten the connecting rod bolts to the specified torques in two stages.



S62Y5980

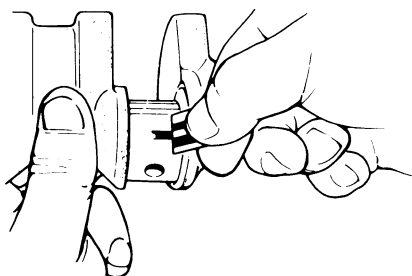
NOTE: _____

- Reuse the removed connecting rod bolts.
- Do not turn the connecting rod until the crankpin oil clearance measurement has been completed.



Connecting rod bolt:
1st: 18 N·m (1.8 kgf·m, 13.3 ft·lb)
2nd: 80°

6. Remove the connecting rod cap and measure the width of the compressed Plastigauge (PG-1) on each crankpin. Replace the connecting rod bearing if out of specification.



S60C5A30

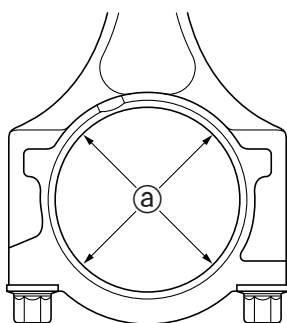


Crankpin oil clearance:
0.024–0.044 mm
(0.0009–0.0017 in)

Selecting the connecting rod bearing

NOTE: _____
Use a metric gauge in this procedure.

- When replacing the connecting rod bearing, select the suitable bearing as follows.
- Measure the connecting rod big end inside diameter ①.



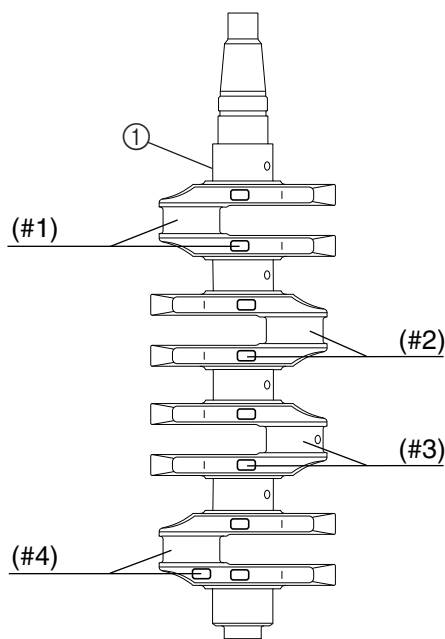
S60C5980

NOTE: _____
Reuse the removed connecting rod bolts.



Connecting rod big end inside
diameter ①:
47.025–47.045 mm

3. Check the crankpin mark on the crankshaft ①.



S6D85670

4. Subtract the crankpin diameters (#1–#4) from the connecting rod big end inside diameters (#1–#4).

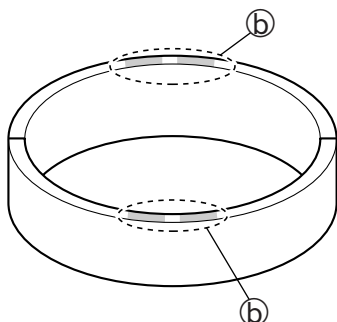
NOTE: _____
The crankpin diameters (#1–#4) can be determined by the stamped value as described below.

Crankpin diameter = 43.900 + (stamped value/1,000)

Example: #1 = 92 → 43.992



- Select the suitable color (b) for the connecting rod bearing from the table below according to the calculated values.



S6D85710

Connecting rod bearing selection table (20 °C [68 °F])		
Connecting rod big end inside diameters – crankpin diameters (mm)	Upper bearing	Lower bearing
3.025–3.027	Yellow	Yellow
3.028–3.034	Yellow	Green*
3.035–3.041	Green	Green
3.042–3.049	Green	Blue*
3.050–3.057	Blue	Blue
3.058–3.063	Blue	Red*

CAUTION:

The (*) mark indicates that the colors of the upper and lower bearings are different.

Example:

If the “Connecting rod big end inside diameter (a)” is 47.050 mm and the “Crankpin mark” is 92, then the “Calculated value” = $47.050 - 43.992 = 3.058$ mm

Suitable colors:

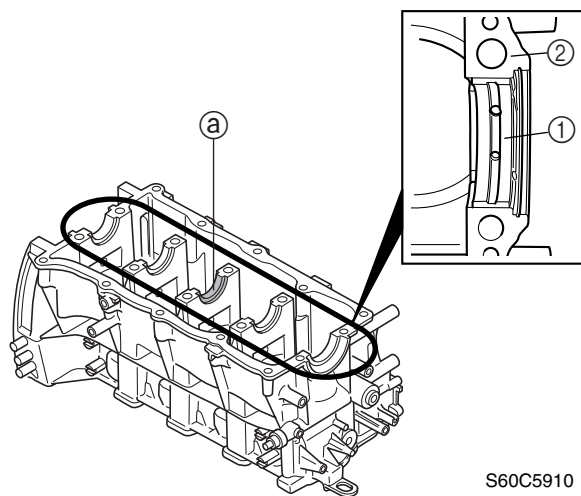
Upper bearing → blue

Lower bearing → red

- If the calculated value is more than the maximum value (3.063 mm), replace the connecting rod or crankshaft or both.

Checking the crankshaft journal oil clearance

- Clean the bearings, the crankshaft journals, the bearing portions of the crankcase, and the cylinder block.
- Place the cylinder block upside down on a bench.
- Install half of the bearings (1) and the crankshaft into the cylinder block (2).

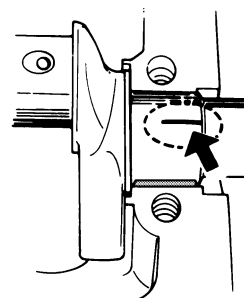


S60C5910

NOTE:

- Install the bearings in their original positions.
- Install the unified thrust bearing at the position (a) shown.

- Put a piece of Plastigauge (PG-1) on each crankshaft journal parallel to the crankshaft.

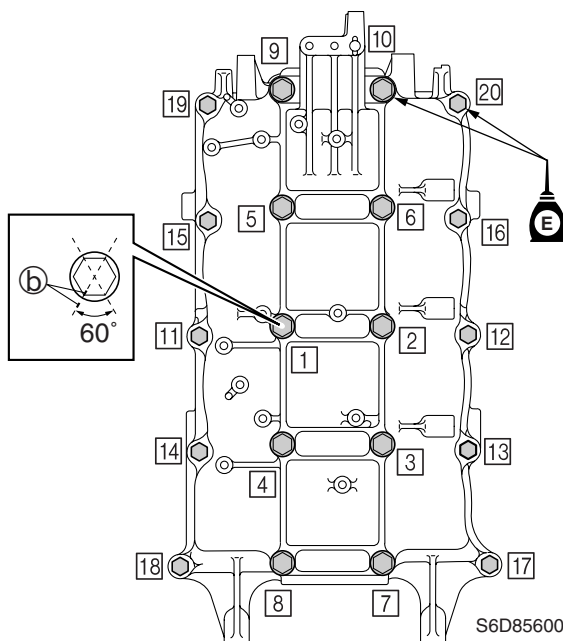


S60C5920

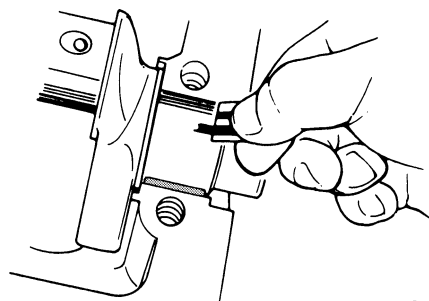
NOTE:

Do not put the Plastigauge (PG-1) over the oil hole in the main journals of the crankshaft.

5. Install the remaining half of the bearings into the crankcase.
6. Install the crankcase onto the cylinder block and apply engine oil onto the threads of the crankcase bolts.
7. Tighten the crankcase bolts to the specified torques in two stages and in the sequence shown.



8. Remove the crankcase, and then measure the width of the compressed Plastigauge (PG-1) on each crankshaft journal. Replace the main bearing if out of specification.



Crankshaft journal oil clearance:
0.024–0.044 mm
(0.0009–0.0017 in)

Selecting the main bearing

1. When replacing the main bearing, select the suitable bearing as follows.

NOTE:

- Do not move the crankshaft until the crankshaft journal oil clearance measurement has been completed.
- Tighten the M10 bolts to 19 N·m (1.9 kgf·m, 14.0 ft·lb) first, and then tighten the M8 bolts to 14 N·m (1.4 kgf·m, 10.3 ft·lb).
- Make a mark ⑥ on the M10 bolts and the crankcase, and then tighten the bolts 60° from the mark.
- Tighten the M8 bolts to 28 N·m (2.8 kgf·m, 20.7 ft·lb).



Crankcase bolt (M10):

1st: 19 N·m (1.9 kgf·m, 14.0 ft·lb)

2nd: 60°

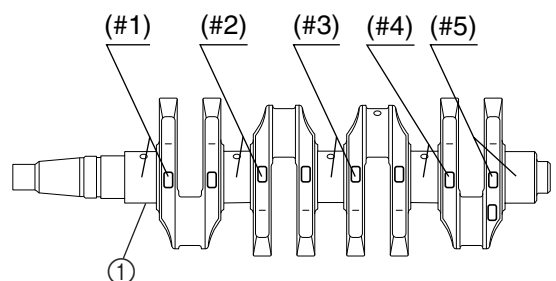
Crankcase bolt (M8):

1st: 14 N·m (1.4 kgf·m, 10.3 ft·lb)

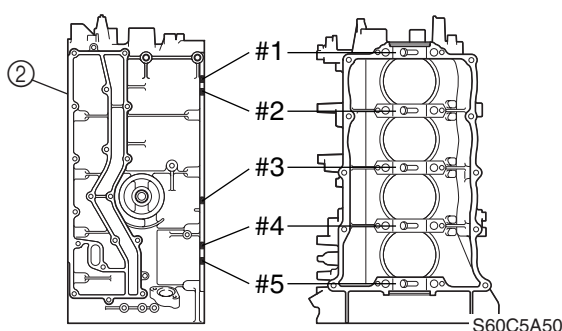
2nd: 28 N·m (2.8 kgf·m, 20.7 ft·lb)



- Check the crankshaft journal mark on the crankshaft ① and the cylinder block mark on the cylinder block ②.



S60C5A40



S60C5A50

- Subtract crankshaft journal diameters #1–#5 from cylinder block journal inside diameters #1–#5.

NOTE:

Cylinder block journal inside diameters (#1–#5) and crankshaft journal diameters (#1–#5) can be determined by the stamped value as described below.

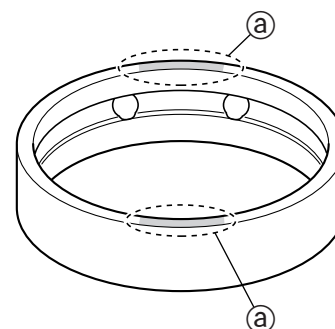
Crankshaft journal diameter = 47.900 + (stamped value/1,000)

Example: #1 = 92 → 47.992

Cylinder block journal inside diameter = 54.000 + (stamped value/1,000)

Example: #1 = 32 → 54.032

- Select the suitable color ② for the main bearing from the table below according to the calculated values.



S6D85720

Main bearing selection table
(20 °C [68 °F])

Cylinder block journal inside diameters – crankshaft journal diameters (mm)	Bearing (cylinder side)/thrust bearing	Bearing (crankcase side)
6.023–6.026	Green	Yellow*
6.027–6.034	Blue	Green*
6.035–6.042	Blue	Blue
6.043–6.049	Red	Blue*
6.050–6.058	Red	Red

CAUTION:

- The (*) mark indicates that the colors of the upper and lower bearings are different.
- Be sure to install the main bearings in the middle of the cylinder block and crankcase journal so they do not block the oil holes.

NOTE:

Main bearing #3 is a thrust bearing.

Example:

If the “Crankshaft journal mark” is 92, and the “Cylinder block mark” is 32, then the “Calculated value” = 54.032 – 47.992 = 6.040 mm

Suitable colors:

Bearing (cylinder side)/thrust bearing → blue

Bearing (crankcase side) → blue

- If the calculated value is more than the maximum value (6.058 mm), replace the crankshaft.

1. Install the oil ring ①, second ring ②, and top ring ③ onto the pistons with the “T” marks ④ on the piston rings facing upward.
2. Offset the piston ring end gaps as shown.



Do not scratch the piston or break the piston rings.

NOTE: _____
After installing the piston rings, check that they move smoothly.

- S60C5A80

S60C5A90

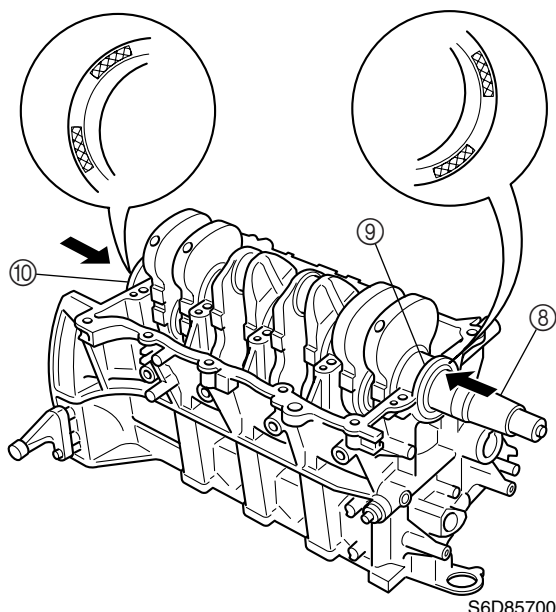
Piston slider: 90890-06530

- S60C5B10

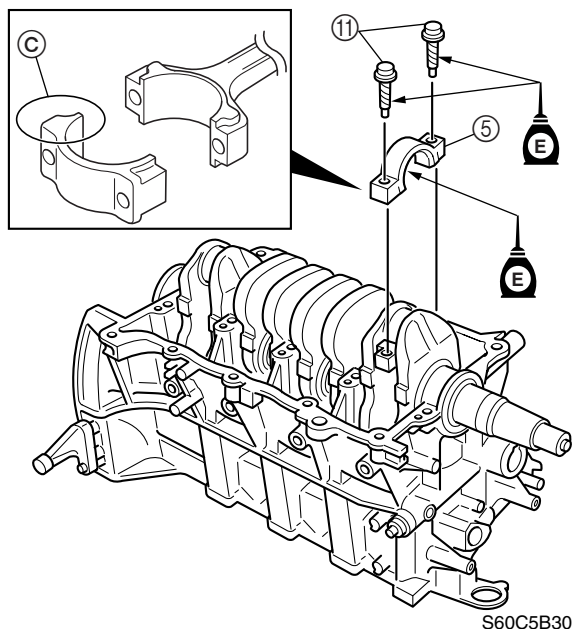
5-50



6. Set the crankshaft ⑧ and oil seals ⑨ and ⑩ into the cylinder block as shown.



7. Install the connecting rod cap ⑤ to the connecting rod, and then tighten the new connecting rod bolts ⑪ to the specified torques in two stages.



CAUTION:

Do not reuse the connecting rod bolts, always replace them with new ones.

NOTE:

- Make sure that the large, flat side ③ of the connecting rod faces towards the flywheel magnet side of the crankshaft.
- Apply engine oil to the connecting rod caps and connecting rod bolts before installation.



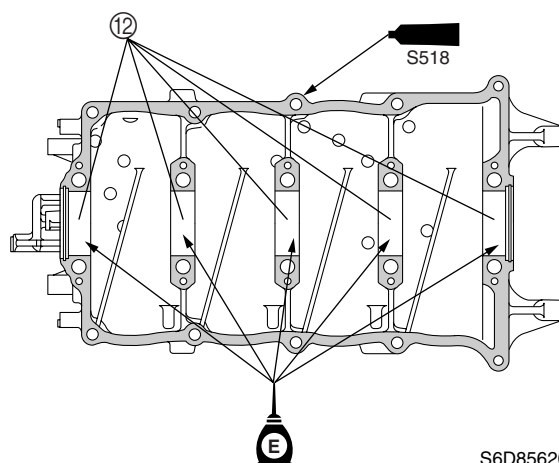
Connecting rod bolt ⑪:

1st: 18 N·m (1.8 kgf·m, 13.3 ft·lb)

2nd: 80°

8. Install half of the bearings ⑫ into the crankcase.

9. Apply sealant to the mating surface of the crankcase.

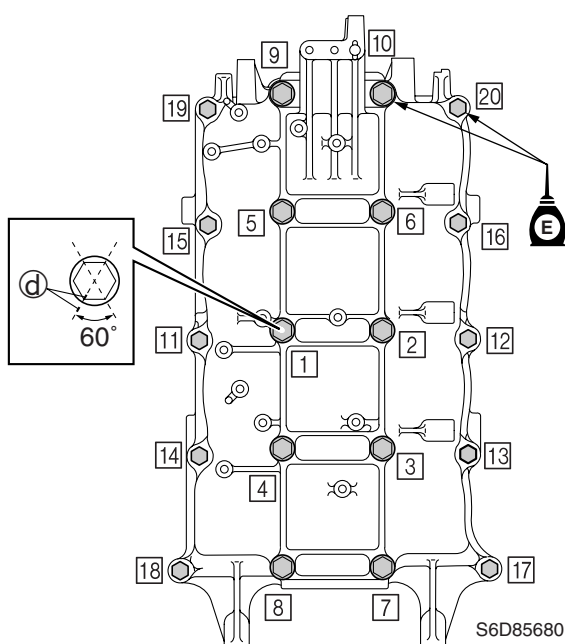


NOTE:

- Install the bearings in their original positions.
- Do not get any sealant on the main bearings.

10. Install the crankcase onto the cylinder block and apply engine oil onto the threads of the crankcase bolts.

11. Tighten the crankcase bolts to the specified torques in two stages and in the sequence shown.

**CAUTION:**

The oil seals must be installed before tightening the crankcase bolts.

NOTE:

- Tighten the M10 bolts to 19 N·m (1.9 kgf·m, 14.0 ft·lb) first, and then tighten the M8 bolts to 14 N·m (1.4 kgf·m, 10.3 ft·lb).
- Make a mark Ⓢ on the M10 bolts and the crankcase, and then tighten the bolts 60° from the mark.
- Tighten the M8 bolts to 28 N·m (2.8 kgf·m, 20.7 ft·lb).



Crankcase bolt (M10):

1st: 19 N·m (1.9 kgf·m, 14.0 ft·lb)

2nd: 60°

Crankcase bolt (M8):

1st: 14 N·m (1.4 kgf·m, 10.3 ft·lb)

2nd: 28 N·m (2.8 kgf·m, 20.7 ft·lb)

12. Install the cylinder head.

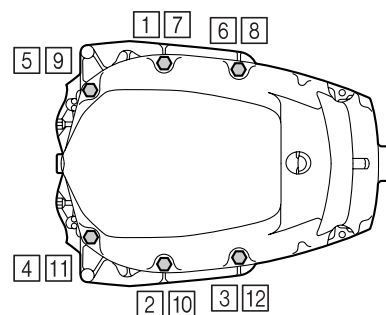
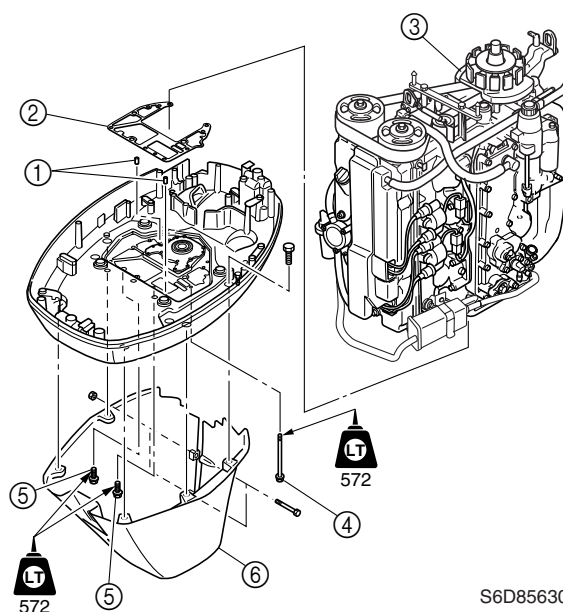
NOTE:

For cylinder head installation procedure, see "Installing the cylinder head."

13. Install all parts removed during disassembly.

Installing the power unit

1. Clean the power unit mating surface, and install the dowels ① and a new gasket ②.
2. Install the power unit ③ by installing bolts ④ and ⑤, then tightening them to the specified torques in two stages and in the sequence shown.
3. Install the apron ⑥.



Power unit mounting bolt ④:

1st: 42 N·m (4.2 kgf·m, 31.0 ft·lb)

2nd: 42 N·m (4.2 kgf·m, 31.0 ft·lb)

Apron screw:

4 N·m (0.4 kgf·m, 3.0 ft·lb)

4. Install the oil dipstick.
5. Connect the flushing hose, cooling water pilot hose, and canister hose.



6. Connect the fuel hose and shift position switch coupler.
7. Connect the PTT motor leads and PTT switch coupler, and then install the junction box cover.



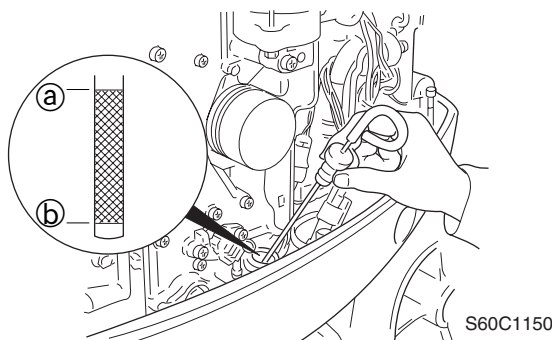
PTT motor lead bolt:
4 N·m (0.4 kgf·m, 3.0 ft·lb)

8. Connect the battery leads.



Positive battery lead nut:
9 N·m (0.9 kgf·m, 6.6 ft·lb)

9. Connect the shift cable and throttle cable, and then adjust their lengths.
For adjustment procedures, see Chapter 3, "Adjusting the throttle link and throttle cable" and "Checking the gear shift operation."
10. Install all parts removed during disassembly.
11. Check the engine oil level.



NOTE:

If the engine oil is below the minimum level mark (b), add sufficient oil until the level is between (a) and (b).



Recommended engine oil:
4-stroke motor oil
API: SE, SF, SG, SH, or SJ
SAE: 10W-30 or 10W-40

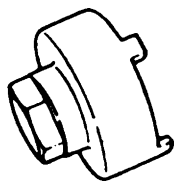


Lower unit

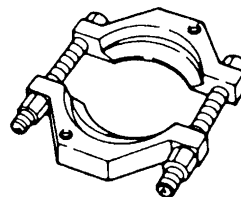
Special service tools	6-1
Lower unit.....	6-4
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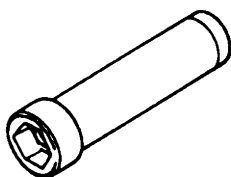
Special service tools



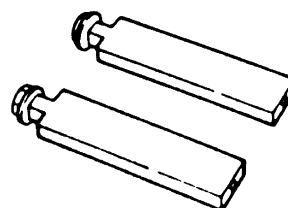
Ring nut wrench 3
90890-06511



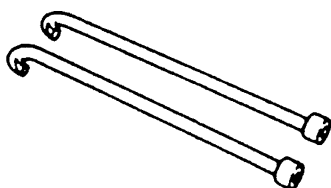
Bearing separator
90890-06534



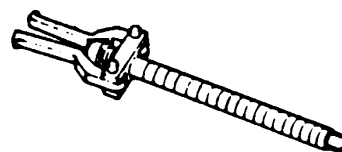
Ring nut wrench extension
90890-06513



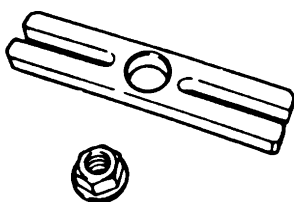
Stopper guide stand
90890-06538



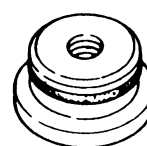
Bearing housing puller claw L
90890-06502



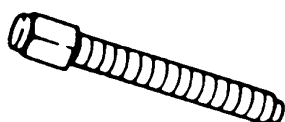
Bearing puller assembly
90890-06535



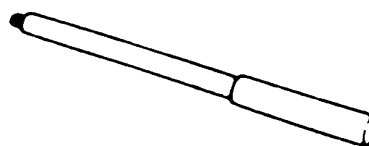
Stopper guide plate
90890-06501



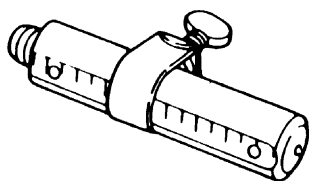
Needle bearing attachment
90890-06607, 90890-06611, 90890-06612,
90890-06614



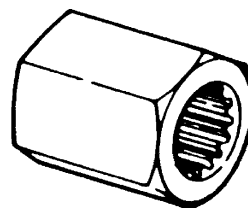
Center bolt
90890-06504



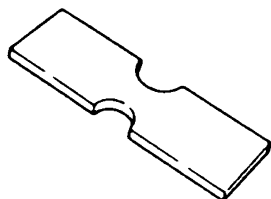
Driver rod L3
90890-06652



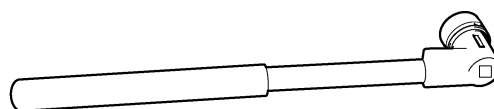
Driver rod SS
90890-06604



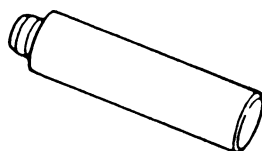
Drive shaft holder 5
90890-06519



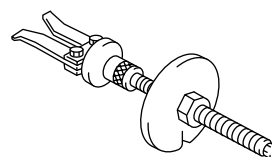
Bearing depth plate
90890-06603



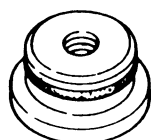
Pinion nut holder
New: 90890-06715
Current: 90890-06505



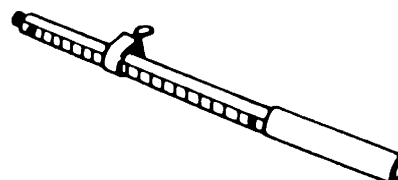
Driver rod LS
90890-06606



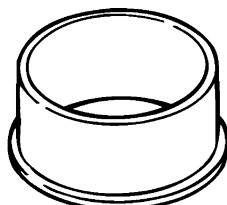
Bearing outer race puller assembly
90890-06523



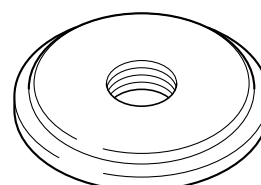
Ball bearing attachment
90890-06655



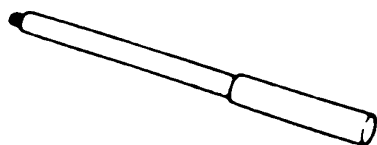
Driver rod SL
90890-06602



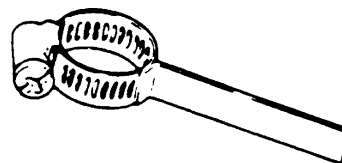
Bearing inner race attachment
90890-06639, 90890-06643, 90890-06661



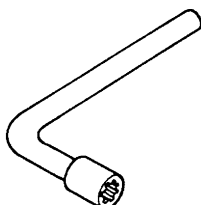
Bearing outer race attachment
90890-06621, 90890-06626



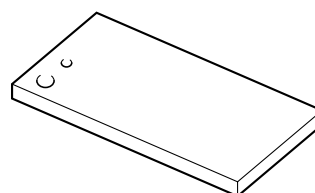
Driver rod LL
90890-06605



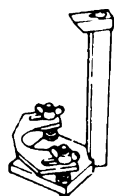
Backlash indicator
90890-06706



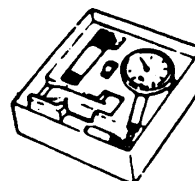
Shift rod push arm
90890-06052



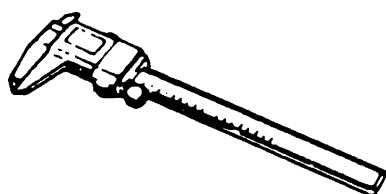
Magnet base plate
90890-07003



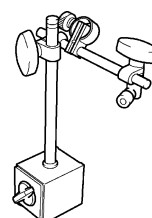
Pinion height gauge
90890-06710



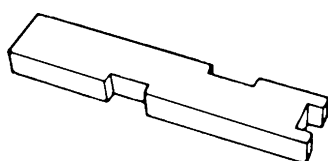
Dial gauge set
90890-01252



Digital caliper
90890-06704

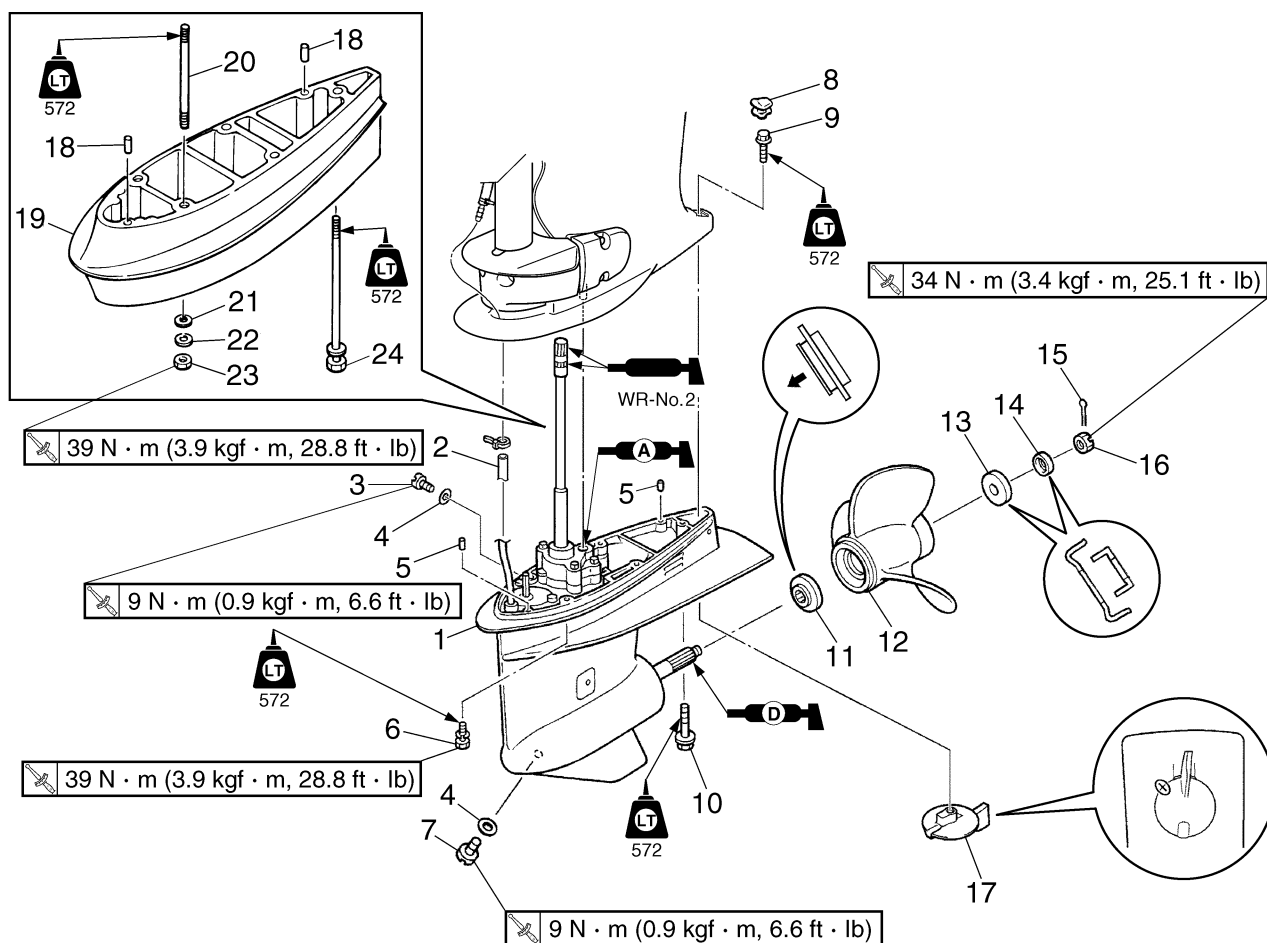


Magnetic base B
90890-06844



Shimming plate
90890-06701

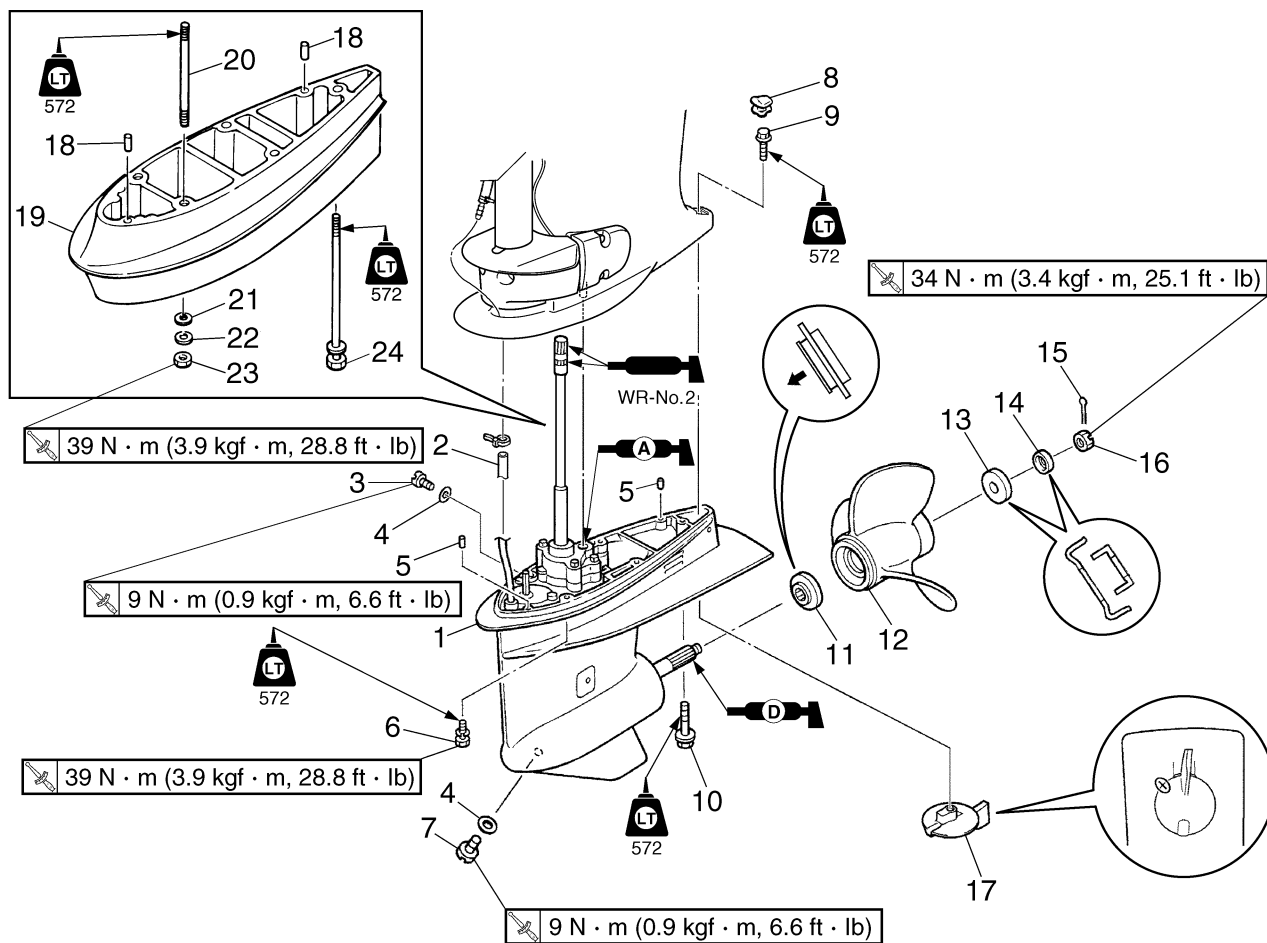
Lower unit



S6D96010

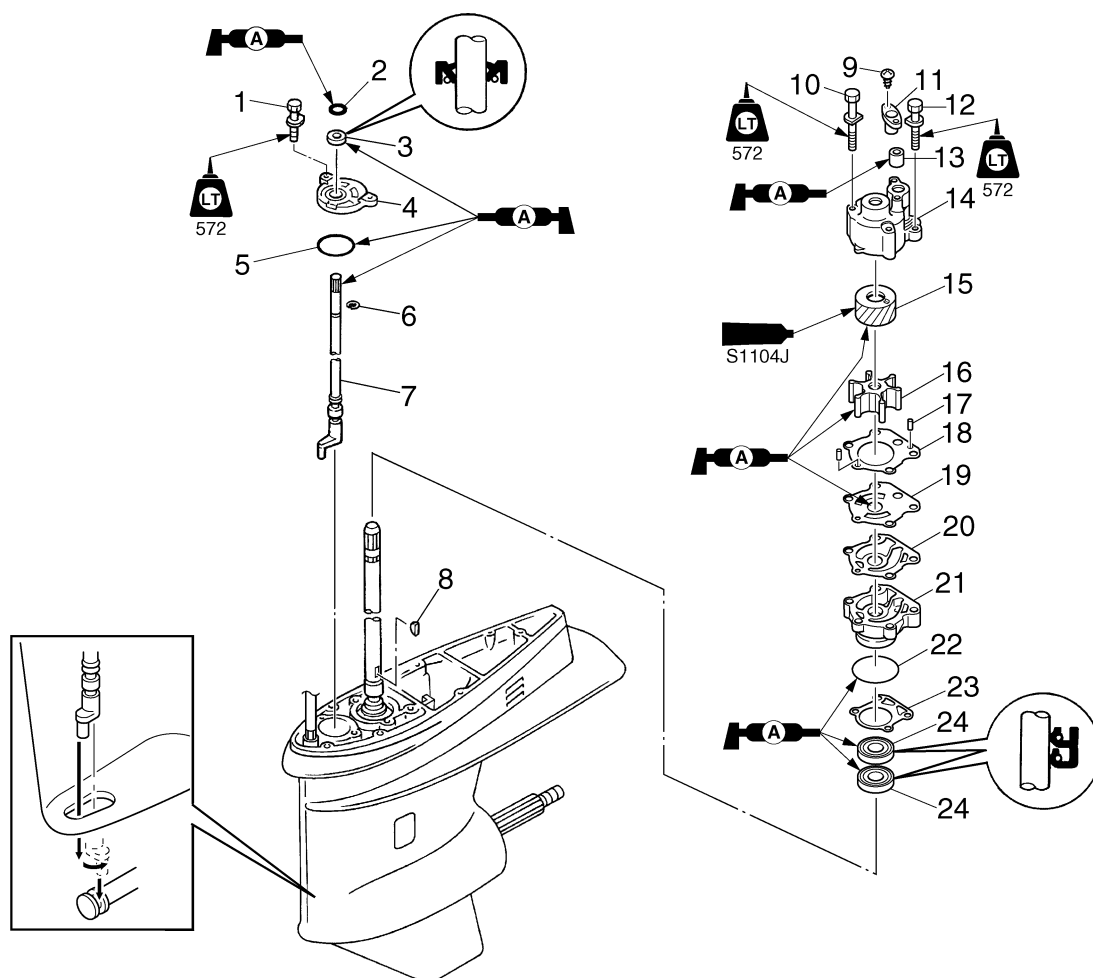
6

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Lower unit	1	
2	Hose	1	
3	Check screw	1	
4	Gasket	2	Not reusable
5	Dowel	2	
6	Bolt	4	M10 × 40 mm/L-transom model
7	Drain screw	1	
8	Grommet	1	
9	Bolt	1	M10 × 45 mm
10	Bolt	1	M8 × 60 mm/L-transom model
11	Spacer	1	
12	Propeller	1	
13	Washer	1	
14	Washer	1	
15	Cotter pin	1	Not reusable
16	Nut	1	
17	Trim tab	1	



S6D96010

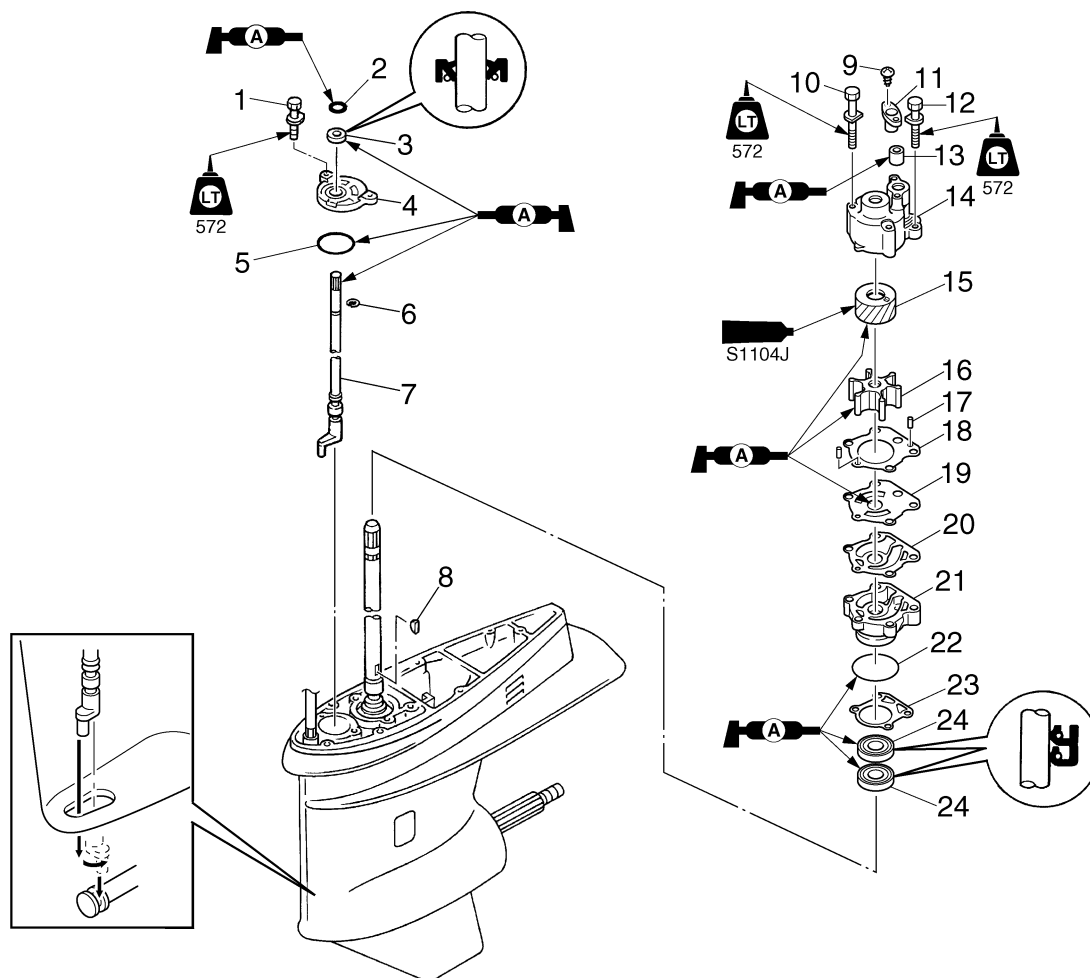
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Dowel	2	X-transom model
19	Extension	1	X-transom model
20	Stud bolt	4	M10 × 180 mm/X-transom model
21	Washer	4	X-transom model
22	Spring washer	4	X-transom model
23	Nut	4	X-transom model
24	Bolt	1	M8 × 190 mm/X-transom model



S6D86040

6

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Bolt	2	M6 × 16 mm
2	O-ring	1	Not reusable
3	Oil seal	1	Not reusable
4	Oil seal housing	1	
5	O-ring	1	Not reusable
6	Circlip	1	
7	Shift rod	1	
8	Woodruff key	1	
9	Screw	2	ø4 × 12 mm
10	Bolt	2	M8 × 75 mm
11	Cover	1	
12	Bolt	2	M8 × 50 mm
13	Seal	1	
14	Water pump housing	1	
15	Insert cartridge	1	
16	Impeller	1	
17	Dowel	2	

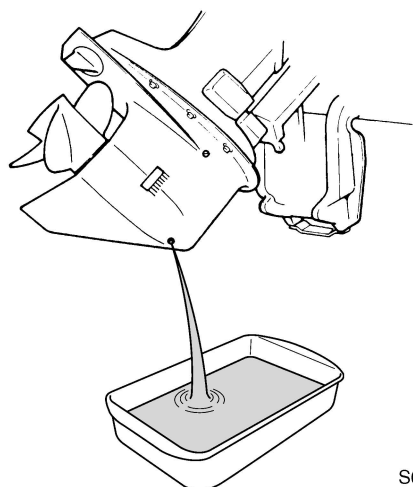


S6D86040

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Gasket	1	Not reusable
19	Outer plate cartridge	1	
20	Gasket	1	Not reusable
21	Oil seal housing	1	
22	O-ring	1	Not reusable
23	Gasket	1	Not reusable
24	Oil seal	2	Not reusable

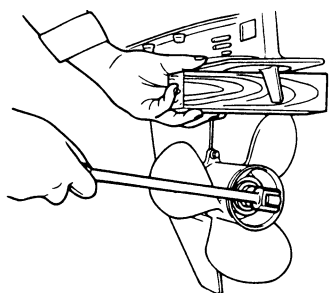
Removing the lower unit

1. Drain the gear oil.



S66T6370

2. Set the gear shift to the neutral position, and place a block of wood between the anti-cavitation plate and propeller to keep the propeller from turning, and then remove the propeller nut and propeller.

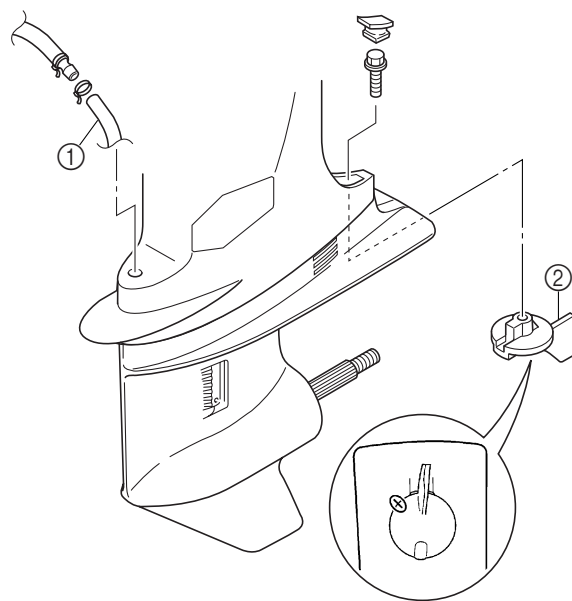


S62Y6485

⚠ WARNING

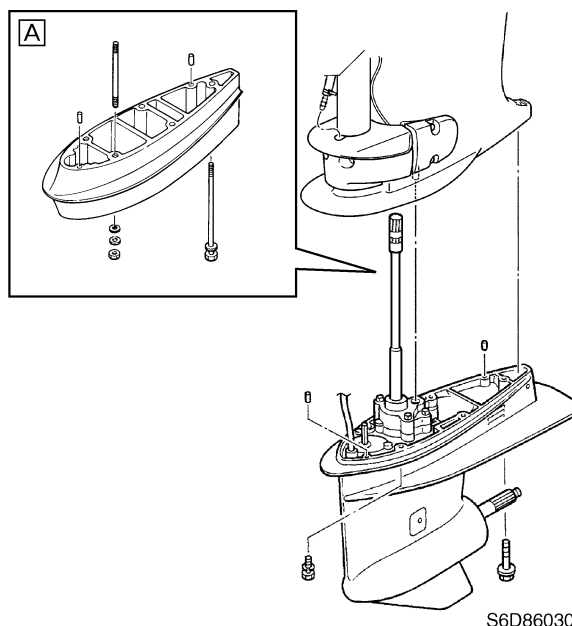
- Do not hold the propeller with your hands when loosening or tightening it.
- Be sure to disconnect the battery leads from the battery and the clip from the engine stop lanyard switch.
- Put a block of wood between the anti-cavitation plate and propeller to keep the propeller from turning.

3. Disconnect the speedometer hose ①.
4. Mark the trim tab ② at the area shown, and then remove it.



S6D86020

5. Loosen the bolts (nuts), and then remove the lower unit from the upper case.



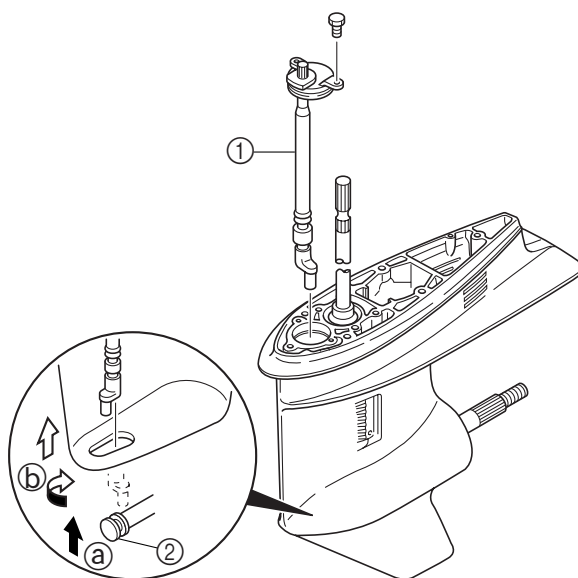
S6D86030

A X-transom model



Removing the water pump and shift rod

1. Remove the water pump housing and impeller.
2. Remove the Woodruff key.
3. Remove the outer plate cartridge and oil seal housing.
4. Remove the shift rod assembly ①.



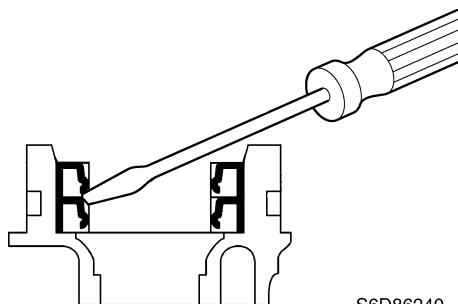
S60C6405

NOTE:

Pull up the shift rod assembly a little (a) to disconnect it from the shift slider (2), turn it clockwise 90° (b), and then remove it.

Disassembling the oil seal housing

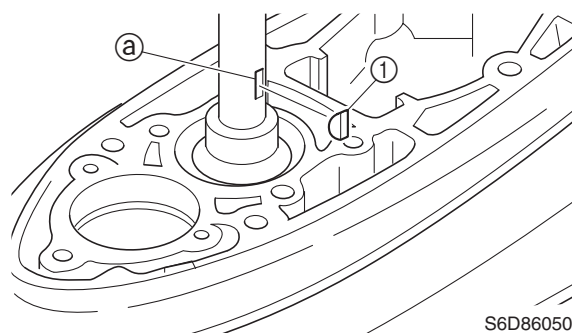
1. Remove the oil seals using a flat head screw driver.



S6D86240

Checking the water pump and shift rod

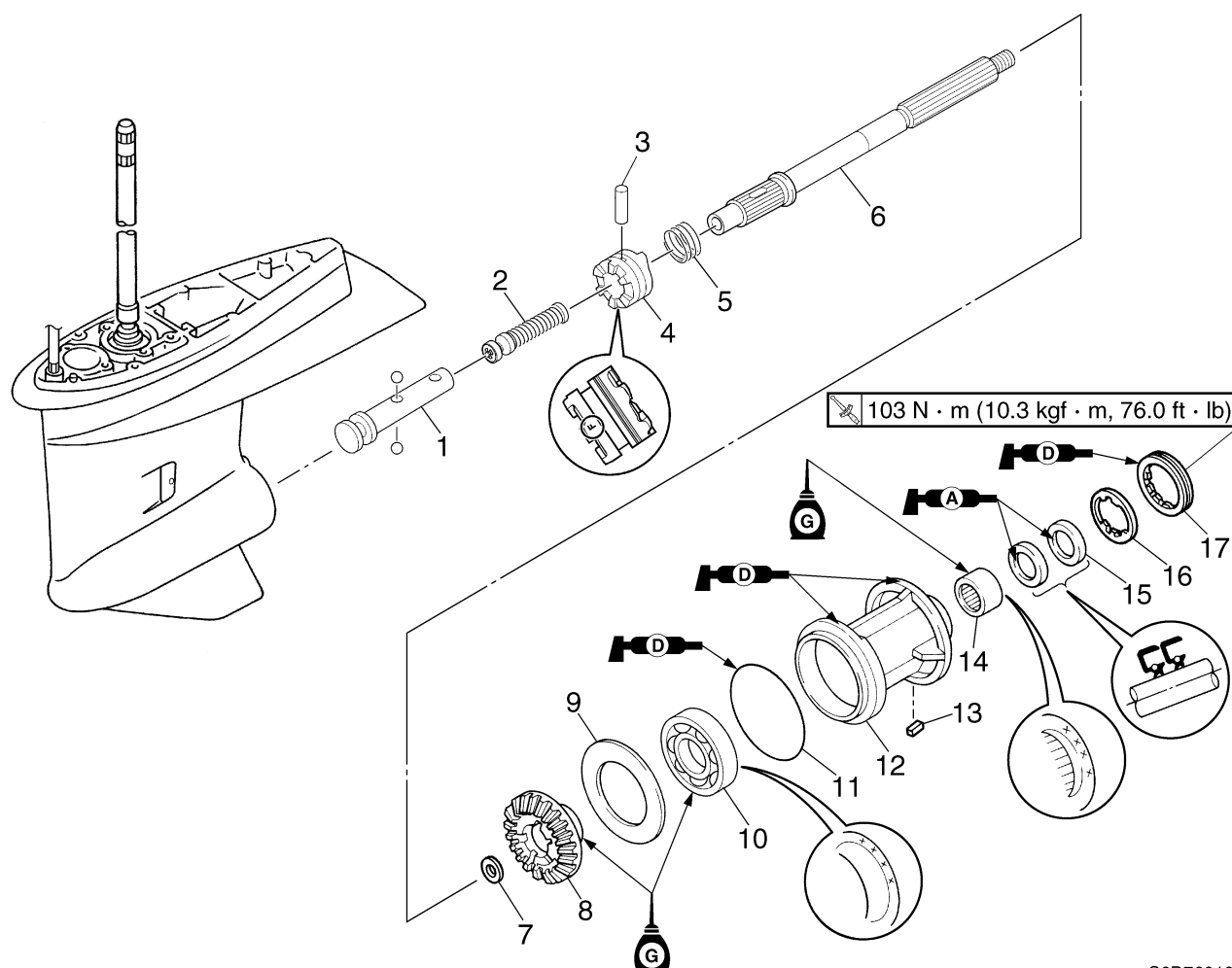
1. Check the water pump housing for deformation. Replace if necessary.
2. Check the impeller and insert cartridge for cracks or wear. Replace if necessary.
3. Check the Woodruff key ① and the groove (a) on the drive shaft for wear. Replace if necessary.



S6D86050

4. Check the shift rod for cracks or wear. Replace if necessary.

Propeller shaft housing



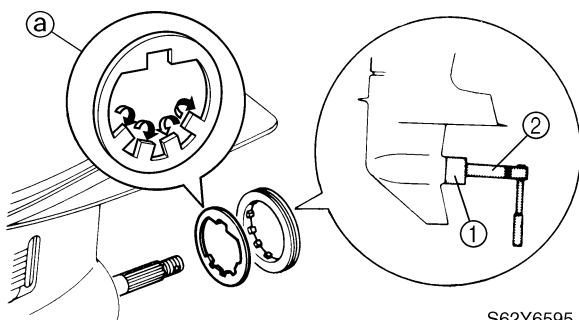
S6D76010

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Slider	1	
2	Shift plunger	1	
3	Cross pin	1	
4	Dog clutch	1	
5	Spring	1	
6	Propeller shaft	1	
7	Washer	1	
8	Reverse gear	1	
9	Thrust washer	1	
10	Ball bearing	1	Not reusable
11	O-ring	1	Not reusable
12	Propeller shaft housing	1	
13	Straight key	1	
14	Needle bearing	1	
15	Oil seal	2	Not reusable
16	Claw washer	1	
17	Ring nut	1	



Removing the propeller shaft housing assembly

1. Straighten the claw washer tabs (a), and then remove the ring nut and claw washer.



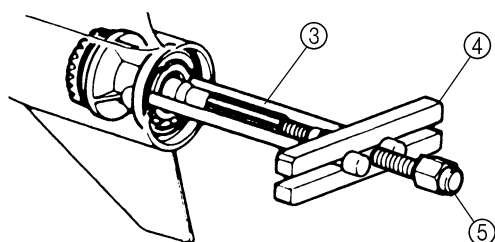
S62Y6595



Ring nut wrench 3 (1): 90890-06511

Ring nut wrench extension (2):
90890-06513

2. Pull out the propeller shaft housing assembly.



S68S6310



Bearing housing puller claw L (3):
90890-06502

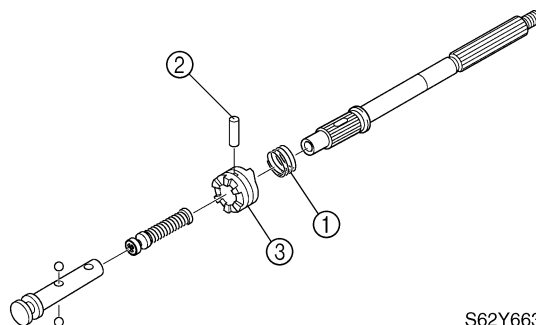
Stopper guide plate (4): 90890-06501

Center bolt (5): 90890-06504

3. Remove the propeller shaft assembly.

Disassembling the propeller shaft assembly

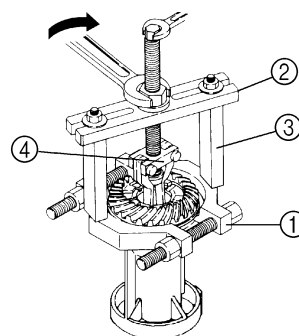
1. Remove the spring (1), and then remove the cross pin (2), dog clutch (3), slider and shift plunger.



S62Y6635

Disassembling the propeller shaft housing

1. Remove the reverse gear and thrust washer.



S6C16440



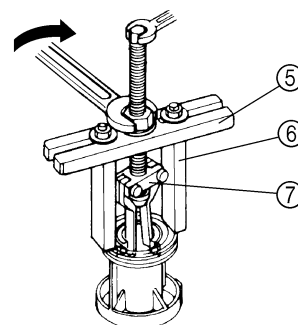
Bearing separator (1): 90890-06534

Stopper guide plate (2): 90890-06501

Stopper guide stand (3):
90890-06538

Bearing puller assembly (4):
90890-06535

2. Remove the ball bearing.



S6C16450

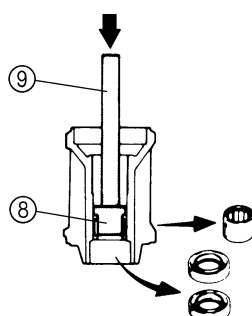
CAUTION:

Do not reuse the bearing, always replace it with a new one.



Stopper guide plate ⑤: 90890-06501
 Stopper guide stand ⑥:
 90890-06538
 Bearing puller assembly ⑦:
 90890-06535

3. Remove the oil seals and needle bearing.



S68S6350



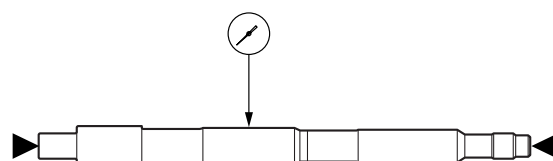
Needle bearing attachment ⑧:
 90890-06612
 Driver rod L3 ⑨: 90890-06652

Checking the propeller shaft housing

1. Clean the propeller shaft housing using a soft brush and cleaning solvent, and then check it for cracks. Replace if necessary.
2. Check the teeth and dogs of the reverse gear for cracks or wear. Replace the gear if necessary.
3. Check the bearings for pitting or rumbling. Replace if necessary.

Checking the propeller shaft

1. Check the propeller shaft for bends or wear. Replace if necessary.
2. Measure the propeller shaft runout.



S6D56510

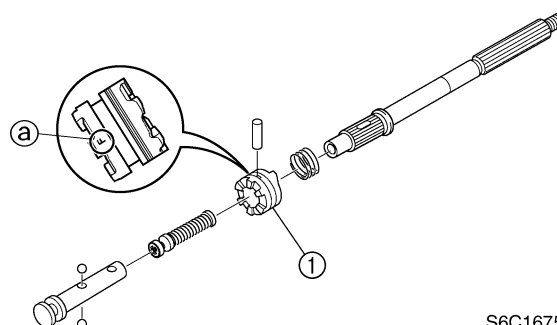


Runout limit: 0.02 mm (0.0008 in)

3. Check the dog clutch and slider for cracks or wear. Replace if necessary.

Assembling the propeller shaft assembly

1. Install the dog clutch as shown.



S6C16750

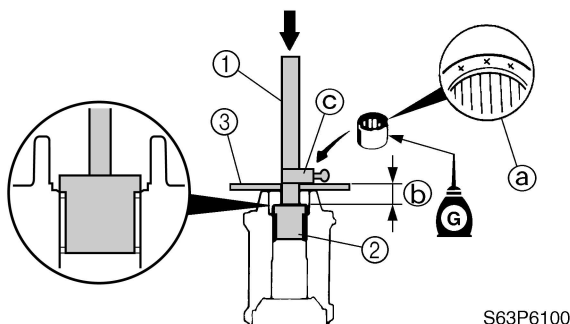
NOTE:

Install the dog clutch ① with the "F" mark ② facing toward the slider.



Assembling the propeller shaft housing

1. Install the needle bearing into the propeller shaft housing to the specified depth.



NOTE:

- Install the needle bearing with the manufacture identification mark (a) facing toward the oil seal (propeller side).
- When using the driver rod, do not strike the special tool in a manner that will force the stopper (c) out of place.

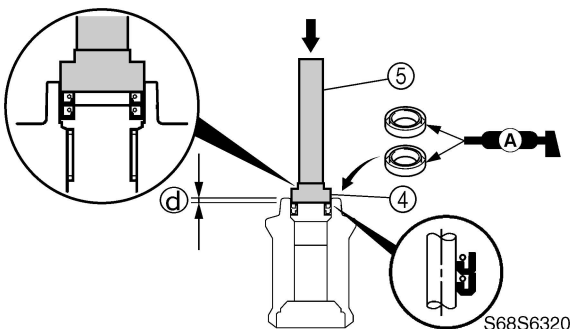


Driver rod SS (1): 90890-06604
Needle bearing attachment (2): 90890-06612
Bearing depth plate (3): 90890-06603



Depth (b): 25.25 ± 0.25 mm (0.99 ± 0.01 in)

2. Apply grease to the new oil seals, and then install them into the propeller shaft housing to the specified depth.



NOTE:

Install an oil seal halfway into the propeller shaft housing, then the other oil seal.

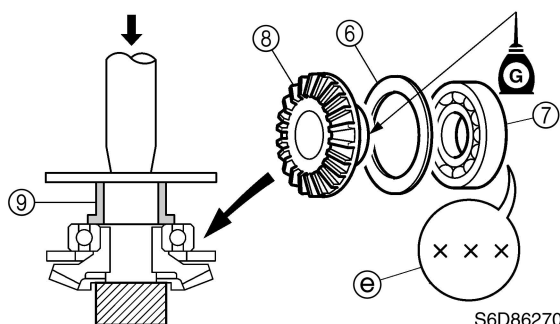


Ball bearing attachment (4): 90890-06655
Driver rod LS (5): 90890-06606



Depth (d): 5.0 ± 0.5 mm (0.20 ± 0.02 in)

3. Install the thrust washer (6) and new ball bearing (7) to the reverse gear (8) using a press.



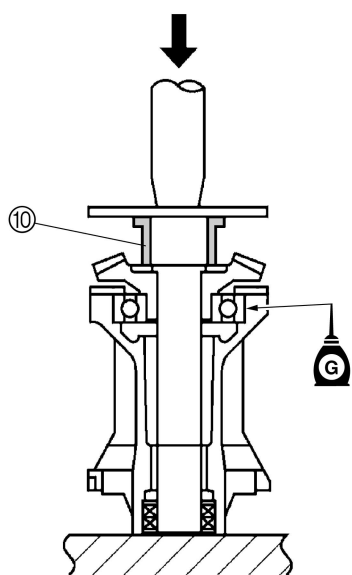
NOTE:

Install the ball bearing with the manufacture identification mark (e) facing outward (propeller side).



Bearing inner race attachment (9): 90890-06639

4. Install the reverse gear assembly into the propeller shaft housing using a press.



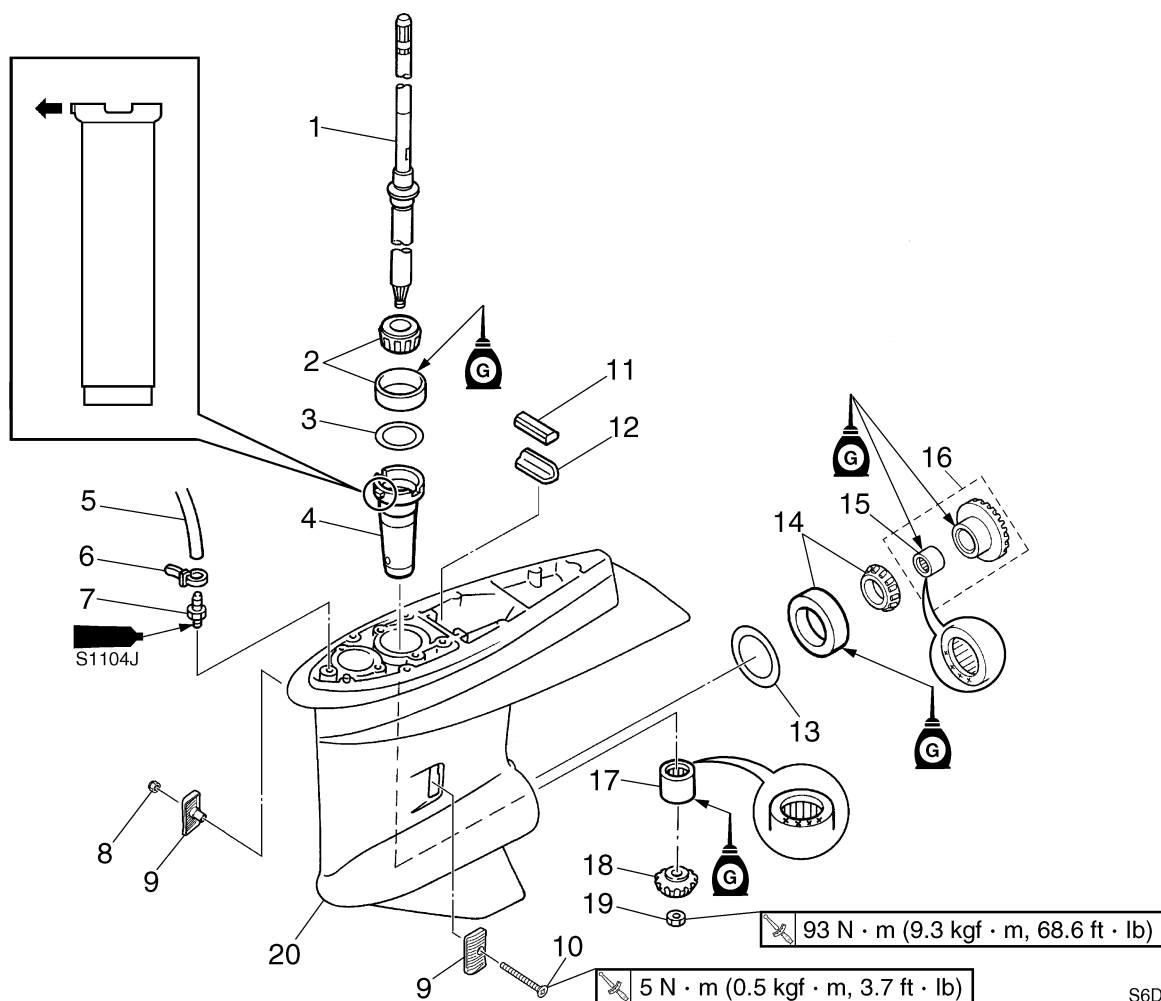
S6C16470



Bearing inner race attachment ⑩:
90890-06661



Drive shaft and lower case



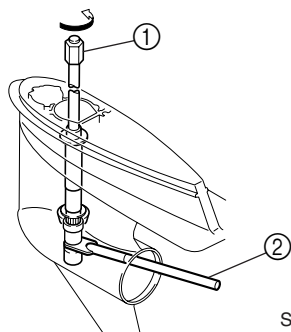
S6D86080

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Drive shaft	1	
2	Taper roller bearing	1	Not reusable
3	Pinion shim	—	
4	Sleeve	1	
5	Hose	1	
6	Plastic tie	1	Not reusable
7	Joint	1	
8	Nut	1	
9	Cooling water inlet cover	2	
10	Screw	1	ø5 × 40 mm
11	Seal	1	
12	Plate	1	
13	Forward gear shim	—	
14	Taper roller bearing	1	Not reusable
15	Needle bearing	1	Not reusable
16	Forward gear assembly	1	
17	Needle bearing	1	



Removing the drive shaft

1. Remove the drive shaft assembly and pinion, and then pull out the forward gear.



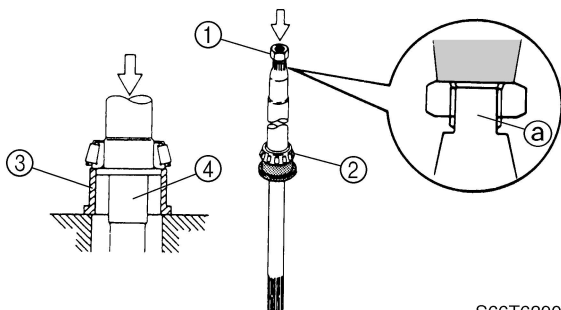
S68S6360J



Drive shaft holder 5 (1): 90890-06519
Pinion nut holder (2):
New: 90890-06715
Current: 90890-06505

Disassembling the drive shaft

1. Install the pinion nut (1), tighten it finger tight, and then remove the drive shaft bearing (2) using a press.



S66T6390

CAUTION:

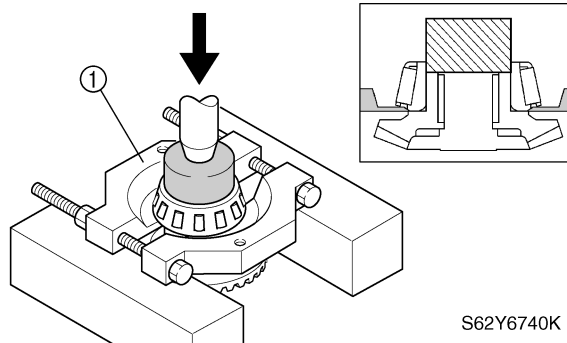
- Do not press the drive shaft threads (a) directly.
- When removing the drive shaft bearing, do not damage the drive shaft collar (4).
- Do not reuse the bearing, always replace it with a new one.



Bearing inner race attachment (3):
90890-06639

Disassembling the forward gear

1. Remove the taper roller bearing from the forward gear using a press.



S62Y6740K

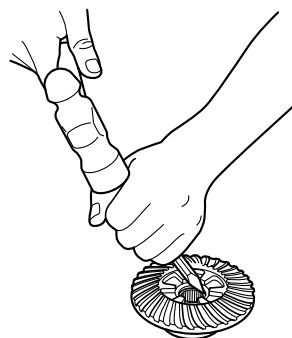
CAUTION:

Do not reuse the bearing, always replace it with a new one.



Bearing separator (1): 90890-06534

2. Remove the needle bearing from the forward gear.



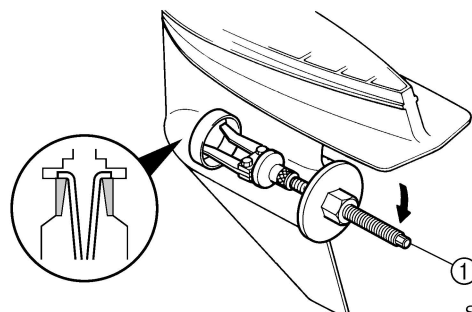
S68S6160

CAUTION:

Do not reuse the bearing, always replace it with a new one.

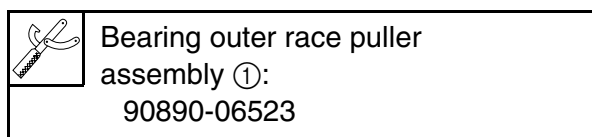
Disassembling the lower case

1. Remove the taper roller bearing outer race and shim(s).

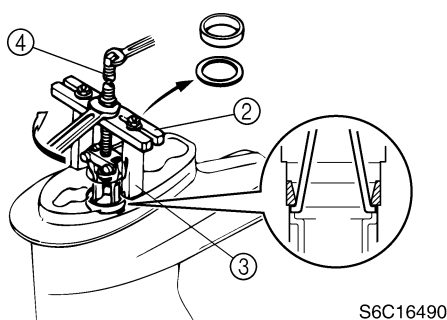


S68S6370

NOTE: _____
Install the claws as shown.



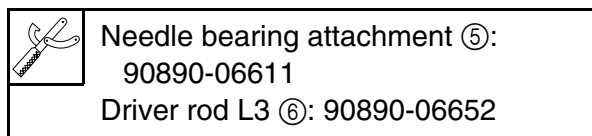
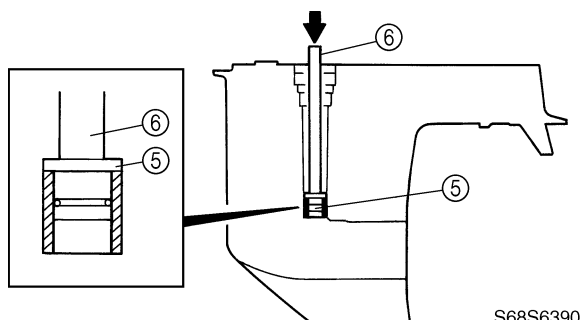
2. Remove the drive shaft bearing outer race, shim(s), and drive shaft sleeve.



NOTE: _____
Install the claws as shown.



3. Remove the needle bearing.



Checking the pinion and forward gear

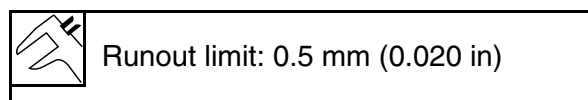
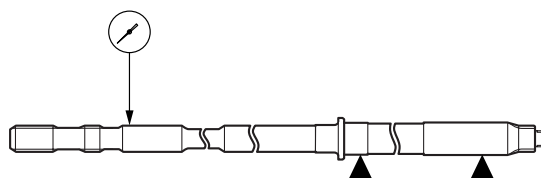
1. Check the teeth of the pinion, and the teeth and dogs of the forward gear for cracks or wear. Replace if necessary.

Checking the bearings

1. Check the bearings for pitting or rumbling. Replace if necessary.

Checking the drive shaft

1. Check the drive shaft for bends or wear. Replace if necessary.
2. Measure the drive shaft runout.



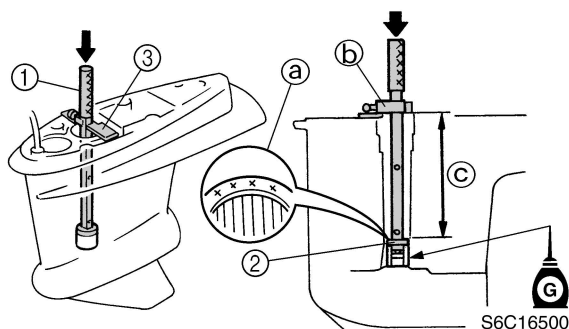
Checking the lower case

1. Check the skeg and torpedo for cracks or damage. Replace the lower case if necessary.



Assembling the lower case

1. Install the needle bearing into the lower case to the specified depth.



NOTE:

- Install the needle bearing with the manufacture identification mark (a) facing upward.
- When using the driver rod, do not strike the special tool in a manner that will force the stopper (b) out of place.

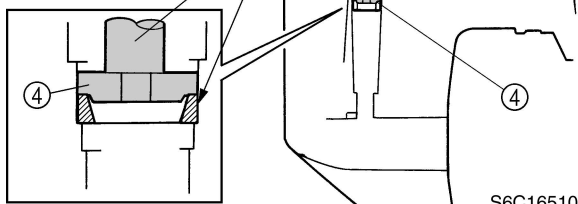
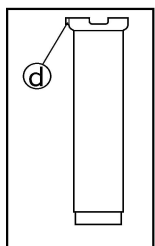


Driver rod SL (1): 90890-06602
Needle bearing attachment (2): 90890-06611
Bearing depth plate (3): 90890-06603



Depth (C):
 $188.1 \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$ ($7.41 \pm 0.02 \text{ in}$)

2. Install the sleeve, original shim(s), and taper roller bearing outer race.



CAUTION:

Add or remove shim(s), if necessary, if replacing the taper roller bearing or lower case.

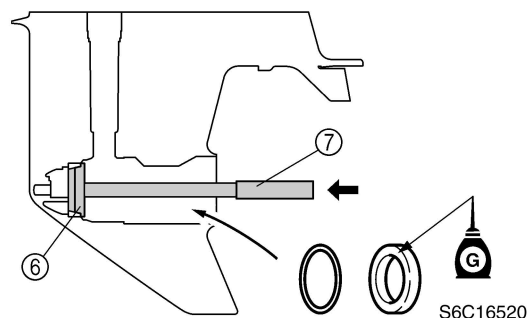
NOTE:

- Apply the gear oil to the inside and outside of the sleeve before installation.
- Install the sleeve by facing the projection (d) forward.



Bearing outer race attachment (4): 90890-06626
Driver rod LL (5): 90890-06605

3. Install the original shim(s) and taper roller bearing outer race.



CAUTION:

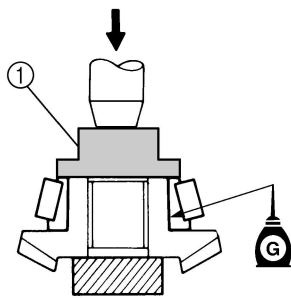
Add or remove shim(s), if necessary, if replacing the taper roller bearing or lower case.



Bearing outer race attachment (6): 90890-06621
Driver rod LL (7): 90890-06605

Assembling the forward gear

1. Install a new taper roller bearing into the forward gear using a press.

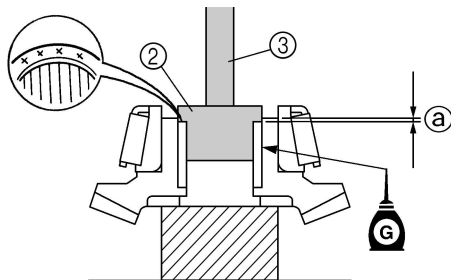


S6C16530



Needle bearing attachment ①:
90890-06607

2. Install a new needle bearing into the forward gear to the specified depth.



S6C16540



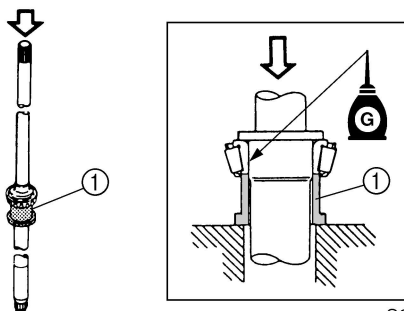
Needle bearing attachment ②:
90890-06614
Driver rod L3 ③: 90890-06652



Depth ②:
 $1.20 \pm 0.25 \text{ mm}$ ($0.05 \pm 0.01 \text{ in}$)

Assembling the drive shaft

1. Install a new drive shaft bearing into the drive shaft using a press.



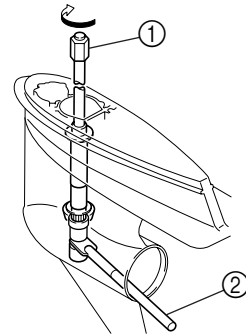
S6D56240



Bearing inner race attachment ①:
90890-06643

Installing the drive shaft

1. Install the forward gear, then the drive shaft assembly, pinion, and pinion nut, and then tighten the nut to the specified torque.



S68S6400



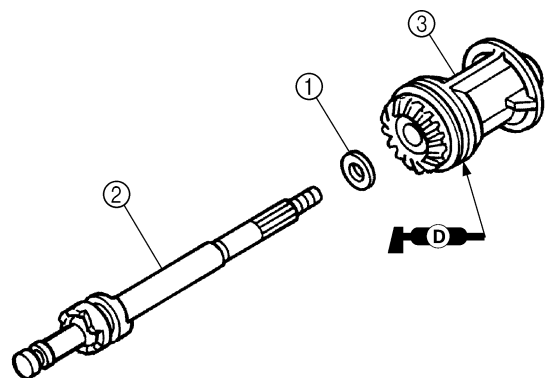
Drive shaft holder 5 ①: 90890-06519
Pinion nut holder ②:
New: 90890-06715
Current: 90890-06505



Pinion nut:
93 N·m (9.3 kgf·m, 68.6 ft·lb)

Installing the propeller shaft housing

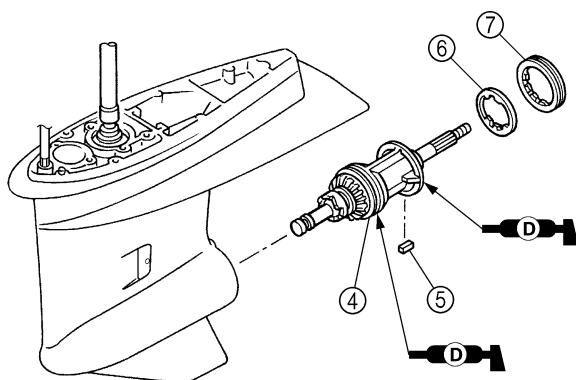
1. Install the washer ① and propeller shaft assembly ② into the propeller shaft housing assembly ③.
2. Apply grease to a new O-ring.



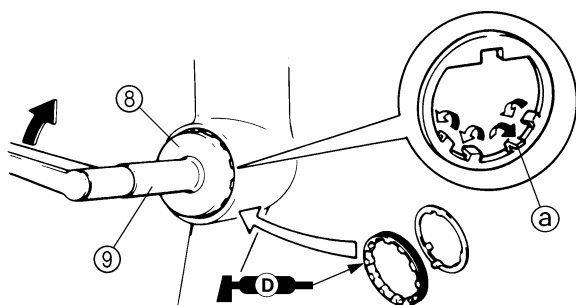
S62Y6705



3. Install the propeller shaft housing assembly ④ into the lower case, and then install the straight key ⑤, claw washer ⑥, and ring nut ⑦.
4. Tighten the ring nut to the specified torque.



S62Y6710



S62Y6715

NOTE:

- To secure the ring nut, bend one tab (a) of the claw washer into a slot in the ring nut.
- Bend all other tabs toward the propeller shaft housing assembly.



Ring nut wrench 3 (8): 90890-06511

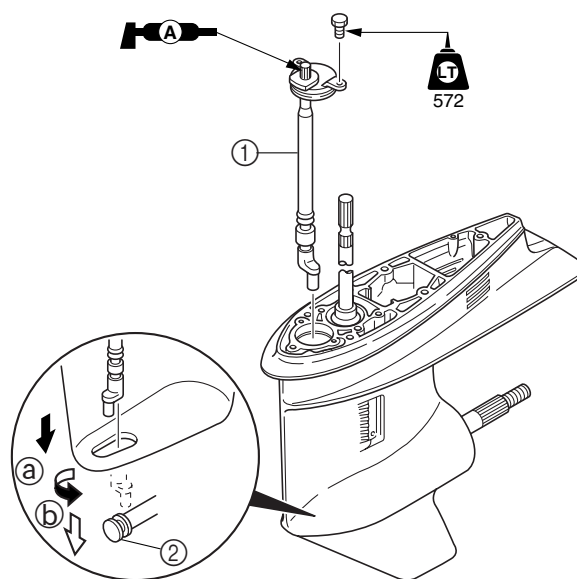
Ring nut wrench extension (9):
90890-06513



Ring nut (7):
103 N·m (10.3 kgf·m, 76.0 ft·lb)

Installing the water pump and shift rod

1. Install the shift rod assembly ①.

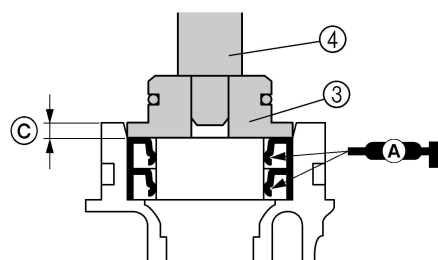


S60C6430

NOTE:

Install the shift rod assembly into the lower case, turn it counterclockwise 90° (a), and then push it down (b) to connect it to the shift slider (2).

2. Install new oil seals into the oil seal housing as shown.



S6C16560

NOTE:

Install an oil seal halfway into the oil seal housing, then the other oil seal.



Ball bearing attachment (3):

90890-06655

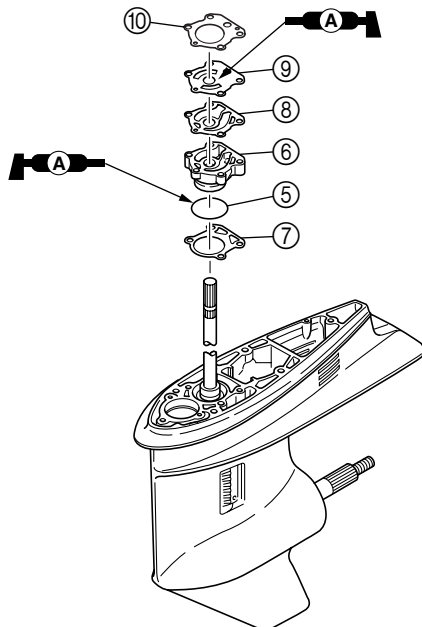
Driver rod LS (4): 90890-06606



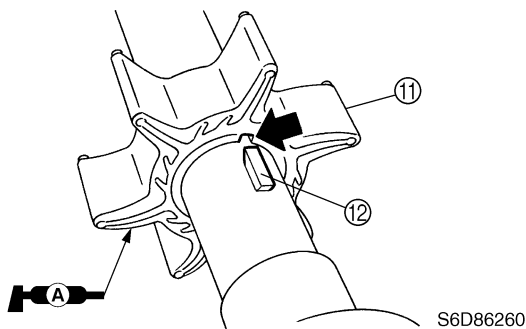
Depth (C):

4.0 ± 0.5 mm (0.16 ± 0.02 in)

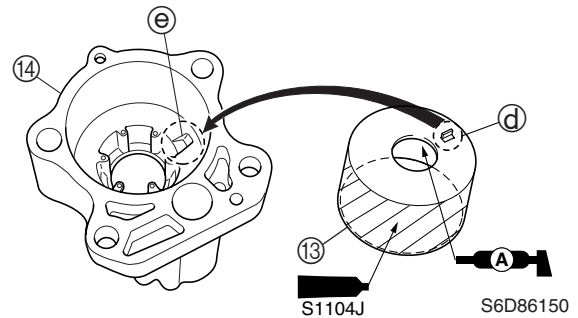
3. Install a new O-ring ⑤ onto the oil seal housing ⑥.
4. Install a new gasket ⑦, the oil seal housing ⑥, a new gasket ⑧, the outer plate cartridge ⑨, and a new gasket ⑩.



5. Install the Woodruff key into the drive shaft.
6. Align the groove on the impeller ⑪ with the Woodruff key ⑫, and then install the impeller onto the drive shaft.

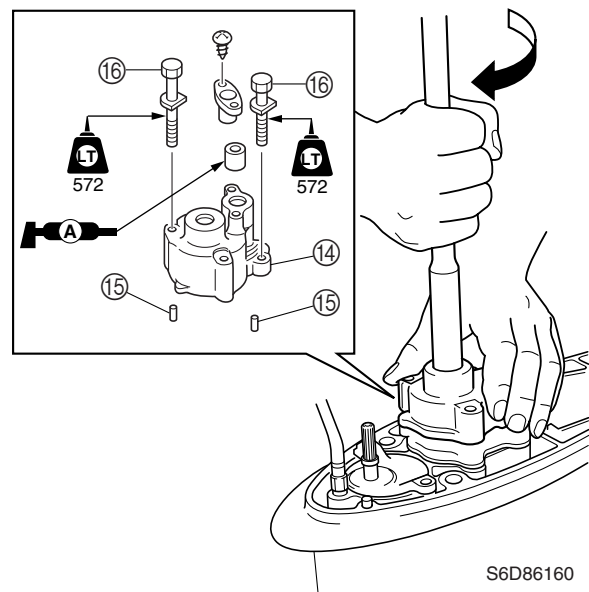


7. Install the insert cartridge ⑬ into the water pump housing ⑭.



NOTE: Align the insert cartridge projection ① with the hole ② in the water pump housing.

8. Install the dowels ⑮, and the water pump housing ⑭ onto the lower case.
9. Install and tighten the bolts ⑯.



NOTE:

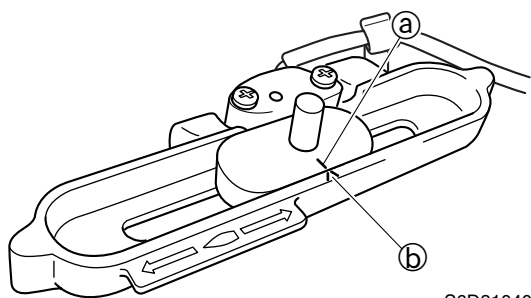
- Apply grease to the inside of the water pump housing before installation.
- To install the water pump housing, push down on the pump housing, and then turn the drive shaft clockwise.

Installing the lower unit

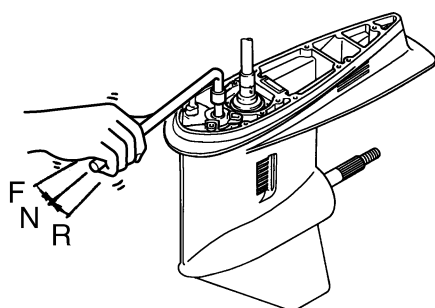
1. Set the gear shift to the neutral position at the lower unit.



- Align the alignment mark (a) on the bushing with the alignment mark (b) on the bracket.



S6D81040

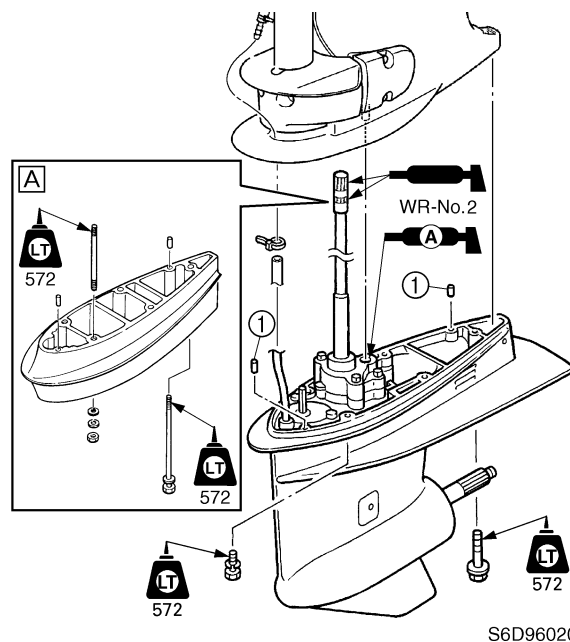


S6D86280



Shift rod push arm: 90890-06052

- Install the dowels (1) into the lower unit.
- Install the lower unit into the upper case, and then tighten the lower case mounting bolts (nuts) to the specified torque.



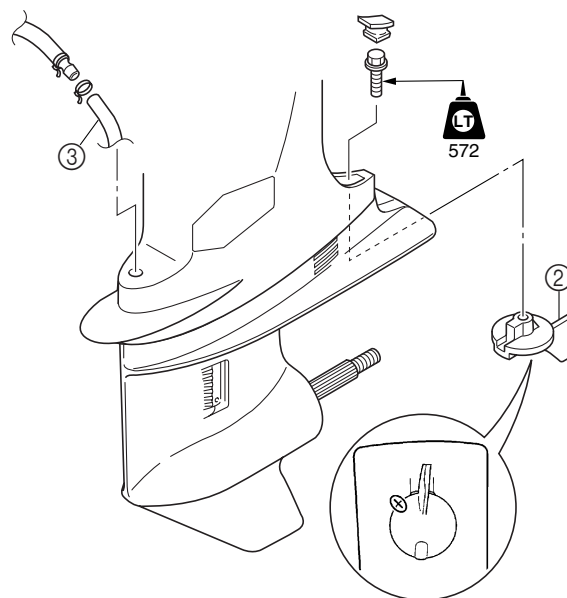
S6D96020

A X-transom model



Lower case mounting bolt (nut):
39 N·m (3.9 kgf·m, 28.8 ft·lb)

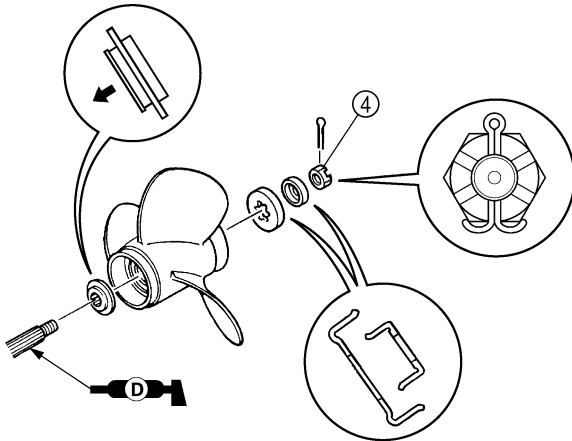
- Install the trim tab (2) to its original position, and then connect the speedometer hose (3).



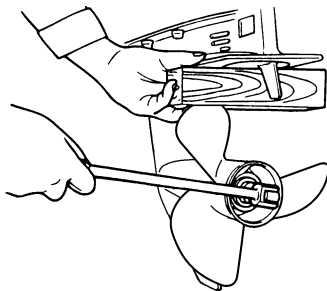
S6D86180

6. Install the propeller and propeller nut, and then tighten the nut finger tight. Place a block of wood between the anti-cavitation plate and propeller to keep the propeller from turning, and then tighten the nut to the specified torque.

7. Fill the gear oil to the correct level.



S6C16660



S69J6340

⚠ WARNING

- Do not hold the propeller with your hands when loosening or tightening it.
- Be sure to disconnect the battery leads from the battery and the clip from the engine stop lanyard switch.
- Put a block of wood between the anti-cavitation plate and propeller to keep the propeller from turning.

NOTE:

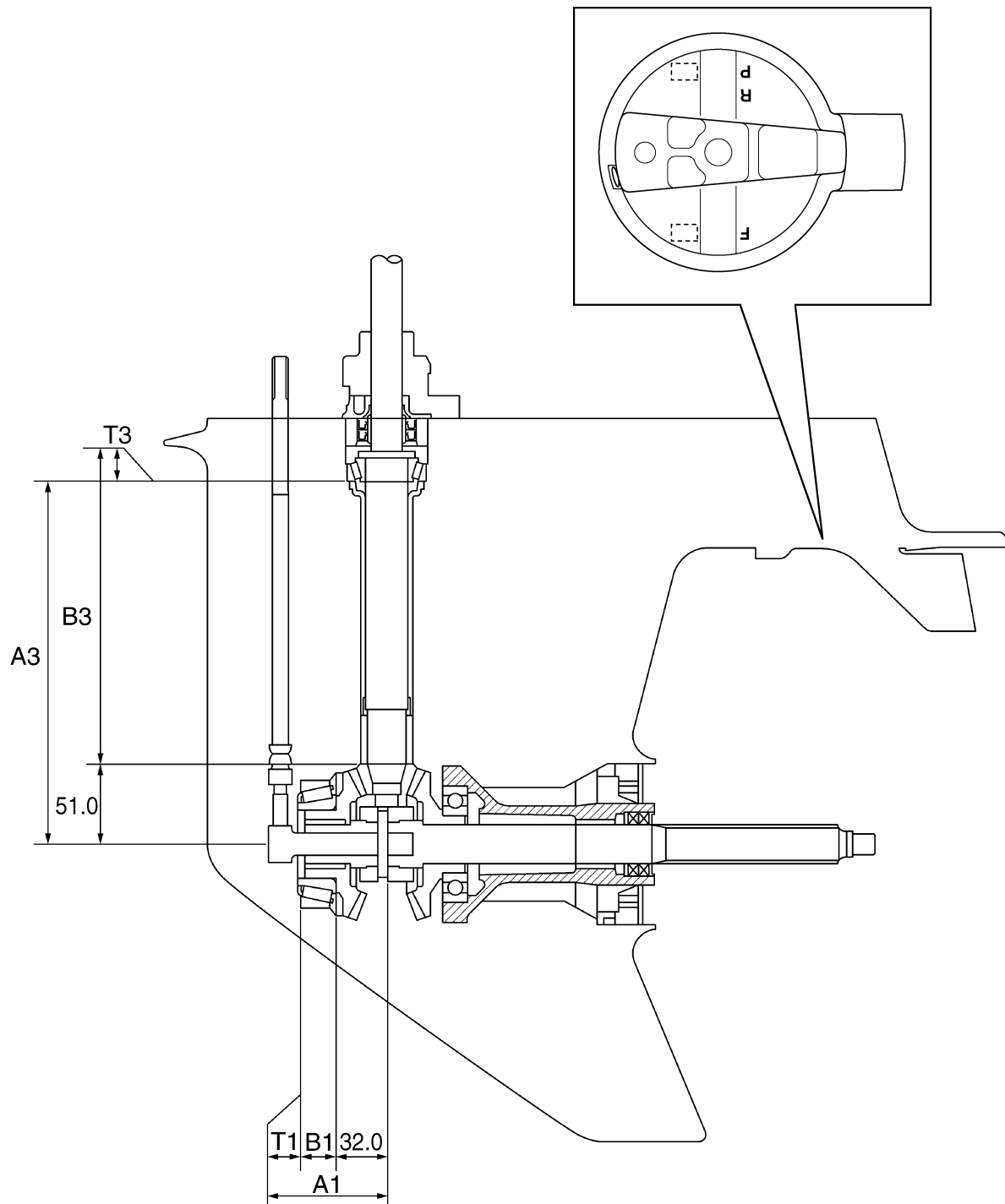
If the grooves in the propeller nut ④ do not align with the cotter pin hole, tighten the nut until they are aligned.



Propeller nut ④:
34 N·m (3.4 kgf·m, 25.1 ft·lb)



Shimming



S6D86290

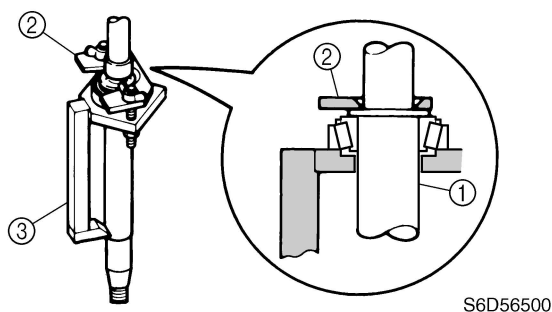
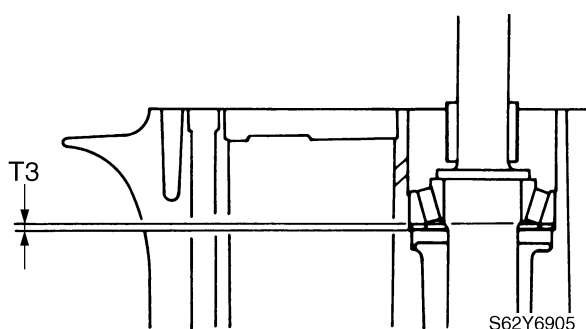
Shimming

NOTE:

- Shimming is not required when assembling the original lower case and inner parts.
- Shimming is required when assembling the original inner parts and a new lower case.
- Shimming is required when replacing the inner part(s).

Selecting the pinion shims

1. Install the special service tool onto the drive shaft ① and drive shaft bearing.



NOTE:

- Select the shim thickness (T3) by using the specified measurement(s) and the calculation formula.
- Install the special service tool to the drive shaft so that the shaft is at the center of the hole.
- Tighten the wing nuts another 1/4 of a turn after they contact the plate ②.



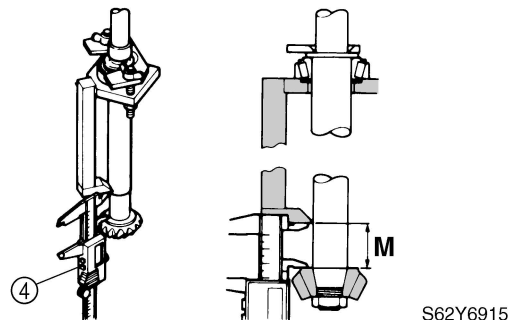
Pinion height gauge ③:
90890-06710

2. Install the pinion and pinion nut, and then tighten the nut to the specified torque.



Pinion nut:
93 N·m (9.3 kgf·m, 68.6 ft·lb)

3. Measure the distance (M) between the special service tool and the pinion as shown.



NOTE:

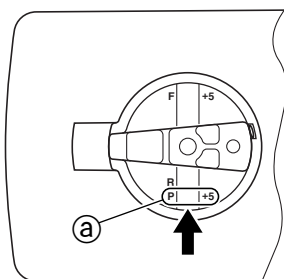
Measure the pinion at three points to find the clearance average.



Digital caliper ④: 90890-06704



4. Calculate the pinion shim thickness (T3) as shown in the examples below.



S68S6250

NOTE:

“P” is the deviation of the lower case dimension from standard. The “P” mark ③ is stamped on the trim tab mounting surface of the lower case in 0.01 mm units. If the “P” mark unreadable, assume that “P” is zero and check the backlash when the unit is assembled.

$$\text{Pinion shim thickness (T3)} = M - 31.50 \text{ mm} - P/100$$

Example:

If “M” is “32.10 mm” and “P” is “+5”, then
 $T3 = 32.10 - 31.50 - (+5)/100 \text{ mm}$
 $= 0.60 - 0.05 \text{ mm} = 0.55 \text{ mm}$

If “M” is “32.10 mm” and “P” is “-5”, then
 $T3 = 32.10 - 31.50 - (-5)/100 \text{ mm}$
 $= 0.60 + 0.05 \text{ mm} = 0.65 \text{ mm}$

5. Select the pinion shim(s) (T3) as follows.

Calculated numeral at 1/100 place	Rounded numeral
0, 1	2
2, 3, 4	5
5, 6, 7	8
8, 9	10

Available shim thicknesses:
 0.10, 0.12, 0.15, 0.18, 0.30, 0.40, and 0.50 mm

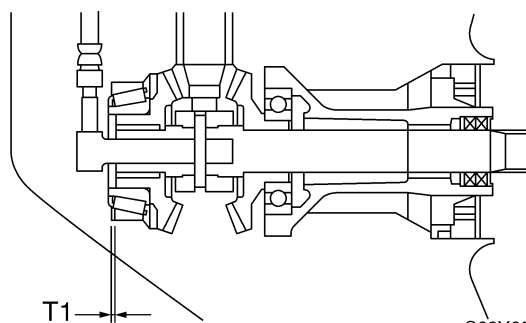
Example:

If “T3” is “0.55 mm”, then the pinion shim is 0.58 mm.

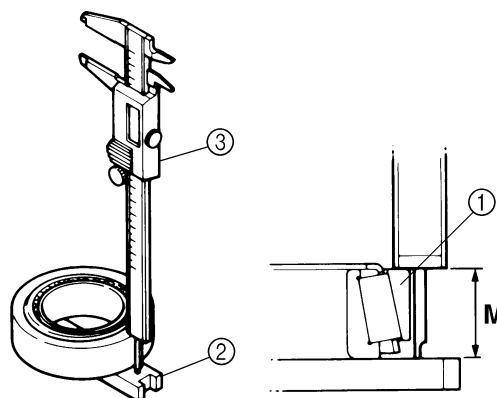
If “T3” is “0.64 mm”, then the pinion shim is 0.65 mm.

Selecting the forward gear shims

1. Turn the taper roller bearing outer race ① two or three times to seat the rollers, and then measure the bearing height (M) as shown.



S62Y6925



S62Y6930

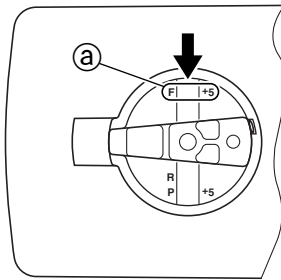
NOTE:

- Select the shim thickness (T1) by using the specified measurement(s) and the calculation formula.
- Measure the bearing outer race at three points to find the height average.



Shimming plate ②: 90890-06701
 Digital caliper ③: 90890-06704

2. Calculate the forward gear shim thickness (T1) as shown in the examples below.



S68S6260

NOTE: "F" is the deviation of the lower case dimension from standard. The "F" mark ^a is stamped on the trim tab mounting surface of the lower case in 0.01 mm units. If the "F" mark unreadable, assume that "F" is zero and check the backlash when the unit is assembled.

$$\text{Forward gear shim thickness (T1)} = 24.42 + F/100 - M$$

Example:

If "M" is "24.00 mm" and "F" is "+5", then

$$T1 = 24.42 + (+5)/100 - 24.00 \text{ mm} \\ = 0.42 + 0.05 \text{ mm} = 0.47 \text{ mm}$$

If "M" is "24.00 mm" and "F" is "-5", then

$$T1 = 24.42 + (-5)/100 - 24.00 \text{ mm} \\ = 0.42 - 0.05 \text{ mm} = 0.37 \text{ mm}$$

3. Select the forward gear shim(s) (T1) as follows.

Calculated numeral at 1/100 place	Rounded numeral
1, 2	0
3, 4, 5	2
6, 7, 8	5
9, 10	8

Available shim thicknesses:
0.10, 0.12, 0.15, 0.18, 0.30, 0.40, and 0.50 mm

Example:

If "T1" is "0.47 mm", then the forward gear shim is 0.45 mm.

If "T1" is "0.50 mm", then the forward gear shim is 0.48 mm.

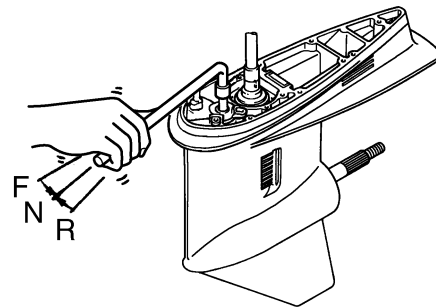
Backlash

Measuring the forward gear backlash

1. Remove the water pump assembly.

NOTE: Do not remove the oil seal housing in this procedure.

2. Set the gear shift to the neutral position at the lower unit.



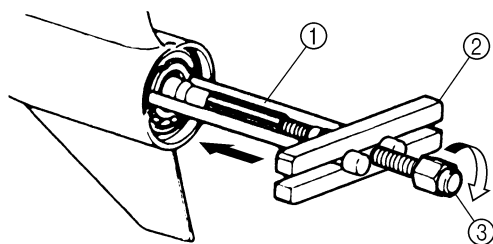
S6D86280



Shift rod push arm: 90890-06052



3. Install the special service tool so that it pushes against the propeller shaft.



S60X6370

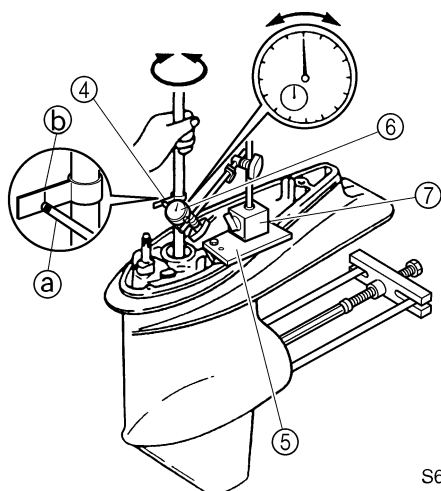
NOTE:

Tighten the center bolt while turning the drive shaft until the drive shaft can no longer be turned.



Bearing housing puller claw L ①:
90890-06502
Stopper guide plate ②: 90890-06501
Center bolt ③: 90890-06504

4. Install the backlash indicator onto the drive shaft (20 mm [0.79 in] in diameter), then the dial gauge onto the lower unit.



S6C16760

NOTE:

Install the dial gauge so that the plunger ① contacts the mark ② on the backlash indicator.



Backlash indicator ④: 90890-06706
Magnet base plate ⑤: 90890-07003
Dial gauge set ⑥: 90890-01252
Magnetic base B ⑦: 90890-06844

5. Slowly turn the drive shaft clockwise and counterclockwise and measure the backlash when the drive shaft stops in each direction.



Forward gear backlash:
0.28–0.63 mm (0.0110–0.0248 in)

6. Add or remove shims if out of specification.

Forward gear backlash	Shim thickness
Less than 0.28 mm (0.0110 in)	To be decreased by $(0.46 - M) \times 0.56$
More than 0.63 mm (0.0248 in)	To be increased by $(M - 0.46) \times 0.56$

M: Measurement

Available shim thicknesses:

0.10, 0.12, 0.15, 0.18, 0.30, 0.40, and
0.50 mm

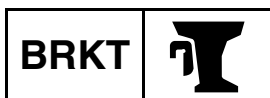
7. Remove the special service tools and then install the water pump assembly.

— MEMO —

Bracket unit

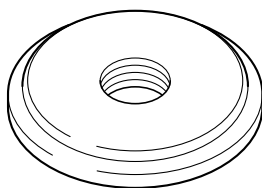
Special service tools	7-1
Shift rod	7-2
Bottom cowling	7-3
Upper case.....	7-6
Removing the upper case.....	7-12
Disassembling the oil pump.....	7-12
Checking the oil pump	7-12
Assembling the oil pump	7-12
Disassembling the upper case	7-13
Checking the drive shaft bushing	7-13
Disassembling the oil pan.....	7-13
Checking the oil strainer	7-14
Assembling the oil pan	7-14
Assembling the upper case	7-15
Installing the upper case.....	7-15
Steering arm	7-17
Removing the steering arm	7-18
Installing the steering arm	7-18
Clamp brackets and swivel bracket	7-19
Removing the clamp brackets	7-21
Installing the clamp brackets	7-21
Adjusting the trim sensor	7-21
Power trim and tilt unit	7-23
Removing the power trim and tilt unit	7-24
Power trim and tilt motor.....	7-25
Disassembling the power trim and tilt motor.....	7-27
Checking the power trim and tilt motor	7-27
Assembling the power trim and tilt motor	7-29
Gear pump	7-30
Disassembling the gear pump	7-33
Checking the gear pump	7-33
Assembling the gear pump.....	7-33

Tilt cylinder and trim cylinder	7-35
Disassembling the trim cylinder	7-38
Disassembling the tilt cylinder	7-38
Checking the tilt cylinder and trim cylinder	7-39
Checking the valves	7-39
Assembling the tilt cylinder	7-39
Assembling the power trim and tilt unit	7-41
Bleeding the power trim and tilt unit	7-43
Installing the power trim and tilt unit	7-44
Bleeding the power trim and tilt unit (built-in)	7-44
 Power trim and tilt electrical system	 7-45
Checking the fuse	7-45
Checking the power trim and tilt relay	7-45
Checking the power trim and tilt switch	7-46
Checking the trim sensor	7-47

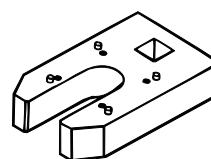


Bracket unit

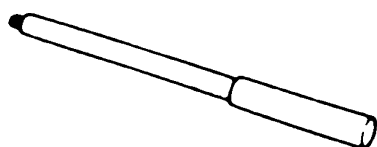
Special service tools



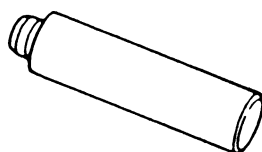
Bearing outer race attachment
90890-06625, 90890-06628



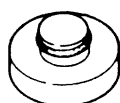
Cylinder-end screw wrench
New: 90890-06568
Current: 90890-06544



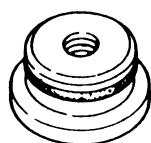
Driver rod LL
90890-06605
Driver rod L3
90890-06652



Driver rod LS
90890-06606

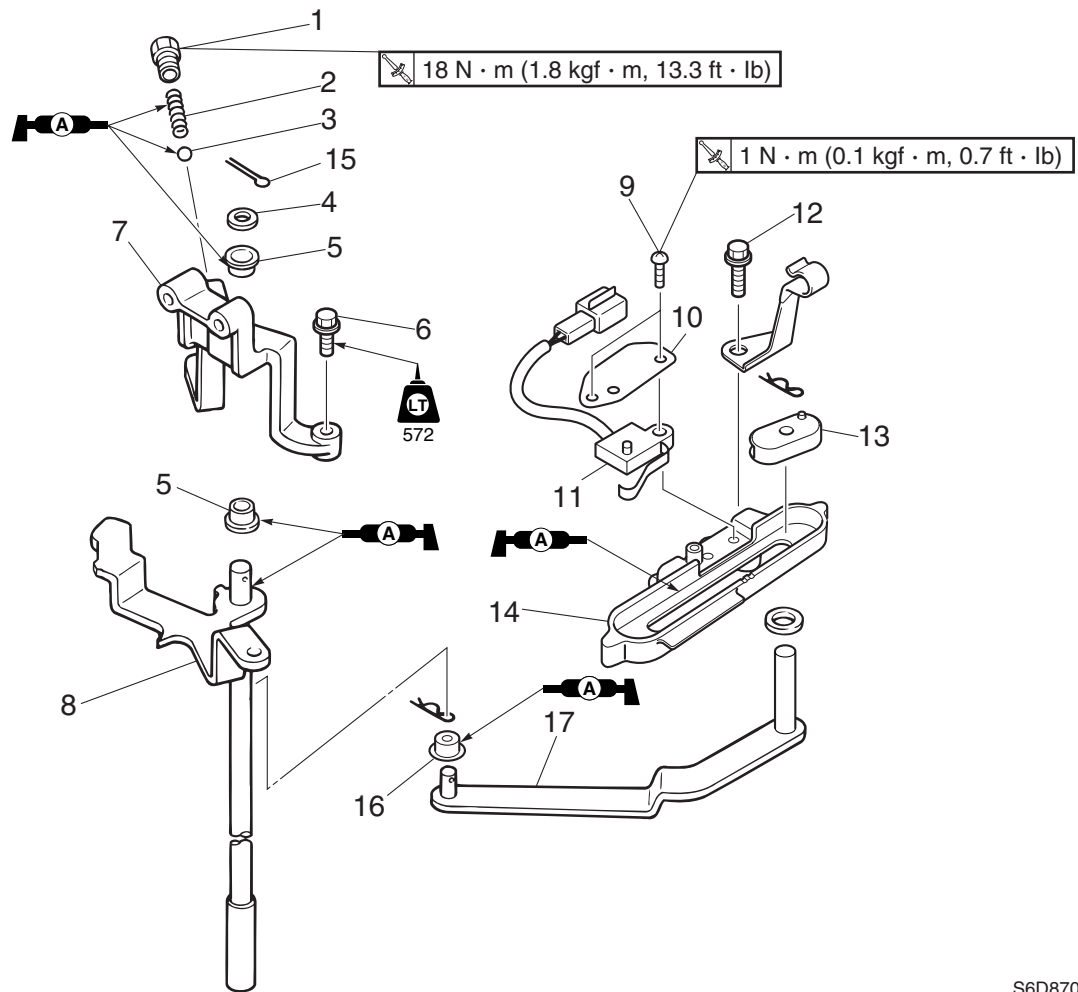


Ball bearing attachment
90890-06638



Needle bearing attachment
90890-06612, 90890-06653

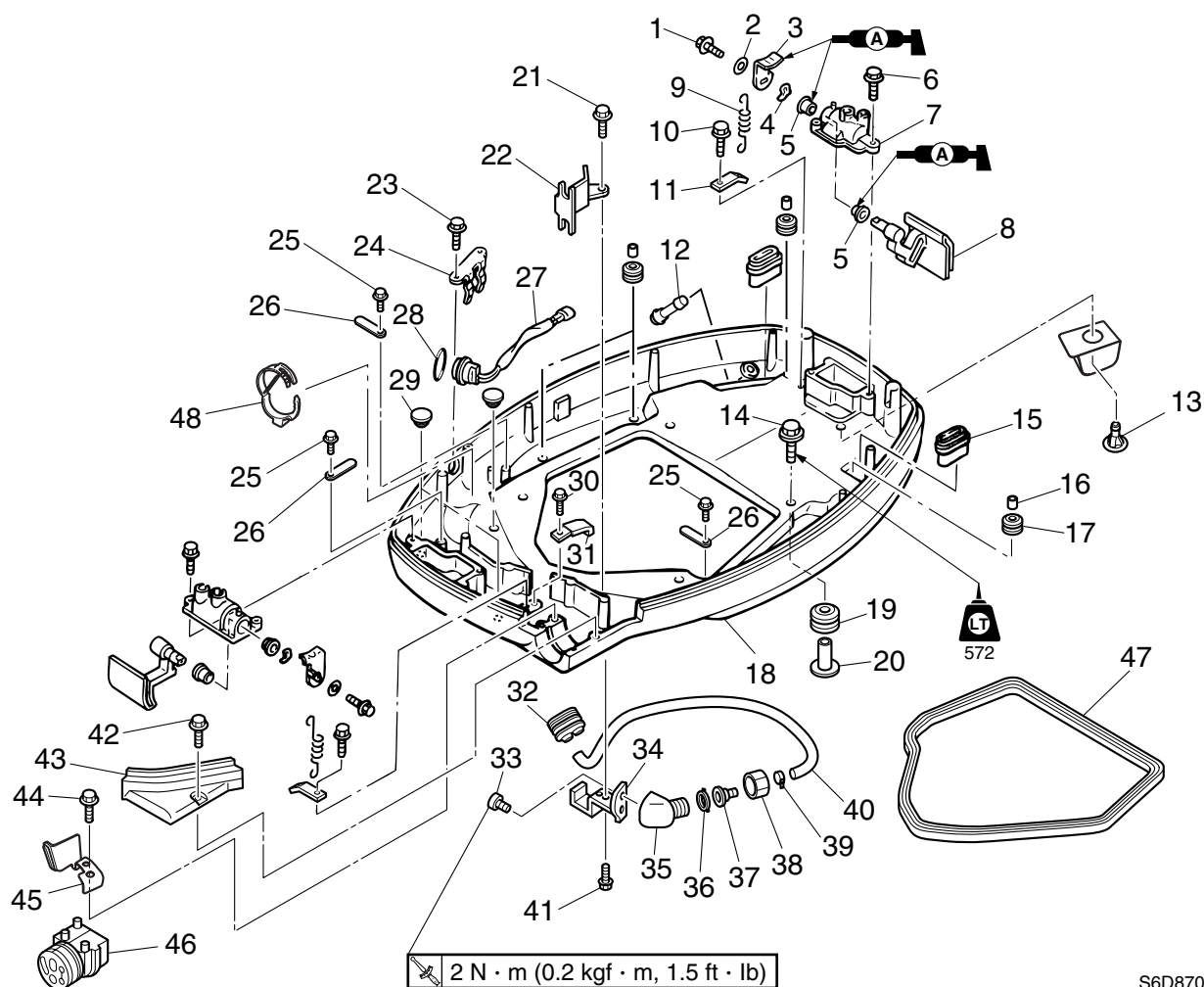
Shift rod



S6D87010

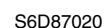
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Bolt	1	
2	Spring	1	
3	Ball	1	
4	Washer	1	
5	Bushing	2	
6	Bolt	2	M6 × 25 mm
7	Bracket	1	
8	Shift rod	1	
9	Screw	2	ø4 × 16 mm
10	Plate	1	
11	Shift position switch	1	
12	Bolt	2	M6 × 50 mm
13	Bushing	1	
14	Bracket	1	
15	Cotter pin	1	Not reusable
16	Bushing	1	
17	Lever	1	

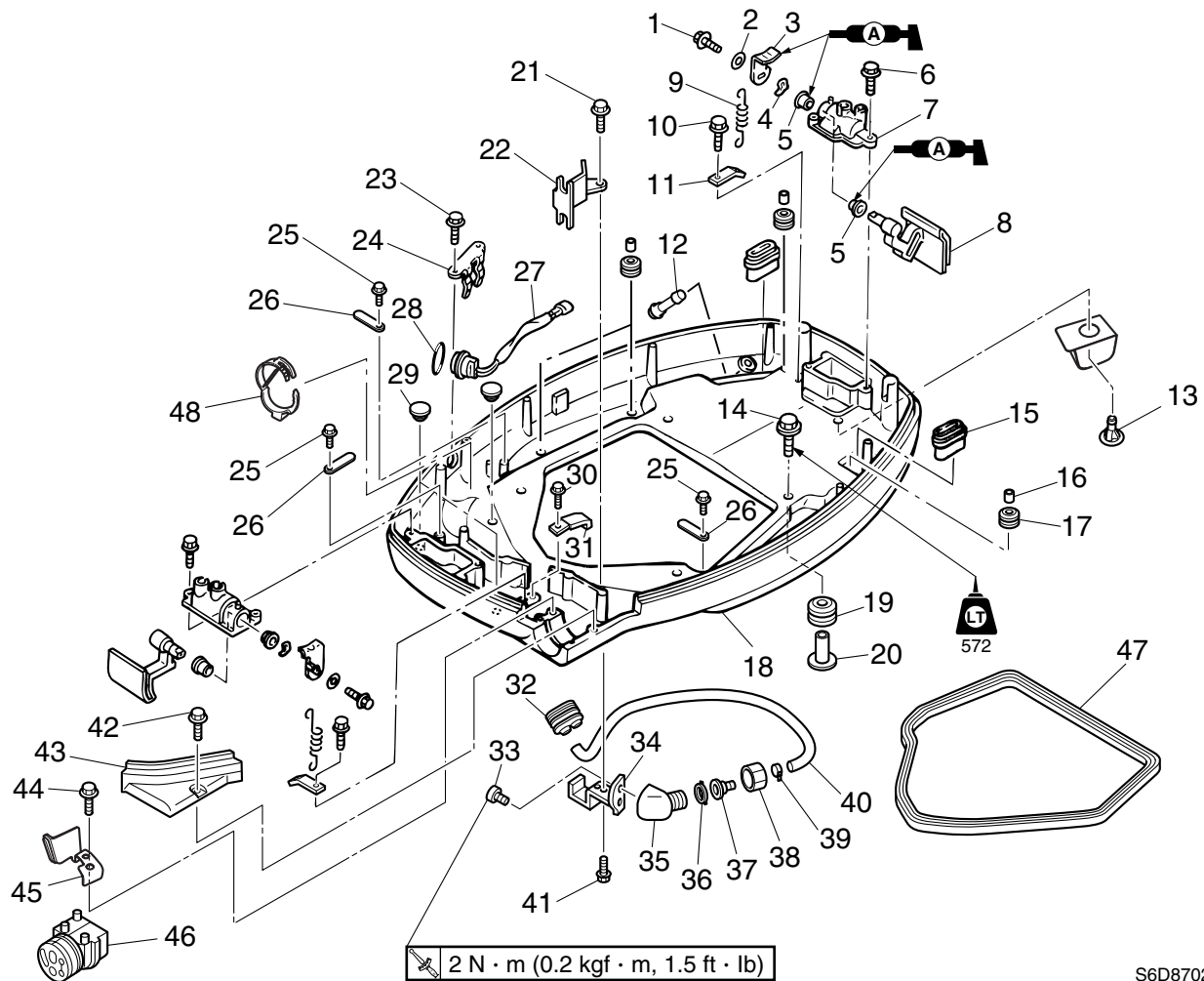
Bottom cowling



S6D87020

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Bolt	2	M6 × 16 mm
2	Washer	2	
3	Lever	2	
4	Washer	2	
5	Bushing	4	
6	Bolt	4	M6 × 30 mm
7	Base	2	
8	Lever	2	
9	Spring	2	
10	Bolt	2	M6 × 20 mm
11	Hook	2	
12	Cooling water outlet	1	
13	Canister outlet	1	
14	Bolt	4	M8 × 35 mm
15	Grommet	4	
16	Collar	5	
17	Grommet	5	

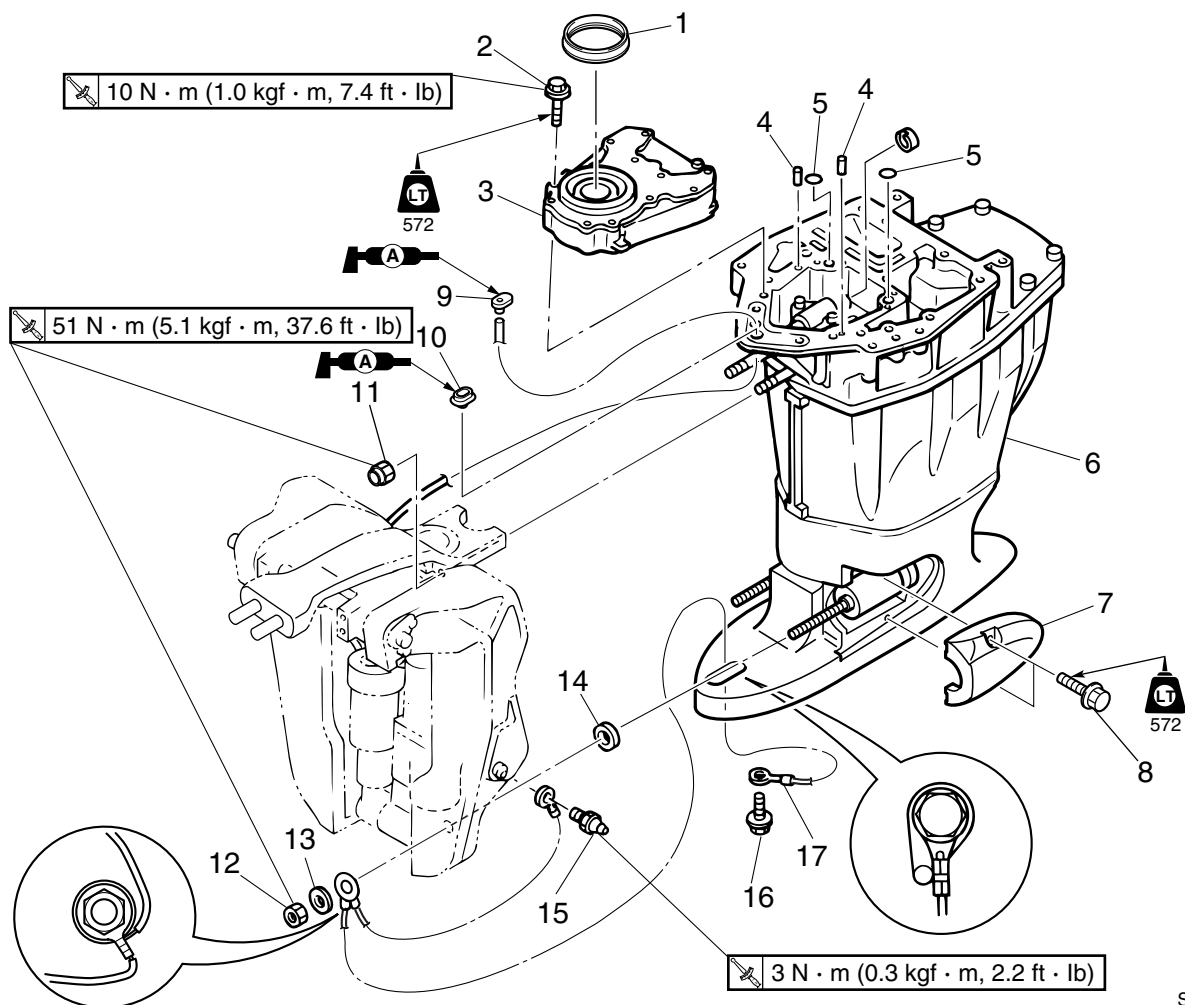
6D93G11



S6D87020

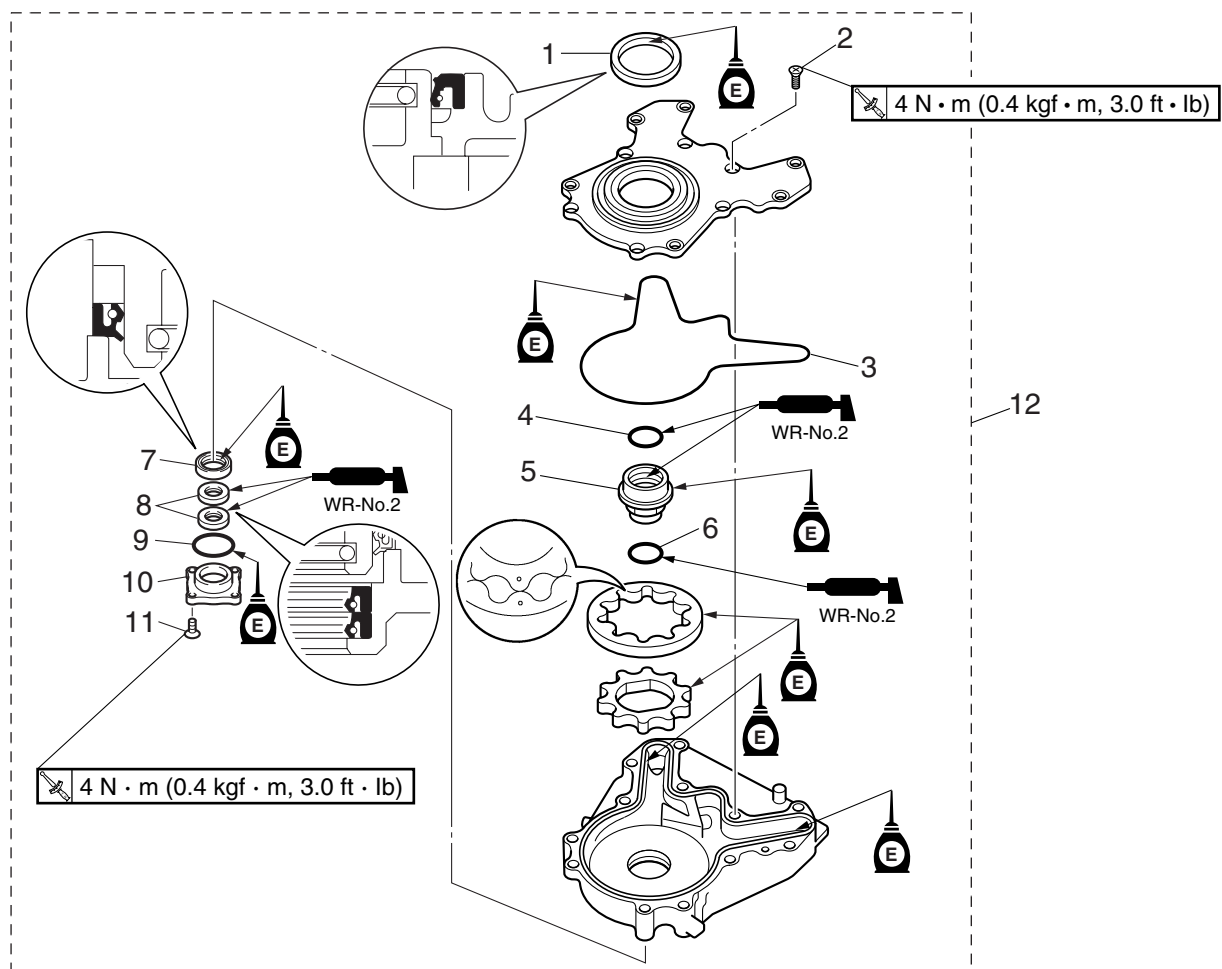
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
35	Adapter	1	
36	Gasket	1	
37	Joint	1	
38	Joint	1	
39	Plastic tie	1	Not reusable
40	Hose	1	
41	Bolt	1	M6 × 20 mm
42	Bolt	2	M6 × 25 mm
43	Retaining plate	1	
44	Bolt	1	M6 × 20 mm
45	Plate	1	
46	Grommet	1	
47	Rubber seal	1	
48	Clamp	1	

Upper case



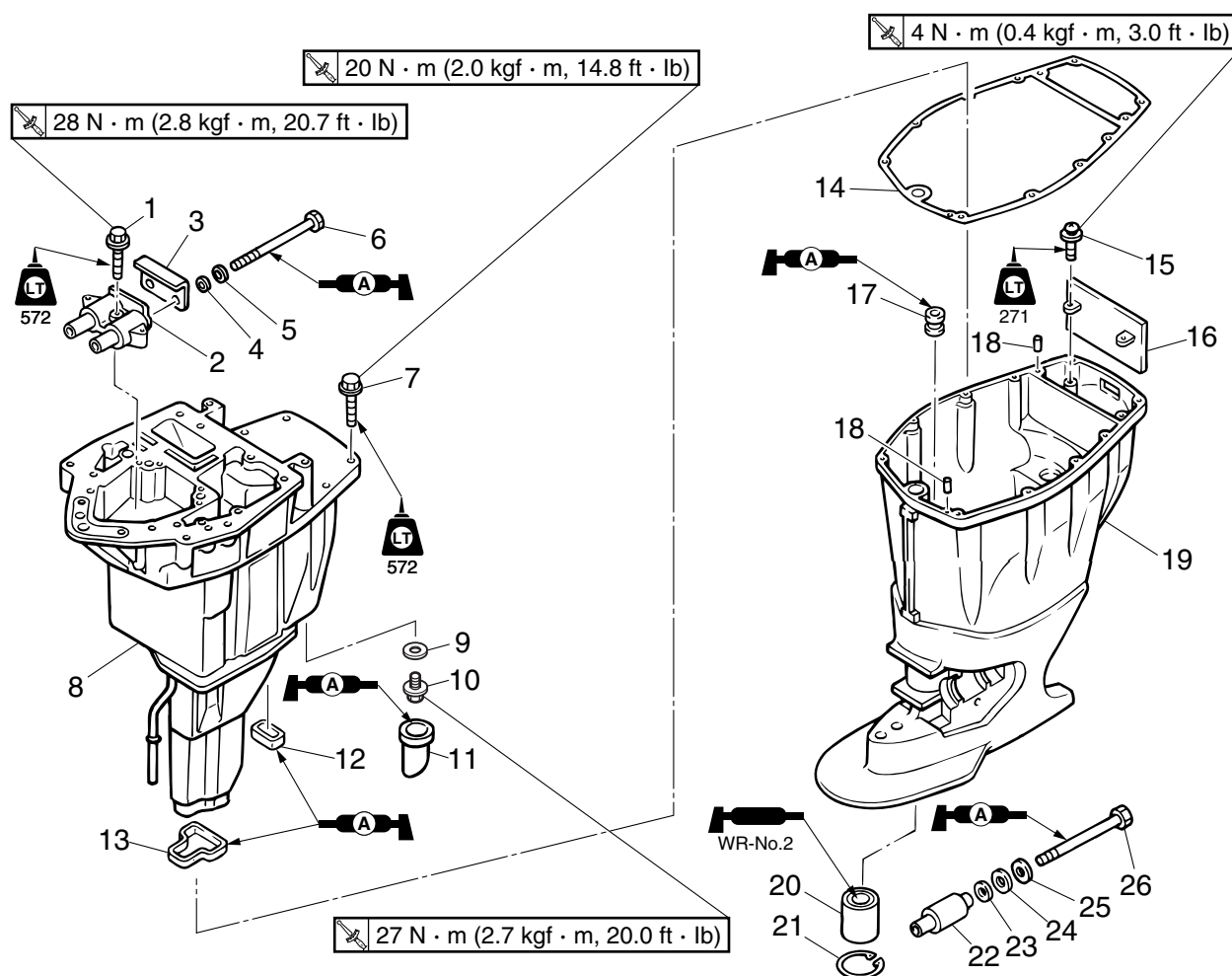
S6D87030

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Oil seal	1	Not reusable
2	Bolt	6	M6 × 45 mm
3	Oil pump assembly	1	
4	Dowel	2	
5	O-ring	2	Not reusable
6	Upper case assembly	1	
7	Cover	2	
8	Bolt	4	M10 × 40 mm
9	Grommet	1	
10	Grommet	1	
11	Nut	2	
12	Nut	2	
13	Washer	2	
14	Washer	2	
15	Grease nipple	1	
16	Bolt	1	M8 × 16 mm
17	Ground lead	1	



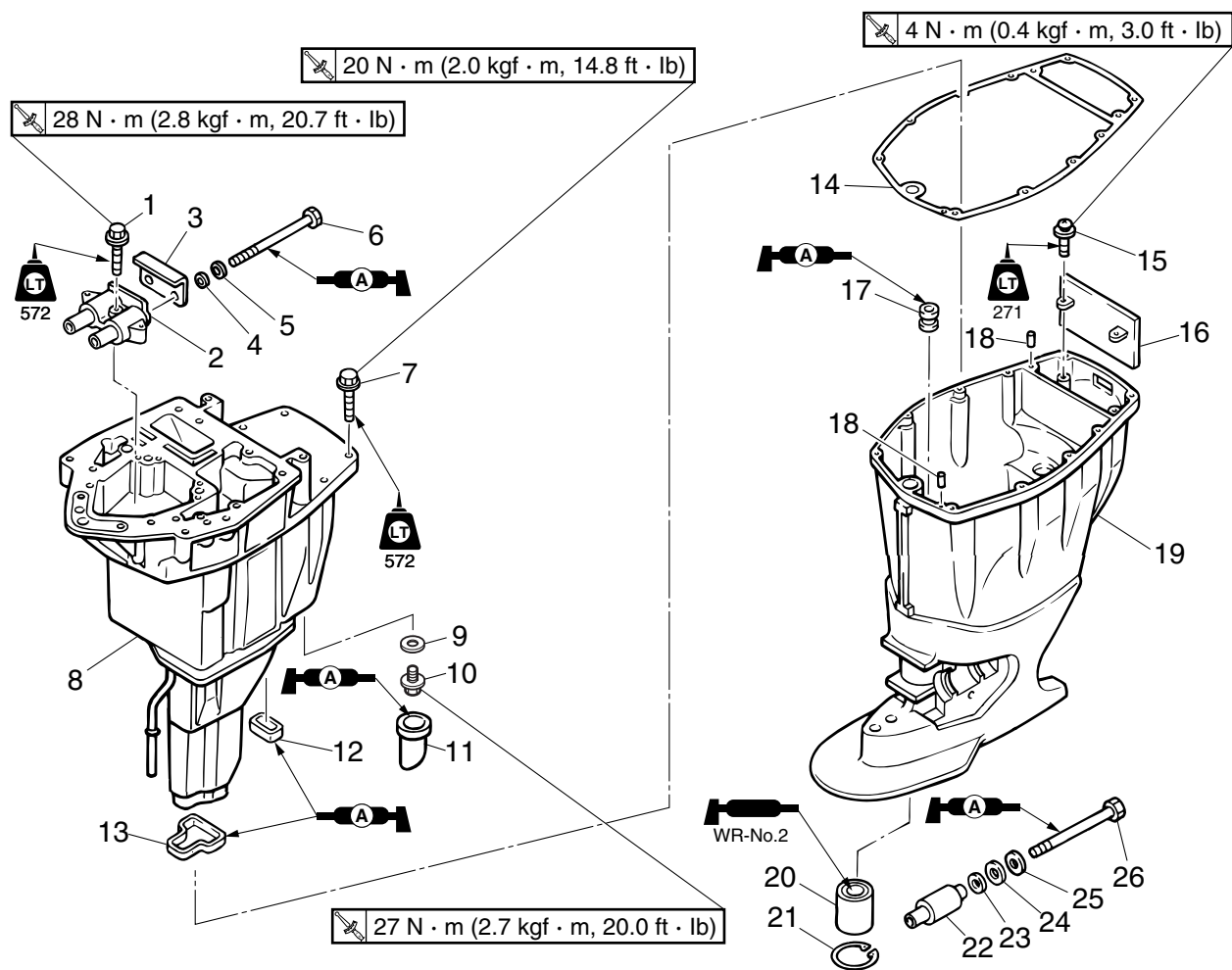
S6D97010

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Oil seal	1	Not reusable
2	Screw	6	ø6 × 10 mm
3	Gasket	1	Not reusable
4	O-ring	1	Not reusable
5	Shaft	1	
6	O-ring	1	Not reusable
7	Oil seal	1	Not reusable
8	Oil seal	2	Not reusable
9	O-ring	1	Not reusable
10	Oil seal housing	1	
11	Screw	4	ø6 × 10 mm
12	Oil pump assembly	1	



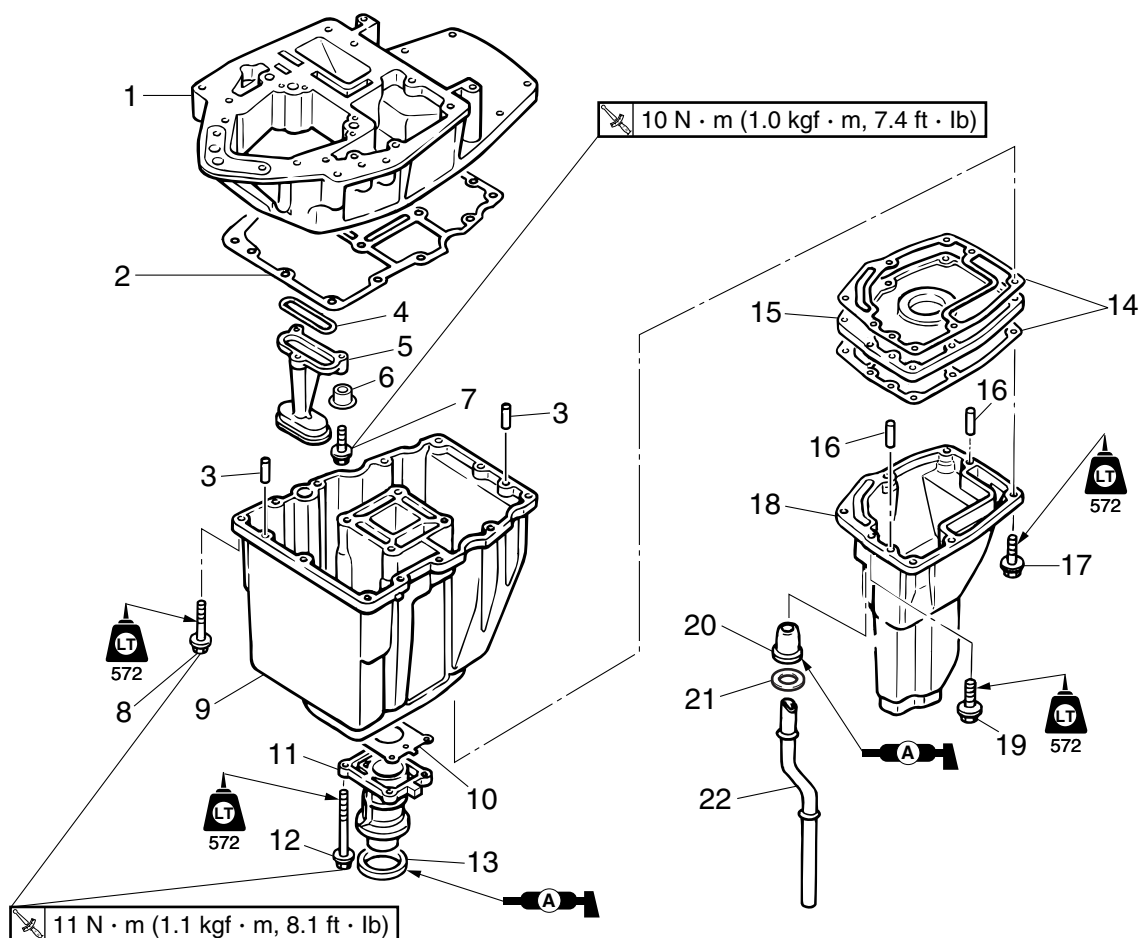
S6D97020

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Bolt	3	M8 × 45 mm
2	Upper mount	1	
3	Plate	1	
4	Washer	2	
5	Washer	2	
6	Bolt	2	M12 × 194 mm
7	Bolt	4	M8 × 40 mm
8	Muffler assembly	1	
9	Gasket	1	
10	Drain bolt	1	M14 × 12 mm
11	Damper	1	
12	Rubber seal	1	
13	Gasket	1	Not reusable
14	Gasket	1	Not reusable
15	Screw	2	ø6 × 15 mm
16	Baffle plate	1	
17	Grommet	1	



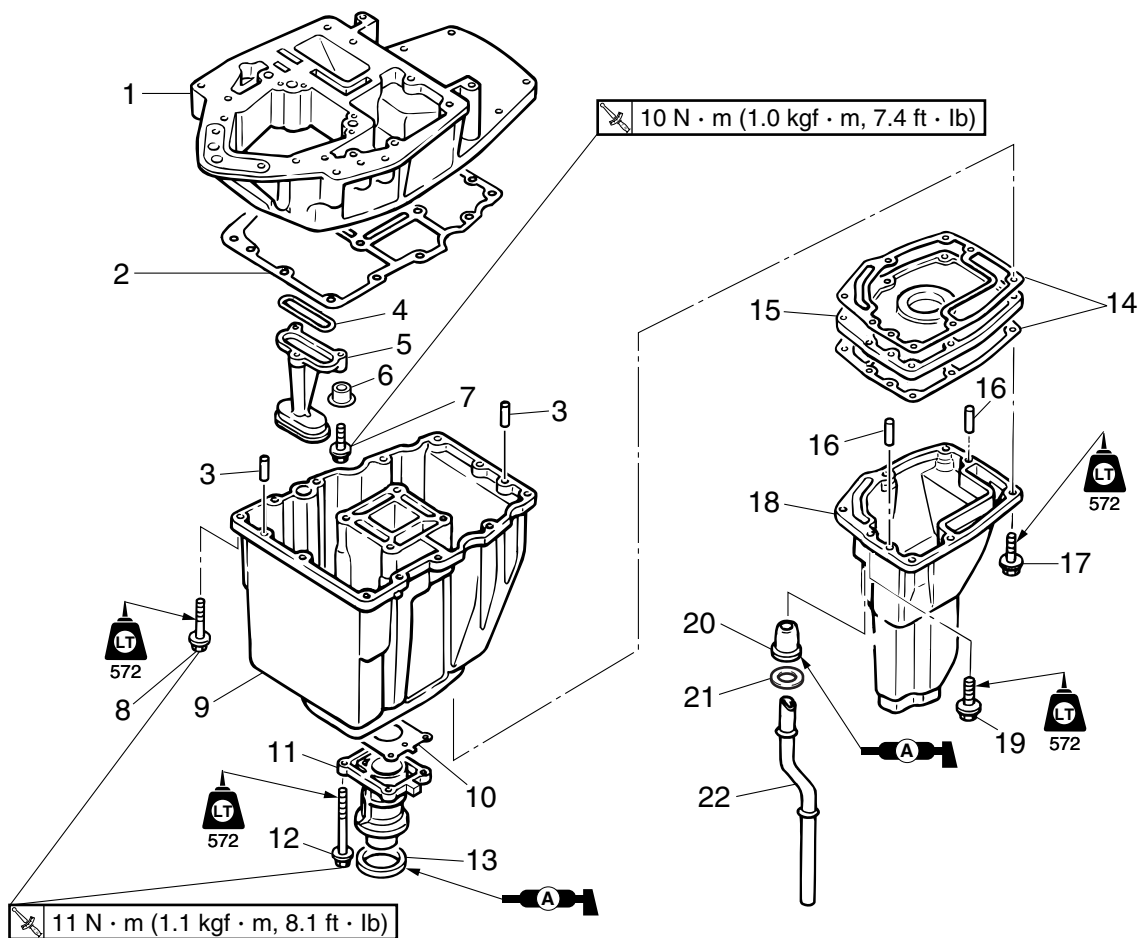
S6D97020

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Dowel	2	
19	Upper case	1	
20	Drive shaft bushing	1	
21	Circlip	1	
22	Lower mount	2	
23	Washer	2	
24	Washer	2	
25	Washer	2	
26	Bolt	2	M12 × 200 mm



S6D87060

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Exhaust guide	1	
2	Gasket	1	Not reusable
3	Dowel	2	
4	Gasket	1	Not reusable
5	Oil strainer	1	
6	Collar	3	
7	Bolt	3	M6 × 25 mm
8	Bolt	12	M6 × 25 mm
9	Oil pan	1	
10	Gasket	1	Not reusable
11	Exhaust manifold	1	
12	Bolt	4	M6 × 70 mm
13	Gasket	1	Not reusable
14	Gasket	2	Not reusable
15	Plate	1	
16	Dowel	2	
17	Bolt	6	M6 × 30 mm

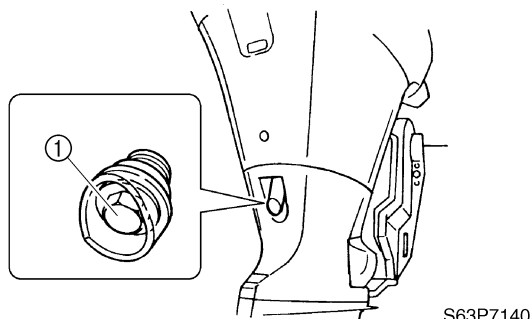


S6D87060

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Muffler	1	M6 × 50 mm
19	Bolt	1	
20	Grommet	1	
21	Spacer	1	
22	Pipe	1	

Removing the upper case

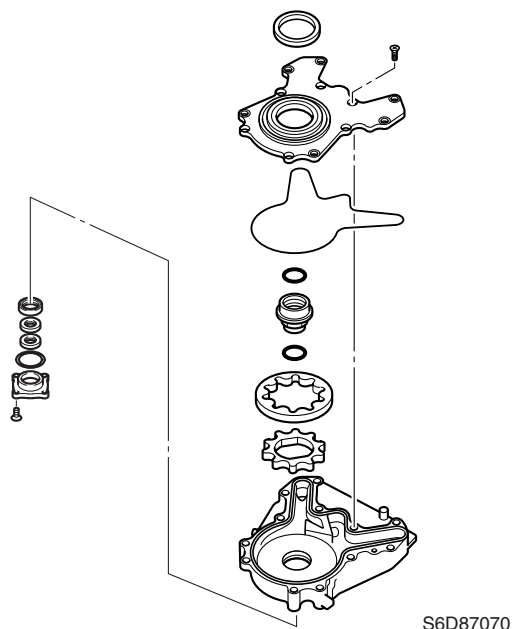
1. Place a drain pan under the drain hole, and then remove the drain bolt ① and let the oil drain completely.



2. Remove the oil pump assembly and mount covers.
3. Disconnect the ground lead and speedometer hose.
4. Remove the upper and lower mounting nuts, and then remove the upper case.

Disassembling the oil pump

1. Remove the screws and disassemble the oil pump.

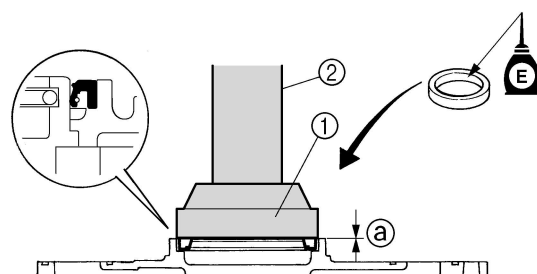


Checking the oil pump

1. Check the gear teeth for cracks or wear and the oil pump case for scratches. Replace the oil pump assembly if necessary.
2. Check the shaft for cracks or wear. Replace if necessary.
3. Check the oil passage for dirt or residue. Clean if necessary.

Assembling the oil pump

1. Install a new oil seal into the oil pump cover to the specified depth.

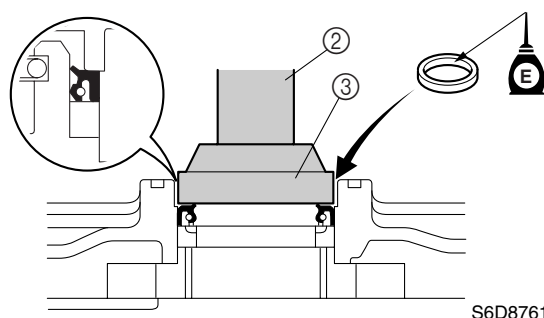


Bearing outer race attachment ①:
90890-06625
Driver rod LS ②: 90890-06606



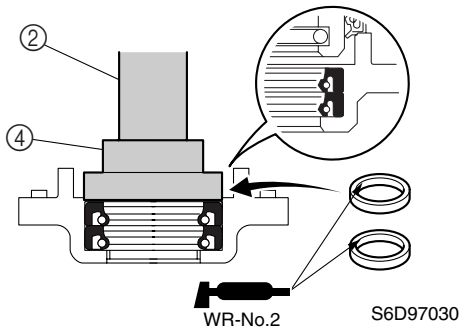
Depth ②:
 0.5 ± 0.3 mm (0.02 ± 0.01 in)

2. Install a new oil seal into the oil pump housing.



Bearing outer race attachment ③:
90890-06628
Driver rod LS ②: 90890-06606

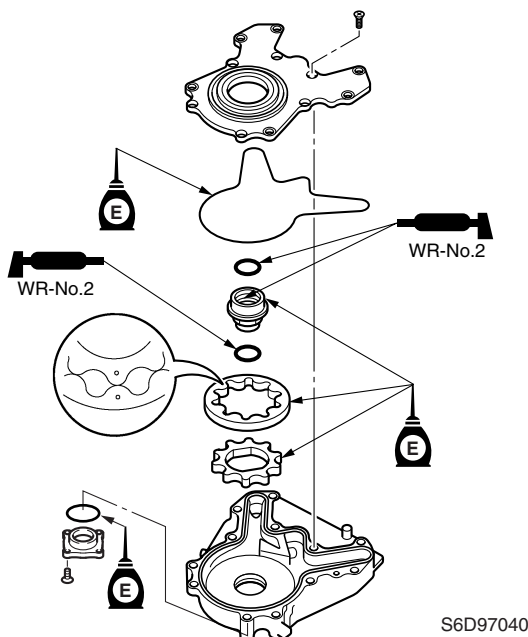
3. Install new oil seals into the oil seal housing.



Needle bearing attachment ④:
90890-06612

Driver rod LS ②: 90890-06606

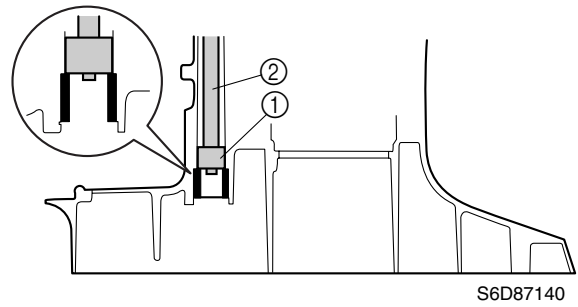
4. Install new o-rings and the gasket, and then tighten the screws to the specified torque.



Oil pump cover screw:
4 N·m (0.4 kgf·m, 3.0 ft·lb)

Disassembling the upper case

1. Remove the muffler assembly from the upper case.
2. Remove the circlip, then the drive shaft bushing.



Ball bearing attachment ①:
90890-06638

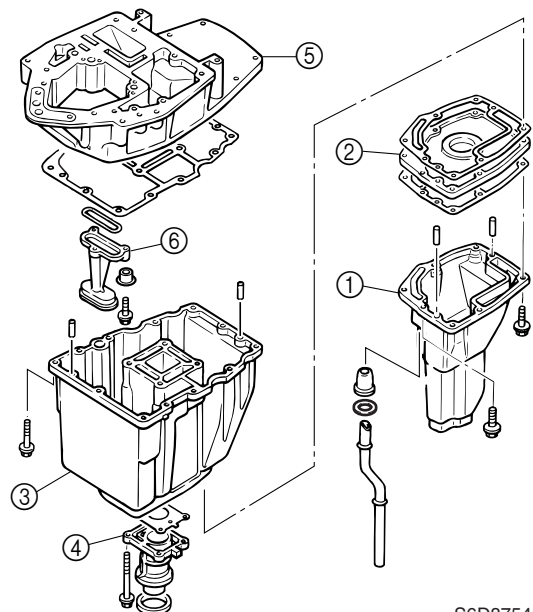
Driver rod LL ②: 90890-06605

Checking the drive shaft bushing

1. Check the drive shaft bushing for wear or cracks. Replace if necessary.

Disassembling the oil pan

1. Remove the muffler ① and plate ② from the oil pan ③.
2. Remove the exhaust manifold ④ from the oil pan ③.
3. Remove the oil pan ③ from the exhaust guide ⑤.
4. Remove the oil strainer ⑥.

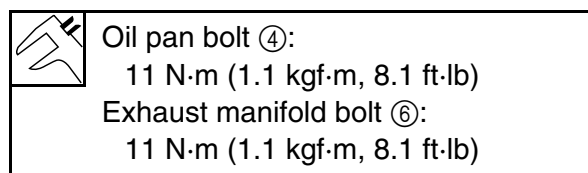
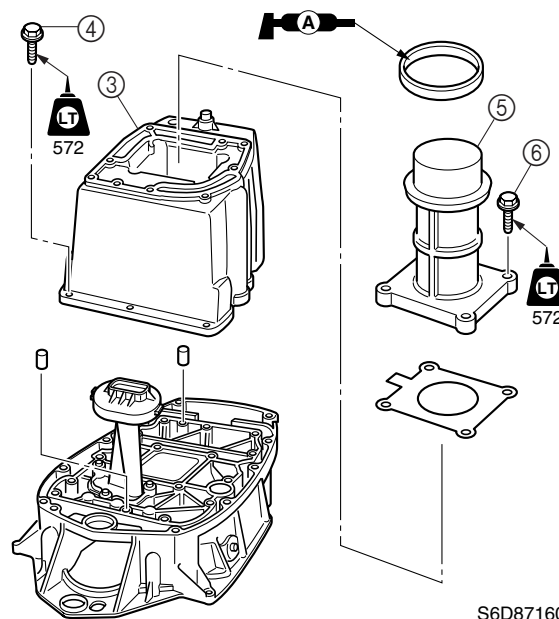
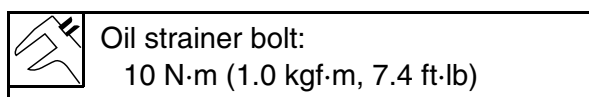
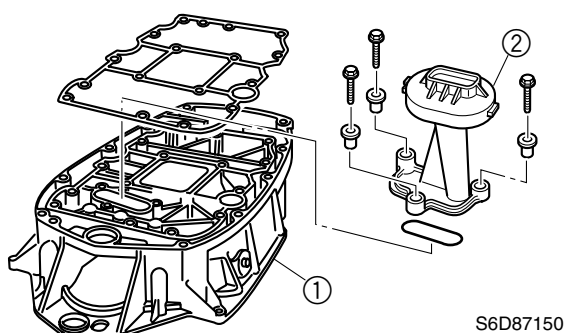


Checking the oil strainer

1. Check the oil strainer for dirt or residue.
Clean if necessary.

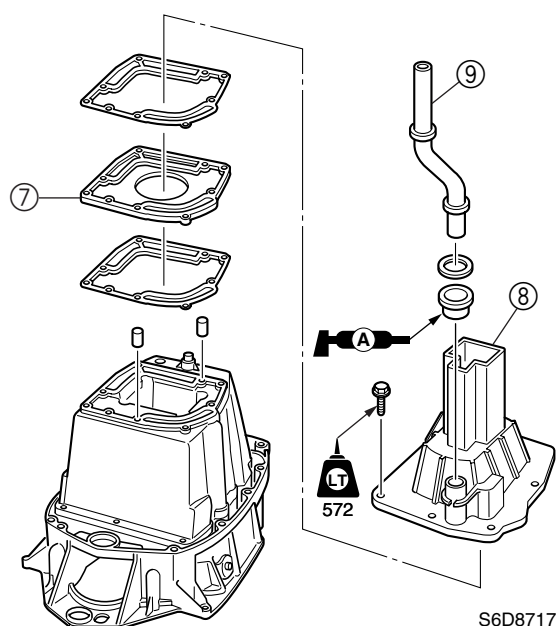
Assembling the oil pan

1. Install a new gasket onto the exhaust guide ①.
2. Install a new gasket and the oil strainer ② onto the exhaust guide, and then tighten the bolts to the specified torque.



3. Install the dowels and oil pan ③ onto the exhaust guide, and then tighten the oil pan bolts ④ finger tight.
4. Install a new gasket and the exhaust manifold ⑤ onto the oil pan, and then tighten the exhaust manifold bolts ⑥ to the specified torque.
5. Tighten the oil pan bolts ④ to the specified torque.
6. Tighten the exhaust manifold bolts ⑥ again to the specified torque.

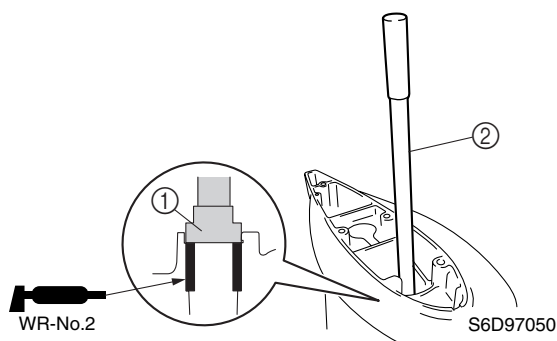
7. Install new gaskets, the plate ⑦, and the muffler ⑧ onto the oil pan.
8. Install the water pipe ⑨.



7

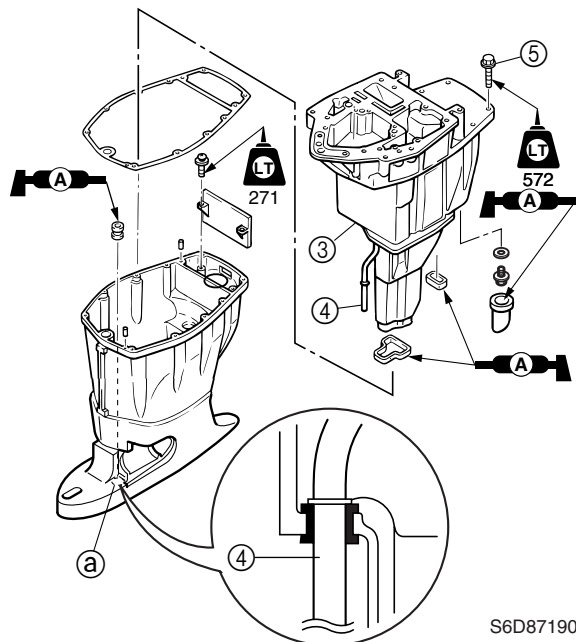
Assembling the upper case

1. Install the drive shaft bushing into the upper case, and then install the circlip.



Needle bearing attachment ①:
90890-06653
Driver rod L3 ②: 90890-06652

2. Install the muffler assembly ③ by inserting the tip of the water pipe ④ into the joint hole ⑤ of the upper case.
3. Install the muffler assembly bolts ⑥, and then tighten them to the specified torque.

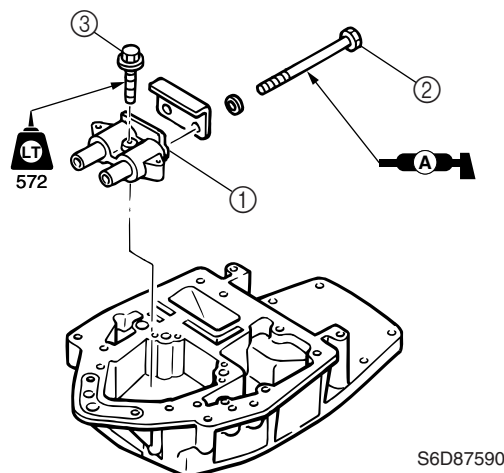


Muffler assembly bolt ⑥:
20 N·m (2.0 kgf·m, 14.8 ft·lb)

Installing the upper case

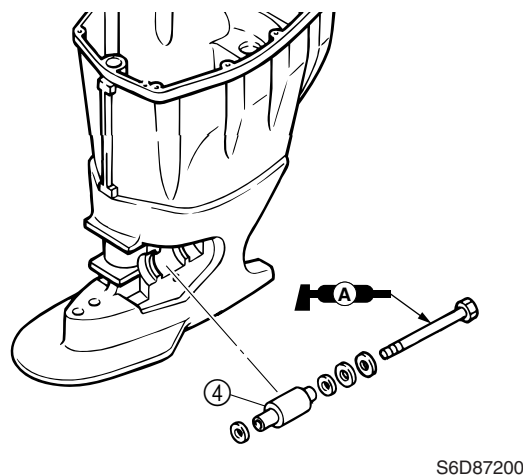
1. Install the upper mount ① and bolts ② into the upper case.

2. Install the bolts ③, and then tighten them to the specified torque.



Upper mount bolt ③:
28 N·m (2.8 kgf·m, 20.7 ft·lb)

3. Install the lower mounts ④ onto the upper case.

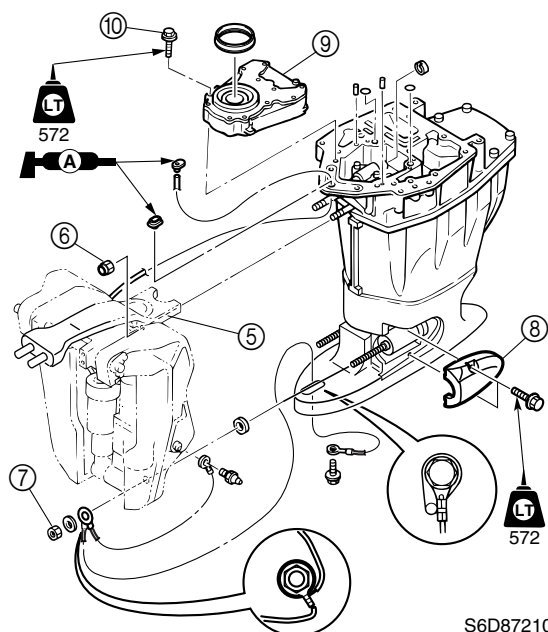


4. Install the upper and lower mounting bolts into the bracket ⑤ simultaneously.
5. Install the upper mounting nut ⑥ and lower mounting nut ⑦, and then tighten them to the specified torques.

NOTE: Before tightening the lower mounting nut, be sure to connect the ground lead to the lower mounting bolt.

6. Install the mount covers ⑧.

7. Install the oil pump assembly ⑨ and the bolts ⑩, and then tighten them to the specified torque.



S6D87210

NOTE:

When installing the oil pump assembly onto the upper case, pour a small amount of engine oil into the oil inlet or oil outlet of the oil pump assembly.



Upper mounting nut ⑥:

51 N·m (5.1 kgf·m, 37.6 ft·lb)

Lower mounting nut ⑦:

51 N·m (5.1 kgf·m, 37.6 ft·lb)

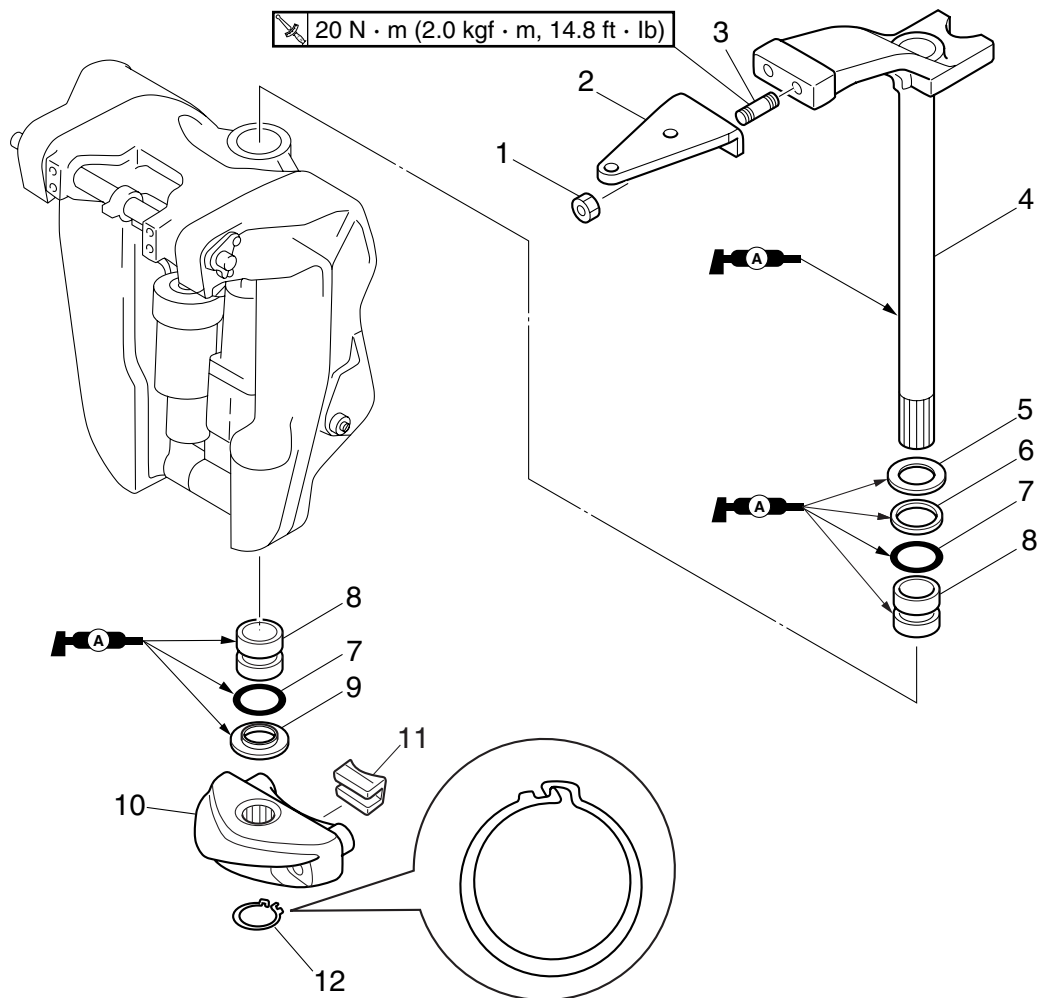
Oil pump bolt ⑩:

10 N·m (1.0 kgf·m, 7.4 ft·lb)

Grease nipple:

3 N·m (0.3 kgf·m, 2.2 ft·lb)

Steering arm

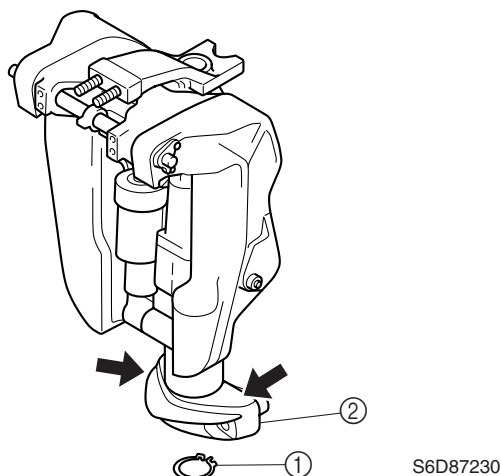


S6D87220

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Nut	2	M10 × 40 mm
2	Steering hook	1	
3	Stud bolt	2	
4	Steering arm	1	
5	Washer	1	Not reusable
6	Bushing	1	
7	O-ring	2	
8	Bushing	2	
9	Washer	1	
10	Steering yoke	1	
11	Damper	1	
12	Circlip	1	

Removing the steering arm

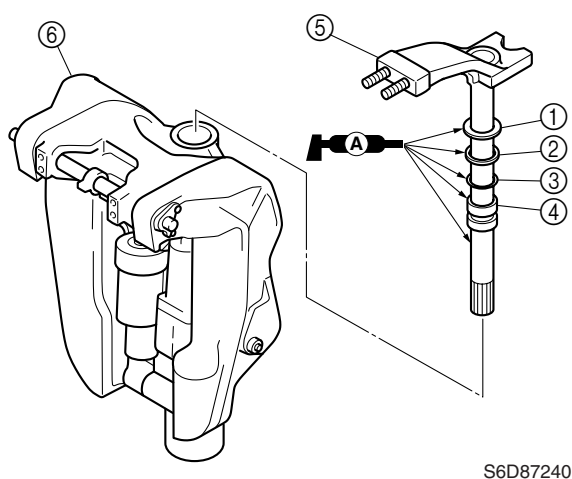
1. Remove the circlip ①.
2. Remove the steering yoke ② by striking it with a plastic hammer.



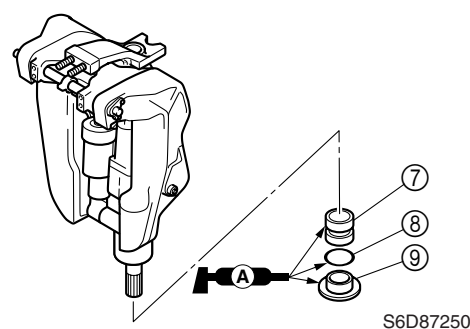
3. Remove the steering arm from the swivel bracket by pulling the arm off the bracket.

Installing the steering arm

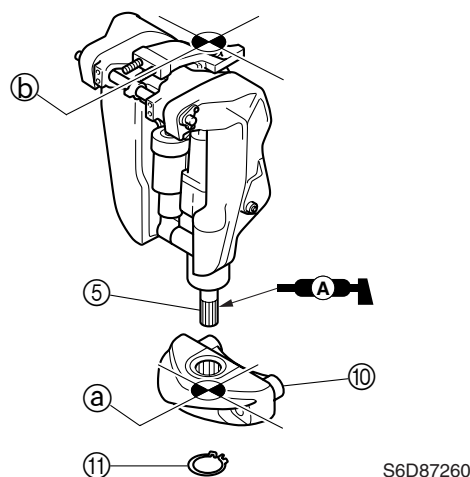
1. Install the washer ①, bushing ②, O-ring ③, and bushing ④ onto the steering arm ⑤.
2. Place the swivel bracket ⑥ in an upright position, and then install the steering arm onto the swivel bracket.



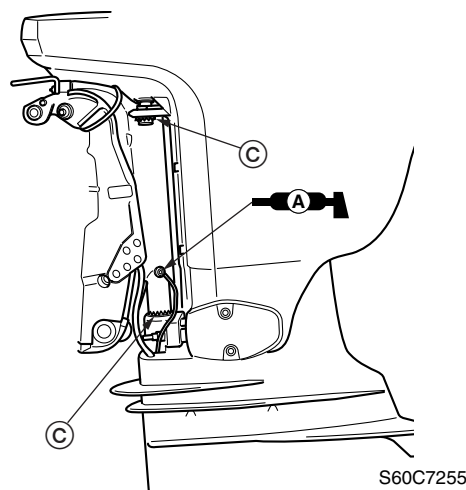
3. Install the bushing ⑦, O-ring ⑧, and washer ⑨ onto the swivel bracket.



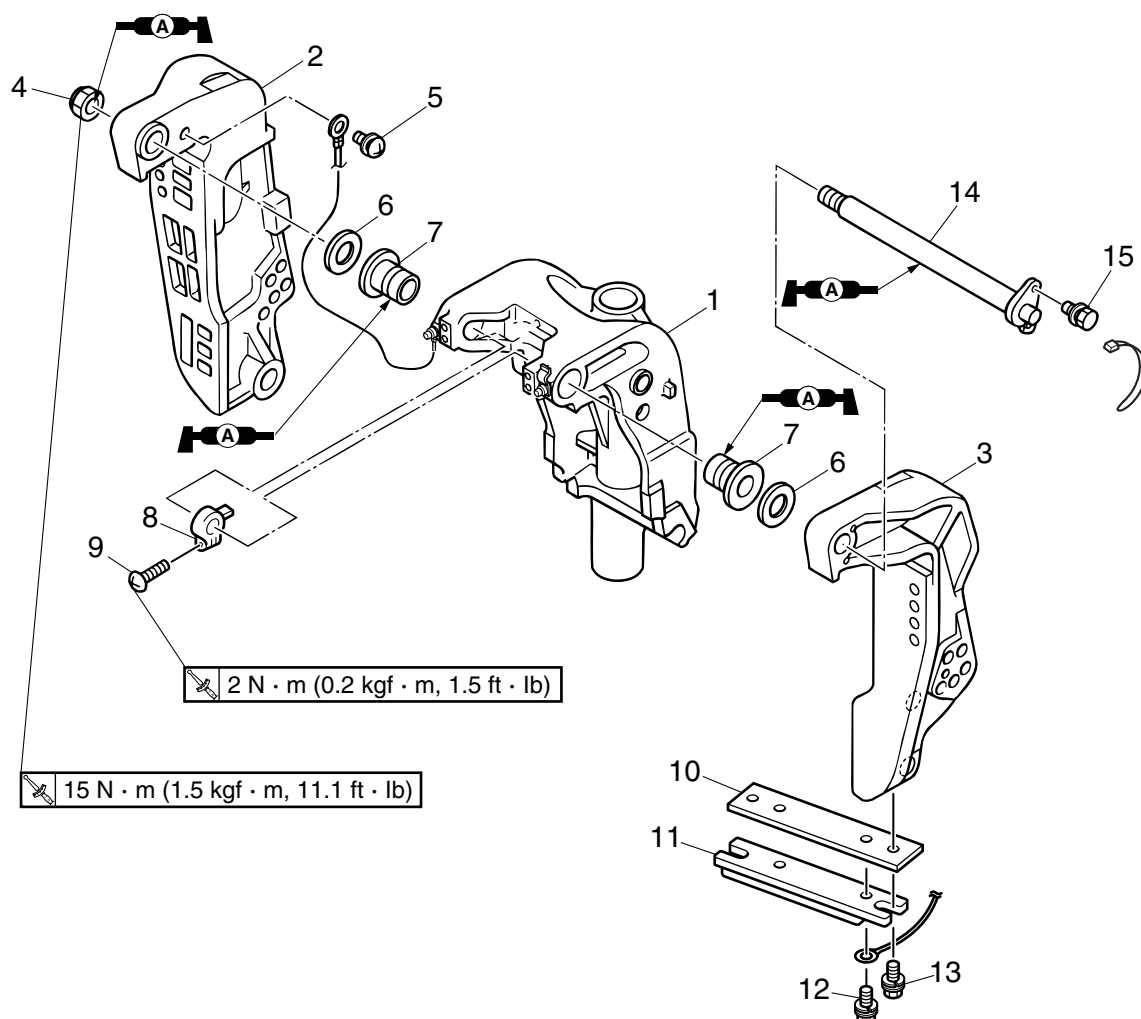
4. Install the steering yoke ⑩ to the steering arm ⑤ by aligning the center ⑩ of the yoke with the center ⑨ of the steering arm.
5. Install the circlip ⑪.



6. Inject grease into the grease nipple until grease comes out from both the upper and lower bushings ③.

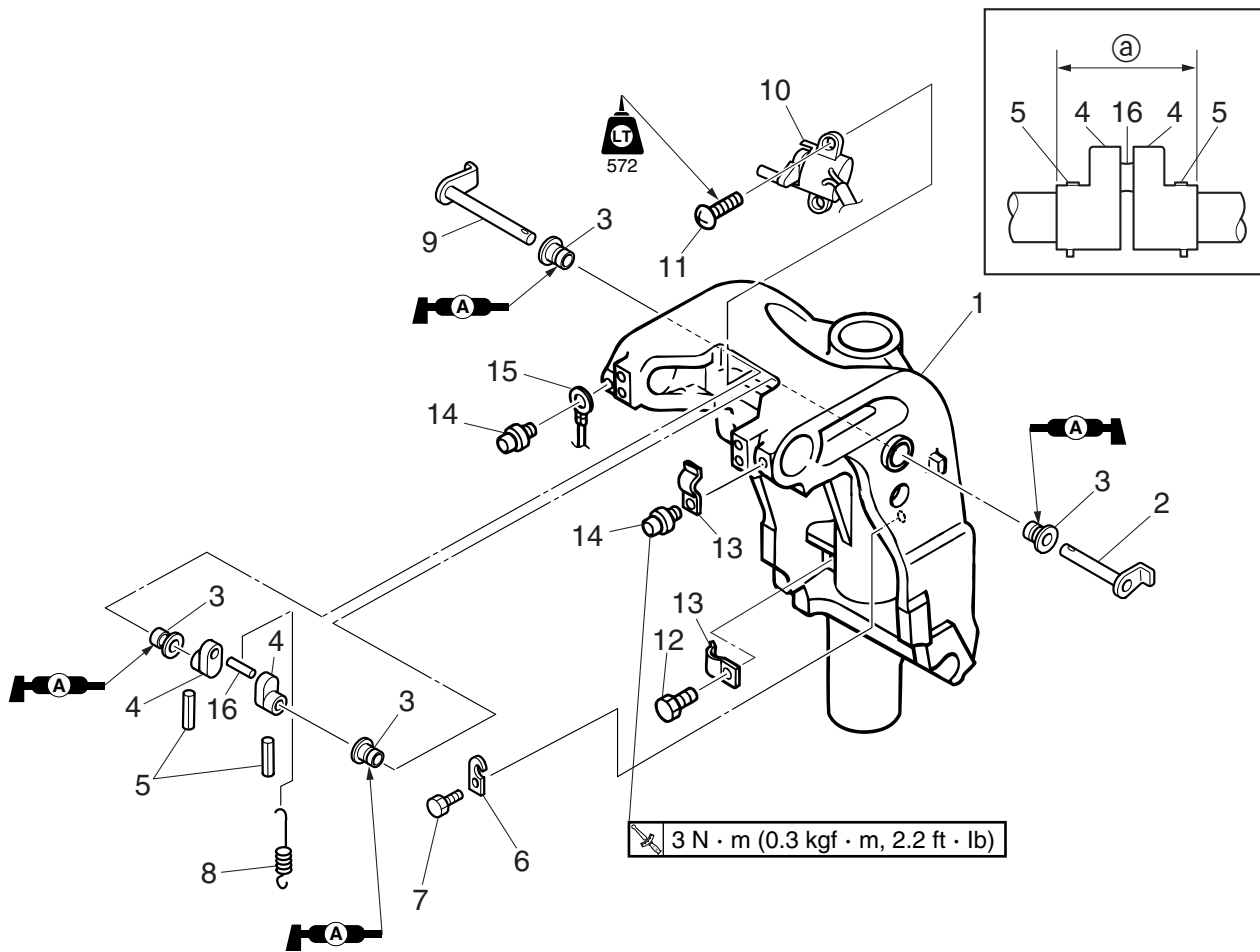


Clamp brackets and swivel bracket



S6D87490

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Swivel bracket	1	
2	Clamp bracket	1	
3	Clamp bracket	1	
4	Self-locking nut	1	
5	Screw	1	ø6 × 12 mm
6	Washer	2	
7	Bushing	2	
8	Trim sensor cam	1	
9	Screw	1	ø6 × 25 mm
10	Plate	1	
11	Anode	1	
12	Bolt	1	M6 × 14 mm
13	Bolt	2	M6 × 16 mm
14	Through tube	1	
15	Bolt	1	M8 × 20 mm



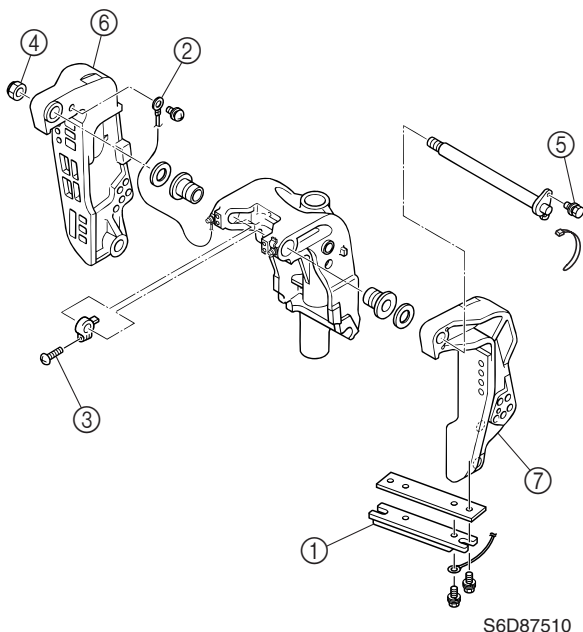
S6D87500

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Swivel bracket	1	
2	Tilt stop lever	1	
3	Bushing	4	
4	Distance collar	2	①: 30.3–30.6 mm (1.19–1.20 in)
5	Pin	2	
6	Hook	1	
7	Bolt	1	M6 × 10 mm
8	Spring	1	
9	Tilt stop lever	1	
10	Trim sensor	1	
11	Screw	2	ø6 × 15 mm
12	Bolt	1	M6 × 10 mm
13	Clamp	2	
14	Grease nipple	2	
15	Ground lead	1	
16	Pin	1	



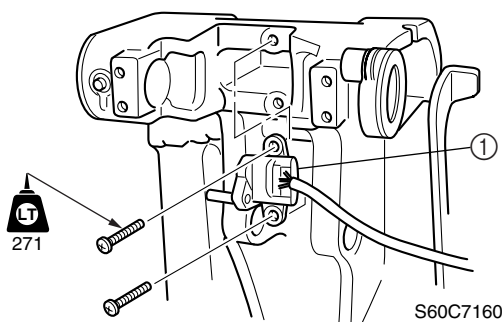
Removing the clamp brackets

1. Remove the power trim and tilt unit. For removal procedure, see "Removing the power trim and tilt unit."
2. Remove the anode ①.
3. Disconnect the ground lead ②.
4. Remove the trim sensor cam screw ③.
5. Loosen the self-locking nut ④ and the bolt ⑤, and then remove clamp brackets ⑥ and ⑦.
6. Remove the trim sensor.
7. Remove the tilt stop lever.



Installing the clamp brackets

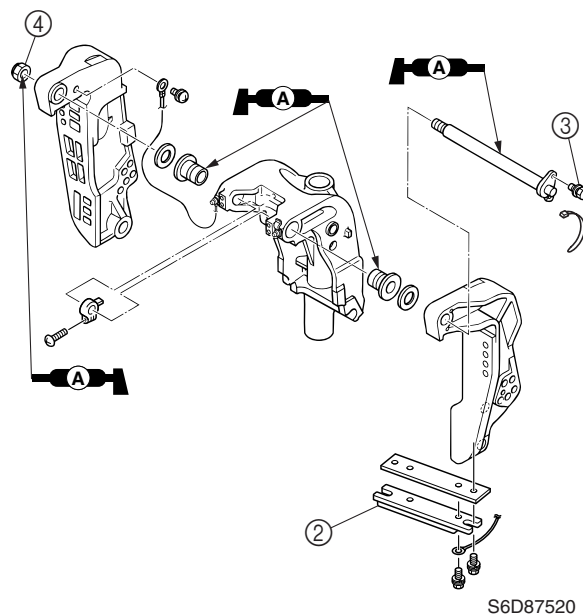
1. Install the trim sensor ① onto the swivel bracket.



NOTE:

Adjust the trim sensor after installing the power trim and tilt unit.

2. Assemble the clamp brackets and the swivel bracket by installing the anode ②, bolt ③, and self-locking nut ④, then tightening the nut to the specified torque.

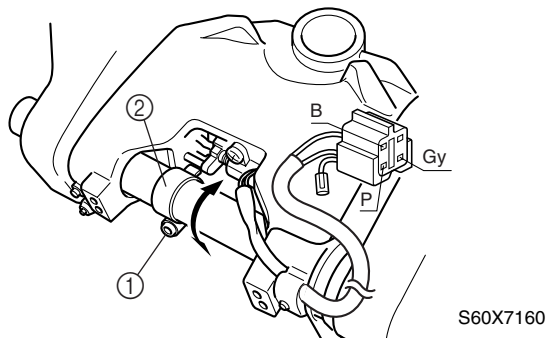


Self-locking nut ④:
15 N·m (1.5 kgf·m, 11.1 ft·lb)

3. Install the power trim and tilt unit. For installation procedure, see "Installing the power trim and tilt unit."

Adjusting the trim sensor

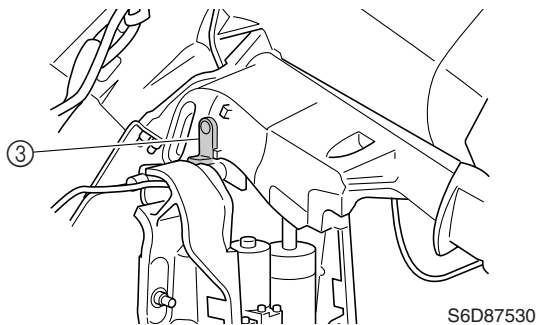
1. Fully retract the power trim and tilt unit.
2. Loosen the trim sensor cam screw ①.
3. Adjust the trim sensor cam ② where the specified trim sensor setting resistance is obtained.



 Trim sensor setting resistance:
Pink (P) – Black (B)
 $10 \pm 1 \Omega$ at 20 °C (68 °F)

 Trim sensor cam screw ①:
2 N·m (0.2 kgf·m, 1.5 ft·lb)

4. Fully tilt the outboard motor up, and then support it with the tilt stop lever ③.



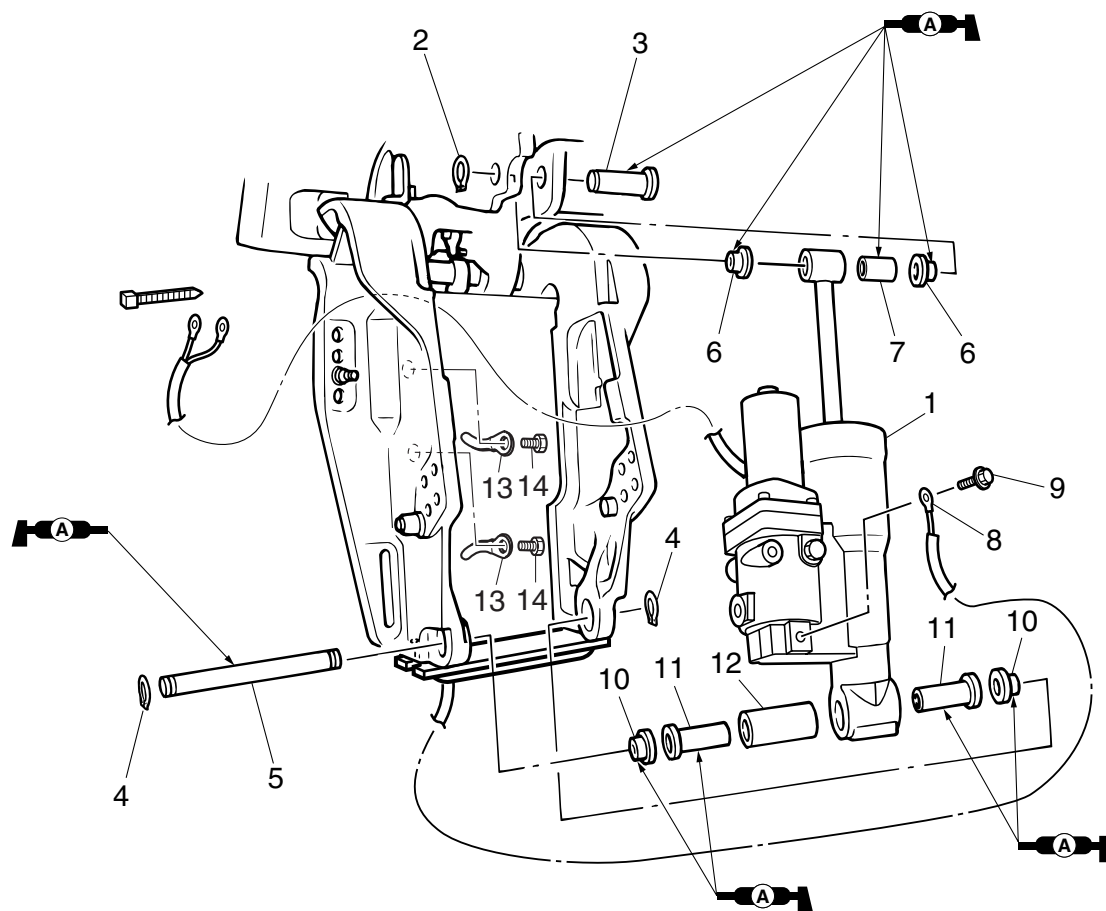
⚠ WARNING

After tilting up the outboard motor, be sure to support it with the tilt stop lever. Otherwise, the outboard motor could suddenly lower if the power trim and tilt unit should lose fluid pressure.

5. Check the trim sensor resistance. If the resistance is out of specification, adjust the trim sensor cam position and check the trim sensor.

 Trim sensor resistance:
Pink (P) – Black (B)
238.8–378.8 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)

Power trim and tilt unit

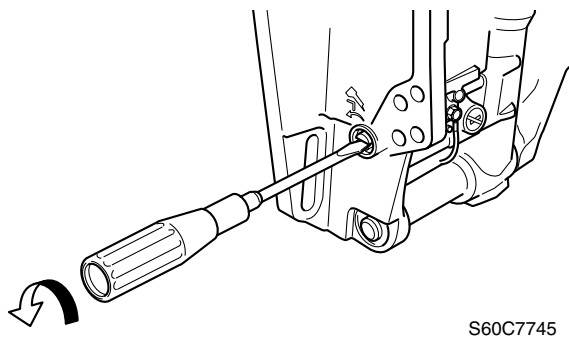
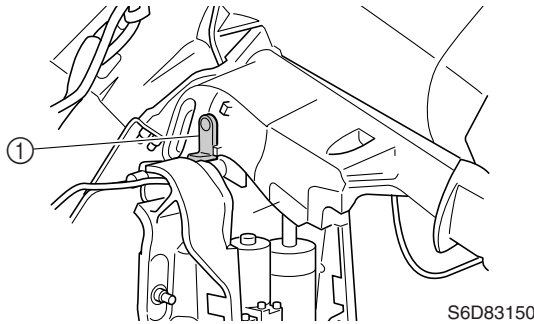


S6D87270

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Power trim and tilt unit	1	
2	Circlip	1	
3	Shaft	1	
4	Circlip	2	
5	Shaft	1	
6	Bushing	2	
7	Bushing	1	
8	Ground lead	1	
9	Bolt	1	M6 × 10 mm
10	Bushing	2	
11	Bushing	2	
12	Collar	1	
13	Holder	2	
14	Bolt	2	M6 × 10 mm

Removing the power trim and tilt unit

1. Fully tilt the outboard motor up, and then support it with the tilt stop lever ①.



⚠ WARNING

After tilting up the outboard motor, be sure to support it with the tilt stop lever. Otherwise, the outboard motor could suddenly lower if the power trim and tilt unit should lose fluid pressure.

NOTE:

- If the power trim and tilt does not operate, loosen the manual valve and tilt the outboard motor up manually.
- If the manual valve is loosened, be sure to tighten it to the specified torque after tilting the outboard motor up.



Manual valve:
2 N·m (0.2 kgf·m, 1.5 ft·lb)

2. Remove the holders ② and plastic ties, and then pull out the PTT motor leads ③.
3. Remove the bolt ④ and disconnect the ground lead ⑤.

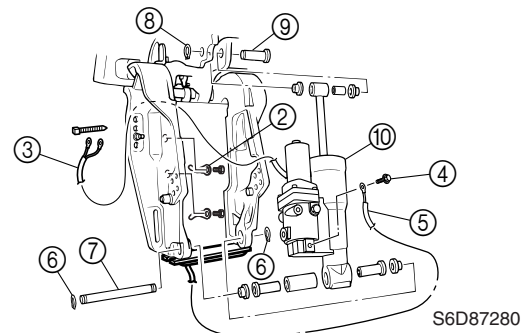
4. Remove the circlips ⑥, then the lower mounting shaft ⑦.

5. Remove the circlip ⑧, then the upper mounting shaft ⑨.

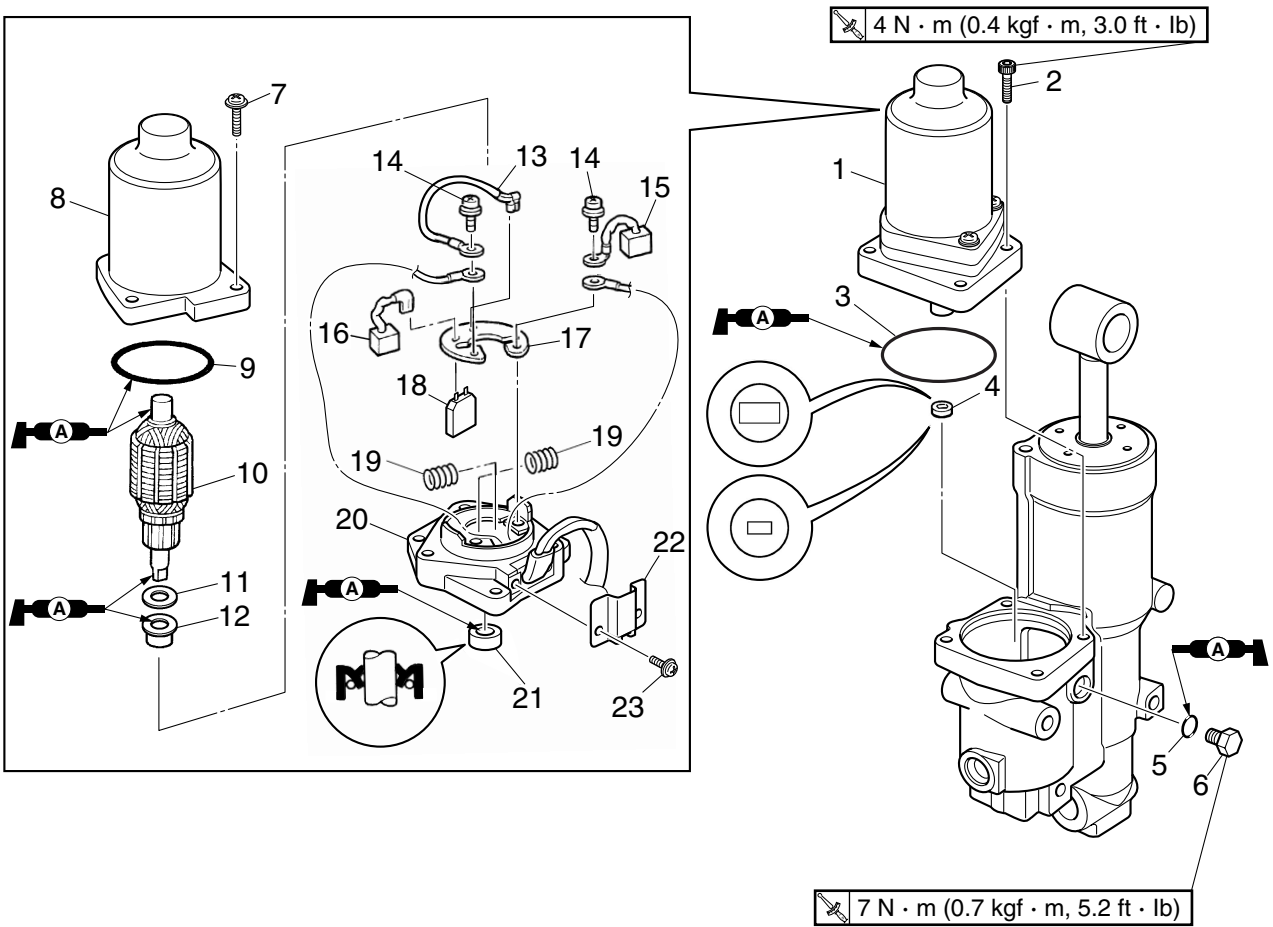
NOTE:

Hold the power trim and tilt unit with one hand, and pull the upper mount shaft out at a downward angle with the other.

6. Remove the power trim and tilt unit ⑩.

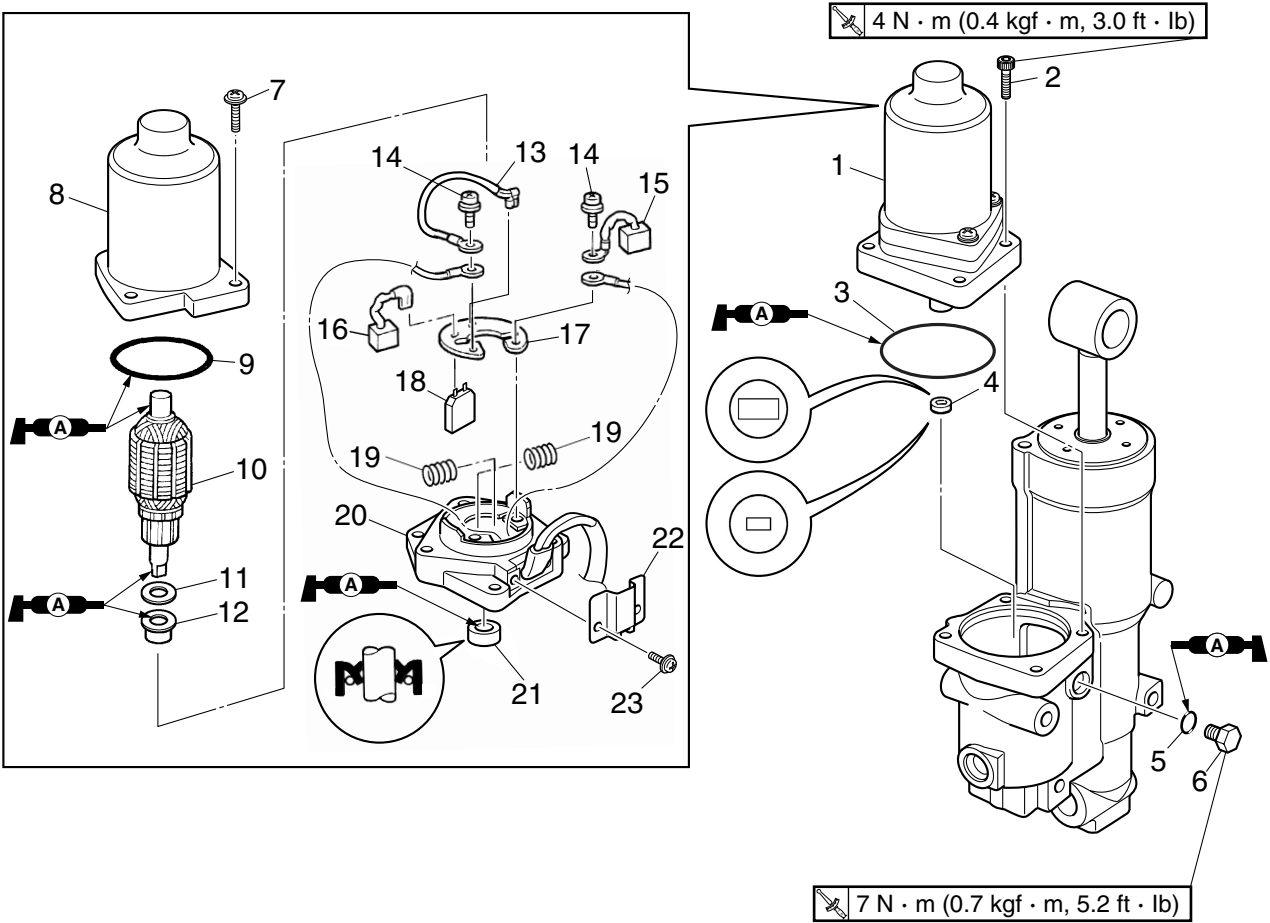


Power trim and tilt motor



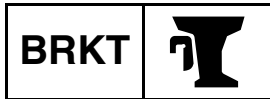
S6D87290

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Power trim and tilt motor	1	
2	Bolt	4	M6 × 20 mm
3	O-ring	1	Not reusable
4	Joint	1	
5	O-ring	1	Not reusable
6	Reservoir cap	1	
7	Screw	3	ø5 × 25 mm
8	Stator	1	
9	O-ring	1	Not reusable
10	Armature	1	
11	Washer	1	
12	Bushing	1	
13	Wire lead	1	
14	Screw	2	ø4 × 15 mm
15	Brush	1	
16	Brush	1	
17	Brush holder	1	



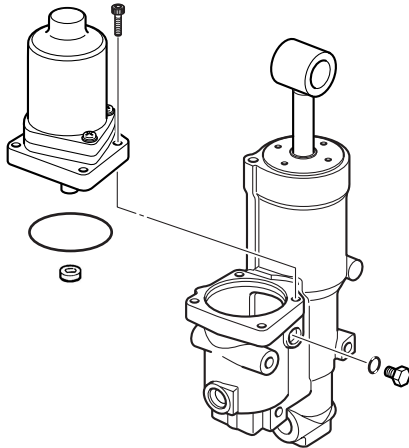
S6D87290

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Circuit breaker	1	Not reusable ø4 × 10 mm
19	Spring	2	
20	PTT motor base	1	
21	Oil seal	1	
22	Plate	1	
23	Screw	2	



Disassembling the power trim and tilt motor

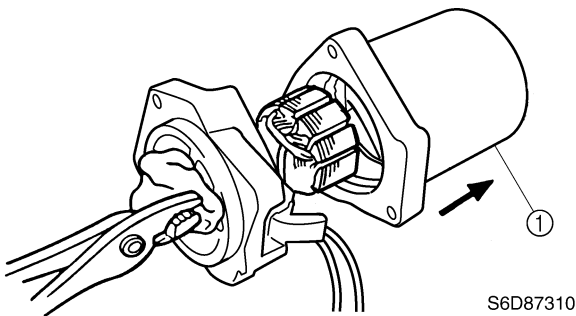
1. Remove the power trim and tilt motor, O-ring, and joint from the power trim and tilt unit.



CAUTION:

- Make sure that the tilt ram is fully extended when removing the power trim and tilt motor, otherwise fluid can spurt out from the unit due to internal pressure.
- Do not push the tilt ram down while the power trim and tilt motor is removed from the power trim and tilt unit, otherwise fluid can spurt out.

2. Remove the stator ①.



NOTE:

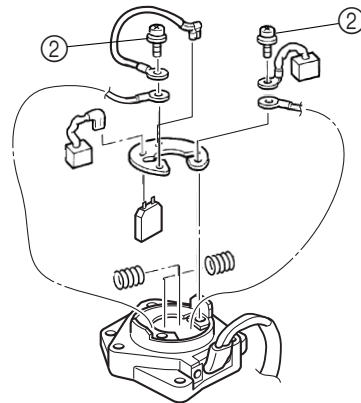
Place a clean cloth over the end of the armature shaft, hold it with a pair of pliers, and then carefully slide the stator off of the armature.

3. Remove the armature from the PTT motor base.

CAUTION:

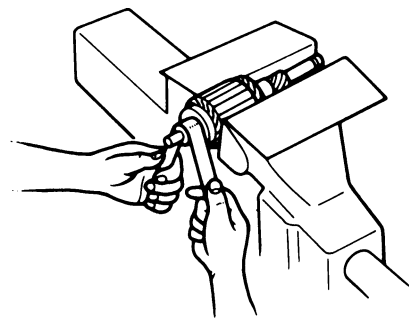
Do not allow grease or oil to contact the commutator.

4. Remove the screws ②, and then disassemble the PTT motor base.

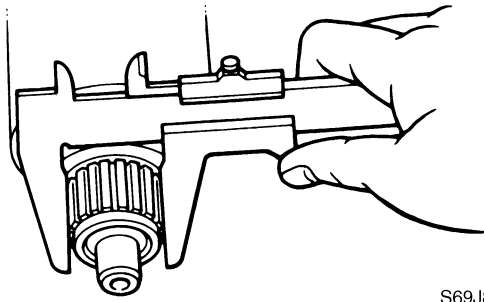


Checking the power trim and tilt motor

1. Check the commutator for dirt. Clean with 600-grit sandpaper and compressed air if necessary.



2. Measure the commutator diameter. Replace the armature if below specification.

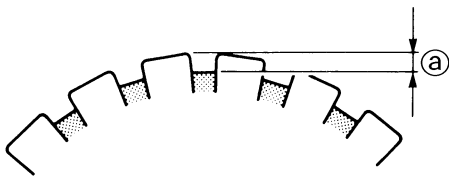


S69J8400



Commutator diameter wear limit:
21.0 mm (0.83 in)

3. Measure the commutator undercut (a). Replace the armature if below specification.

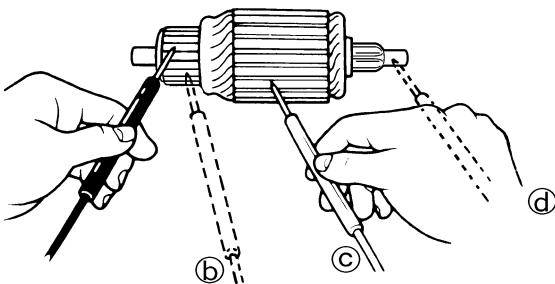


S69J8410



Commutator undercut wear limit (a):
1.0 mm (0.04 in)

4. Check the armature for continuity. Replace if out of specifications.



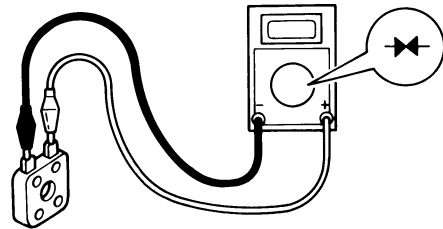
S69J8420



Armature continuity

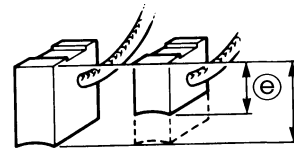
Commutator segments (b)	Continuity
Segment – Armature core (c)	No continuity
Segment – Armature shaft (d)	No continuity

5. Check the circuit breaker for continuity. Replace if there is no continuity.



S62Y7930

6. Measure the brush length. Replace if below specification.

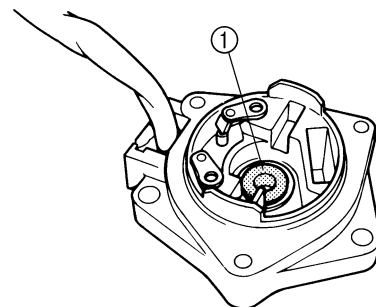


S62Y7940



Brush length wear limit (e):
3.5 mm (0.14 in)

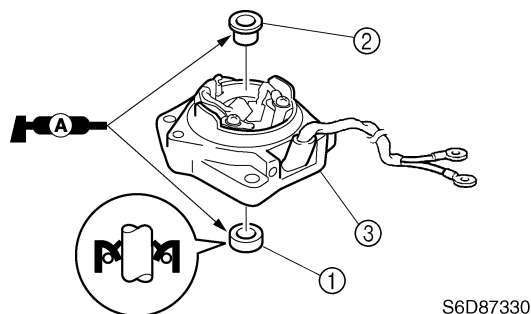
7. Check the base for cracks or damage. Replace if necessary.
8. Check the bushing (1) and oil seal for damage or wear. Replace if necessary.



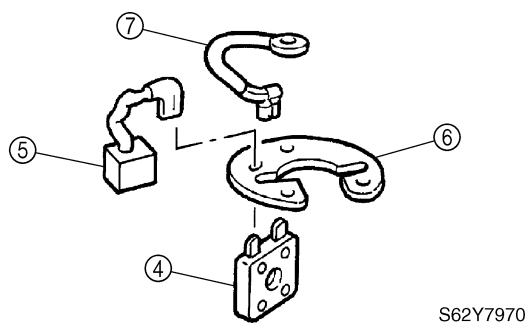
S62Y7950

Assembling the power trim and tilt motor

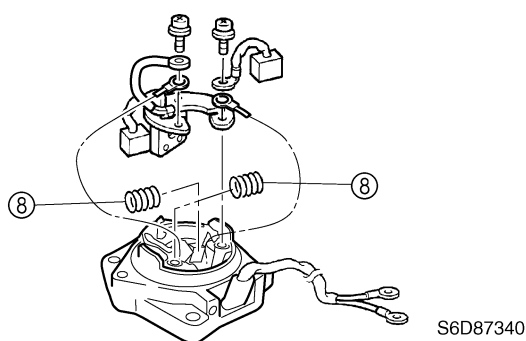
1. Install a new oil seal ① and the bushing ② into the motor base ③ as shown.



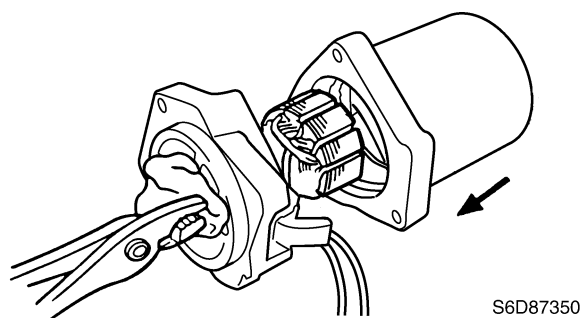
2. Attach the circuit breaker ④ onto the brush ⑤ together with the brush holder ⑥ and connect the wire lead ⑦.



3. Install the springs ⑧ into the motor base, then the brush holder into the motor base together with the brushes and circuit breaker.

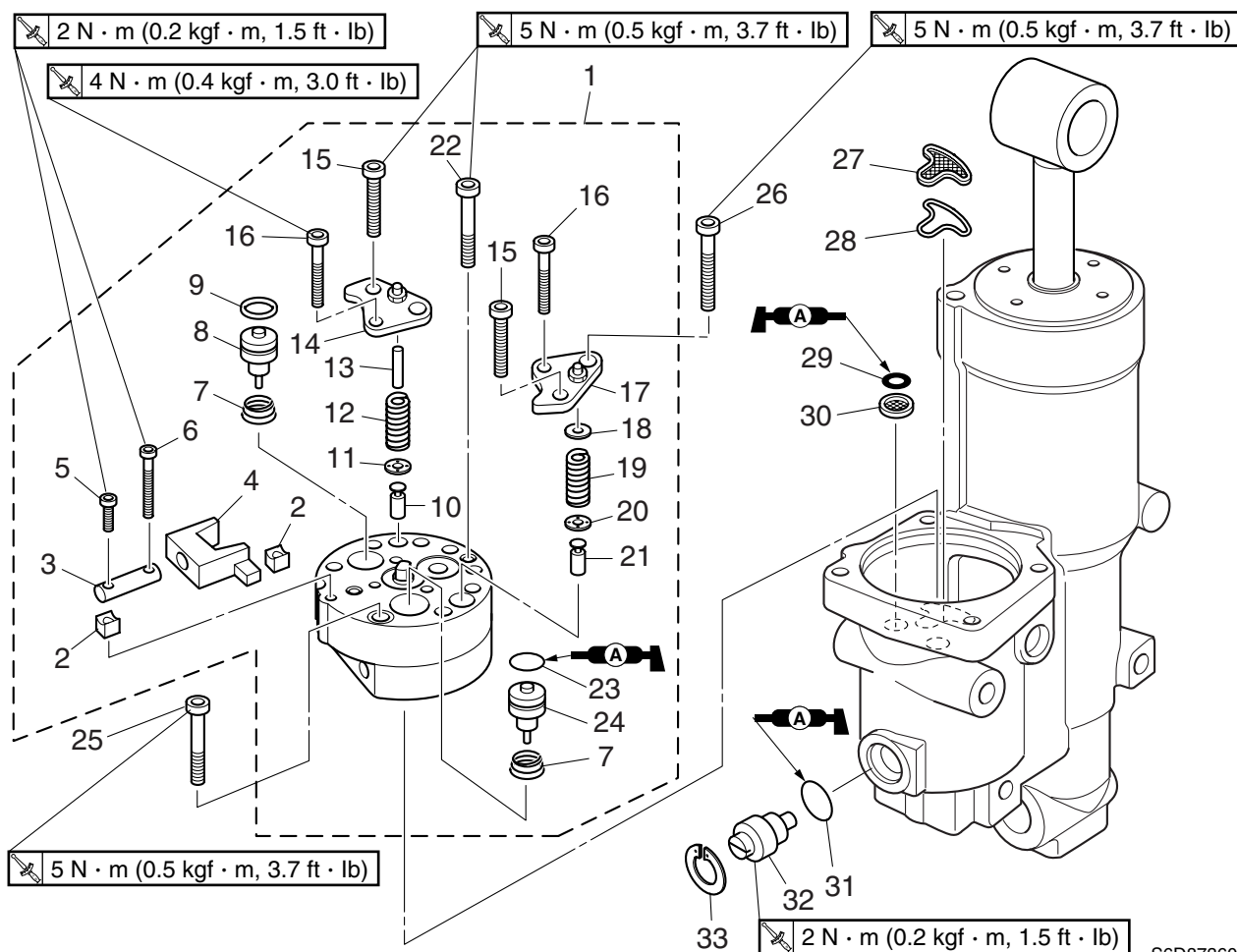


4. Push the brushes into the brush holder, and then install the armature.
5. Install the stator onto the base.



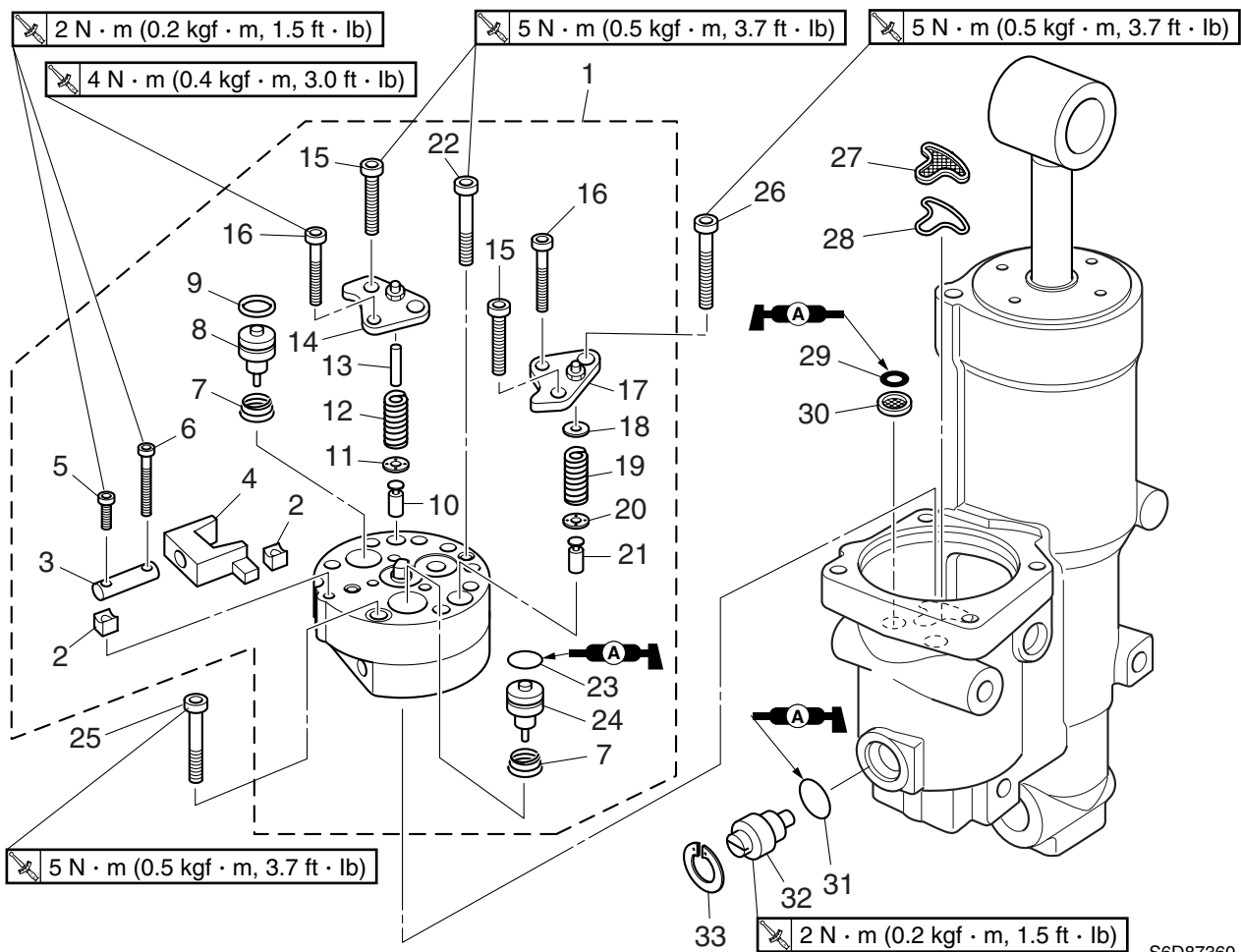
NOTE: _____
Place a clean cloth over the end of the armature shaft, hold it with a pair of pliers, and then carefully slide the stator over the armature.

Gear pump



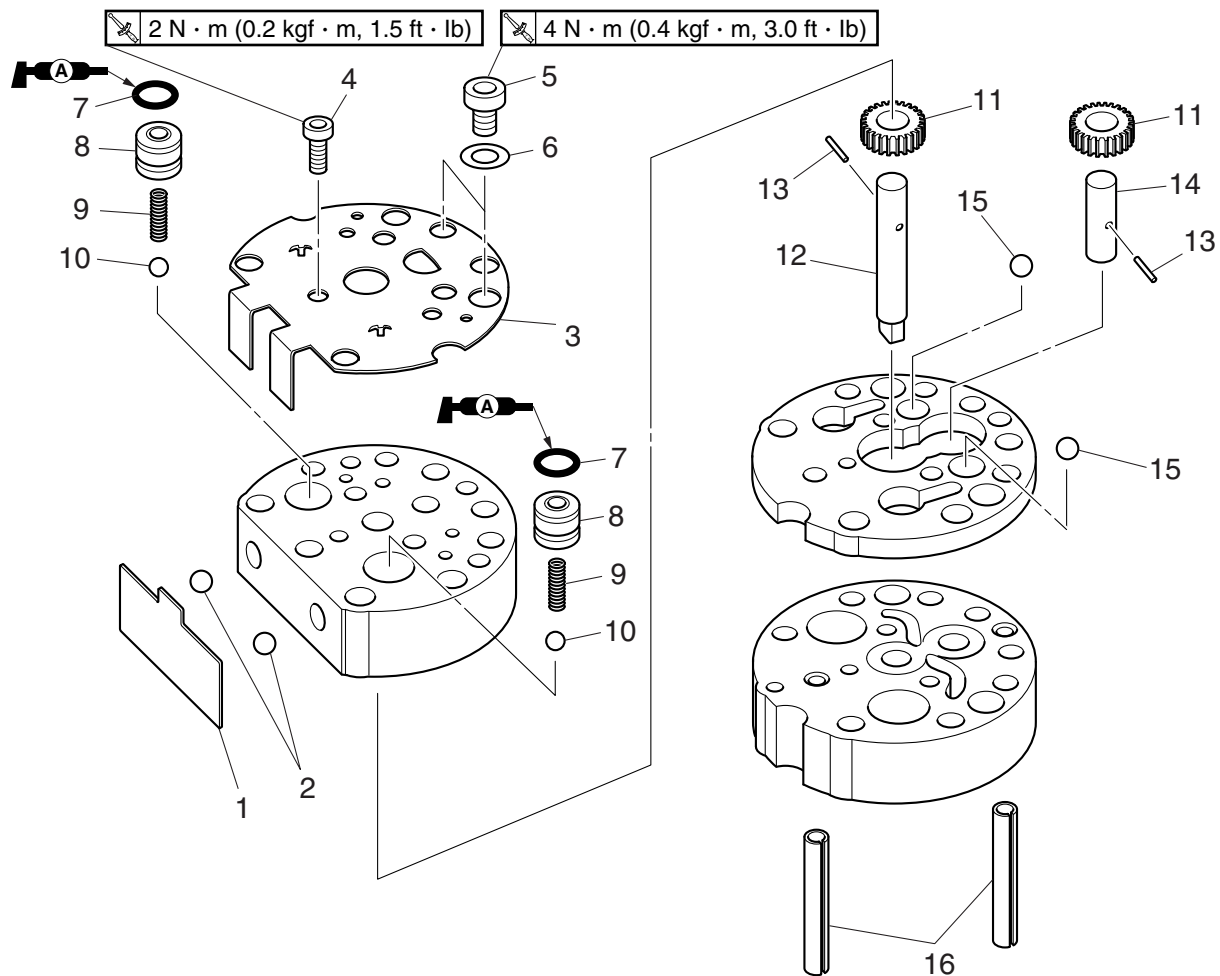
S6D87360

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Gear pump assembly	1	
2	Spacer	2	
3	Pin	1	
4	Lever	1	
5	Bolt	1	M3 × 16 mm
6	Bolt	1	M3 × 35 mm
7	Spring	2	
8	Shuttle piston	1	
9	Backup ring	1	
10	Down-relief valve seat	1	
11	Washer	1	
12	Spring	1	
13	Pin	1	
14	Cap	1	
15	Bolt	2	M5 × 30 mm
16	Bolt	2	M4 × 30 mm
17	Cap	1	



S6D87360

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Holder	1	
19	Spring	1	
20	Washer	1	
21	Up-relief valve seat	1	
22	Bolt	2	M5 × 25 mm
23	O-ring	1	Not reusable
24	Shuttle piston	1	
25	Bolt	2	M5 × 45 mm
26	Bolt	2	M5 × 50 mm
27	Filter	1	
28	Plate	1	
29	O-ring	2	Not reusable
30	Filter	2	
31	O-ring	1	Not reusable
32	Manual valve	1	
33	Circlip	1	

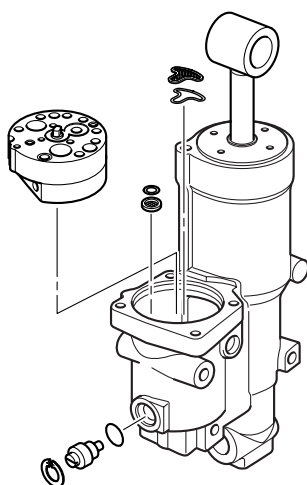


S6D87550

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Manual release spring	1	
2	Ball	2	
3	Bracket	1	
4	Bolt	1	M3 × 5 mm
5	Bolt	2	M5 × 6 mm
6	Washer	2	
7	O-ring	2	Not reusable
8	Adapter	2	
9	Spring	2	
10	Ball	2	
11	Gear	2	
12	Drive shaft	1	
13	Pin	2	
14	Driven shaft	1	
15	Ball	2	
16	Pin	2	

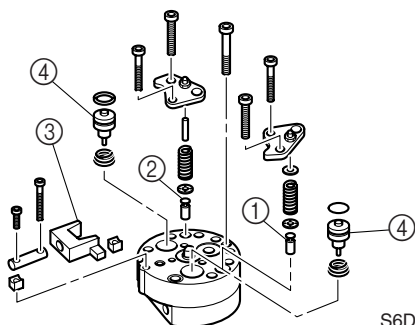
Disassembling the gear pump

1. Remove the manual valve, then the gear pump and filters.



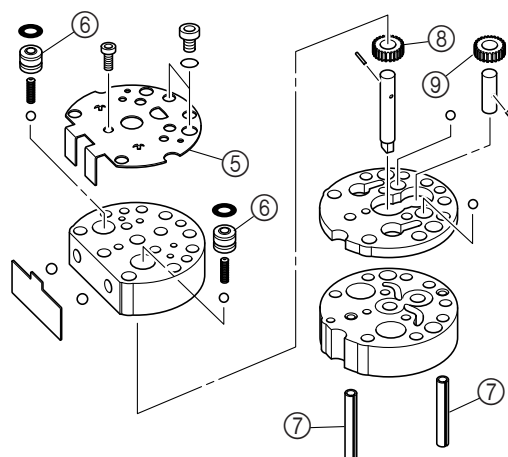
S6D87370

2. Remove the relief valve seat caps, then the up-relief valve seat ① and down-relief valve seat ②.
3. Remove the lever ③, then the shuttle pistons ④.



S6D87560

4. Remove the gear pump bracket ⑤, then the adapters ⑥.
5. Remove the pins ⑦, then the drive gear ⑧ and driven gear ⑨.



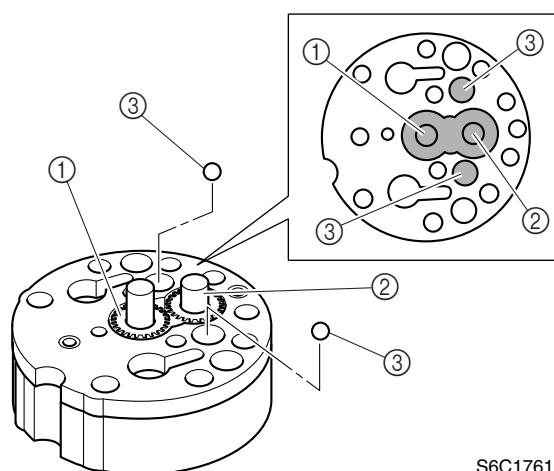
S6C17600

Checking the gear pump

1. Clean all the pistons and balls, and then check them for damage or wear. Replace if necessary.
2. Check the filters for damage or clogs. Replace if necessary.
3. Check the drive gear and driven gear for damage or wear. Replace the gear pump assembly if necessary.

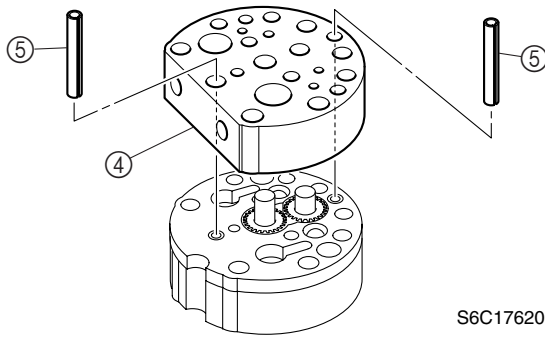
Assembling the gear pump

1. Install the drive gear ① and driven gear ② into the gear pump housing.
2. Install the balls ③ into the gear pump housing.

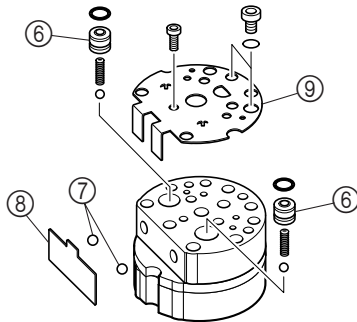


S6C17610

3. Install the gear pump cover ④, then the pins ⑤.

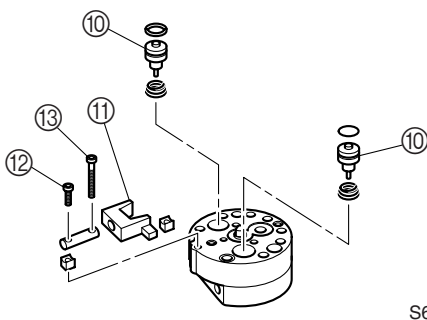


4. Install the adapters (6) into the gear pump cover.
5. Install the balls (7) into the gear pump cover with the manual release spring (8).
6. Install the gear pump bracket (9) by installing the bolts, then tightening them to the specified torques.



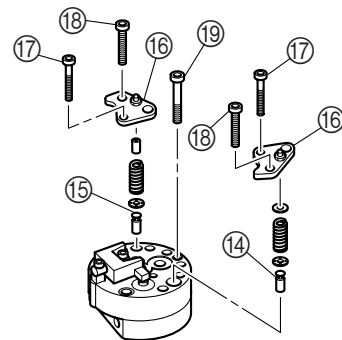
Gear pump bracket bolt (M3):
2 N·m (0.2 kgf·m, 1.5 ft·lb)
Gear pump bracket bolt (M5):
4 N·m (0.4 kgf·m, 3.0 ft·lb)

7. Install the shuttle pistons (10), then the lever (11).
8. Tighten bolts (12) and (13) to the specified torque.



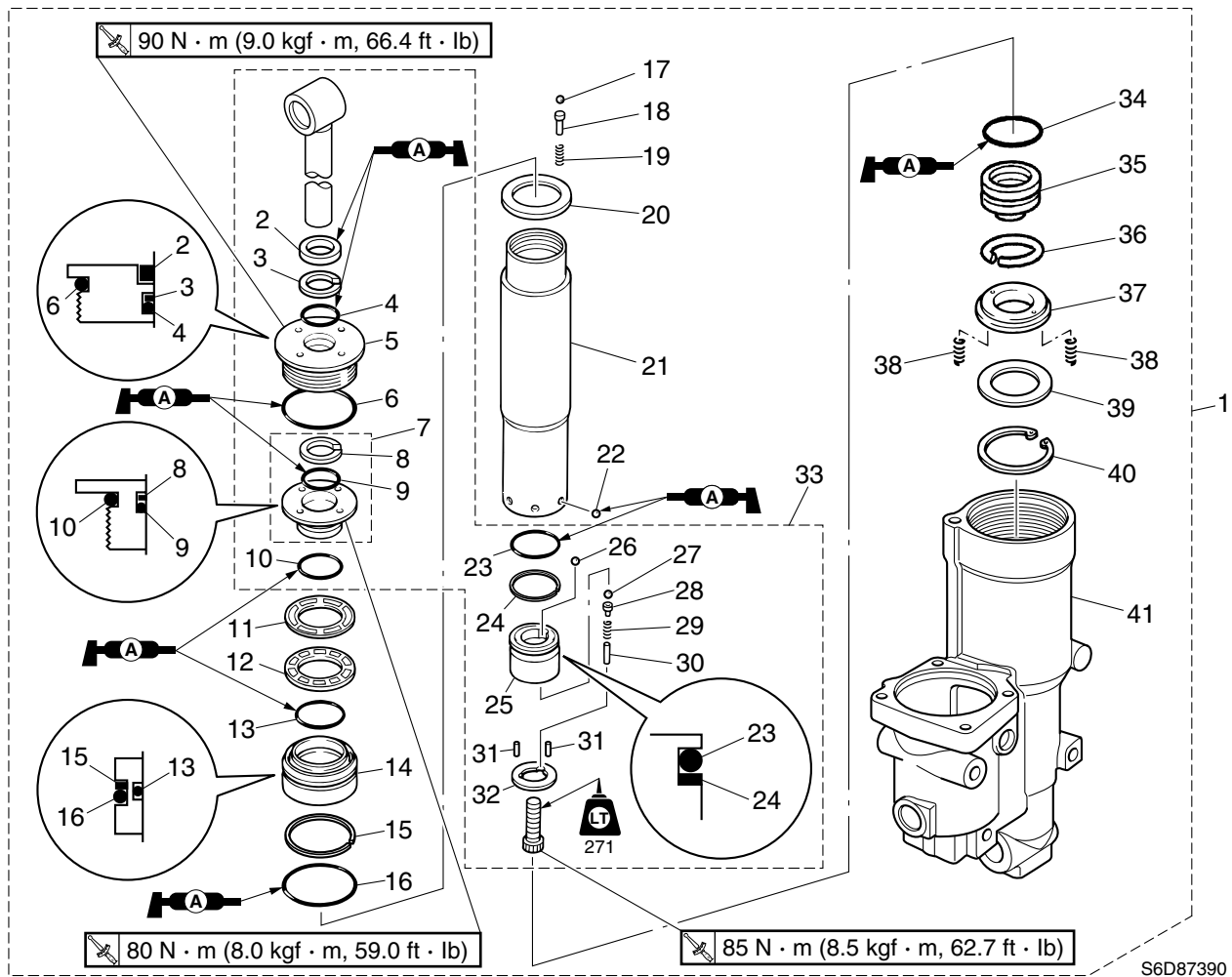
Lever bolt (M3) (12), (13):
2 N·m (0.2 kgf·m, 1.5 ft·lb)

9. Install the up-relief valve seat (14) and down-relief valve seat (15).
10. Install the relief valve seat caps (16) by installing bolts (17) and (18), then tightening them to the specified torques.
11. Tighten the bolts (19) to the specified torque.

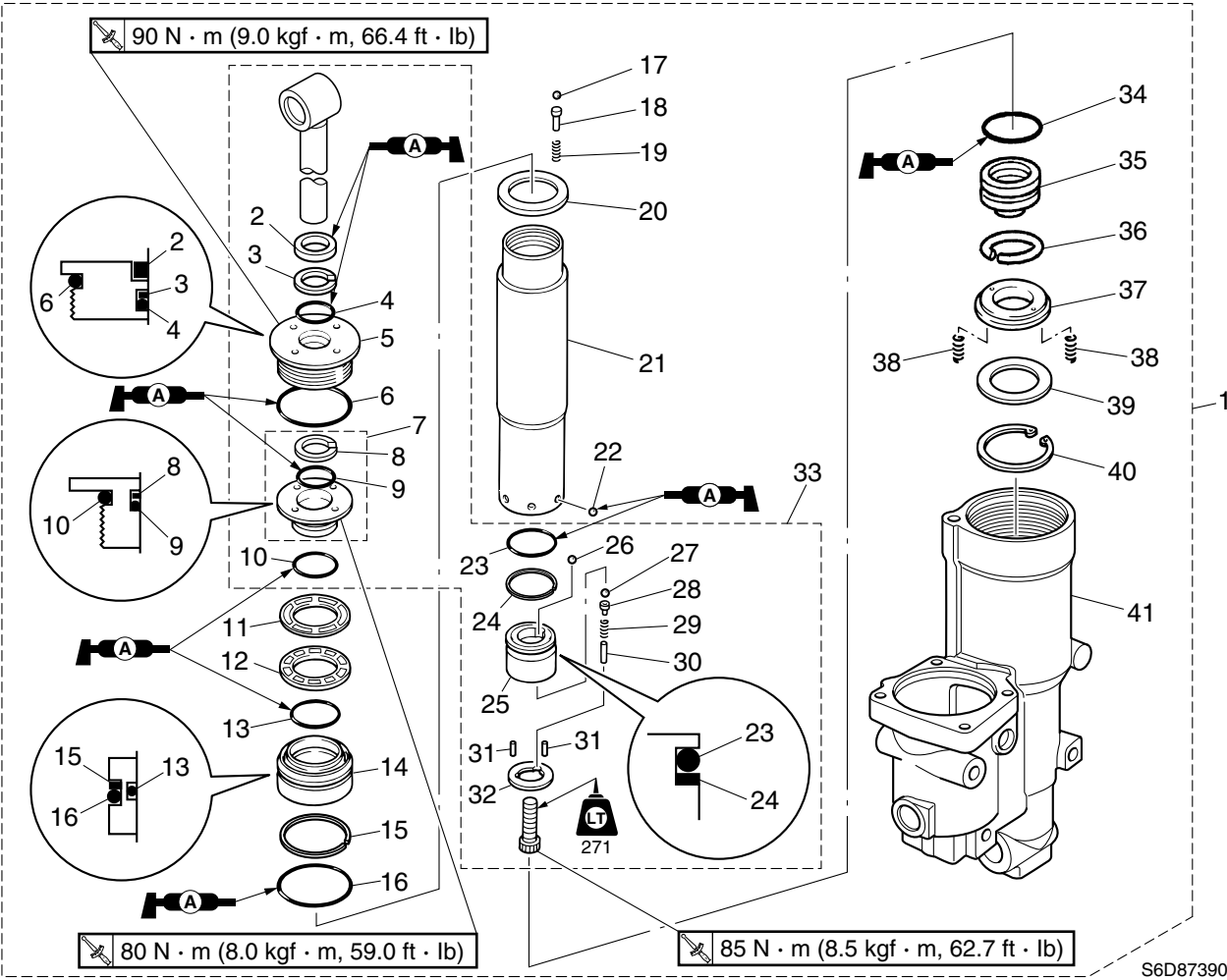


Relief valve cap bolt (M4) (17):
4 N·m (0.4 kgf·m, 3.0 ft·lb)
Relief valve cap bolt (M5) (18):
5 N·m (0.5 kgf·m, 3.7 ft·lb)
Gear pump housing bolt (19):
5 N·m (0.5 kgf·m, 3.7 ft·lb)

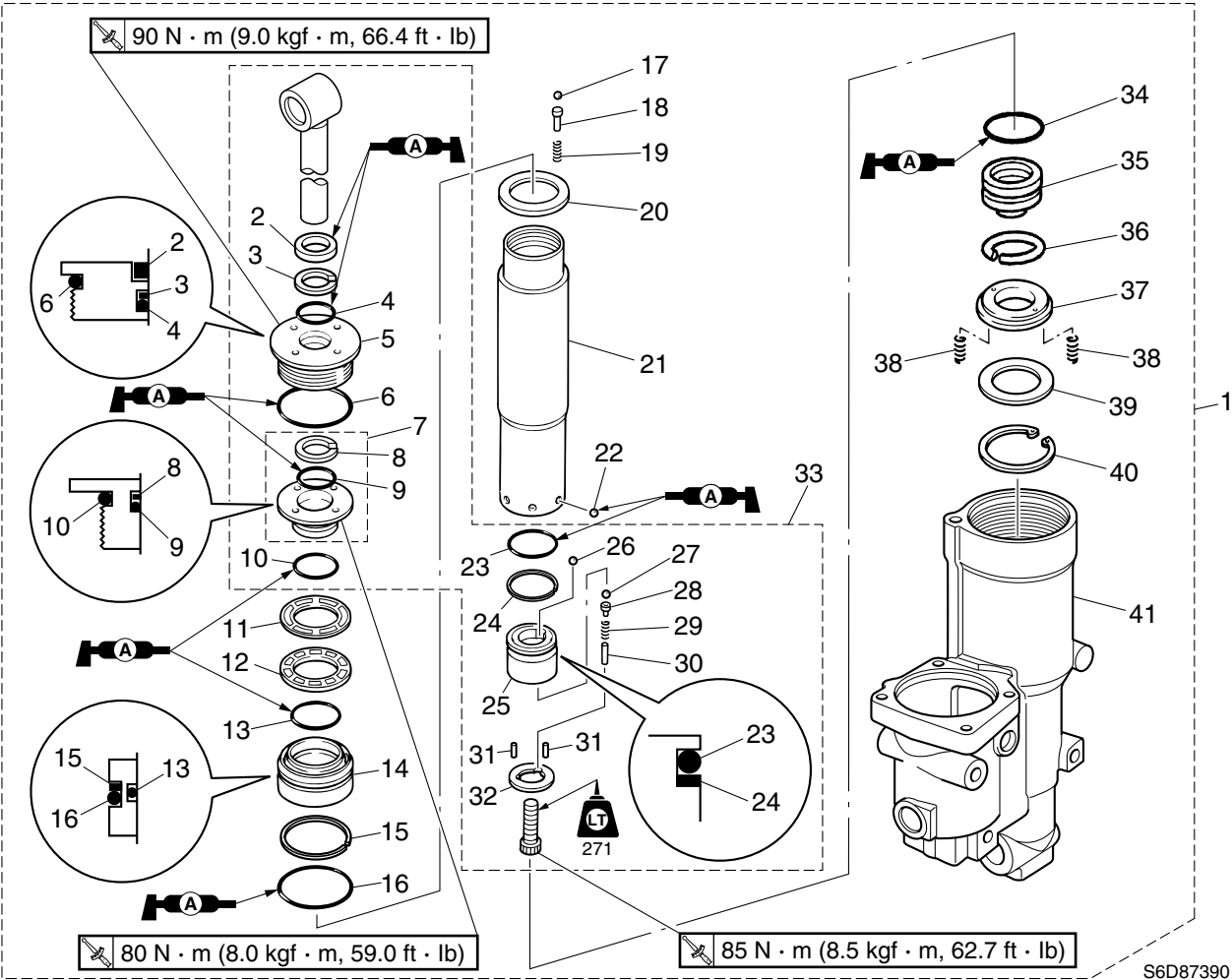
Tilt cylinder and trim cylinder



No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Power trim and tilt assembly	1	
2	Dust seal	1	Not reusable
3	Backup ring	1	
4	O-ring	1	Not reusable
5	Trim cylinder end screw	1	
6	O-ring	1	Not reusable
7	Tilt cylinder end screw assembly	1	
8	Backup ring	1	
9	O-ring	1	Not reusable
10	O-ring	1	Not reusable
11	Washer	1	
12	Filter	1	
13	O-ring	1	Not reusable
14	Trim piston	1	
15	Backup ring	1	
16	O-ring	1	Not reusable
17	Ball	5	



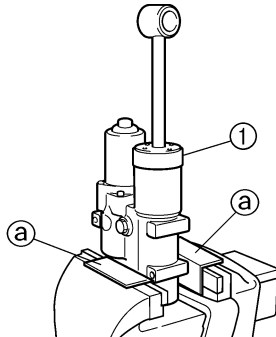
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Valve	5	
19	Spring	5	
20	Washer	1	
21	Tilt cylinder	1	
22	Ball	6	
23	O-ring	1	Not reusable
24	Backup ring	1	
25	Tilt piston	1	
26	Ball	1	
27	Ball	2	
28	Valve	2	
29	Spring	2	
30	Pin	2	
31	Dowel	2	
32	Washer	1	
33	Tilt piston assembly	1	
34	O-ring	1	Not reusable



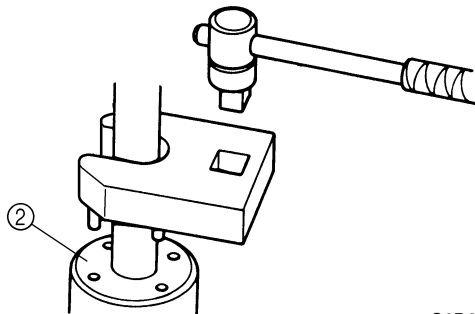
No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
35	Free piston	1	
36	Circlip	1	
37	Cylinder base	1	
38	Spring	2	
39	Washer	1	
40	Circlip	1	
41	Trim cylinder	1	

Disassembling the trim cylinder

1. Hold the power trim and tilt unit ① in a vise using aluminum plates ② on both sides.



2. Loosen the trim cylinder end screw ②, and then remove it.



⚠ WARNING

Make sure that the ram is fully extended before removing the end screw.

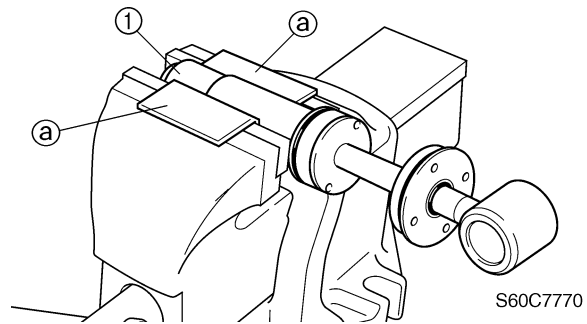


Cylinder-end screw wrench:
New: 90890-06568
Current: 90890-06544

3. Drain the power trim and tilt fluid.

Disassembling the tilt cylinder

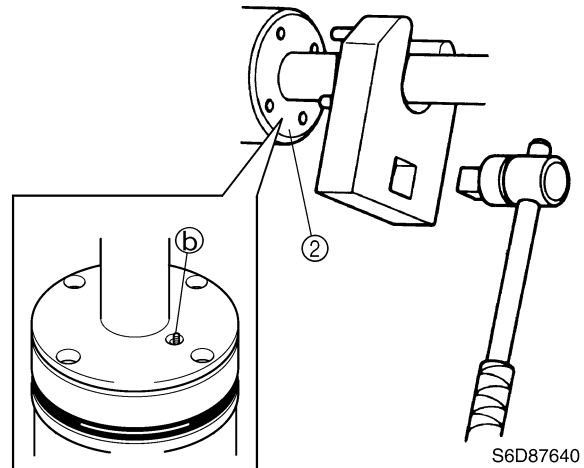
1. Hold the tilt cylinder ① in a vise using aluminum plates ② on both sides.



NOTE:

Place the tilt cylinder in the vise horizontally.

2. Loosen the tilt cylinder end screw ②, and then remove it.



CAUTION:

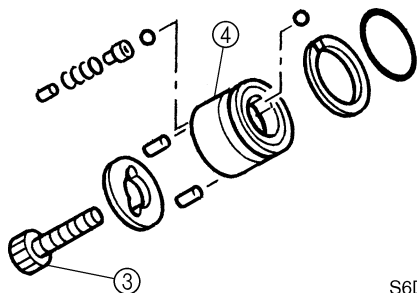
Do not damage the check valve ⑥ when loosening the end screw.



Cylinder-end screw wrench:
New: 90890-06568
Current: 90890-06544

3. Hold the tilt ram end in a vise using aluminum plates on both sides.

- Remove the bolt ③, then the tilt piston ④.



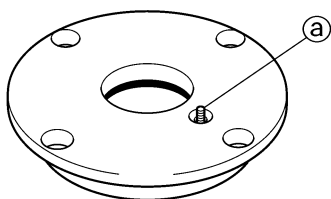
S6D87400

Checking the tilt cylinder and trim cylinder

- Check the power trim and tilt unit for cracks or corrosion. Replace if necessary.
- Check the inner walls of the trim cylinder and tilt cylinder for scratches. Replace if necessary.
- Check the outer surface of the tilt piston and free piston for scratches. Replace if necessary.
- Check the tilt ram for bends or excessive corrosion. Polish with 400- to 600-grit sandpaper if there is light rust or replace if necessary.

Checking the valves

- Check the operation of the check valve ① of the tilt cylinder end screw and check the valve for dirt or residue. Clean if necessary.

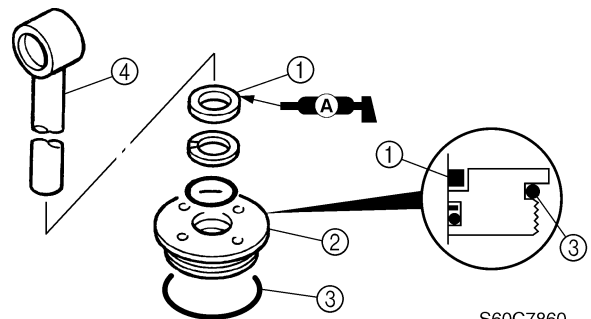


S62Y7610

- Check the operation of the absorber valve and check for dirt or residue. Clean if necessary.

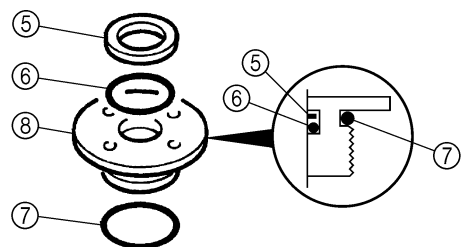
Assembling the tilt cylinder

- Install a new O-ring, the backup ring, and a new dust seal ① into the trim cylinder end screw ②.
- Install the O-ring ③ onto the trim cylinder end screw.
- Install the tilt ram ④ into the trim cylinder end screw.



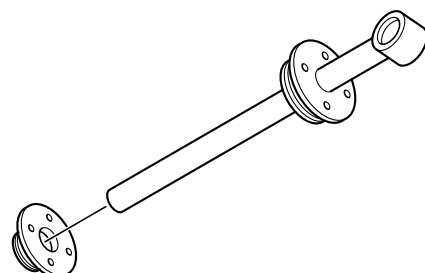
S60C7860

- Install the backup ring ⑤ and new O-rings ⑥ and ⑦ into the tilt cylinder end screw ⑧.



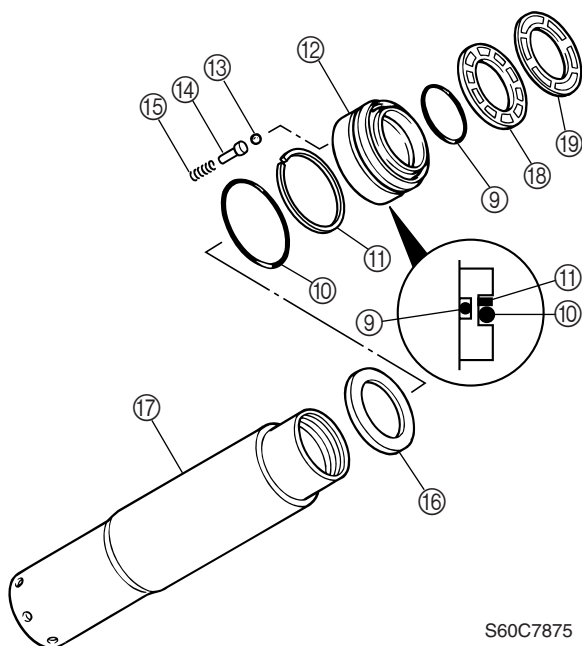
S60C7865

- Install the tilt cylinder end screw onto the tilt ram.

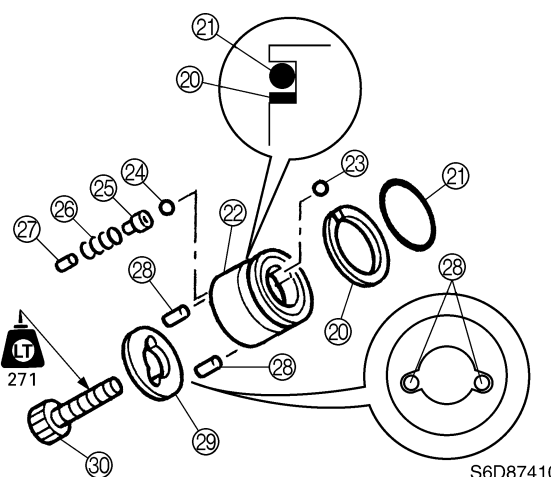


S60C7870

6. Install the new O-rings ⑨ and ⑩, and backup ring ⑪ onto the trim piston ⑫.
7. Install the balls ⑬, valves ⑭, and springs ⑮ into the trim piston, and then install the washer ⑯ and trim piston to the tilt cylinder ⑰.
8. Install the filter ⑱ and washer ⑲ to the trim piston.

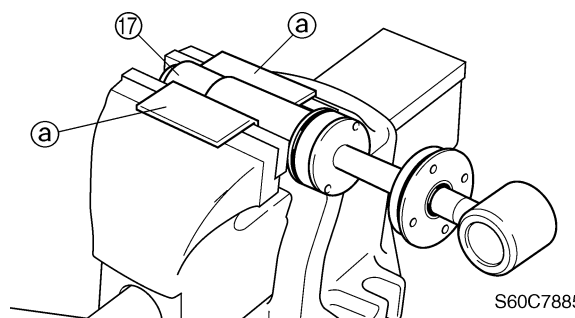


9. Install the backup ring ⑳ and new O-ring ㉑ to the tilt piston ㉒.
10. Install balls ㉓ and ㉔, valves ㉕, springs ㉖, pins ㉗, dowels ㉘, and washer ㉙ into the tilt piston.
11. Hold the tilt ram end in a vise using aluminum plates on both sides.
12. Install the tilt piston to the tilt ram by installing the bolt ㉚, then tightening it to the specified torque.



	Tilt piston bolt ㉚: 85 N·m (8.5 kgf·m, 62.7 ft·lb)
--	--

13. Install the tilt ram into the tilt cylinder.
14. Hold the tilt cylinder ⑰ in a vise using aluminum plates ㉞ on both sides.

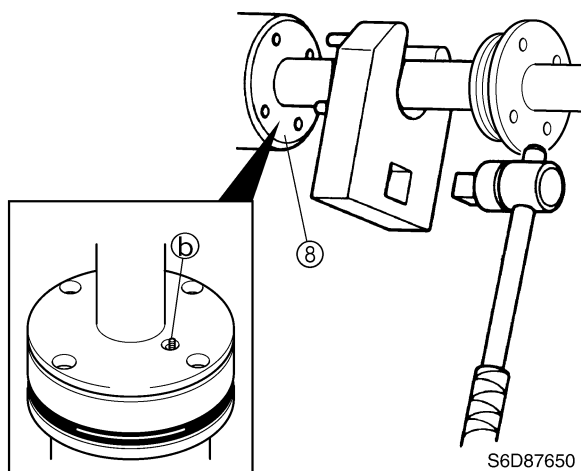


NOTE: _____
Place the tilt cylinder in the vise horizontally.



Bracket unit

15. Install the tilt cylinder end screw ⑧, and then tighten it to the specified torque.



CAUTION:

Do not damage the check valve ⑥ when tightening the end screw.



Cylinder-end screw wrench:

New: 90890-06568

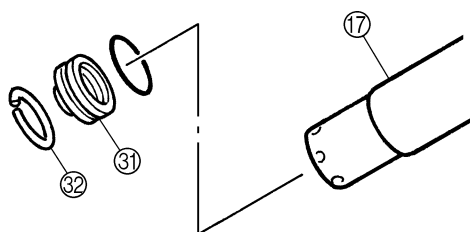
Current: 90890-06544



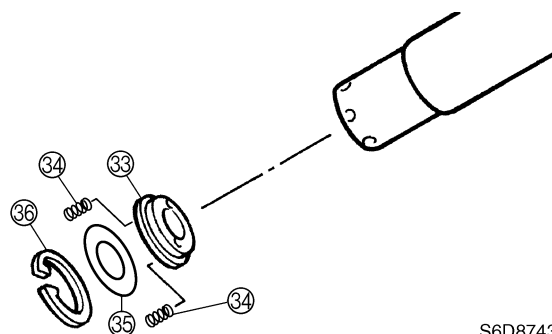
Tilt cylinder end screw ⑧:

80 N·m (8.0 kgf·m, 59.0 ft·lb)

16. Install the free piston ③① into the tilt cylinder ①⑦ by installing the circlip ③②.

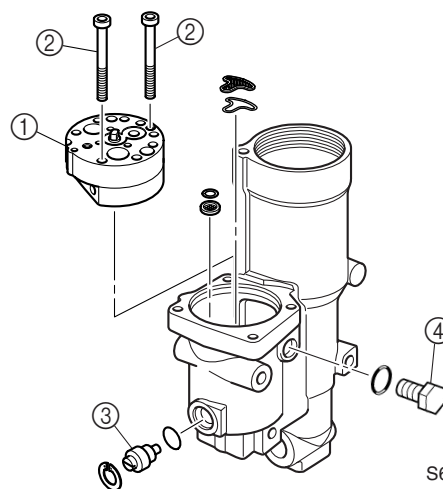


17. Install the cylinder base ③③, springs ③④, and washer ③⑤ into the tilt cylinder with the circlip ③⑥.



Assembling the power trim and tilt unit

1. Hold the trim cylinder in a vise using aluminum plates on both sides.
2. Install the filters and gear pump assembly ① by installing the bolts ②, then tightening them to the specified torques.
3. Install the manual valve ③ and reservoir cap ④.



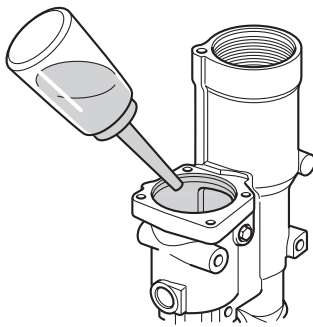
Gear pump bolt ②:

5 N·m (0.5 kgf·m, 3.7 ft·lb)

Reservoir cap ④:

7 N·m (0.7 kgf·m, 5.2 ft·lb)

4. Fill the reservoir with the recommended fluid to the correct level as shown.

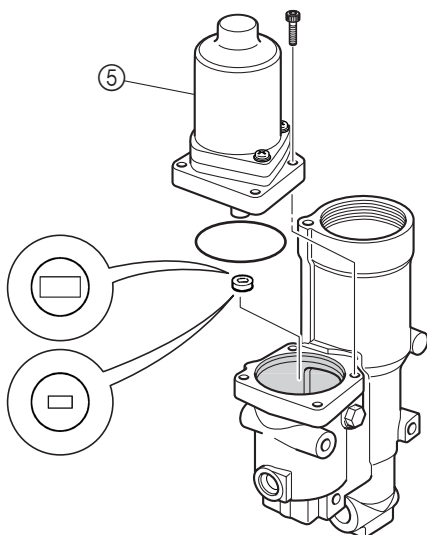


S6D87450



Recommended power trim and tilt fluid:
ATF Dexron II

5. Install a new O-ring, the joint, and the power trim and tilt motor ⑤ by installing the bolts, then tightening them to the specified torque.

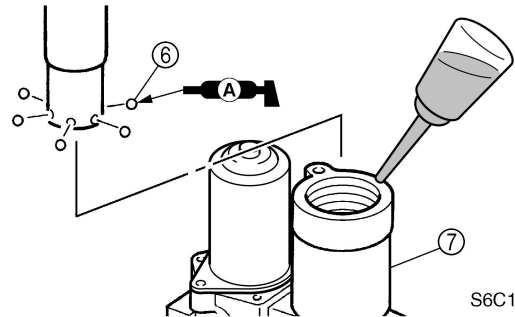


S6D87460



PTT motor bolt:
4 N·m (0.4 kgf·m, 3.0 ft·lb)

6. Add fluid of the recommended type to the first level at the bottom of the trim cylinder.
7. Install the balls ⑥ into the tilt cylinder, and then insert the tilt cylinder into the trim cylinder ⑦.

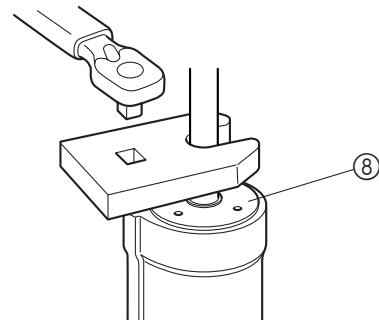


S6C17760

NOTE:

Apply grease to the balls from falling out of the cylinder installation.

8. Install the trim cylinder end screw ⑧, and then tighten it to the specified torque.



S6D87660



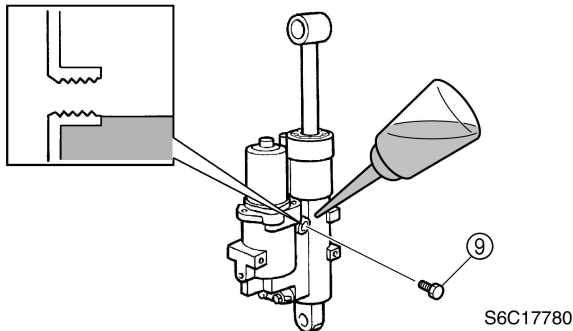
Cylinder-end screw wrench:
New: 90890-06568
Current: 90890-06544



Trim cylinder end screw ⑧:
90 N·m (9.0 kgf·m, 66.4 ft·lb)

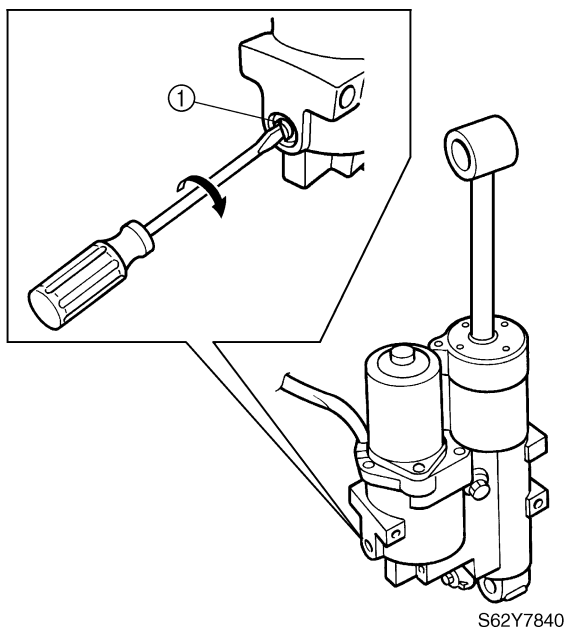
9. Fully extend the tilt rod, and then add sufficient fluid of the recommended type to the correct level.

10. Install the reservoir cap ⑨.



Bleeding the power trim and tilt unit

1. Tighten the manual valve ① by turning it clockwise.



	Manual valve ①: 2 N·m (0.2 kgf·m, 1.5 ft·lb)
---	---

2. Place the power trim and tilt unit in an upright position.
3. Remove the reservoir cap, and then check the fluid level in the reservoir.

NOTE:

If the fluid is at the correct level, the fluid should overflow out of the filler hole when the reservoir cap is removed.

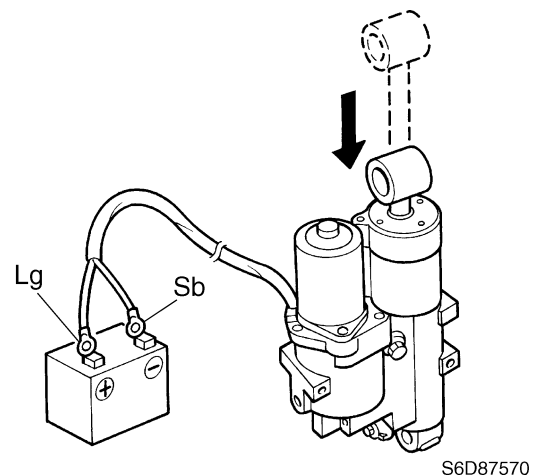
4. If necessary, add sufficient fluid of the recommended type until it overflows out of the filler hole.

	Recommended power trim and tilt fluid: ATF Dexron II
---	---

5. Install the reservoir cap, and then tighten it to the specified torque.

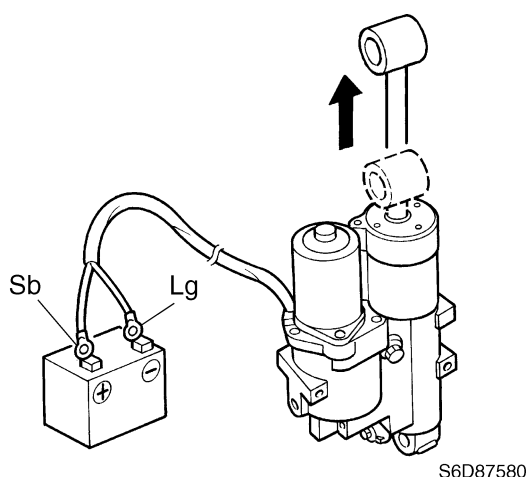
	Reservoir cap: 7 N·m (0.7 kgf·m, 5.2 ft·lb)
---	--

6. Connect the PTT motor leads to the battery terminals to fully retract the tilt ram.



Ram	PTT motor lead	Battery terminal
Down	Light green (Lg)	⊕
	Sky blue (Sb)	⊖

7. Reverse the PTT motor leads between the battery terminals to fully extend the tilt ram.



Ram	PTT motor lead	Battery terminal
Up	Sky blue (Sb)	⊕
	Light green (Lg)	⊖

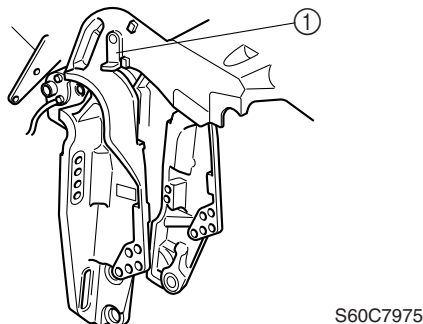
NOTE:

- Repeat this procedure so that the ram goes up and down four or five times (be sure to wait a few seconds before switching the leads).
- If the ram does not move up and down easily, push and pull on the ram to assist operation.

8. Check the fluid level when the tilt ram is fully extended. Add sufficient fluid if necessary.

Installing the power trim and tilt unit

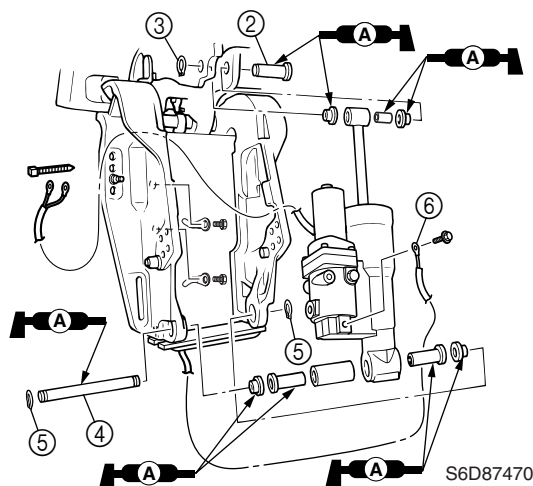
1. Fully tilt the outboard motor up, and then support it with the tilt stop lever ①.



CAUTION:

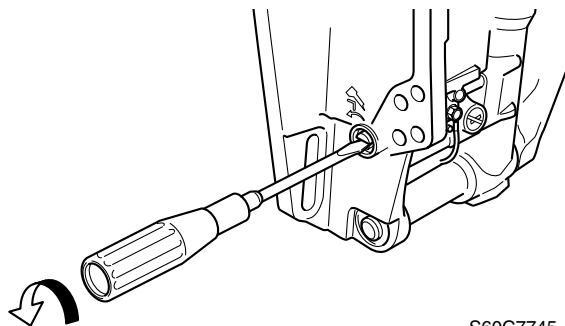
After tilting the outboard motor up, be sure to support it with the tilt stop lever.

2. Install the collars and bushings.
3. Lift the power trim and tilt unit up, and then install the upper mounting shaft ②.
4. Install the circlip ③.
5. Install the lower mounting shaft ④, and then install the circlips ⑤.
6. Route the PTT motor leads through the hole, and then install the holders and plastic ties.
7. Connect the ground lead ⑥.



Bleeding the power trim and tilt unit (built-in)

1. Fully turn the manual valve counterclockwise.





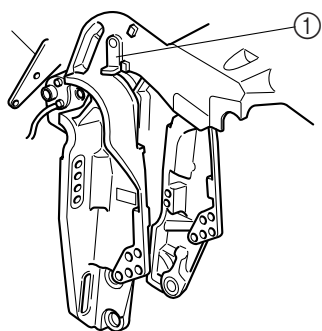
2. Fully tilt the outboard motor up, and then release it to let it lower by its own weight four to five times.
3. Tighten the manual valve by turning it clockwise.



Reservoir cap:

7 N·m (0.7 kgf·m, 5.2 ft·lb)

4. Let the fluid settle for 5 minutes.
5. Push and hold the power trim and tilt switch in the up position to check that the outboard motor is fully tilted up.
6. Support the outboard motor with the tilt stop lever ①.

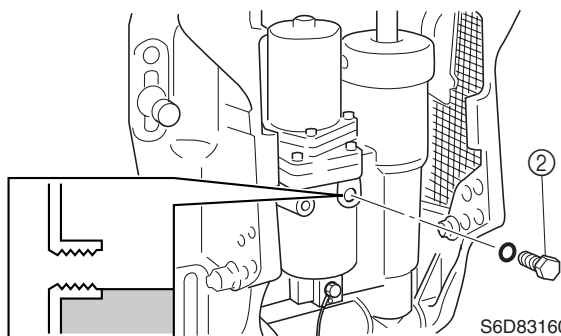


S60C7975

⚠ WARNING

After tilting up the outboard motor, be sure to support it with the tilt stop lever. Otherwise, the outboard motor could suddenly lower if the power trim and tilt unit should lose fluid pressure.

7. Remove the reservoir cap ②, and then check the fluid level in the reservoir.



S6D83160

NOTE:

If the fluid is at the correct level, the fluid should overflow out of the filler hole when the reservoir cap is removed.

8. If necessary, add sufficient fluid of the recommended type to the correct level.



Recommended power trim and tilt fluid:

ATF Dexron II

9. Install the reservoir cap, and then tighten it to the specified torque.

NOTE:

Repeat this procedure until the fluid remains at the correct level.



Reservoir cap:

7 N·m (0.7 kgf·m, 5.2 ft·lb)

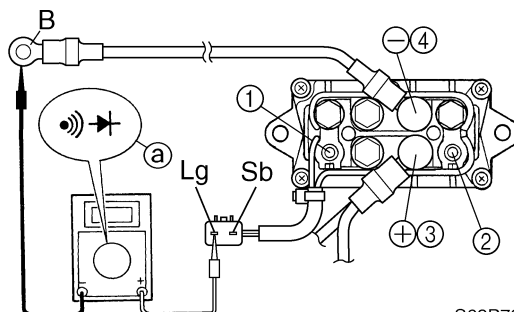
Power trim and tilt electrical system

Checking the fuse

1. Check the fuse for continuity. Replace if there is no continuity.

Checking the power trim and tilt relay

1. Check the power trim and tilt relay for continuity. Replace if out of specification.

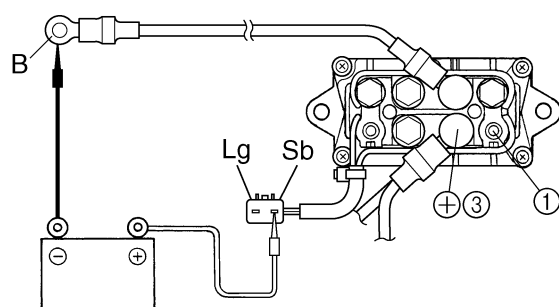


S63P7370

NOTE:

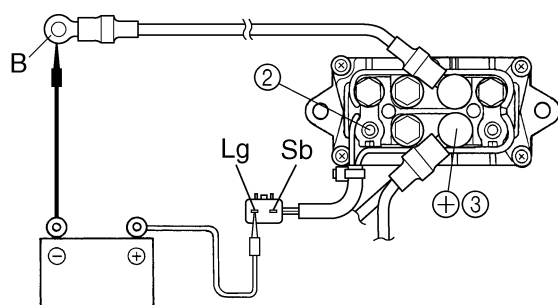
Be sure to set the measurement range ① shown in the illustration when checking for continuity.

	Power trim and tilt relay continuity	
Sky blue (Sb) – Black (B) Light green (Lg) – Black (B)		Continuity
Terminal ① – Terminal ④ Terminal ② – Terminal ④		Continuity
Terminal ① – Terminal ③ Terminal ② – Terminal ③		No continuity



S63P7390

- Connect the digital circuit tester between power trim and tilt relay terminals ② and ③.
- Connect the light green (Lg) lead to the positive battery terminal and the black (B) lead to the negative battery terminal as shown.
- Check for continuity between terminals ② and ③. Replace if there is no continuity.

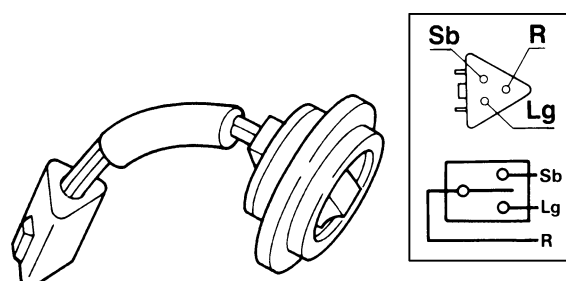


S63P7380

- Connect the digital circuit tester between power trim and tilt relay terminals ① and ③.
- Connect the sky blue (Sb) lead to the positive battery terminal and the black (B) lead to the negative battery terminal as shown.
- Check for continuity between terminals ① and ③. Replace if there is no continuity.

Checking the power trim and tilt switch

- Check the power trim and tilt switch for continuity. Replace if out of specification.

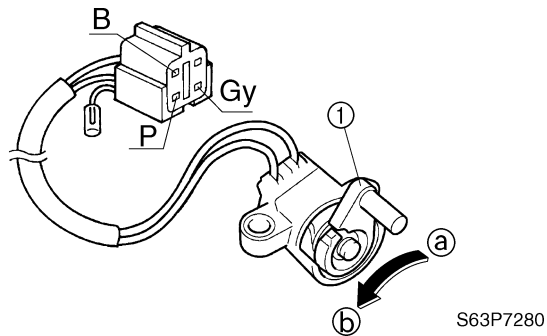


S62Y7A70

	Lead color		
	Sky blue (Sb)	Red (R)	Lightgreen (Lg)
Up	○	○	
Free			
Down		○	○

Checking the trim sensor

1. Measure the trim sensor resistance.
Replace if out of specification.



NOTE:

Turn the lever ① and measure the resistance as it gradually changes.

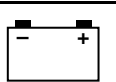


Trim sensor resistance:

Pink (P) – Black (B)

238.8–378.8 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F) ①

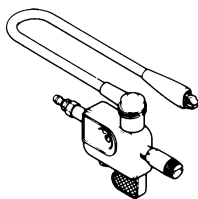
9–11 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F) ②



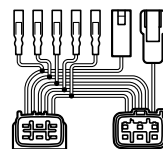
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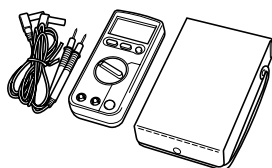
Special service tools



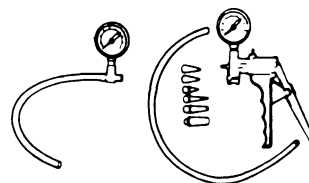
Ignition tester
90890-06756



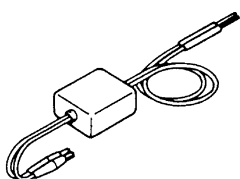
Test harness (6 pins)
90890-06848



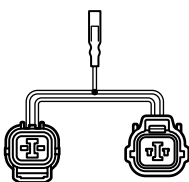
Digital circuit tester
90890-03174



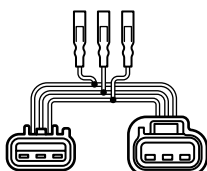
Vacuum/pressure pump gauge set
90890-06756



Peak voltage adapter B
90890-03172



Test harness (2 pins)
90890-06792



Test harness (3 pins)
90890-06791

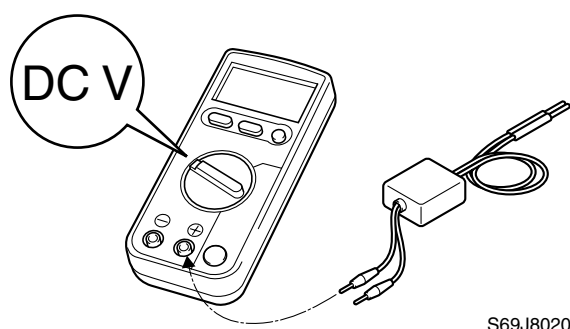
Checking the electrical components

Measuring the peak voltage

NOTE: _____

Before troubleshooting the peak voltage, check that all electrical connections are tight and free from corrosion, and that the battery is fully charged to 12 V.

The condition of the ignition system can be determined by measuring the peak voltage. Cranking speed is effected by many factors, such as fouled or weak spark plugs, or a weak battery. If one of these factors is present, the peak voltage will be lower than specification. In addition, if the peak voltage is lower than specification the engine will not operate properly.



S69J8020

⚠ WARNING _____

When checking the peak voltage, do not touch any of the connections of the digital tester leads.

NOTE: _____

- Use the peak voltage adapter with the digital circuit tester.
- When measuring the peak voltage, set the selector on the digital circuit tester to the **DC voltage mode**.
- Connect the positive pin on the peak voltage adapter to the positive terminal of the digital circuit tester.

Measuring the lower resistance

When measuring a resistance of 10 Ω or less with the digital circuit tester, the correct measurement cannot be obtained due to the internal resistance of the tester. To obtain the correct value, subtract the internal resistance from the displayed measurement.

NOTE: _____

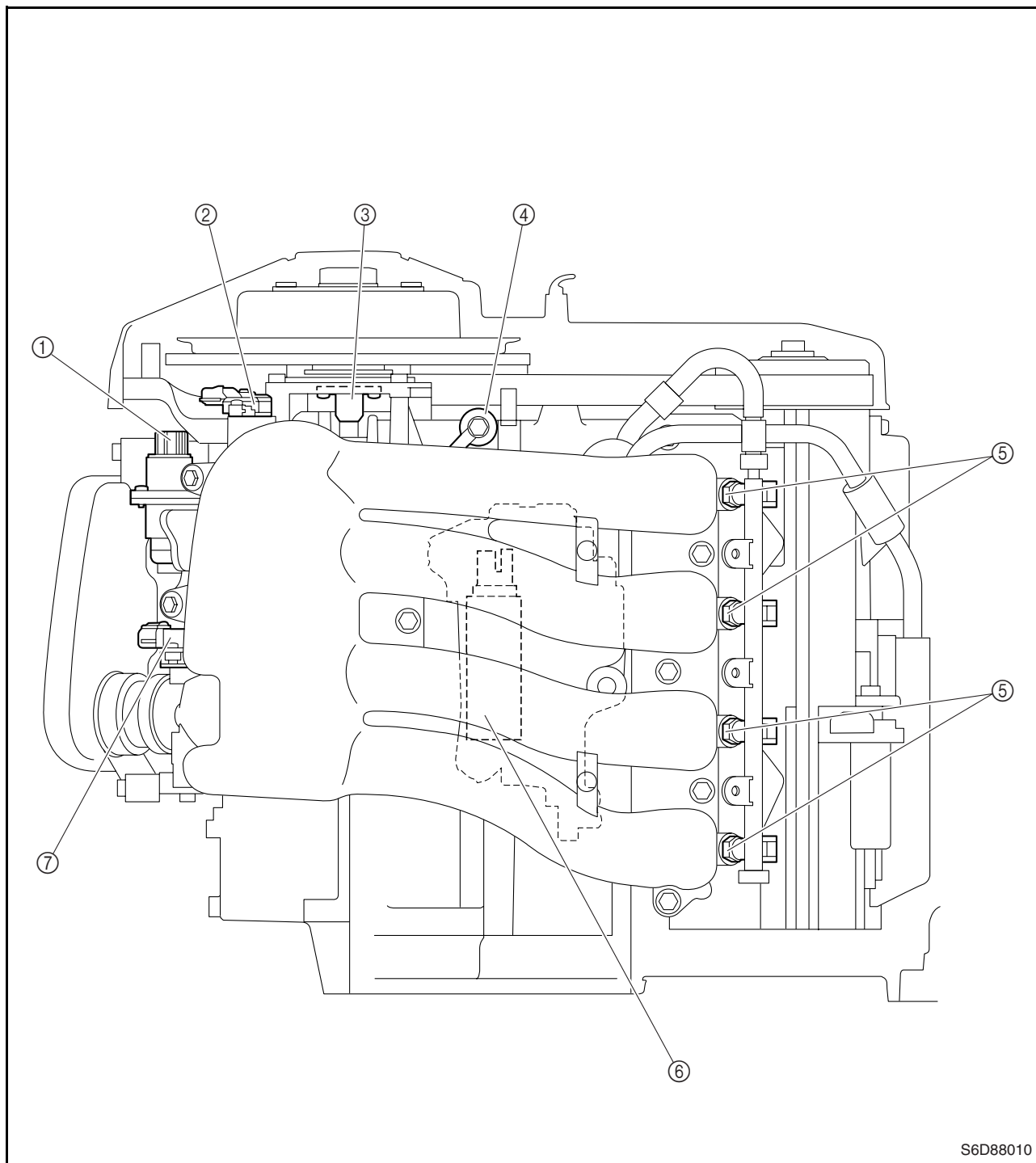
To obtain the internal resistance of the digital circuit tester, connect both of its probes and check the display.

Correct value =
displayed measurement – internal
resistance



Electrical components

Port view

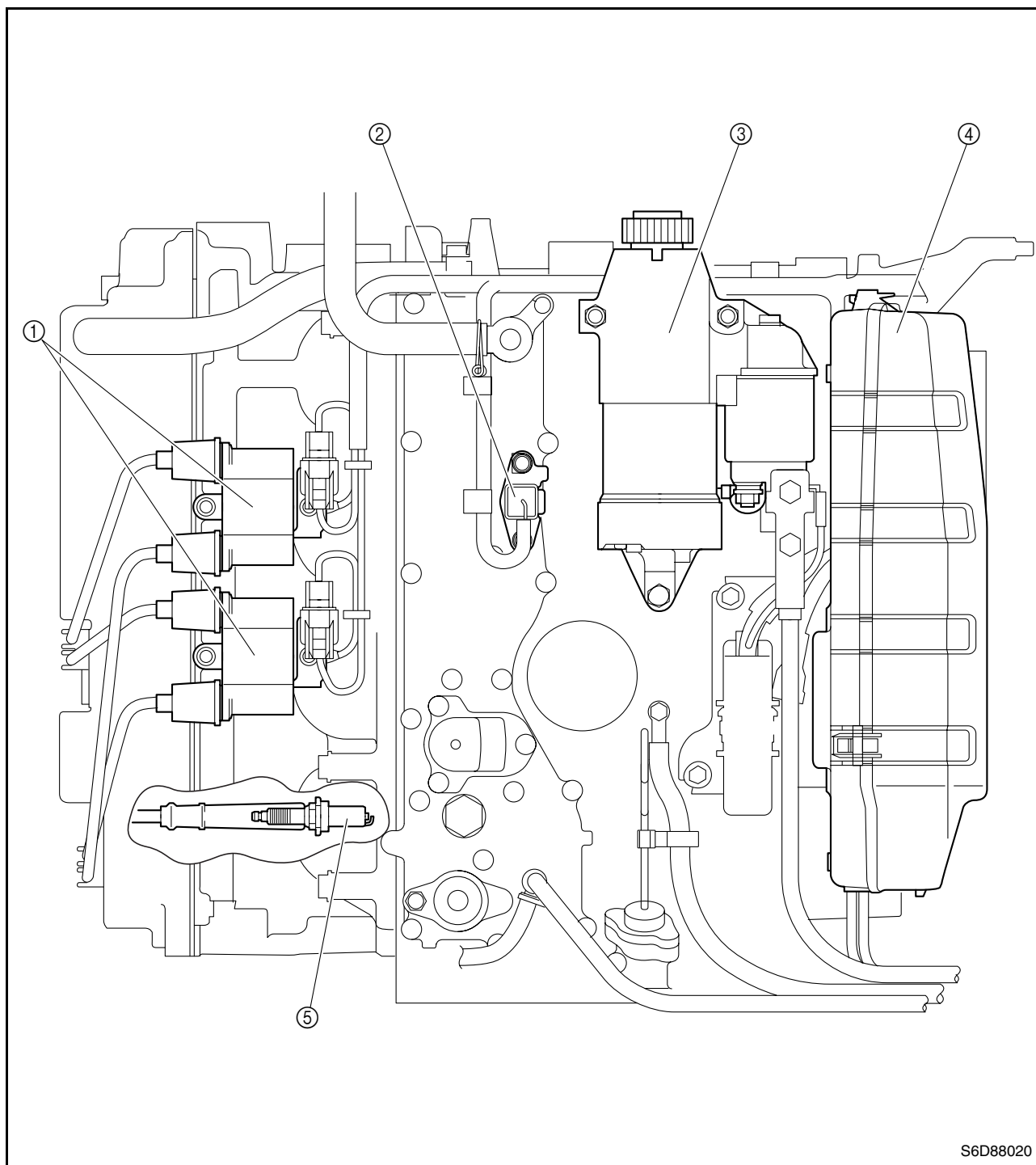


S6D88010

- ① Idle speed control
- ② Sensor assembly
(intake air temperature and intake air pressure)
- ③ Pulser coil
- ④ Oil pressure switch
- ⑤ Fuel injector
- ⑥ Electric fuel pump

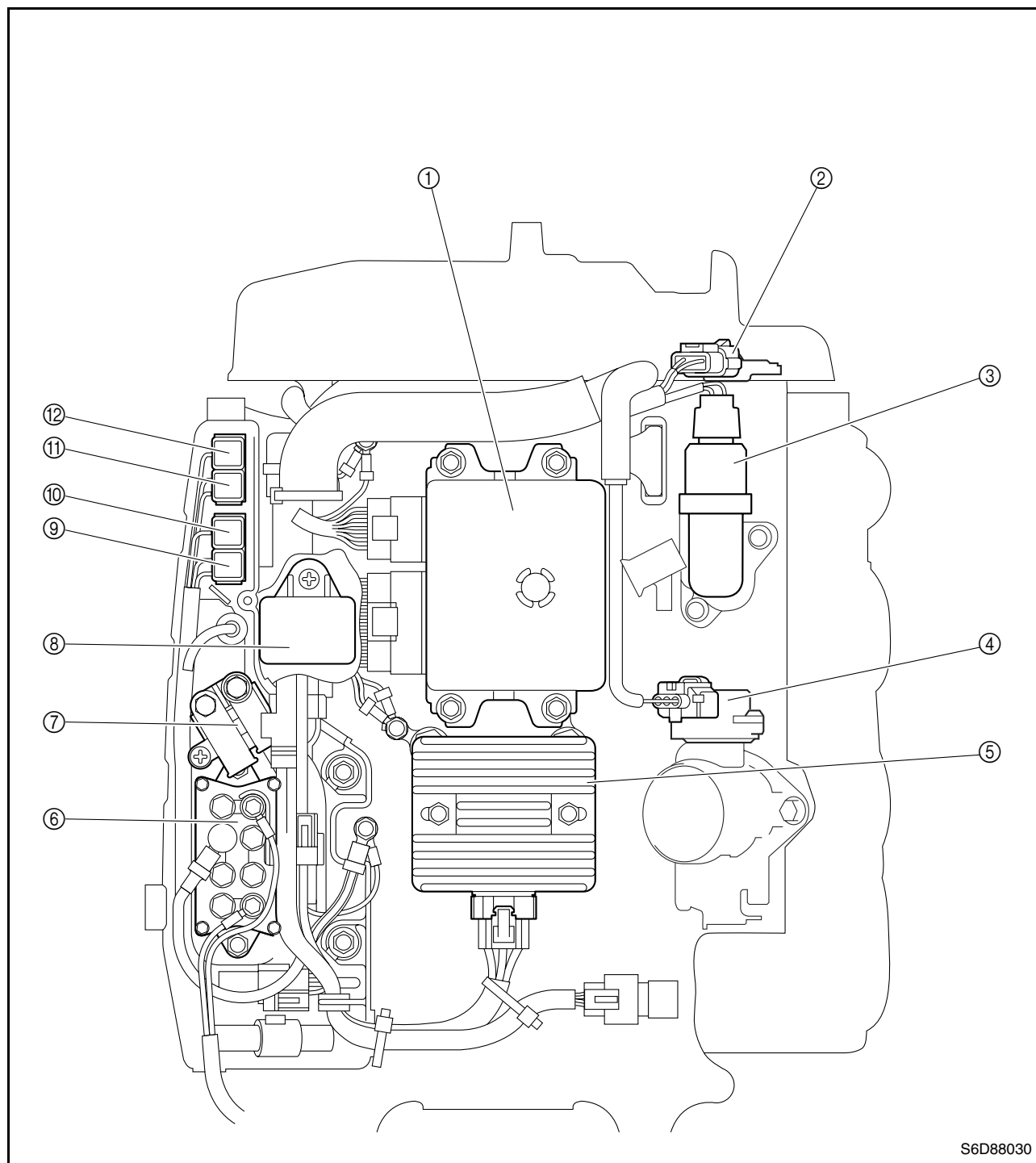
- ⑦ Throttle position sensor

Starboard view



S6D88020

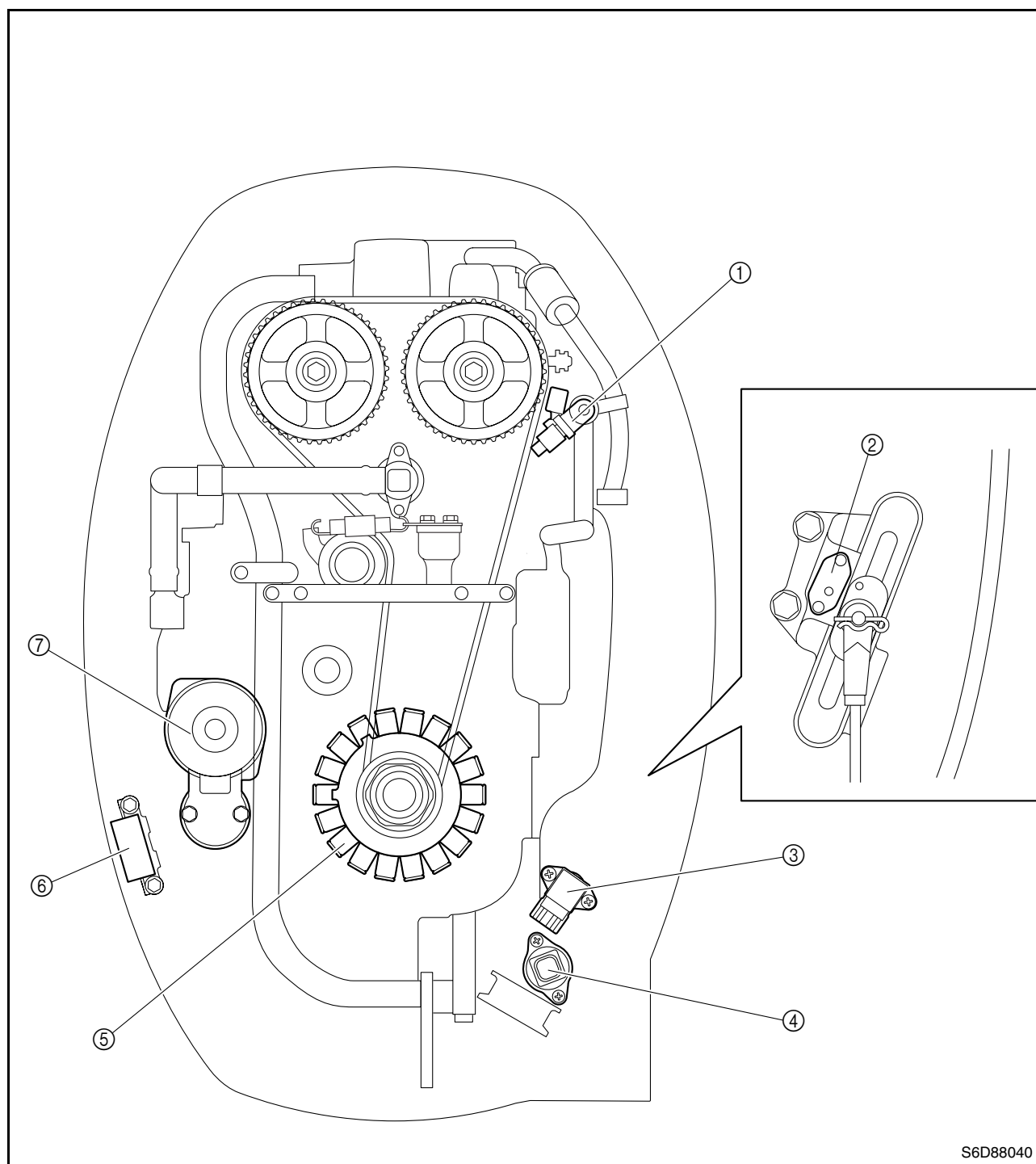
- ① Ignition coil
- ② Cooling water temperature sensor
- ③ Starter motor
- ④ Junction box
- ⑤ Spark plug


Bow view


S6D88030

- | | |
|---|---|
| ① ECM | ⑨ Fuse (20A)
(ECM, ignition coil, electric fuel pump, and fuel injector) |
| ② Sensor assembly
(intake air temperature and intake air pressure) | ⑩ Fuse (20A)
(main switch and power trim and tilt switch) |
| ③ Idle speed control | ⑪ Fuse (20 A)
(Rectifier Regulator) |
| ④ Throttle position sensor | ⑫ Fuse (30 A)
(starter relay) |
| ⑤ Rectifier Regulator | |
| ⑥ Power trim and tilt relay | |
| ⑦ Starter relay | |
| ⑧ Main and fuel pump relay | |

Top view



S6D88040

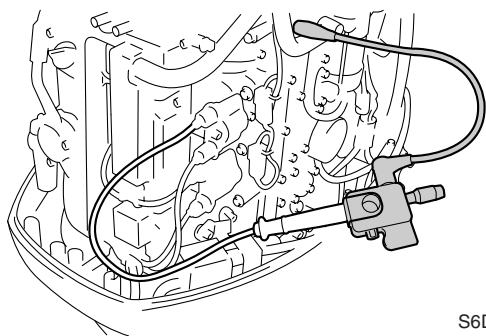
- ① Fuel injection
- ② Shift position switch
- ③ Sensor assembly
(intake air temperature and intake air pressure)
- ④ Idle speed control
- ⑤ Stator coil
- ⑥ Power trim and tilt switch
- ⑦ Starter motor



Ignition and ignition control system

Checking the ignition spark

1. Remove the spark plug wire cover.
2. Disconnect the spark plug caps from the spark plugs.
3. Connect a spark plug cap to the special service tool.

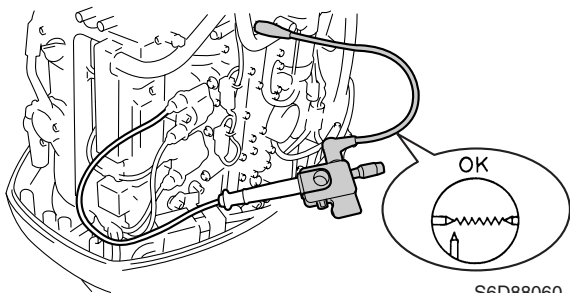


S6D88050



Ignition tester: 90890-06756

4. Crank the engine and observe the spark through the discharge window of the special service tool. Check the ignition system if the spark is weak.



S6D88060

⚠ WARNING

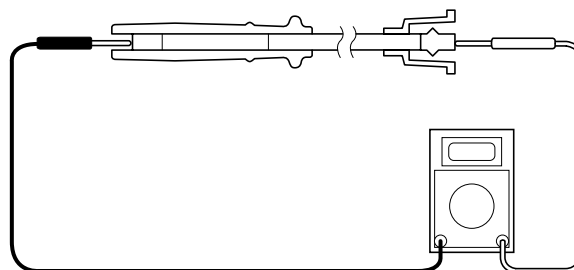
- Do not touch any of the connections of the ignition tester leads.
- Do not let sparks leak out of the removed spark plug caps.
- Keep flammable gas or liquids away, since this test can produce sparks.

NOTE:

The ignition spark can also be checked using the "Stationary test" of the Yamaha Diagnostic System.

Checking the spark plug wires

1. Remove the spark plug wires from the spark plugs.
2. Remove the spark plug wires from the ignition coils.
3. Measure the spark plug wire resistance. Replace if out of specification.



S60C8100

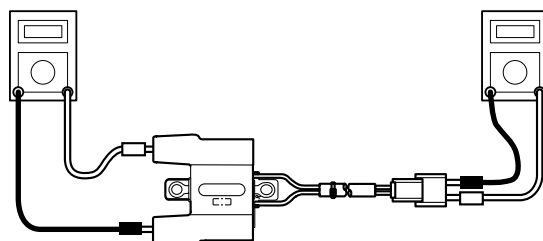


Spark plug wire resistance:

- #1: 4.5–10.7 kΩ
- #2: 3.3–8.0 kΩ
- #3: 3.7–8.9 kΩ
- #4: 4.3–10.2 kΩ

Checking the ignition coils

1. Remove the spark plug wires from the ignition coils.
2. Disconnect the ignition coil coupler.
3. Measure the ignition coil resistance. Replace if out of specification.



S63P8100

Ignition and ignition control system



Ignition coil resistance:

Primary coil:

Red (R) – Black/white (B/W)

1.53–2.07 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)

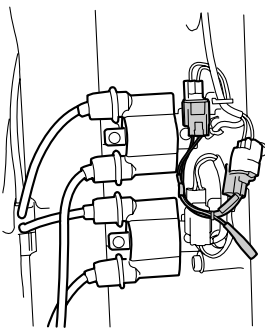
Secondary coil:

12.495–16.905 k Ω at

20 °C (68 °F)

Checking the ECM

1. Disconnect an ignition coil coupler.
2. Connect the test harness (2 pins) to the ignition coil.
3. Measure the ECM output peak voltage. If below specification, measure the pulser coil output peak voltage. Replace the ECM if the output peak voltage of the pulser coil is above specification.



S6D88070



Digital circuit tester: 90890-03174

Peak voltage adapter B:

90890-03172

Test harness (2 pins): 90890-06792



ECM output peak voltage:

Black/red (B/R) – Ground

Black/white (B/W) – Ground

r/min	Loaded		
	Cranking	1,500	3,500
DC V	210	290	290

Checking the pulser coils

1. Remove the junction box cover. Disconnect the pulser coil coupler.
2. Connect the test harness (3 pins) to the pulser coil.

3. Measure the pulser coil output peak voltage. Replace the stator assembly if below specification.



S6D88080

NOTE:

Do not loosen the pulser coil screw.



Digital circuit tester: 90890-03174

Peak voltage adapter B:

90890-03172

Test harness (3 pins): 90890-06791



Pulser coil output peak voltage:

White/red (W/R) – Black (B)

White/black (W/B) – Black (B)

r/min	Unloaded	Loaded	
		Cranking	
DC V	3.6	3.4	34.3



Pulser coil resistance

(reference data):

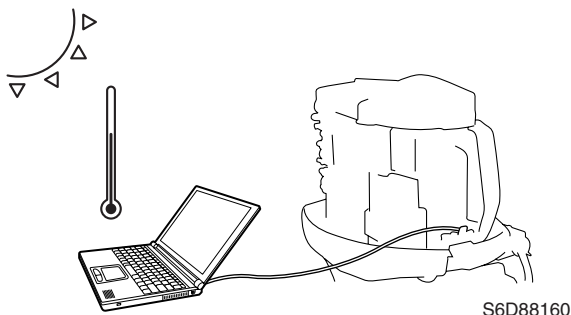
459–561 Ω

Checking the sensor assembly

1. Measure the ambient temperature.



2. Connect a computer to the outboard motor and use the Yamaha Diagnostic System to display the intake air temperature.



S6D88160

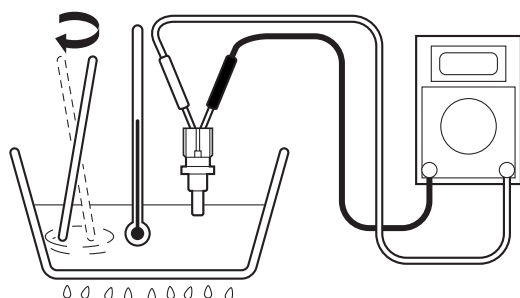
3. If the ambient temperature and the displayed intake air temperature differ by more than $\pm 5\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($\pm 9\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$), replace the sensor assembly.

NOTE:

Check the sensor assembly when the engine is cold.

Checking the cooling water temperature sensor

1. Place the cooling water temperature sensor in a container of water and slowly heat the water.



S69J8230

2. Measure the cooling water temperature sensor resistance. Replace if out of specification.



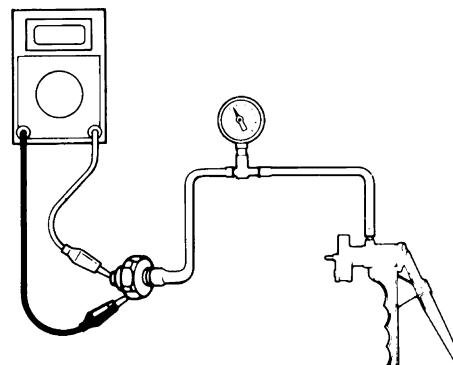
Cooling water temperature sensor resistance:

at $0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($32\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$): $5.21\text{--}6.37\text{ k}\Omega$

at $80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($176\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$): $0.290\text{--}0.354\text{ k}\Omega$

Checking the oil pressure switch

1. Check the oil pressure switch for continuity. Replace if there is no continuity.
2. Connect the special service tool to the oil pressure switch.
3. Slowly operate the special service tool.



S60C8180

4. Check the oil pressure switch for no continuity at the specified pressure. Replace if there is continuity.



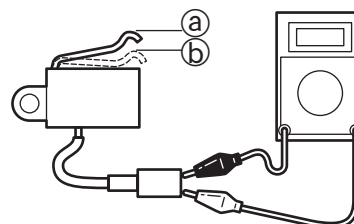
Vacuum/pressure pump gauge set:
90890-06756



Operating pressure:
 $127.5\text{--}166.7\text{ kPa}$
 $(1.28\text{--}1.67\text{ kgf/cm}^2,$
 $18.49\text{--}24.17\text{ psi})$

Checking the shift position switch

1. Check the shift position switch for continuity. Replace if there is no continuity.

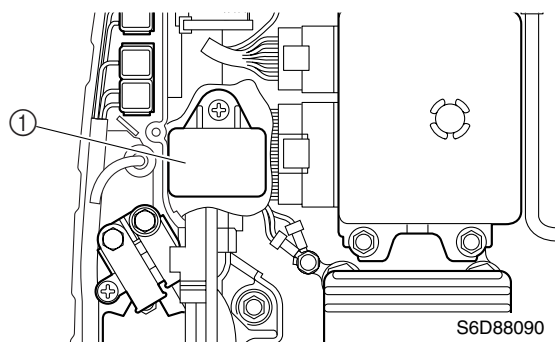


S69J8270

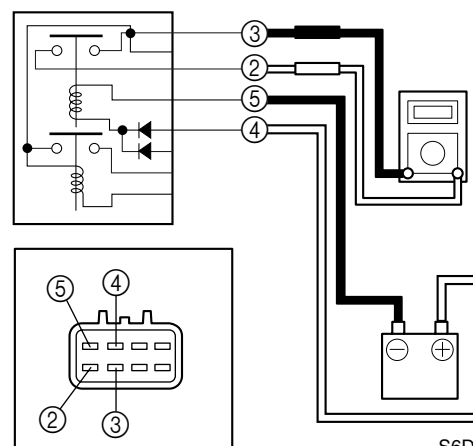
 Switch position	Lead color	
	Blue/green (L/G)	Black (B)
Free ①		
Push ②		

Checking the main and fuel pump relay (main control)

1. Remove the main and fuel pump relay ①.

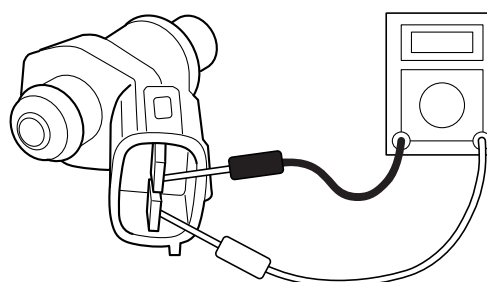


2. Connect the digital circuit tester leads to the relay terminals ② and ③.
3. Connect the positive battery terminal to the relay terminal ④.
4. Connect the negative battery terminal to the relay terminal ⑤.
5. Check for continuity between the relay terminals ② and ③. Replace if there is no continuity.
6. Check that there is no continuity between the relay terminals ② and ③ after disconnecting a battery terminal from the relay terminal ④ or ⑤. Replace if there is continuity.



Fuel control system Checking the injectors

1. Measure the resistance of the fuel injectors.



Digital circuit tester: 90890-03174



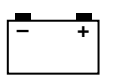
Fuel injector resistance
(reference data):
12.0 Ω at 21 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (70 $^{\circ}\text{F}$)

NOTE:

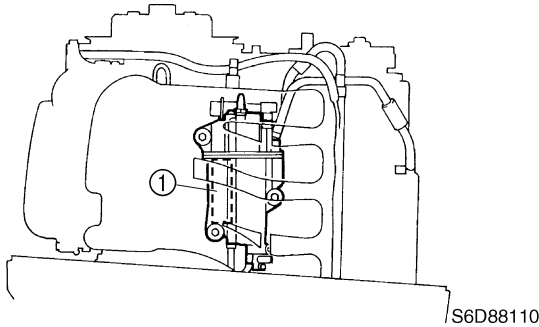
Check the operation of the fuel injectors using the "Stationary test" of the Yamaha Diagnostic System.

Checking the electric fuel pump

1. Turn the engine start switch to ON.



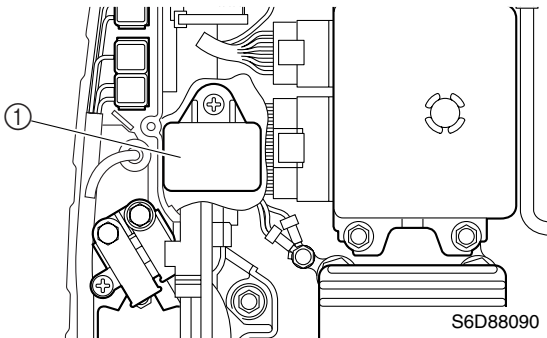
2. Listen for the operating sound of the electric fuel pump ①. Check the fuel system if there is no sound.


NOTE:

After the engine start switch is turned to ON, the electric fuel pump will operate for 3 seconds.

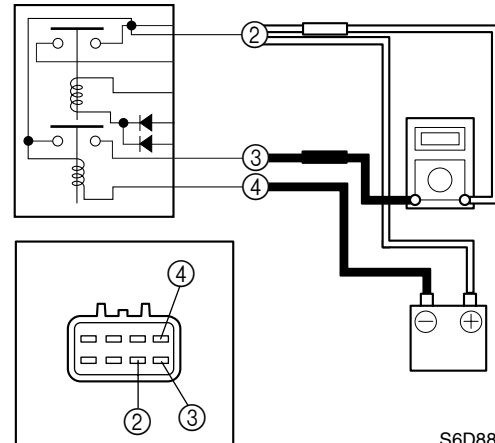
Checking the main and fuel pump relay (fuel control)

1. Remove the main and fuel pump relay ①.



2. Connect the digital circuit tester leads to the relay terminals ② and ③.
3. Connect the positive battery terminal to the relay terminal ②.
4. Connect the negative battery terminal to the relay terminal ④.
5. Check for continuity between the relay terminals ② and ③. Replace if there is no continuity.

6. Check that there is no continuity between the relay terminals ② and ③ after disconnecting a battery terminal from the relay terminal ② or ④. Replace if there is continuity.



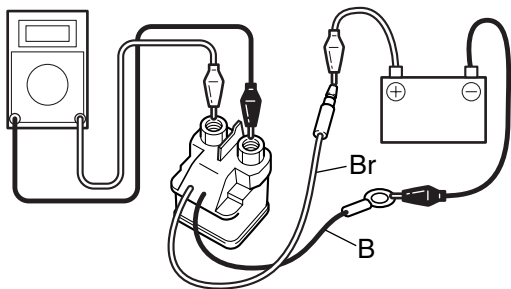
S6D88120

Starting system
Checking the fuses

1. Check the fuses for continuity. Replace if there is no continuity.

Checking the starter relay

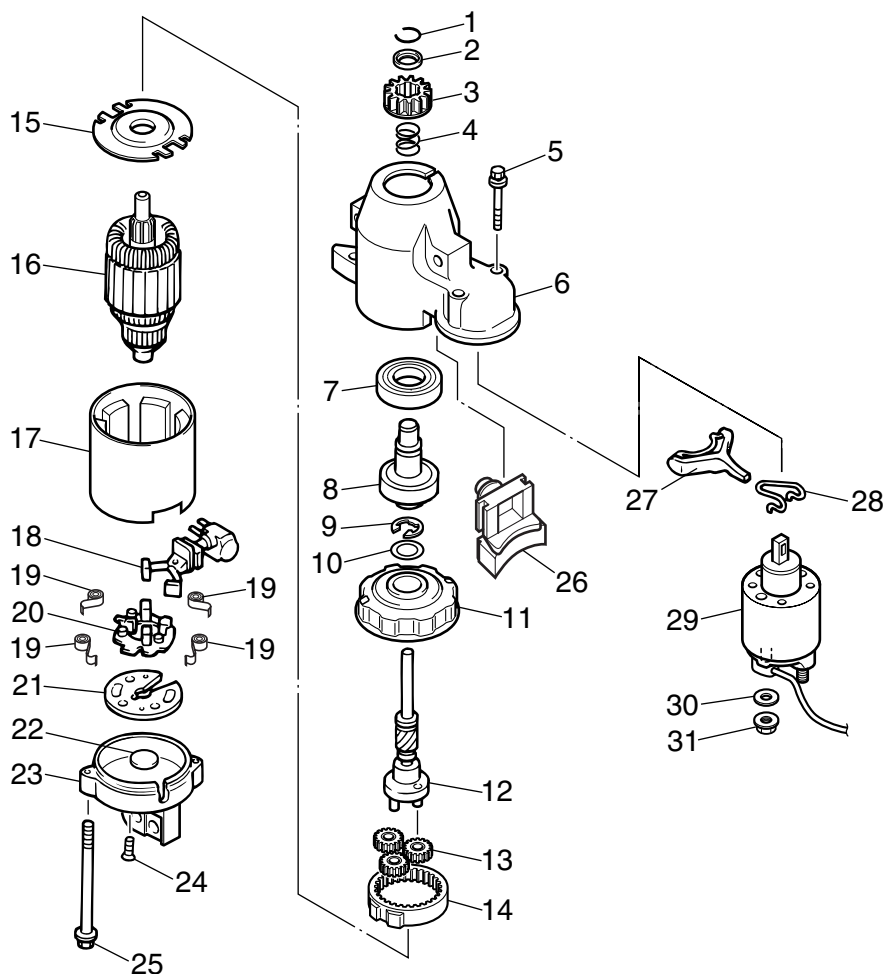
1. Connect the digital circuit tester leads to the starter relay terminals.
2. Connect the positive battery terminal to the brown (Br) lead.
3. Connect the negative battery terminal to the black (B) lead.
4. Check for continuity between the starter relay terminals. Replace if there is no continuity.
5. Check that there is no continuity between the starter relay terminals after disconnecting a battery terminal from the brown (Br) or black (B) lead. Replace if there is continuity.



S60V8265

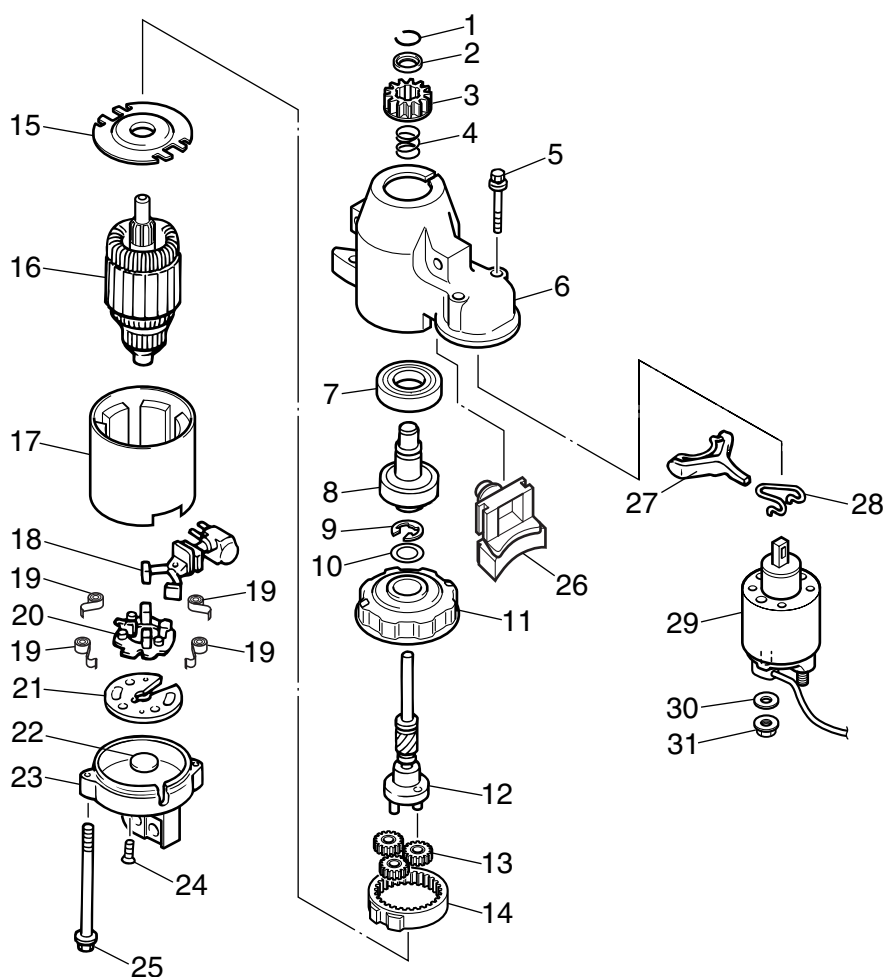


Starter motor



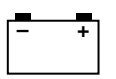
S63P8050

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Clip	1	
2	Pinion stopper	1	
3	Starter motor pinion	1	
4	Spring	1	
5	Bolt	2	M6 × 35 mm
6	Housing	1	
7	Bearing	1	
8	Clutch assembly	1	
9	E-clip	1	Not reusable
10	Washer	1	
11	Bracket	1	
12	Pinion shaft	1	
13	Planetary gear	3	
14	Outer gear	1	
15	Plate	1	
16	Armature	1	
17	Stator	1	



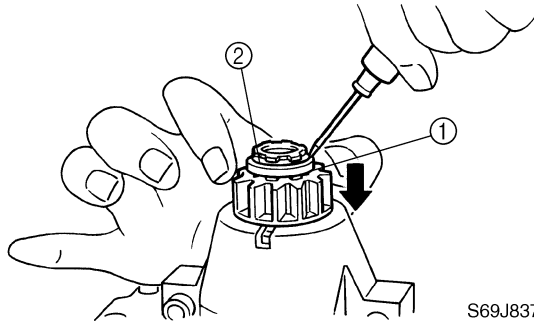
S63P8050

No.	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
18	Brush assembly	1	
19	Brush spring	4	
20	Brush holder	1	
21	Plate	1	
22	Washer	1	
23	Bracket	1	
24	Screw	2	ø4 × 15 mm
25	Bolt	2	M6 × 120 mm
26	Rubber seal	1	
27	Shift lever	1	
28	Spring	1	
29	Magnet switch assembly	1	
30	Washer	1	
31	Nut	1	



Disassembling the starter motor

1. Slide the pinion stopper ① down as shown, and then remove the clip ②.



NOTE:

Remove the clip with a thin screwdriver.

2. Remove the bolts, and then disassemble the starter motor.

Checking the starter motor pinion

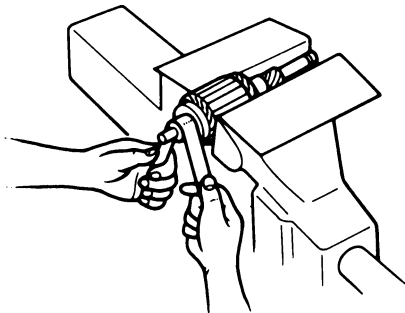
1. Check the teeth of the pinion for cracks or wear. Replace if necessary.
2. Check for smooth operation. Replace if necessary.

NOTE:

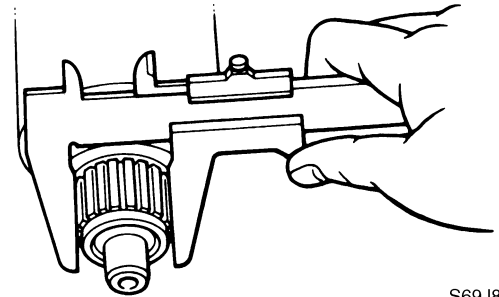
Turn the pinion counterclockwise to check that it operates smoothly and turn it clockwise to check that it locks in place.

Checking the armature

1. Check the commutator for dirt. Clean with 600-grit sandpaper and compressed air if necessary.

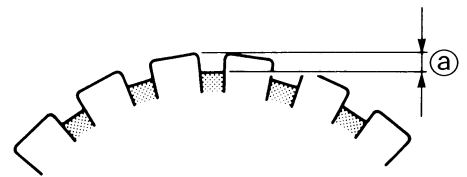


2. Measure the commutator diameter. Replace the armature if below specification.



Commutator diameter wear limit:
28.0 mm (1.10 in)

3. Measure the commutator undercut ①. Replace the armature if below specification.

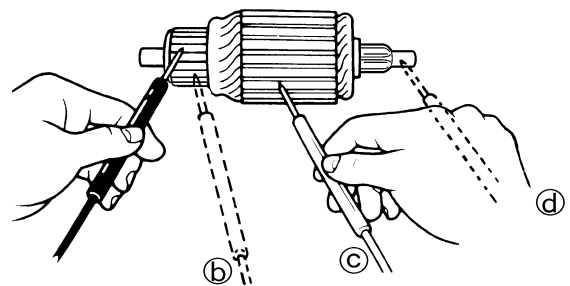


S69J8410



Commutator undercut wear limit ①:
0.2 mm (0.01 in)

4. Check the armature for continuity. Replace if out of specifications.

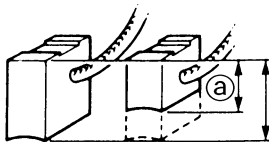


S69J8420

 Armature continuity	
Commutator segments ⑥	Continuity
Segment – Armature core ⑦	No continuity
Segment – Armature shaft ⑧	No continuity

Checking the brushes

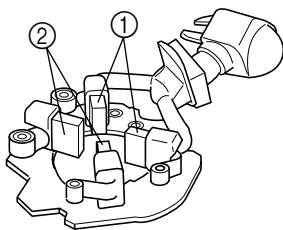
1. Measure the brush length. Replace the brush assembly if below specification.



S69J8430

 Brush length wear limit ⑨: 9.5 mm (0.37 in)	
--	--

2. Check the brush holder assembly for continuity. Replace if out of specification.



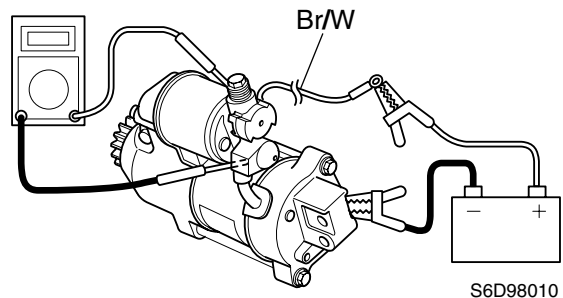
S69J8440

 Brush continuity	
Brush ① – Brush ②	No continuity

Checking the magnet switch

1. Connect the tester leads between the magnet switch terminals as shown.
2. Connect the positive battery lead to the brown/white (Br/W) lead.

3. Connect the negative battery lead to the starter motor body.



S6D98010

CAUTION:

Do not connect the battery for more than one second, otherwise the magnet switch can be damaged.

4. Check that there is continuity between the magnet switch terminals. Replace if there is no continuity.
5. Check that there is no continuity after the negative battery terminal is removed. Replace if there is continuity.

NOTE:

The starter motor pinion should be pushed out while the magnet switch is on.

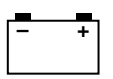
Checking the starter motor operation

1. Check the operation of the starter motor after installing it onto the power unit.

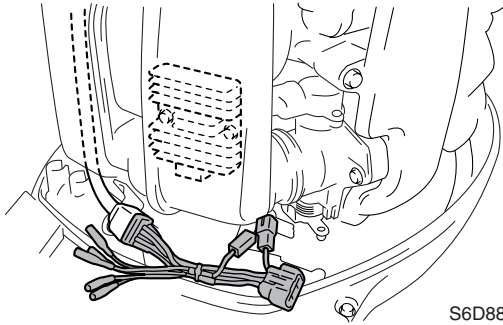
Charging system

Checking the stator coil

1. Disconnect the stator coil coupler.
2. Connect the test harness (6 pins) to the stator coil coupler.



- Measure the stator coil output peak voltage. Replace the stator coil if below specification.



S6D88140



Digital circuit tester: 90890-03174
Peak voltage adapter B:
90890-03172
Test harness (6 pins): 90890-06848

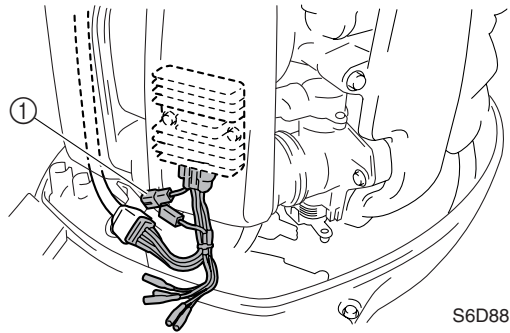


Stator coil output peak voltage:
White (W) – White (W)

r/min	Unloaded		
	Cranking	1,500	3,500
DC V	12.4	45.3	98.3



Stator coil resistance
(reference data):
0.24–0.36 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)



S6D88150



Digital circuit tester: 90890-03174
Test harness (6 pins): 90890-06848



Rectifier Regulator output peak
voltage:

Red (R) – Ground

r/min	Unloaded	
	1,500	3,500
DC V	13.0	13.0

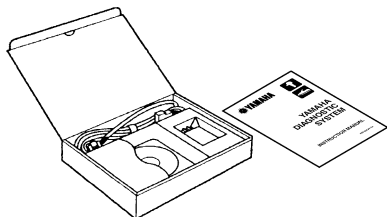
Checking the Rectifier Regulator

- Disconnect the stator coil coupler.
- Connect the test harness (6 pins) between the Rectifier Regulator and stator coil coupler.
- Disconnect the test harness coupler and then measure the Rectifier Regulator output peak voltage at the coupler ①. If below specification, measure the stator coil output peak voltage. Replace the Rectifier Regulator if the output peak voltage of the stator coil is above specification.

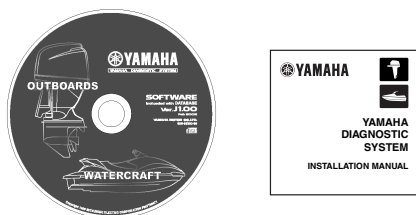
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Bracket unit	9-13
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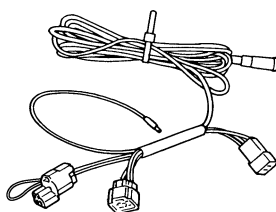
Special service tools



Yamaha Diagnostic System
60V-85300-02



Yamaha Diagnostic System
60V-WS853-02



Diagnostic flash indicator B
90890-06865

Yamaha Diagnostic System

Introduction

Features

The newly developed Yamaha Diagnostic System provides quicker detection and analysis of engine malfunctions for quicker troubleshooting procedures than traditional methods.

By connecting your computer to the ECM (Electronic Control Module) of an outboard motor using the communication cable, this software can be used to display sensor data and data stored in the ECM on a computer's monitor.

If this software is run on Microsoft Windows® 95, Windows 98, Windows Me, Windows 2000, or Windows XP the information can be displayed in colorful graphics. Also, the software can be operated using either a mouse or a keyboard.

In addition, the data for the main functions (Diagnosis, Diagnosis record, Engine monitor, and Data logger) can be saved on a disk or printed out.

Functions

1. **Diagnosis:** With the engine main switch ON, each sensor's status and each ECM diagnosis code or item is displayed. This enables you to find malfunctioning parts and controls quickly.
2. **Diagnosis record:** Sensors that had been activated and ECM diagnostic codes that have been recorded are displayed. This allows you to check the outboard motor's record of malfunctions.
3. **Engine monitor:** Each sensor status and the ECM data are displayed while the engine is running. This enables you to find malfunctioning parts quickly.
4. **Stationary test:** With the engine off, the ignition, fuel injection, electric fuel pump, and ISC valve are checked. These tests can be performed quickly.
5. **Active test:** With the engine running, each firing cylinder has dropped and the engine speed is checked for changes to determine whether the cylinder is malfunctioning and the ISC valve is checked as well. These tests can be performed quickly.
6. **Data logger:** Displays 13 minutes of recorded data for two or more of the items stored in the ECM. In addition, the operating time as compared to the engine speed and the total operating time are displayed. This allows you to check the operating status of the engine.
7. **Some files:** Lets you select and run other applications while continuing to run the diagnostic program.

Contents

1. Software (1)
2. Adapter (1)
3. Communication cable (1)
4. Instruction Manual (1)
5. Installation Manual (1)



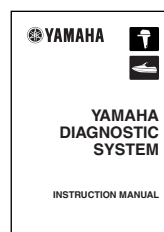
①



②



③



④



⑤

Hardware requirements

Make sure that your computer meets the following requirements before using this software.

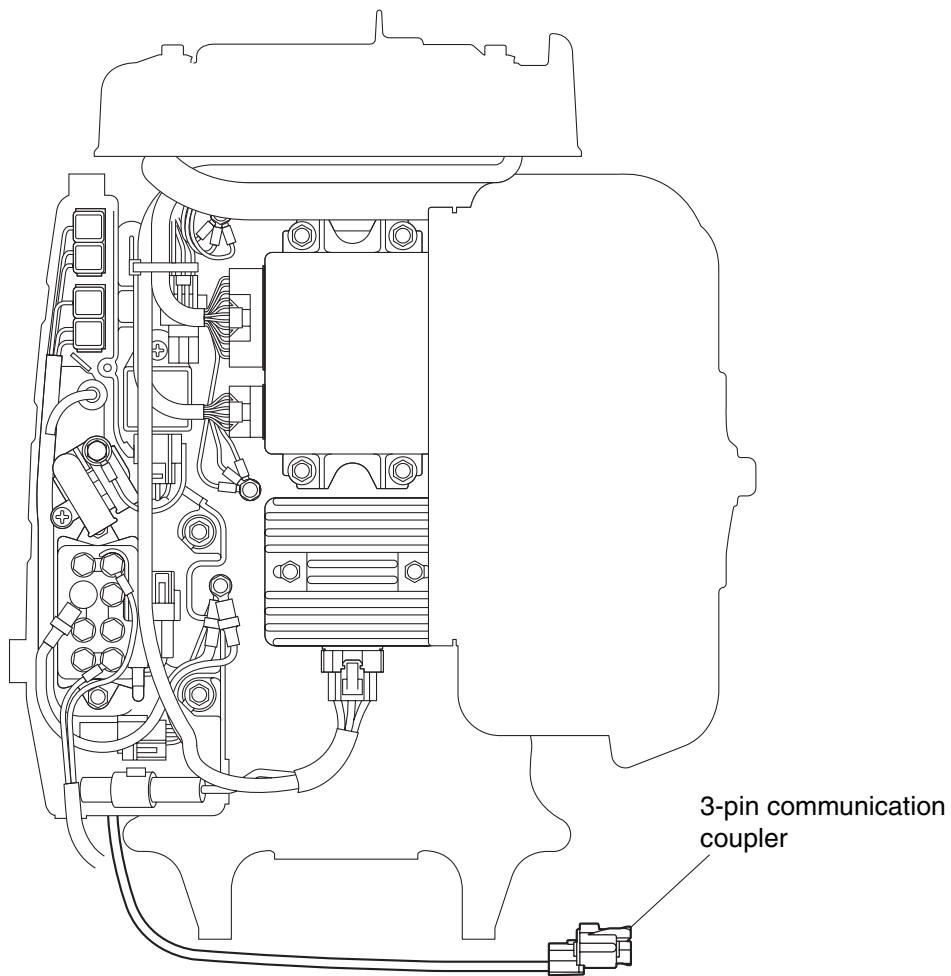
Computer:	IBM-compatible computer
Operating system:	Microsoft (Windows 95,) Windows 98, Windows Me, Windows 2000, or Windows XP (English version)
CPU:	
Windows 95/98:	i486X, 100 MHz or higher (Pentium 100 MHz or higher recommended)
Windows Me/2000:	Pentium, 166 MHz or higher (Pentium 233 MHz or higher recommended)
Windows XP:	Pentium, 300 MHz or higher (Pentium 500 MHz or higher recommended)
Memory:	
Windows 95/98:	16 MB or more (32 MB or more recommended)
Windows Me:	32 MB or more (64 MB or more recommended)
Windows 2000:	64 MB or more (128 MB or more recommended)
Windows XP:	128 MB or more (256 MB or more recommended)
Hard disk free space:	20 MB or more (40 MB or more recommended)
Drive:	CD-ROM drive
Display:	VGA (640 × 480 pixels), (SVGA [800 × 600 pixels] or more recommended) 256 or more colors
Mouse:	Compatible with the operating systems mentioned above
Communication port:	RS232C (Dsub-9 pin) port, USB port
Printer:	Compatible with the operating systems mentioned above

NOTE:

-
- The amount of memory and the amount of free space on the hard disk differs depending on the computer.
 - Using this software while there is not enough free space on the hard disk could cause errors and result in insufficient memory.
 - This software will not run properly on some computers.
 - When starting up this program, do not start other software applications.
 - Do not use the screen saver function or the energy saving feature when using this program.
 - If the ECM is changed, restart the program.
 - Windows XP is a multiuser operating system, therefore, be sure to end this program if the login user is changed.
 - The USB adapter cannot be used with Windows 95.
-

For operating instructions of the Yamaha Diagnostic System, refer to the “Yamaha Diagnostic System Instruction Manual.”

Connecting the communication cable to the outboard motor
Bow view



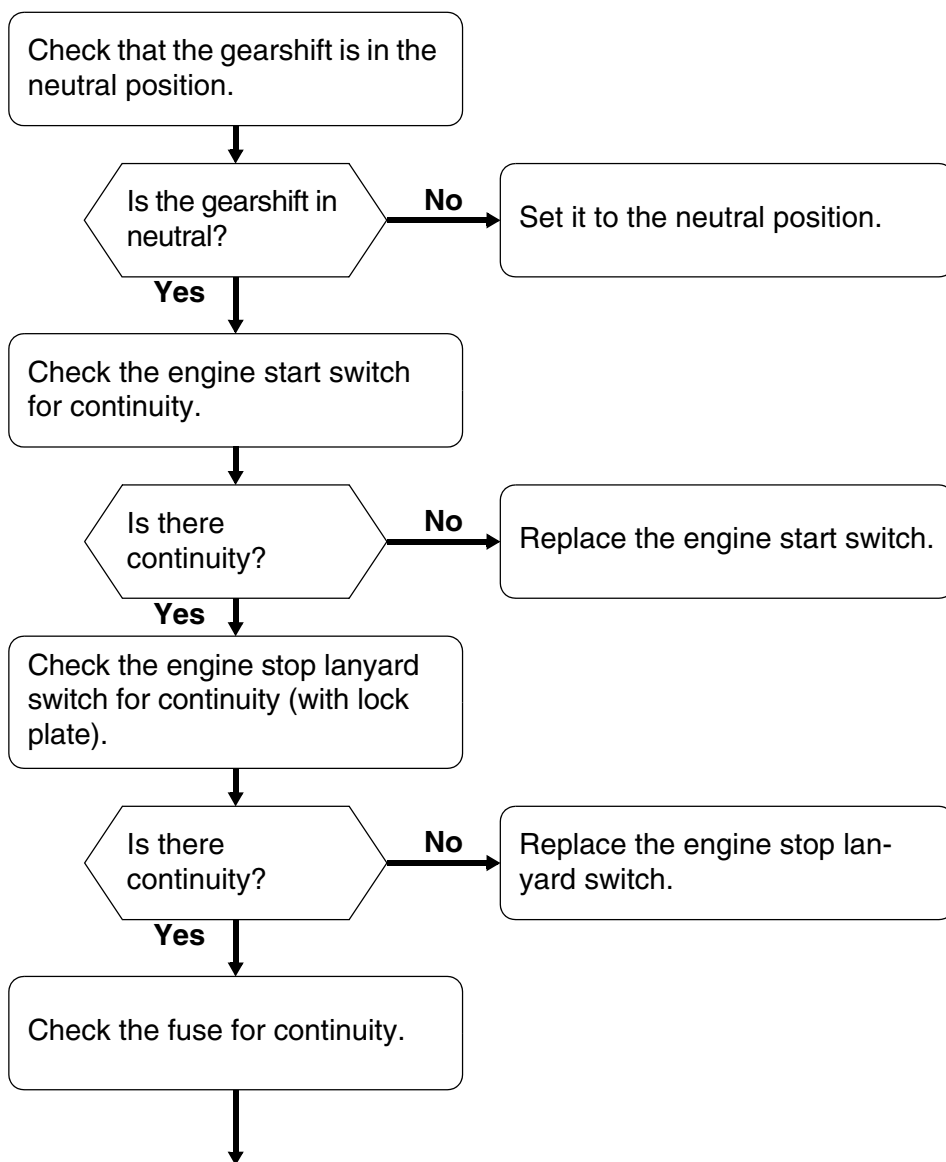
S6D89010

NOTE:

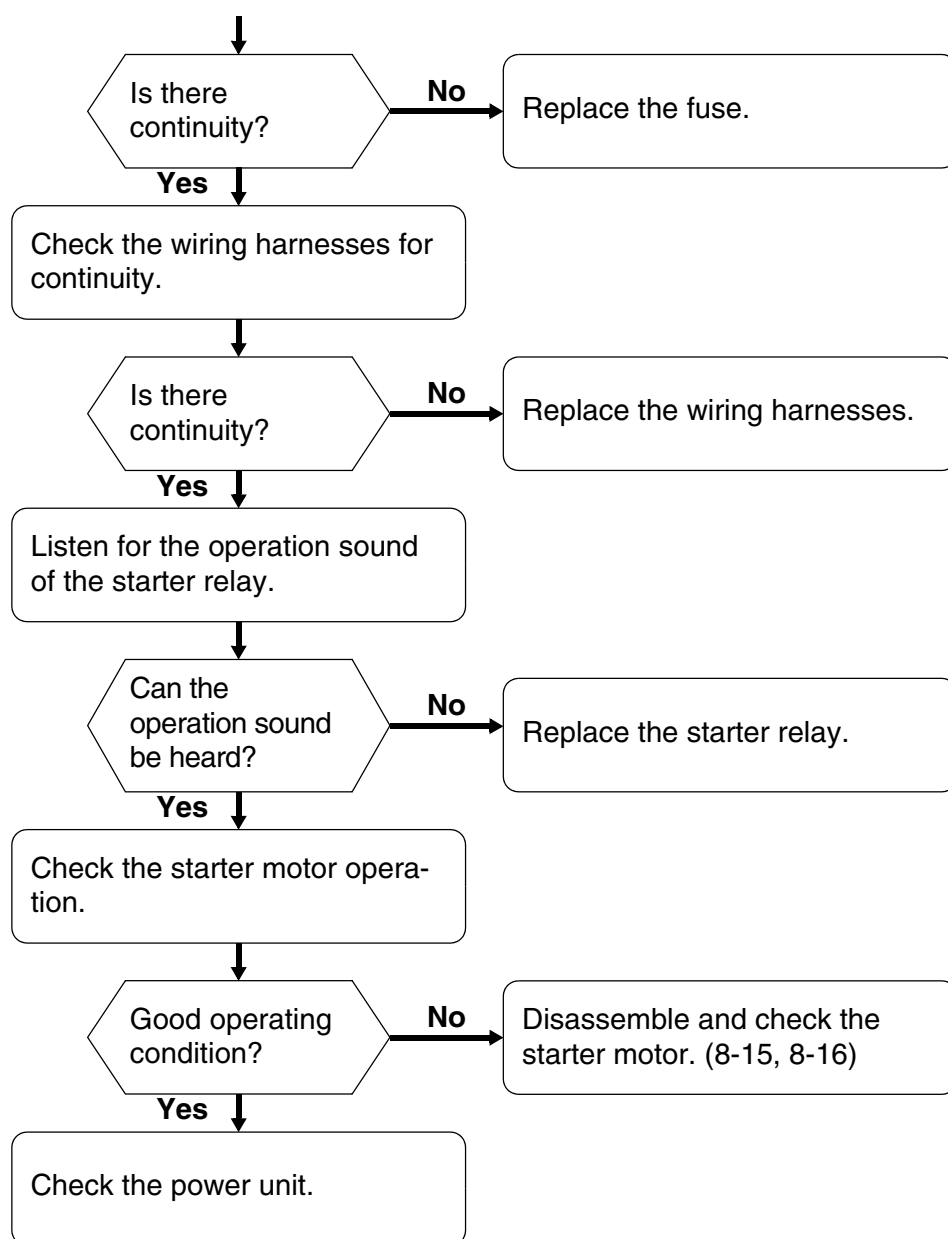
- Check that all electrical connections are tight and free from corrosion, and that the battery is fully charged to 12 V.
- To diagnose a mechanical malfunction, use the troubleshooting charts pertaining to the trouble located in this chapter. Also, when checking and maintaining the outboard motor, see Chapters 3–8 for safe maintenance procedures.
- To diagnose a malfunctioning sensor or switch, use the diagnostic flash indicator to determine the cause.

Power unit
Symptom: Engine does not crank.

- Check the starting system.
- Check the power unit.



Continued on next page.



Symptom: Engine cranks, but will not start (engine stop lanyard switch is operating normally).

- Check the ignition system.
- Check the fuel system.
- Check the compression pressure of the power unit.

Check that the spark plugs produce sparks.

Are there sparks?

Yes

Check the ignition spark using the ignition tester. (8-7)

No

Check the condition of the spark plugs.

Continued on next page.

Good spark?

Yes

Check the pulser coil output peak voltage. (8-8)

No

Check the ignition coil resistance. (8-7)

Within specification?

No

Replace the ignition coil.

Yes

Check the spark plug wire resistance and check the spark plug cap for corrosion or rust. (8-7)

Good condition?

No

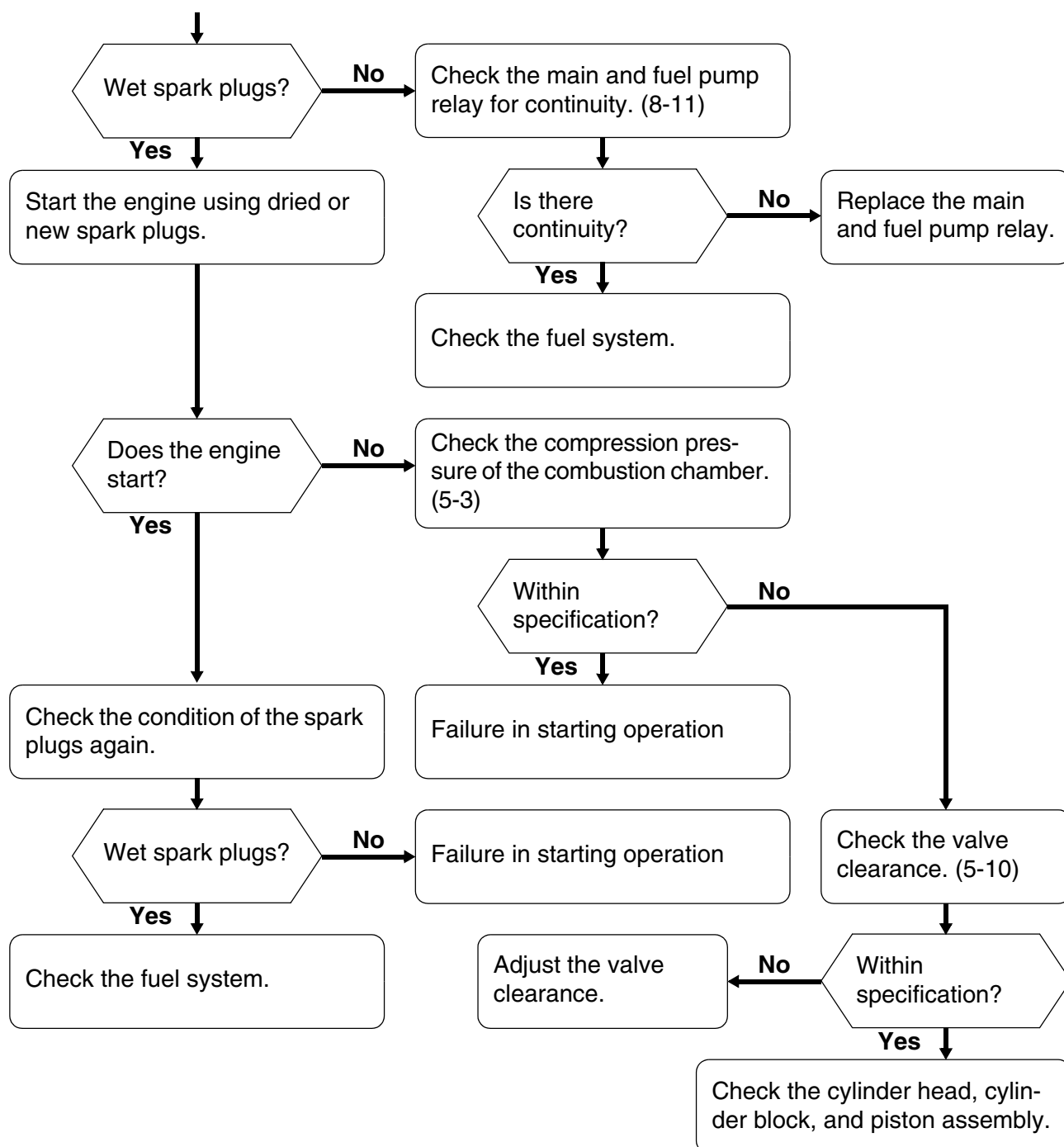
Replace the spark plug wire.

Yes

Check the ECM output peak voltage. (8-8)

⚠ WARNING

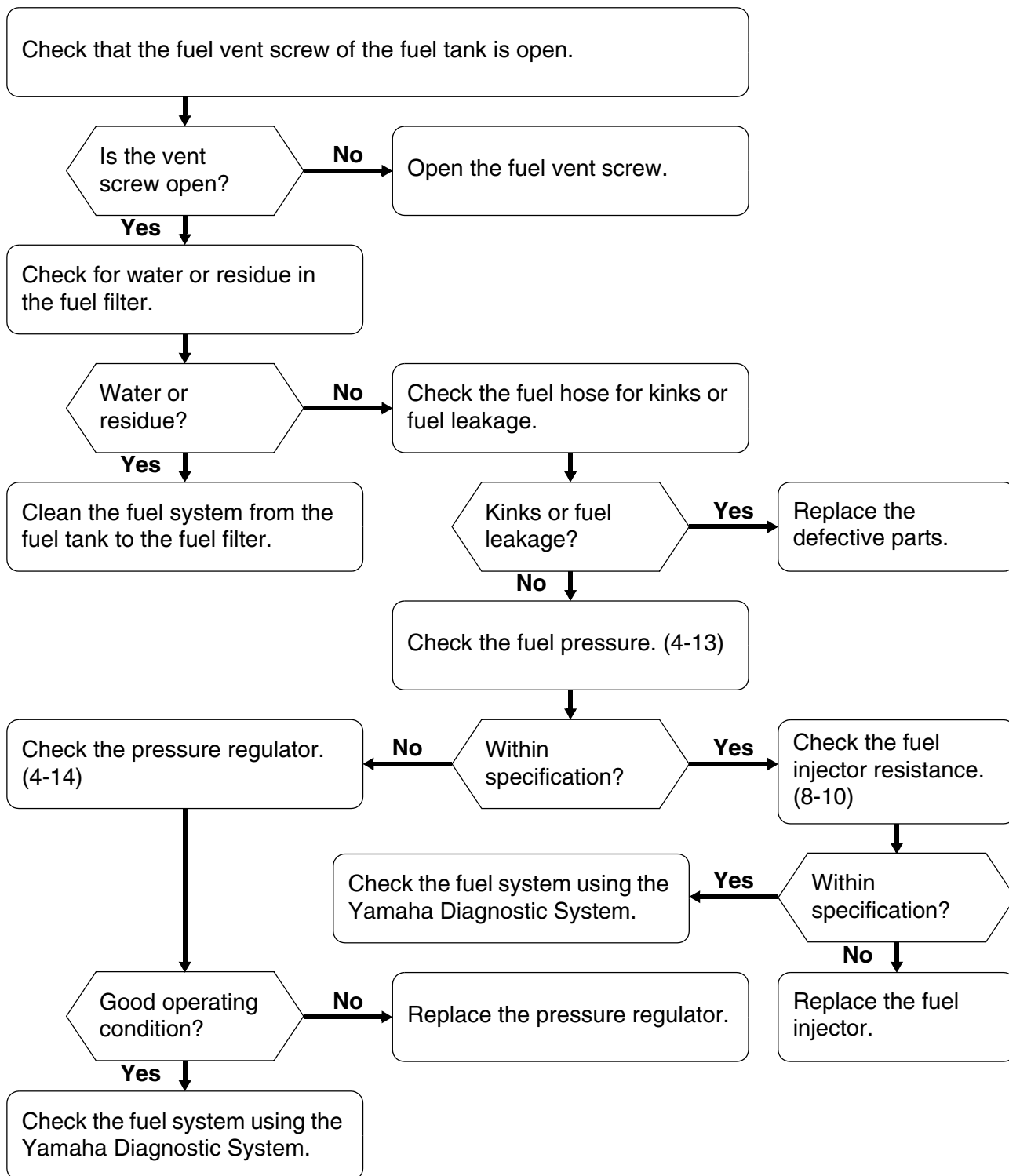
- Do not touch any of the connections of the ignition tester leads.
- Do not let sparks leak out of the removed spark plug caps.
- Keep flammable gas or liquids away, since this test can produce sparks.



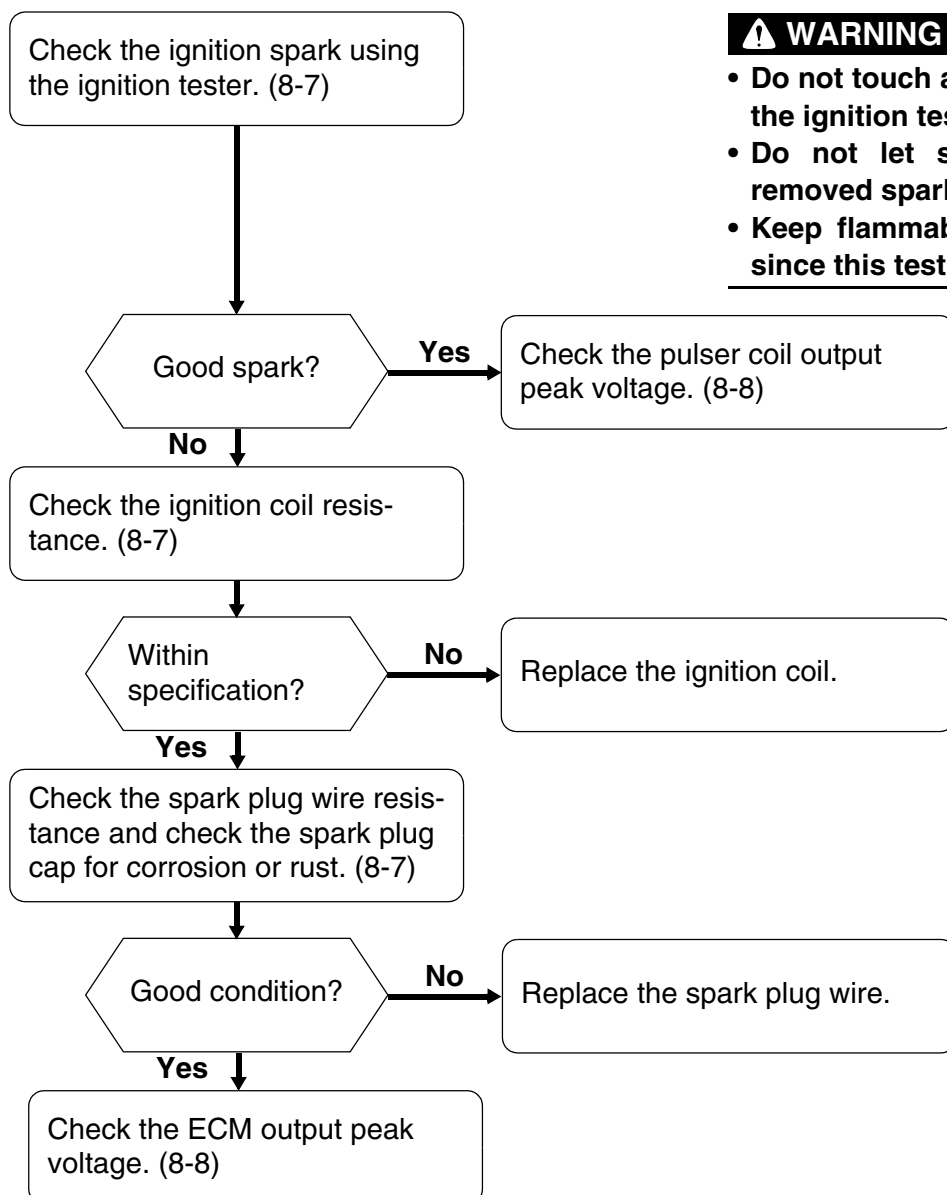
Symptom: Engine can be started, but does not remain on.

- Check the fuel system.
- Check the ignition system.
- Check the compression pressure of the power unit.

Fuel system



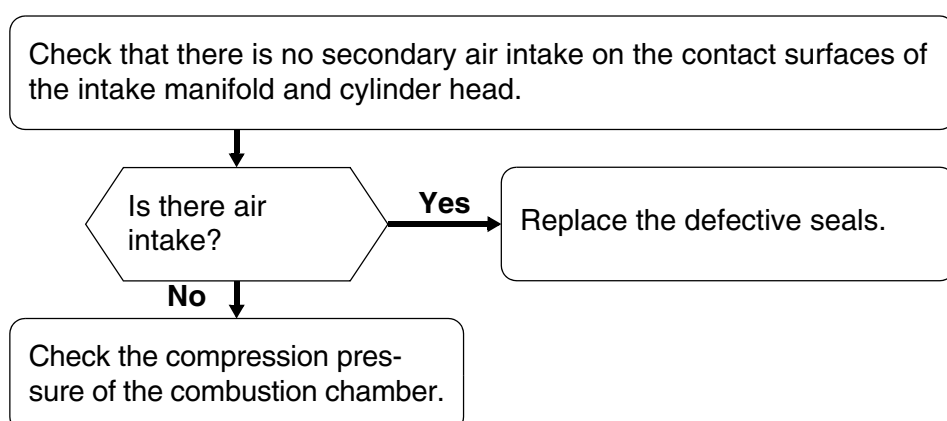
Ignition system



⚠ WARNING

- Do not touch any of the connections of the ignition tester leads.
- Do not let sparks leak out of the removed spark plug caps.
- Keep flammable gas or liquids away, since this test can produce sparks.

Compression pressure



Symptom: Engine does not accelerate when the throttle is opened quickly.

The engine turns off when the throttle is opened quickly.

Acceleration is tardy and the engine is likely to stop at any moment.

- Check the engine using the diagnostic flash indicator or the Yamaha Diagnostic System.

Symptom: Engine can run, but engine speed will not increase.

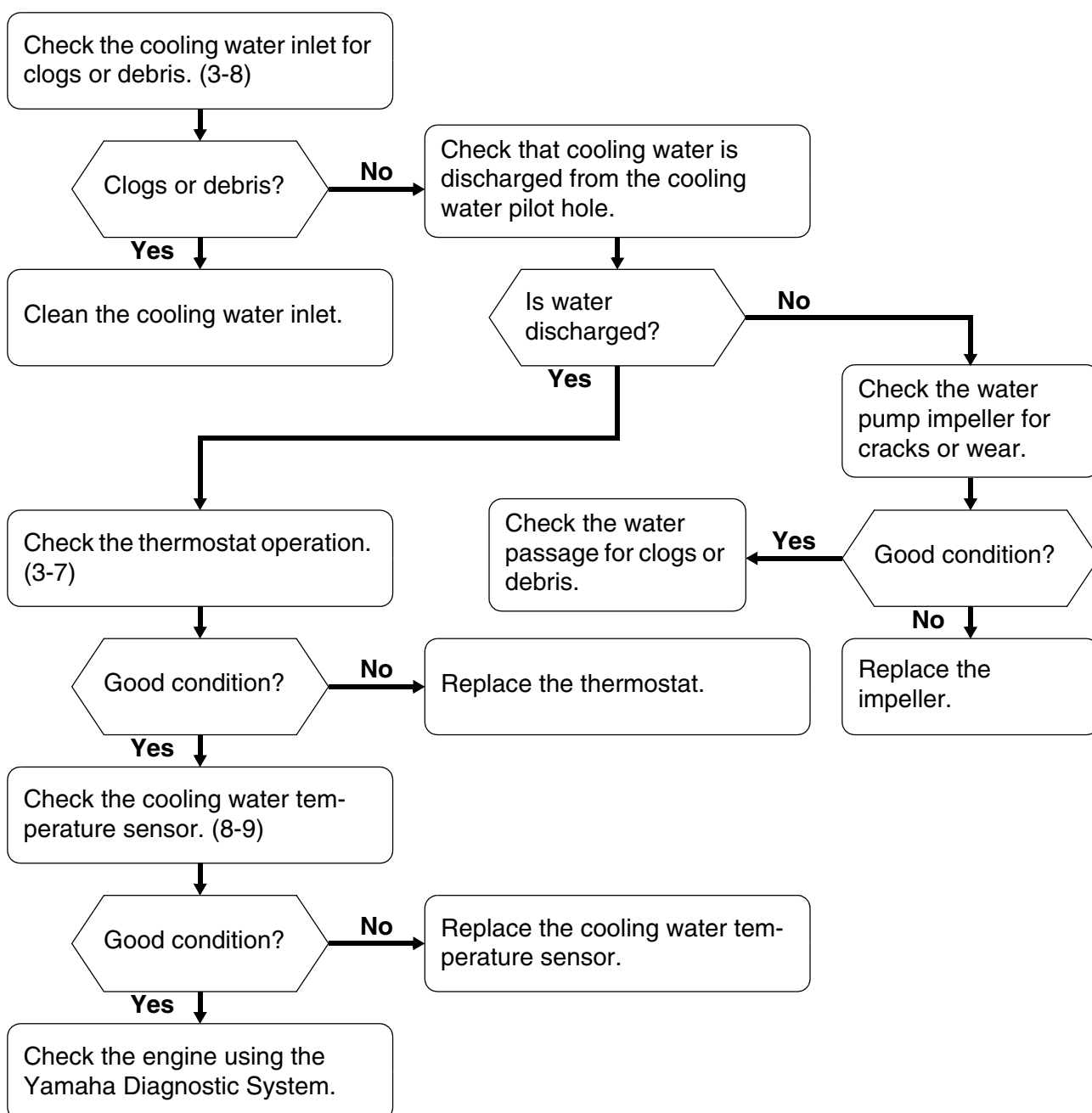
Overheat warning indicator is on.

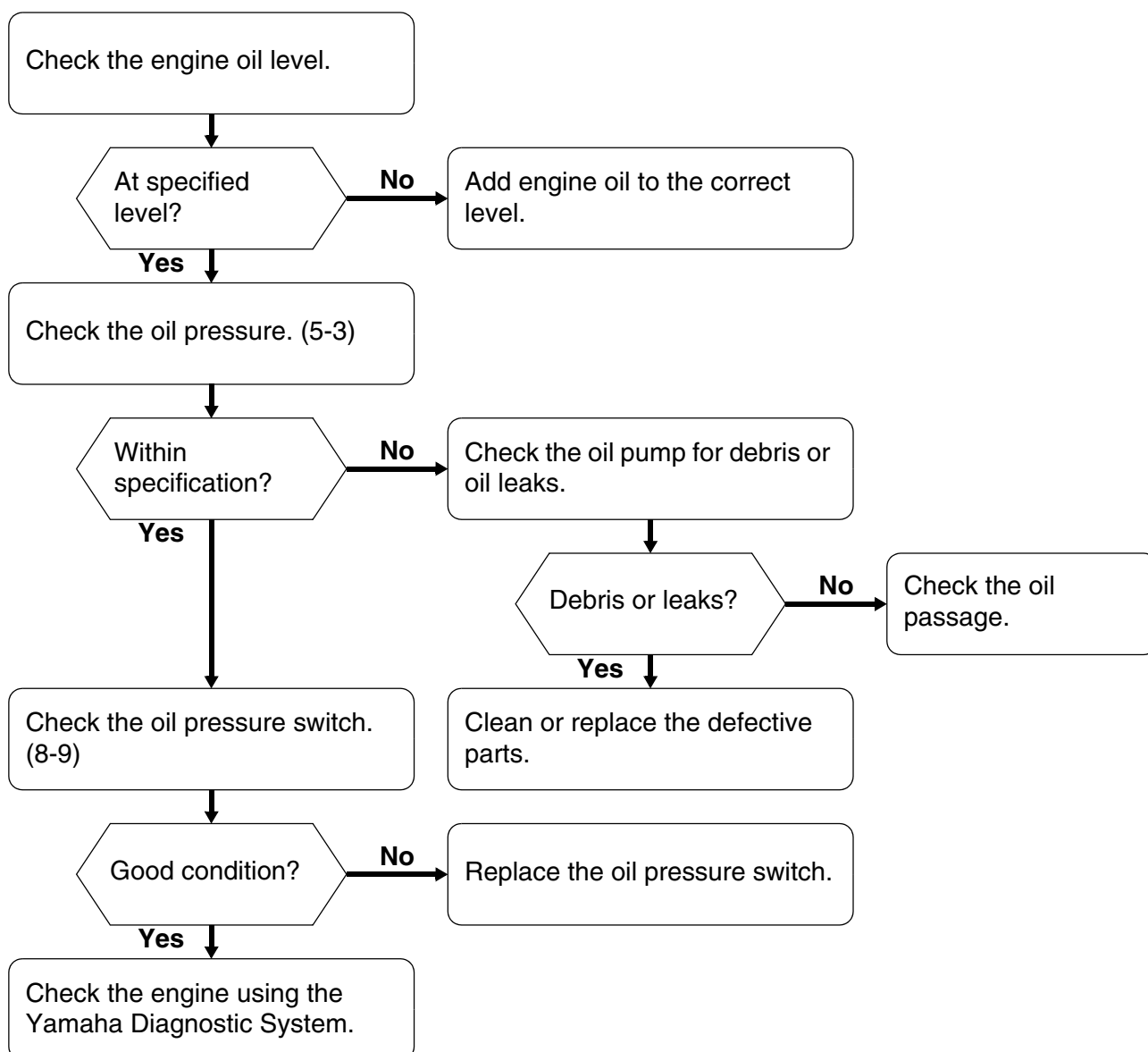
Oil pressure warning indicator is on.

Warning indicator is on and buzzer is sounding.

- Check the cooling system.
- Check the lubrication system.

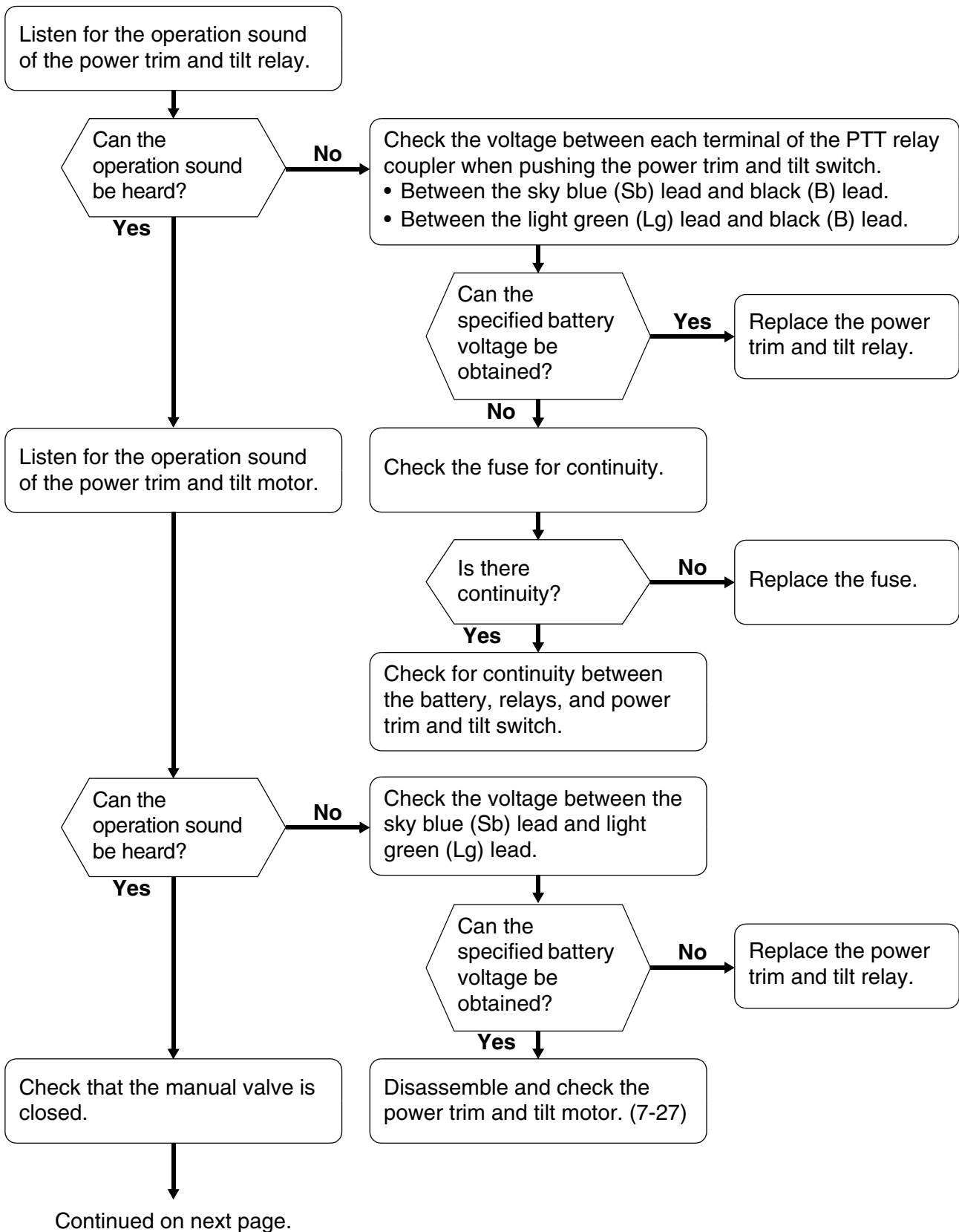
Cooling system

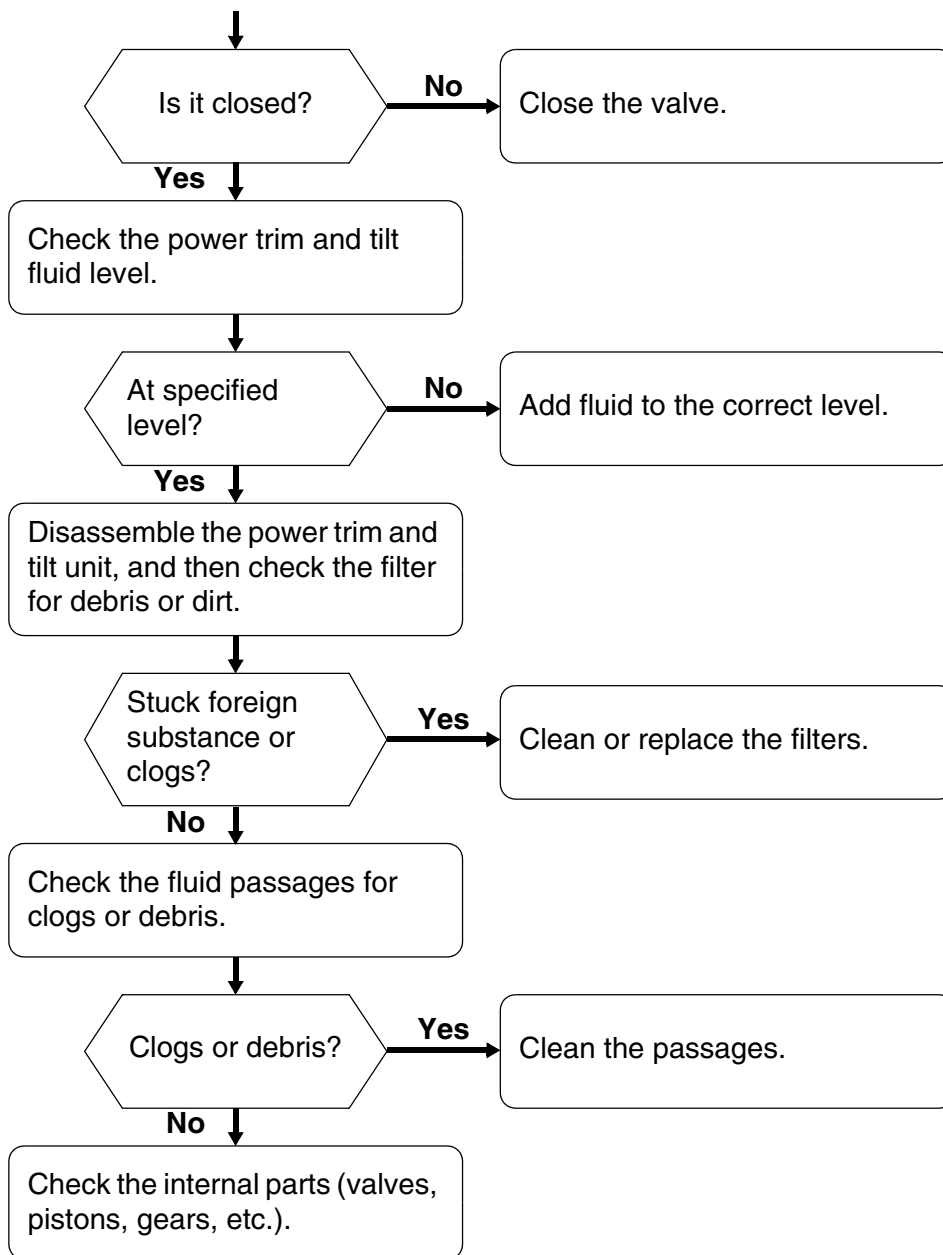


Lubrication system

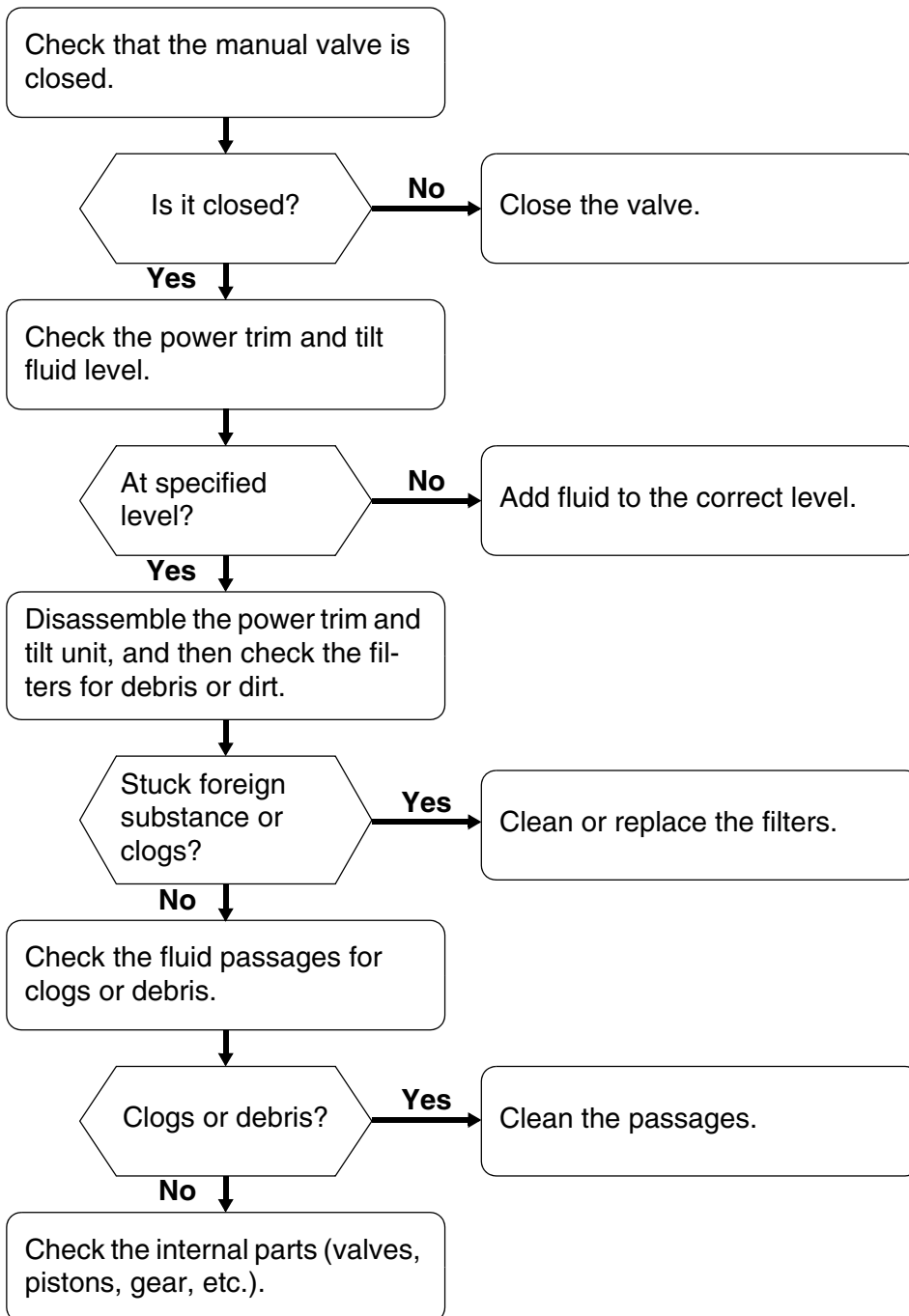
Bracket unit

Symptom: Power trim and tilt unit does not operate.

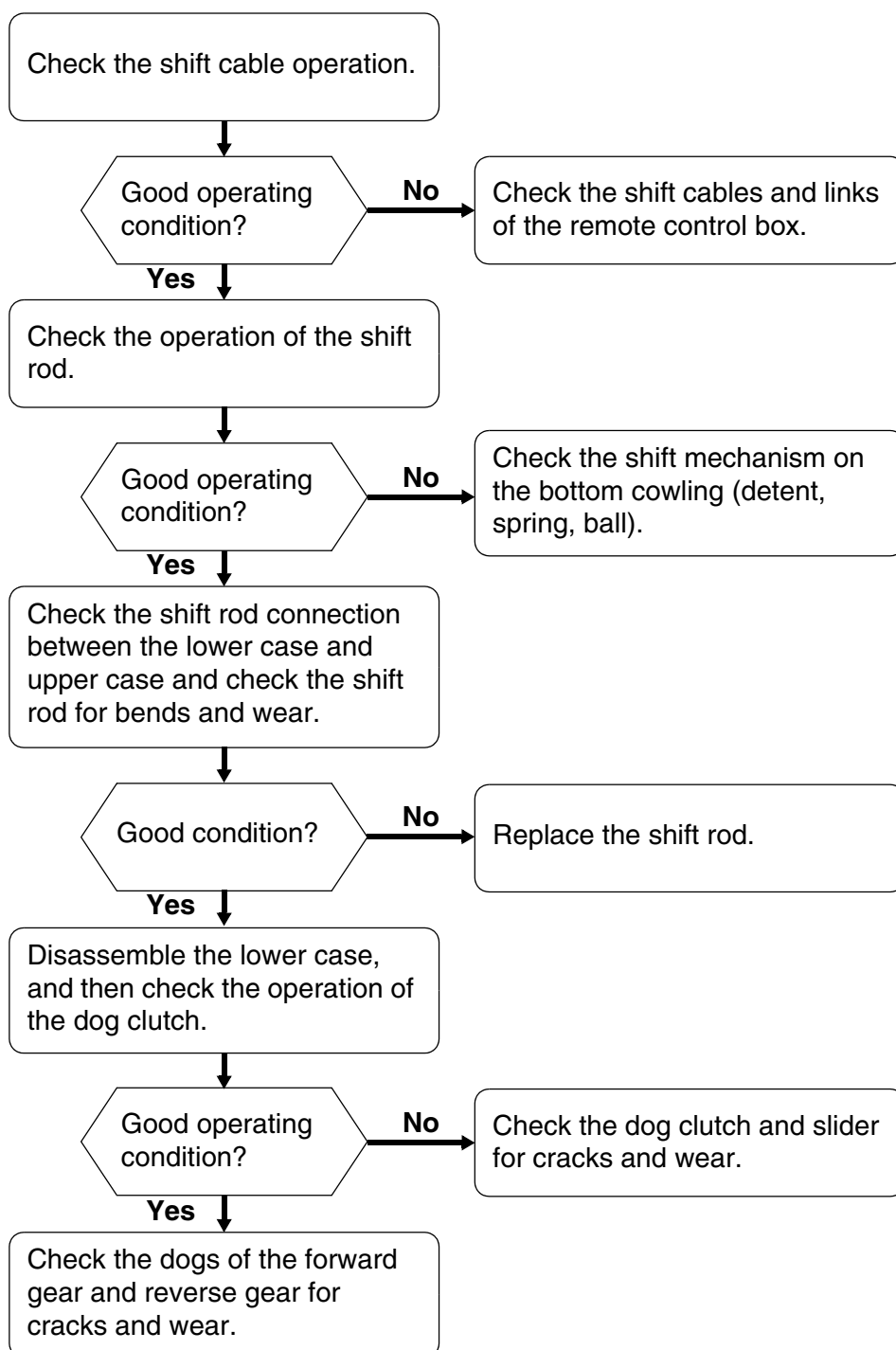




Symptom: Power trim and tilt unit does not hold the outboard motor up.



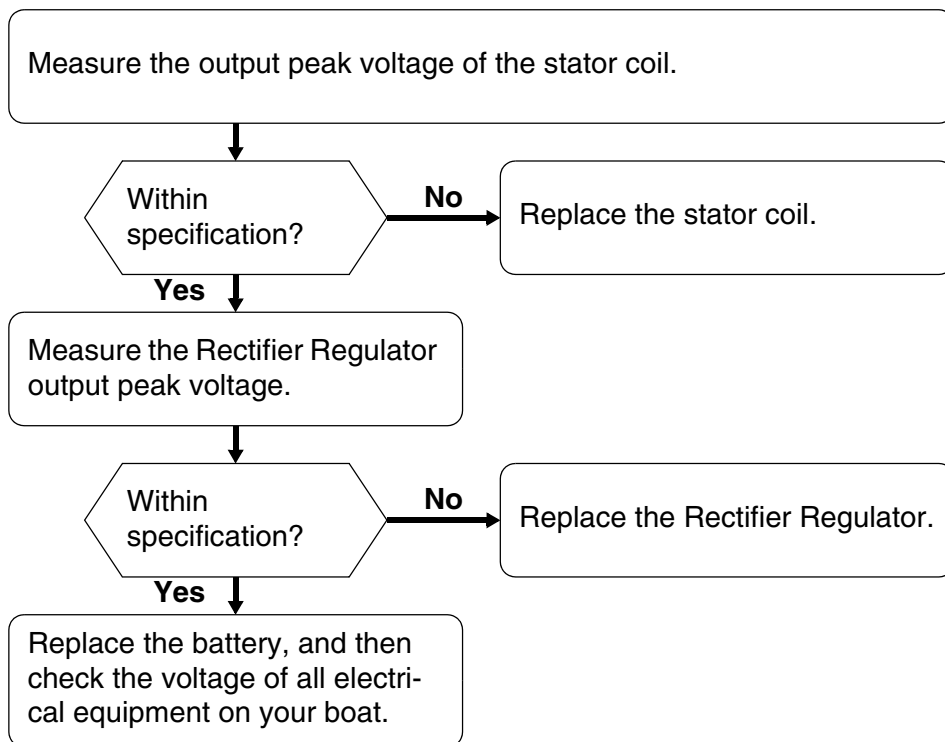
Symptom: Shift mechanism of the forward gear and reverse gear does not operate properly.



Electrical systems

Symptom: Battery becomes weaker quickly.

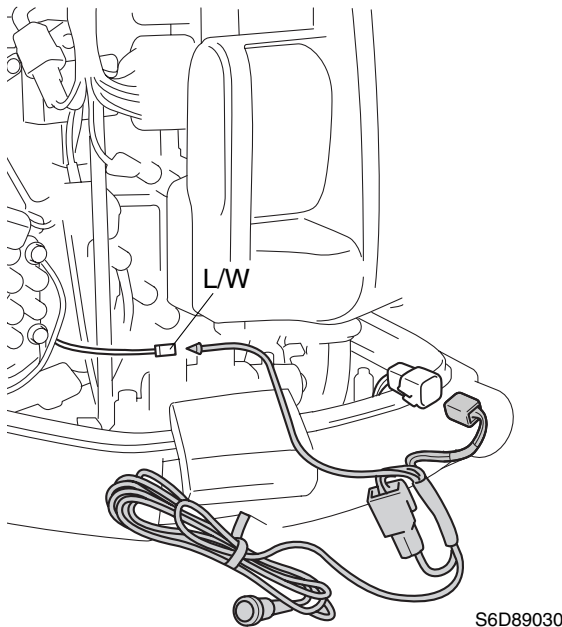
- Check the charging system.



Self-diagnosis

Diagnosing the electronic control system

1. Connect the special service tool to the outboard motor as shown.



NOTE:

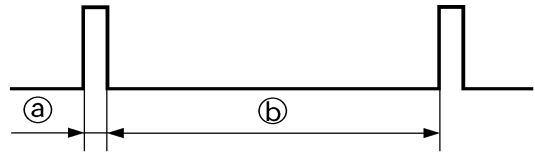
When performing this diagnosis, all of the electrical wires must be properly connected.



Diagnostic flash indicator B:
90890-06865

2. Start the engine and let it idle.
3. Check the flash pattern of the special service tool to determine if there are any malfunctions.

- Normal condition
(no defective part or irregular processing is found)
- Single flash is given every 4.95 seconds.
 - Ⓐ: Light on, 0.33 second
 - Ⓑ: Light off, 4.95 seconds

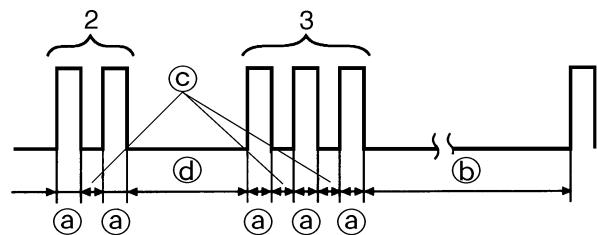


S69J9020

• Trouble code indication

Example: The illustration indicates code number 23.

- Ⓐ: Light on, 0.33 second
- Ⓑ: Light off, 4.95 seconds
- Ⓒ: Light off, 0.33 second
- Ⓓ: Light off, 1.65 seconds



S69J9030

4. If a flash pattern listed in the diagnostic code chart is displayed, check the malfunctioning part according to the flash pattern.

NOTE: _____

When more than one problem is detected, the light of the special service tool flashes in the pattern of the lowest numbered problem. After that problem is corrected, the light flashes in the pattern of the next lowest numbered problem. This continues until all of the problems are detected and corrected.

Code	Symptom
1	Normal
13	Incorrect pulser coil signal
15	Incorrect cooling water temperature sensor signal
18	Incorrect throttle position sensor signal
19	Incorrect battery voltage
23	Incorrect sensor assembly (intake air temperature) signal
28	Incorrect shift position switch signal
29	Incorrect sensor assembly (intake air pressure) signal
37	Incorrect idle speed control signal
44	Incorrect engine stop lanyard switch signal
49	Over cool signal

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— MEMO —

Wiring diagram

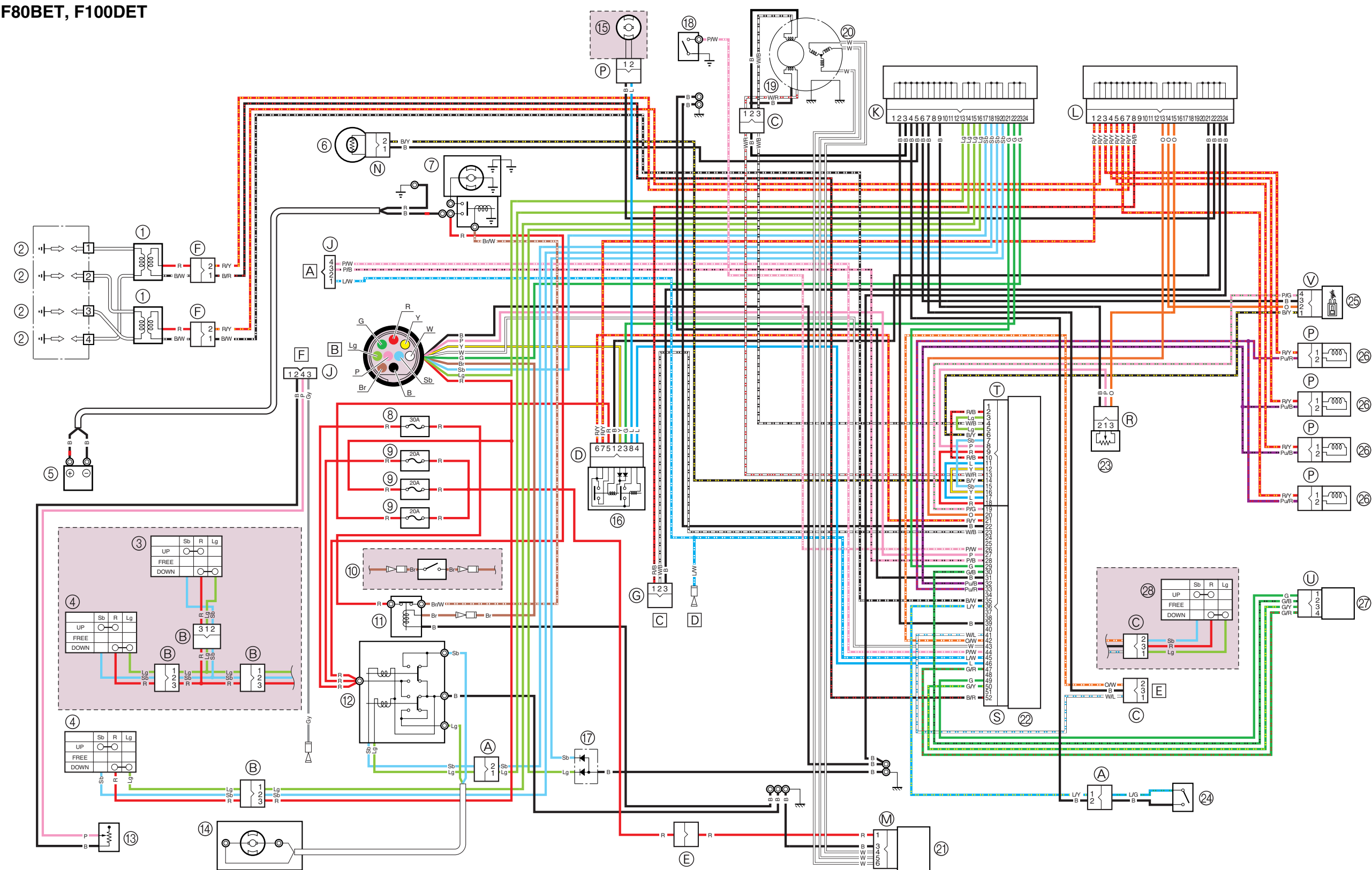
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- ① Ignition coil
 - ② Spark plug
 - ③ Power trim and tilt switch (tiller handle) (optional)
 - ④ Power trim and tilt switch (bottom cowling)
 - ⑤ Battery
 - ⑥ Cooling water temperature sensor
 - ⑦ Starter motor
 - ⑧ Fuse (30 A)
 - ⑨ Fuse (20 A)
 - ⑩ Neutral switch (optional)
 - ⑪ Starter relay
 - ⑫ Power trim and tilt relay
 - ⑬ Trim sensor
 - ⑭ Power trim and tilt motor
 - ⑮ Electric fuel pump
 - ⑯ Main and fuel pump relay
 - ⑰ Diode
 - ⑱ Oil pressure switch
 - ⑲ Pulser coil
 - ⑳ Stator coil
 - ㉑ Rectifier Regulator
 - ㉒ ECM
 - ㉓ Throttle position sensor
 - ㉔ Shift position switch
 - ㉕ Sensor assembly
 - ㉖ Fuel injector
 - ㉗ Idle speed control
 - ㉘ Variable trolling RPM switch (optional)
-
- [A] To warning indicator
 - [B] To remote control box/switch panel
 - [C] To personal computer for diagnosis
 - [D] To diagnostic flash indicator (special service tool)
 - [E] To Variable trolling RPM switch
 - [F] To trim meter

Color code

B	: Black
Br	: Brown
G	: Green
L	: Blue
Lg	: Light green
O	: Orange
P	: Pink
R	: Red
Sb	: Sky blue
W	: White
Y	: Yellow
B/R	: Black/red
B/W	: Black/white
B/Y	: Black/yellow
Br/W	: Brown/white
G/B	: Green/black
G/R	: Green/red
G/Y	: Green/yellow
L/G	: Blue/green
L/W	: Blue/white
L/Y	: Blue/yellow
O/W	: Orange/white
P/B	: Pink/black
P/G	: Pink/green
P/W	: Pink/white
Pu/B	: Purple/black
Pu/R	: Purple/red
R/B	: Red/black
R/Y	: Red/yellow
W/B	: White/black
W/L	: White/blue
W/R	: White/red

F80BET, F100DET



	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K, L

	M	N	P	R	S	T	U	V



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